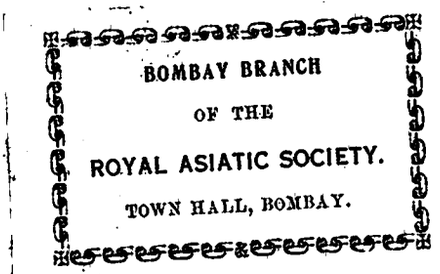
Land Revenue
Administration report
Eastern Bengal & Assam.
1905-06 to 1907-08 and
1909-10



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REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

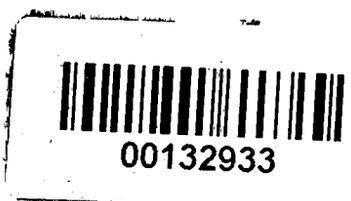
OF THE PROVINCE OF

132933

EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM

FOR THE REVENUE YEAR

1905-1906.



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INDEX TO TEXT.

Para.		Page.
1–3	Preliminary	1
	Section I.—General Condition of the Year.	
4.	Weather and crops	2
5.	Prices of food and labour	2
6–9.	Material condition of the people (including Public Health, Trade and Inter district Immigration and Emigration)	2-3
	Section II.—Settled area and Demand of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
	A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.	
10.—	Statistics of area and demand under the different classes of estates (including variations)	4
11.	Permanently-settled estates	4
12.	Estates in the transferred districts settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.	4
13.	Estates in the transferred districts held direct by Government.	4
14.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.	4-5
15.	Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam.	5
	B.—SETTLEMENTS FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.	
16.	Total area and revenue.	5
17.	Applications for settlement.	5
18.	Resignation and resumption of grants.	6
	Section III.—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
19.	Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances	6
20.	Permanently-settled estates	6
21.	Estates in the transferred districts settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.	6
22.	Estates in the transferred districts held direct by Government.	6
23.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.	6-7
24.	Remittances of revenue and rent by money order.	7
25-28.	Coercive measures :—	
25.	(a) Operation of the sale laws (Eastern Bengal)	7
26.	(b) Certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal)	8
27.	(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment.	9
28.	(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.	10
29.	Processes.	10
	Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.	
30.	General (showing demands, collections, &c.)	10
31.	Fisheries.	11
32.	Minerals.	11
33.	House-tax and poll-tax.	11
34.	Sale of Government lands.	11
35.	Redemption of land revenue.	11
	Section V.—Other Revenue work.	
36-38.	Estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal) :—	12-13
36.	(a) Collecting agency.	12

Para.		Page.
37.	(b) Grant for the management, sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements	12
38.	(c) Education.	13
39–40.	Irrigation, drainage, and embankments.	13-15
41–42.	Land Registration :—	15-16
41.	(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.	15
42.	(b) Under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.	16
43.	Separate Accounts (Acts XI of 1859 and VII of 1876).	16
44.	Registration of Tenures (Act XI of 1859).	16
45–47.	Partitions.	17
48–53.	Land Acquisition.	18-19
54–56.	Loans :—	19-20
55.	(a) Land-Improvement (Act XIX of 1883).	19
56.	(b) Agriculturists' (Act XII of 1884).	20
57.	Co-operative Credit Societies.	20-21
58–59.	General revenue work of the Land Records Staff.	21-22
60.	Village headmen.	21
	Section VI.—Rent.	
61–62.	**A.—Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act.**	22-23
63.	Transfers, voluntary and by sale in execution of decrees (sections 12, 13 and 14) and by succession (section 15).	23
64.	Payment of landlords' fees.	23
65.	Preparation of price lists (section 39).	23
66.	Rent payable in kind—	23
	(a) Commutation of (section 40).	23
	(b) Appraisement and division of crops (sections 69 and 70).	23
67.	Registration of improvements, (section 80).	23
68.	Notice of re-entry upon lands by landlords (section 87 (2)).	23
69.	Local enquiries held by order of Court (sections 158 and 31).	23
70.	**B.—Miscellaneous.**	23
	Section VII.—General.	
71–75	Tours and Inspections, with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries–	23-27
71–72.	(a) of Members of the Board.	23
73.	(b) of Commissioners.	24-25
74.	(c) of District Officers.	25-27
75.	(d) of Subdivisional Officers.	27
76.	Alienation and Assignment of land revenue.	27
77.	Records.	27
78.	Treasure Trove Act	28
79.	Zamindari Dak Act.	28
80–81.	Personnel—	28-29
80.	(a) of the Board.	28
81.	(b) of Commissioners.	28
82.	Merits of Officers.	29

INDEX TO APPENDICES.

	Page.
IA.—Classification of Land Tenures (Eastern Bengal).	i
IB.— Do Do (Assam).	ii-iv
IIA.—Changes on the Land Revenue Demand of Government and Temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	v-vii
IIB.— Do Do On fully assessed area taken up for ordinary cultivation (Assam).	viii-ix
IIC.—Fluctuation in the *khiraj* area of Assam Valley Districts, including land held by tea planters (Assam).	x
IID.—Area settled with ex-tea Coolies and other Immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts (Assam).	xi
IIIA.—Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana and Police revenue) of estates on the Revenue roll (Provincial).	xii-xiii
IIIB.—Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana and Police revenue) of Permanently-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	xiv-xv
IIIC.—Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue of Temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	xvi-xvii
IIID.—Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue of Estates held direct (Eastern Bengal).	xviii-xix
IIIE.—Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana) of Estates on the Revenue Roll (Assam).	xx-xxi
IVA.—Proceedings under the Sale Law (Eastern Bengal).	xxii-xxiii
IVB.—Working of the Certificate Procedure (Eastern Bengal).	xxiv-xxv
IVC.—Coercive means employed for the collection of the Land Revenue (Assam).	xxvi-xxviii
IVD.—Processes served and their cost (Provincial).	xxix
V.—Demands, Collections, Remissions and balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue (Provincial).	xxx-xlvii
VI.—Sale of Proprietary rights in Government estates (Provincial).	xlviii
VII.—Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue existing in the Provinces (Provincial)	xlix
VIIIA.—Cost of Management of estates held direct by Government (Eastern Bengal).	l
VIIIB.—Expenditure incurred on estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal).	li
IXA.—Intermediate Registrations under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 (Eastern Bengal).	lii
IXB.—Registration of changes amongst proprietors and landholders (Assam).	liii
IXC.—District details of Separate Accounts (Eastern Bengal).	liv-lv
IXD.—Registration of Tenures, Act XI of 1859 (Eastern Bengal).	lvi
X.—Disposal of Partition cases (Provincial).	lvii
XI.—Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them (Provincial).	lviii
XIIA.—Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act (Eastern Bengal).	lix-lxi
XIIB.—Landlords' fees (Eastern Bengal).	lxii
XIII.—Average price of common rice, wheat, &c. (Provincial).	lxiii-lxv
XIVA.—Agriculturists' and Land Improvement Loans (Provincial).	lxvi

	Page.
XIVB.—District details of Land Improvement Loans (Provincial). . .	lxvii-lxix
XIVC.—District details of Agriculturists' Loans (Provincial). . . .	lxx-lxxi
XVA.—Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order (Eastern Bengal).	lxxii
XVB.—Payment of rent by money order (Eastern Bengal) . . .	lxxiii
XVI.—Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Zamindari Dak Cess, and the cost of its collection (Eastern Bengal). . .	lxxiv-lxxv

No. 30 Misc. L. R. / G

FROM J. T. RANKIN, ESQ, I. C. S.,
Secretary to the Board of Revenue, E. B & A.

TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

Dated Dacca, 4th December 1906.

LAND REVENUE.
(Miscellaneous).

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the first report on the Land Revenue Administration of the new Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the revenue year 1905–06.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I., Member in charge.

2. On the constitution of the Province, a Board of Revenue was created by the Bengal and Assam Laws Act (VII of 1905) with effect from 16th October 1905. By that Act the Board were empowered to discharge, in respect of the districts transferred from the Province of Bengal, all the functions previously vested in or exercisable by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, and in respect of the territory which was formerly under the Chief Commissioner of Assam, such of the functions of the Chief Commissioner as the Local Government might, with the sanction of the Government of India, delegate to it. The Local Government has not conferred on the Board any power in the Hill Districts of that territory but with respect to the plains districts, the Board, by the notifications, resolutions and circular orders of Government, cited in the margin, have been vested with powers in general similar to those they exercise in the transferred districts. From 16th October 1905 to the 30th of June 1906 the control of the Land Revenue Administration was divided between the two Members of the Board, that of the transferred districts resting with the First Member and that of the Assam plains districts with the Second Member. Since the 30th of June the whole of the Land Revenue Administration has been under the First Member.

See Regulation III of 1822 & Act XLIV of 1850.

Notifications Nos. 5C to 9C of 16th October 1905.
Resolution No. 10C of 16th October 1905.
Circular No. 24C of 9th May 1906.

Resolution No. 6400C of 28th June 1906.

3. The delay in the submission of this Report is due to delay in the receipt of reports from the local officers and this again is due, for the most part, to difficulties met with in the transferred districts in formulating for the first time statistics to comply with the direction of Government that the report should be for the revenue year ending 30th June. It may also be noted that the dates for submission of the report by various officers as originally fixed by Government were changed and new dates, one month earlier in each case, were prescribed at a somewhat too late date to allow of the instruction being carried out. The dates on which the reports were received by the Board from Commissioners are noted below :—

Dacca Division	9th November 1906.
Chittagong Do	10th November 1906.
Rajshahi Do	9th November 1906.
Surma Valley Districts	16th October 1906.
Assam Valley Districts	9th November 1906.

Section I. General Conditions of the Year.

Weather and Crops.

4. The total rainfall for the year was above the normal throughout the Province : but the distribution was unfavourable. In general there was deficiency up to June which retarded sowings and then from July to September the fall was so unusually heavy that all crops were more or less severely damaged. In the Surma Valley a further fall in October not only damaged the late rice but had an adverse effect on the cultivation of winter crops. In Malda and Jalpaiguri, in some parts of Assam and in the *Barendra* or western part of Rajshahi the rice crops were good to excellent. Elsewhere the outturn was poor. Floods followed by insect pests caused great damage in Sylhet, Tippera, Mymensingh, Dacca and Bakarganj and in the last-named district the winter rice was only 50 per cent. of the normal.

The jute crop was unsatisfactory all round except in Malda and Jalpaiguri. It suffered in its earlier stages from want of rain and in its later from an excess which led to a serious deterioration in the quality of the fibre.

Tea is reported to have done well except in some parts of the Assam Valley.

Among other crops, sugarcane is reported to have been good in Cachar ; but the mustard crop was bad everywhere.

Prices of food and labour.

Appendix XIII.

5. The average prices in the different districts of the Province of the principal food-grains and of salt for the past three years are given in Appendix XIII. The prices of food-grains ruled high everywhere. The short rice crop in Eastern Bengal and the Surma Valley led to an abnormal demand for imports from other parts, and throughout the Province prices rose to almost famine rates towards the close of the year. The price of salt fell as the result of the reduction in duty : and the fall in Rajshahi is attributed partly to the extended use of *Karkach* salt.

A result of the poor rice crops was a fall in wages in Noakhali and Bakarganj which are almost purely rice-growing districts. In Kamrup, Dacca, and Mymensingh wages rose. The rise in Kamrup is said to be due to a great demand for labour on the new Railway line now under construction as also to the prevalence of cholera and high prices. As to the Dacca Division Mr. Le Mesurier, the Commissioner, writes :—

"The contrast is striking and shows the danger of entire dependence on a single crop. When the rice harvest fell short in Bakarganj food became dear and the only form of labour—that for the fields—was in excess of the demand. Hence the labourer had to take what he could get. In Dacca and Mymensingh high prices for jute gave the farmer the cost he needed to buy rice. He, therefore, persisted in his aversion to manual labour for hire and those who wanted labour for the jute industry had to import it as usual and to pay higher wages."

Material condition of the people.

6. The year has been one of considerable hardship to the people in most parts of the Province. High prices told severely on the poor especially the landless class and those dependent on private charity. People on fixed incomes also felt the increased cost of living very keenly. Distress reached an acute stage in Noakhali and Bakarganj where relief works had to be opened. Elsewhere agricultural loans were distributed, notably in Sylhet, Tippera, Noakhali and Bakarganj where the pressure was greatest. In the Assam Valley the people not only suffered from poor harvests and high prices but incurred heavy loss of cattle by flood and disease. In Upper Assam Mr. Monahan says that many of the raiyats are in a depressed condition owing to excessive indulgence in opium.

On the other hand the condition of the raiyats who grew jute was distinctly good, due to the very high price at which jute was sold. In the

Rajshahi Division there was little distress, the raiyats got good prices for the rice they exported and their condition is reported to have been good.

On Government Khas Mahals in Eastern Bengal the general condition of the tenants compares favourably with that of those on private estates. Their rents are lighter and in hard times more consideration is shown them.

Public Health.

7. The year under review was not in general favourable to public health and only in the district of Rajshahi it is reported to have been better than usual. Cholera was prevalent in all the Divisions and was specially severe in Rangpur, Mymensingh, Goalpara and Kamrup. There was much fever in Malda and Dinajpur. Small pox is reported to have been bad in Pabna, Chittagong and Noakhali. Kala-azar prevailed in the Mangaldai Sub-division. It is noticeable that except for small-pox and cholera in Noakhali and cholera in Sylhet the health of the districts most affected by the scarcity was good.

Trade.

8. Tea and Jute are the most important industries in the Province and in both trade was brisk and exports exceeded those of the previous year. There was a large export of rice from Sylhet, Lower Assam and the districts of the Rajshahi Division and from Rangoon, through Chittagong, to the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions to make up the deficiency of the crop there. There was also a considerable trade in rice between Calcutta and Northern Bengal. The tobacco trade of Rangpur and Jalpaiguri apparently suffered no diminution. The trade in lac from Nowgong was active.

Cotton weaving in the Dacca Division and in the districts of Noakhali and Tippera and the Silk industry in Bogra are said to have received some impetus from the *Swadeshi* movement. But in this connexion the Collector of Dacca writes :—

"The *Swadeshi* movement has had a considerable effect on the trade in Manchester cloth, Liverpool salt and imported liquor. I have not, however, seen any signs in this district of any attempt to develop indigenous industries and up to date the policy seems to be of a purely destructive character."

There is a considerable trade between the districts of this Province and the Independent States on the border. Merchandise goes in large quantities from Cachar to Manipur and from Jalpaiguri to Bhutan. But during the year under review it is reported that there was no trade between Rangpur and Nepal or Bhutan.

Emigration and Immigration.

9. The tea and jute industries are responsible for most of the immigration to the Province. To the tea gardens in Jalpaiguri, Assam Valley and the Surma Valley coolies are brought from all the recognised recruiting districts of Bengal, the United Provinces and the Central Provinces. The Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts has given no details as to his Division, but the Commissioner, Surma Valley Districts, reports that 4,769 adult coolies were brought to Cachar and Sylhet during the year, and the Commissioner of Rajshahi says that people from Chota Nagpur and Nepal continue to be attracted to Jalpaiguri where there seems to be some tendency for them to settle.

The jute industry causes a large influx of up-country coolies during the jute season but very few of them stay longer than the working season. Labourers from Orissa, Behar and the United Provinces come down annually for the harvesting and for earth-work in the dry season to most of the Eastern Bengal districts. Bakarganj attracts many labourers from the neighbouring districts and large numbers go annually to Arakan from Chittagong and Noakhali. A number of cultivators is reported to have gone to settle in Hill Tippera from Sylhet and Tippera during the year under review.

Section II.—Settled area and demand of Land Revenue (ordinary)

A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.

10. Out of a total area of 75,933 square miles containing, besides revenue-paying estates, revenue-free estates, hills, forests, rivers, &c. the total revenue-paying area of the tracts under the Board at the close of the year was 49,435 square miles with a revenue of Rs. 184,40,023/- inclusive of the revenue for special cultivation Rs. 911,406/- and value of services of *Gaonburas* Rs. 24,133/- remitted during the year. The incidence of revenue per square mile was thus Rs. 373/- only, a low rate due to the permanent settlement in Eastern Bengal and to the extent of waste land in Assam. The revenue shows an increase of Rs. 1,11,321/- or about ·6 per cent. over that of the preceding year. The causes of variation in the revenue demand and the revenue-paying area are dealt with below. The proportion of revenue contributed by the permanently-settled, temporarily-settled and khas (under direct management) estates was 53 per cent. 36 per cent. and 11 per cent, respectively, and its incidences per bigha in the three classes of estates were respectively 2.02 annas, 8 annas and 7 annas.

Eastern Bengal 44,144 Sq. miles.
Plains of Assam 31,789 Do.
75,933 Do.

Statistics of area and demand under the different classes of estates (including variations).
Appendices IA & IB.

11. In the year under report there were 1,16,682 permanently-settled estates covering an area of 778,34,987 bighas or 40,204 square miles and with a revenue of Rs. 98,13,442/-. In the previous year there were 116,478 estates with a revenue of Rs. 98,13,986/-. The increase in the number of estates was chiefly due to partitions and the decrease in the revenue to transfers of some estates to another class, to abatements given for lands acquired and to removal of estates from the revenue-roll. Eastern Bengal is in the main a permanently-settled area and contains 66,801 permanently-settled estates with an area of 659,46,755 bighas or about 34,000 square miles. In Assam there are only 19 such estates in Goalpara with an area of 45,94,920 bighas or 2,369 square miles, and 49,862 in Sylhet with an area of 72,93,312 bighas or 3,760 square miles. Most of the estates in Sylhet are petty and held by cultivating proprietors.

Permanently—settled estates.

12. In Eastern Bengal the total area settled temporarily with proprietors and farmers at the end of the year was 1,475 square miles or 28,56,076 bighas with a revenue of Rs. 7,81,560/- distributed among 1,474 estates. While the number of estates decreased by 5, the revenue increased by Rs. 9,072. The decrease in the number of estates was due mainly to amalgamation of certain tea estates in Jalpaiguri district, and their removal from the tauzi roll, resettlements accounting for the major part of the increase obtained in the revenue. Most of the temporarily-settled area in Eastern Bengal lies in the districts of Jalpaiguri, Bakarganj and Chittagong.

Estates in the transferred districts settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

13. There were 1,538 khas estates in Eastern Bengal at the close of 1905-06 covering an area of 48,38,261 bighas or 2,499 square miles and with a revenue of Rs. 21,13,380/-. In the previous year there were 1,517 estates with a revenue of Rs. 20,82,778/-. The increase is due to auction purchases and resumptions. There are practically no Government estates in Assam.

Estates in the transferred districts held direct by Government.

14. The total area settled for ordinary cultivation in Assam amounted to 76,50,516 bighas with a revenue of Rs. 49,28,863/- of which 70,78,069 bighas were fully assessed and 5,72,447 bighas were assessed at half rates. There was decrease in the number of estates, chiefly in Kamrup and Sibsagar recently re-settled, owing to amalgamation of annual leases and substitution of

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.
Appendices IB, IIB, IIC & IID.

periodic ones in cases of established cultivation. But on the whole there was an increase of 96,718 bighas in the fully assessed and a decrease of 119 bighas in the *Nisf Khiraj* (settled at half rates) areas. The revenue increased to the extent of Rs . 56,037 The ratio of increase in revenue was less than that in settled area. This is chiefly due to the latter ratio being vitiated by the figures for Cachar as explained below. The revenue of the *Nisf Khiraj* estates decreased by Rs. 13,764/- which appears out of proportion with the decrease in area of these estates because waste lands included in such estates which had been assessed to revenue previously have now been exempted from assessment on resettlement.

The increase in settled area was chiefly contributed by Cachar (73,759 bighas) Sylhet and Sibsagar districts and was due to expansion of cultivation generally, but by far the greater part of the increase in Cachar is more apparent than real as the figures include a reclassification of area of 61,316 bighas of jangalburi lands now shown under ordinary cultivation. The area relinquished covered 3,62,173 bighas against 3,37,711 bighas of the preceding year. The bulk of the abandonments takes place in the Assam Valley (3,53,206 bighas). Competition for land is keen in Cachar, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur.

The great fluctuations in the area under special settlement from 2,46,148 bighas in the previous year to 5,63,456 bighas in the year under report is explained by the fact that, while a portion only of the Bijni Duar which had been occupied by raiyats was included under the head of special settlements previously the whole area of the Duar (3,93,258 bighas) has now been included under that head as it is temporarily-settled with the Rani of Bijni for 20 years from 1901 at a jama equal to 80 per cent of the rental as it stood in that year. The Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts reports that the progress made in the scheme of colonisation along the Assam Bengal Railway line in Nowgong has been disappointing, only 750 bighas having been settled up to date. With regard to the Nambor Forest in the Sibsagar district thrown open for cultivation, the Commissioner says that up to the end of the year only 200 houses of colonists had been established and 1,698 bighas of land taken up, of which 1,107 bighas had been brought under cultivation. As the difficulties of communication have since been removed by opening a road better results are expected.

15. The area settled with ex-tea garden coolies increased from 3,18,825 to 3,52,950 bighas or by 34,125 bighas i. e. nearly 11 per cent. and that settled with other immigrants also increased to the extent of 16,183 bighas or 21 per cent. This compared with the result of the previous year appears satisfactory. A noticeable feature is the increased settlement of Nepalese in Lakhimpur and Darrang and the Barpeta sub-division of Kamrup.

Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam. Appendix II D.

B.—SETTLEMENT FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.

16. The area settled for special cultivation was 27,78,110 bighas with a revenue demand of Rs. 9,11,406. This consists of an area of 7,15,004 bighas in Jalpaiguri yielding a revenue of Rs. 2,03,191 and an area of 20,63,106 bighas with a revenue of Rs. 7,08,215 in Assam. In the latter tract both area and revenue increased by 15,824 bighas and Rs. 13,341. The increase was shared by Sylhet, Darrang, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. In Kamrup there was a decrease and in Nowgong there was a slight increase of revenue against a decrease in area. The increase was chiefly due to new settlements and progressive enhancements.

Total area and revenue.

17. In Eastern Bengal and Cachar there were no applications for settlement. In Sylhet 6 new applications were filed and out of 15 applications for disposal, settlement was effected in 6 cases and 4 were struck off. In the Assam Valley

Applications for settlement.

29 new applications were received and out of 51 applications for disposal 29 were disposed of during the year.

Resignation or resumption of grants.

18. There was no resignation or resumption of any grant in the Surma Valley or Eastern Bengal. In the Assam Valley one grant in Nowgong with an area of 520·10 acres and 2 in Lakhimpur with an aggregate area of 1045·92 acres were resigned and 3 grants in Lakhimpur were cancelled for arrears of revenue.

Section III—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

Statistics of demand, Collections, remissions and balances.

Appendix III A.

19. The total land revenue demand for collection was Rs. 1,91,80,440 of which Rs. 184,16,217 was on the current and Rs. 7,64,223 on the arrear account. Rs. 181,951,47 or 94·86 per cent on the total demand was collected. The result is not so good as in the previous year due to the partial failure of crops and consequent suspension of payments allowed in Government Estates. The current collections amounted to 96.03 per cent. and the arrear collections to 66.65 per cent. Remissions, Rs. 80,740, represented ·42 per cent on the total demand and irrecoverable part of the balance ·80 per cent.

Permanently-settled Estates

Appendices III B & III E.

Bakarganj, Noakhali, Rajshahi, and Sylhet.

20. In the permanently-settled estates, out of a total demand of Rs. 99,50,891, Rs. 97,71,168 or 98·2 per cent was collected. Only Rs. 141 was remitted and Rs. 6,591, practically all in Noakhali, is shown as irrecoverable No explanation of this has been given and enquiries will be made on the subject. The percentages of current collections fell below 99 in the marginally noted districts, and of arrear collections in Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali and Rajshahi.

Estates in the transferred districts settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

Appendix III C.

Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali. Rajshahi, Rangpur, Pabna and Malda.

21. In these estates in Eastern Bengal the total demand was Rs. 8,05,595 out of which Rs. 7,78,985 or 96·7 per cent. was collected, Rs. 310 only was remitted, and Rs. 1400 is shown to be irrecoverable in the district of Pabna. The current collections fell short of 98 per cent. in the marginally-noted districts and arrear collections in Dacca, Bakarganj, Noakhali and Malda. The arrear balances were all small except in Noakhali.

Estates in the transferred districts held direct by Government.

Appendix III D.

22. The total demand from the khas estates was Rs. 24,49,187 out of which Rs. 20,39,553 or 83·27 per cent was collected. Rs. 48,224 was remitted and Rs. 37,459 was found irrecoverable. The percentages of remissions and of irrecoverable balance on the total demand were 1·97 and 1·52 respectively. The current collections did not reach even 90 per cent. in most of the districts and the arrear collections were smaller still. Efforts should be made to raise the percentage.

Temporarily-settled Estates in Assam.

Appendix III E.

23. The total demand for these estates in Assam was Rs. 59,74,767 out of which Rs. 56,05,441 or 93·82 per cent. was collected. Rs. 32,065 was remitted and Rs. 1,08,627 is reported to be irrecoverable. The percentage of amounts remitted and found irrecoverable on total demand were ·5 and 1·8 respectively. The current collections fell short of 98 per cent. in Sylhet, Kamrup, Darrang and Sibsagar districts and the arrear collections did not reach even 80 per cent. in Kamrup, Darrang and Lakhmpur. In the Jaintia Parganas in Sylhet collections were affected by the ravages of cattle disease, and damage to crops caused by floods and plague of

caterpillars. In the Assam Valley they were retarded by the floods enquiries which raised hopes of remission. Satisfactory collections, however, resulted in Cachar, it is said, on account of the extension of the Mauzadari System and substitution of warrants under section 69 of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

None of the eight tahsils that remained to be broken up at the close of the previous year in the Assam Valley was broken up during the year under report as there were heavy arrears for collection in all. Instructions were, however, issued to the Commissioner to break up 4 by the 30th September 1906 and the remaining 4 by the 15th November following.

The following remarks of Mr. Monahan on the Mauzadar's responsibility for collection of revenue are of interest.

"There was a good deal of unpunctuality in the payment of revenue by Mauzadars and the adoption for account purposes of a revenue year ending on the 30th June has resulted in a tendency to regard that date as the latest date for payment of Mauzadar's revenue. I have impressed on District Officers the necessity of insisting on punctual payment according to the instalments fixed. There has also been a tendency on the part of the Mauzadars to regard themselves as exempt from liability for revenue which they do not succeed in collecting from the raiyats and to claim refunds of revenue which they have paid in advance and have not been able to realise. Their liability in respect of such revenue has recently been defined by orders of Government. The Mauzadari System is on its trial and it is too early yet to draw conclusions as to its advantages or otherwise."

Government order No. 5138 C, dated 22nd May 1906.

24. Appendix XVA shows the number of revenue money orders issued and the amount of land revenue and cesses remitted thereby during the year. Appendix XVB exhibits the working of the system of payment of rent by money order. Both systems are in force throughout Eastern Bengal, and the former also in the district of Sylhet. The figures in these Appendices cannot be compared with those of the previous year as the lists of money orders for that period have, under the rules of the Postal Department, been destroyed in several of the districts and no information could be supplied from the post offices concerned. The remittances in each of the districts of Dacca, Faridpur and Chittagong exceeded a lakh of rupees. From the materials that are at the Board's disposal, it appears that the system of payment of land revenue by special money orders is growing in popularity, especially among the proprietors of petty estates. The payment of rent by money order, on the other hand, does not seem to have made any advance in popular estimation. The Zamindars and their amla as a rule dislike and discourage it. When it is resorted to it is generally a sign that relations between landlord and tenant are strained. The Commissioners of Dacca and Rajshahi are of opinion that tenants often resort to it to save themselves from the illegal exactions of the landlord or his amla. It is undoubtedly a boon to those who object to paying more than their legal rent as also to those who live at a distance from their landlord's cutcherry.

Remittances of revenue and rent by money order. Appendices XVA & XVB.

25. Appendix IVA gives particulars of the proceedings under the sale law in Eastern Bengal. There was an increase of 950 in the number of defaults during the year under report but the number of sales decreased by 17, as compared with the previous revenue year. The price realised was on the average 6.8 times the Government revenue of the properties sold. Out of 49 appeals filed before the Commissioners against sales, 4 were successful and recommendation for the annulment of sale on the ground of hardship was made to Government in one case only.

Coercive Measures :—
(a) Operation of the sale law in Eastern Bengal.
Appendix IV A.

The causes which led to sales in the various districts were disputes among co-sharers, insolvency of the proprietors, unprofitableness of the estates and wilful default with a view to get the encumbrances annulled. The percentages of sales on defaults are noted on the margin and indicate that the sale law was administered with leniency and moderation. The rule that the sales of one *kist* should be held before the next *kist* day was generally observed.

District.	Percentage of sales on defaults.
Noakhali	38.8
Rangpur	20
Dacca	16.6
Faridpur	9.4
Chittagong	9.3
Bakarganj.	9.2
Tippera	7.9
Pabna	5.2
Rajshahi	4.5
Mymensingh	3

(b) Certificate Procedure in Eastern Bengal. Appendix IV B.

26. Detailed statistics as to the working of the certificate procedure in Eastern Bengal is given in Appendix IVB. In the Dacca Division the total number of certificates filed was 10,699 against 9,451 in the previous revenue year—an increase of 1,248 cases, viz. 284 in Dacca, 597 in Faridpur and 579 in Bakarganj against a decrease of 212 cases in Mymensingh. The increase (284) in Dacca under head "All other certificates made under section 7 (1)" was chiefly due to the larger number of certificates filed for settlement costs and that of 579 in Bakarganj is attributed to the introduction of the certificate procedure in Wards' Estates administered by the Collectors of Bakarganj and the 24-Parganas. The increase (597) in Faridpur is said to be due (1) to a heavy accumulation of petty arrears in khas mahals for which under the rules a very limited number of certificates was allowed to be filed during the previous year, (2) to an increase in the cess demand of the last partial revaluation which came into effect in a large number of cases from 1st April 1905 and (3) to a large number (117) of requisitions received from the Manager of the Haturia Wards' Estate in the district of Bakarganj in respect of properties situated in this district. In the Chittagong Division there was an increase of 682 cases as compared with the previous year, i. e., an increase of 7 cases under head "Of all kinds under section 5" and 2,532 cases under head "All other certificates made under section 7 (1)" against a decrease of 1,857 cases under head "To realize arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), section 7 (1)". In Chittagong and Tippera the increase is attributed to the issue of a larger number of certificates for the realization of petty cess arrears which were about to be barred by limitation, and in Noakhali to the discontinuance of the practice of collecting cesses through the tahsildars appointed under section 99 of Act IX (B. C.) of 1880. The decrease under head "Arrears of rent due to Government &c.," was the largest (1,693 against the total decrease of 1,857 in the Division) in the district of Chittagong. Stricter measures were taken to ensure that certificates were not issued for sums that the collecting staff could themselves realize. Figures have not been supplied from the Rajshahi Division for the previous year and no comparison can be made.

The percentage of certificates disposed of to the total number for disposal shows a decrease in both the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions, being 80·7 and 77·3 against 82·9 and 79·1 respectively in the previous year. In the former Division the percentage was lowest (67·6) in Bakarganj and was the result of leniency in the use of coercive measures in consequence of the scarcity in the district and in the latter Division the falling off in Tippera (70·3 against 84·7 of the preceding year) was due to an influx of cases during the last two quarters of the year which could not be disposed of before its close and to the depressing agricultural condition of the year. The falling off in Chittagong (78·2 against 79·2 of the previous year) is attributed to the heavy work in the district. Noakhali, on the other hand, shows a marked increase.

In all Divisions it is reported that the greater portion of the demands was satisfied on the issue of notices and on attachment of properties.

Recourse was had to actual sale in a very small number of cases. Section 21 of the Act, which permits a judgment-debtor to redeem his property after sale by payment of the amount of the certificate with costs and of a penalty equal to one-tenth of the auction price to the purchaser, is reported to have worked out smoothly.

Taking into account the agricultural condition of the year, the administration of the Certificate Department was in general satisfactory.

(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment.

27. There was no case of imprisonment during the year for non-payment of Government demands in any of the transferred districts.

(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

28. Appendix IVC shows the coercive measures adopted for the realisation of land revenue in Assam.

Appendix IV C.

Important changes in law.

Two important changes were made in the law (Regulation I of 1886) on the subject by Regulation II of 1905, viz, (1) the issue of notices of demand under Section 68 of the Regulation has been made optional and (2) provision has been made for the ejectment of the defaulter on annulment of settlement of an estate under Section 90. The procedure of dispensing with the issue of notices of demand and of substitution of warrants was introduced experimentally in certain selected portions of all the plains districts in Assam except Sylhet. The new procedure is reported to have proved a success and resulted in the speedy recovery of arrears in the tracts in which it was applied except in the district of Darrang. The experiment, however, has been ordered to be continued in the same areas for another year after which the question of extending it to the remaining area will be considered in the light of the experience then gained.

In spite of this innovation there was an increase in some districts of the Assam Valley in the number of estates against which notices of demand were issued and in their proportion to the revenue paying estates as compared with the preceding year. This was however due to special causes, chief among which was the substitution of mauzas for tahsils and efforts made by the tahsildars to leave as small an unrealised balance as possible before handing over charge to the mauzadars. Attachments of both moveables and immoveables and of estates, however, show a decrease although there was an increase in the number of sales. The Commissioner notices that in the district of Darrang, coercive processes were freely used by the mauzadars. This is not as it should be. In the opinion of the Board, the mauzadars should depend more upon their personal influence and exertions for realisation than upon coercive processes.

Processes for realisation of revenue.

The ejectment procedure was had recourse to only in the districts of Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. The orders for ejectment had to be carried out by the revenue staff assisted occasionally by the police. No ejectment was carried out in any other district during the year. The Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, is of opinion that there should be a regular procedure for ejectment and for ensuring that persons do not re-occupy land from which they have been ejected. The subject will receive the consideration of the Board in due course. The statistics of coercive processes for the Surma Valley are incomplete owing partly to the suspension of coercive processes in the Jaintia Parganas and partly to complete figures not being available for the Kanairghat Tahsil in Sylhet on account of the destruction of records by fire. The figures furnished indicate a decrease in the number of processes of all kinds issued for realisation of arrears. There was, however, an increase in the number of sales of estates as compared with the preceding year.

29. Appendix IVD shows the processes served and their cost during the year. This Appendix has been regularly submitted in Assam but it has been prescribed for the Eastern Bengal districts this year for the first time. In the absence of appropriate columns in the registers in use in these districts some difficulty has been experienced in calculating the correct figures for columns 5, 6 and 8 of the Appendix. The Board have under consideration the advisability of prescribing certain additional columns in the registers to meet the difficulty. The figures for Jalpaiguri are incomplete as, owing to the destruction by fire of the records and registers of the Nizarat, statistics from 1st July 1905 to 17th April 1906 are not available.

Processes. Appendix IVD.

The total amount of process fees realized was Rs. 1,87,921/- viz. Rs. 1,19,488/- in Eastern Bengal and Rs. 68,433 in Assam, leaving a surplus of Rs. 69,618/-, viz. Rs. 31,002/- in Eastern Bengal and Rs. 38,616/- in Assam, after deducting the cost of the establishment. The cost exceeded the receipts from fees in Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Tippera, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, Bogra and Pabna among the transferred districts and in Goalpara only among the Assam districts. The amount of process fees remitted in Assam was Rs. 7,150/- against Rs. 11,665/- during the previous year. In the Chittagong Division there was a decrease of 11,798/- in the number of paid processes and an increase of 11,889/- in that of unpaid processes as compared with the previous year. The decrease was, it is reported, due to a decrease in the number of processes in connection with the partial revaluation operations in the district of Tippera. The increase, on the other hand, was due to a larger number of notices issued by the Land Registration Department of the Chittagong Collectorate. No detailed information has been furnished by the Commissioners of Dacca and Rajshahi. In the Surma Valley the total number of processes served was 46,082 against 79,977 during the previous year. This large decrease (33,895) is reported to be due to the suspension of coercive processes in the Jaintia parganas, to the discontinuance of the issue of notices of demand in regard to certain areas under orders issued under Regulation II of 1905, to the system which has been introduced for the local disposal of mutation cases by summary procedure, and to the system of issuing post-card reminders in cases of petty arrears not exceeding one rupee in the district of Cachar under orders contained in Assam Secretariat letter No. 4,662 R. dated the 16th August 1905. The large decreases (5,429 and 3,856) in the number of paid processes in Kamrup and Lakhimpur of the Assam Valley are accounted for by the decrease in *bakijai* measures. The decrease Rs. 49,311 in the amount of process fees in the Assam Valley was partly due to the abolition of tahsils.

The service of processes through the Presidents of Village Unions was under experiment in the districts of Dacca and Tippera but no adequate attention appears to have been given to the subject as nothing definite regarding it appears in the Divisional reports.

Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

30. The miscellaneous land revenue demand aggegated Rs. 5,26,489 of which Rs. 4,32,582 was on current account and Rs. 93,907 on arrear account. Rs. 4,14,262 or 95·7 per cent. on the current demand and Rs. 53,695 or 57·2 per cent. on the arrear demand was collected or in all Rs. 4,67,957 or 88·9 per cent. on the total demand. Rs. 38,468 was also collected in advance for future years. The collections were fair. Rs. 1,039 only was remitted and Rs. 57,493 remained outstanding at the close of the year. The bulk of the arrears is on account of the fishery revenue in the districts of Sylhet and Darrang and of the Survey and settle-

General (showing demands, collections &c.)

Appendix V.

ment charges recoverable in Bakarganj. The last arrear is due to the leniency shown by Government on account of scarcity. The receipts were mainly derived from fisheries, minerals, house-tax and survey and settlement charges recoverable. The variations under the first three heads are briefly noticed below.

Fisheries.

31. About three-fourths of the total fishery revenue of the Province is derived from the three districts of Sylhet, Kamrup and Sibsagar. The total current demand for the year was Rs. 1,90,582 as compared with Rs. 1,81,990/- for the preceding year, and almost the whole of the increase 4·72 per cent. is contributed by Sylhet and Kamrup, owing to keener competition among the bidders at the auction sales, due in the case of Kamrup to the demand for fish for export by rail from Dhubri. An important fishery in the Goalpara district could not be settled within the year on account of a boundary dispute on which orders have lately been passed by the Board.

Out of the total demand (current and arrear) of Rs. 1,96,772/- Rs. 1,88,730/- or 95·91 per cent. was collected and Rs.850/– was remitted. The percentage of collection, on the current demand is 96.22 and that on the arrear demand 86·44.

Minerals.

32. Excluding the Khasia and Jaintia Hills, not under the Board, the recovery from minerals comes almost entirely from the Lakhimpur district. The total receipts have increased from Rs. 43,259 in the previous year to Rs. 53,607/–. Royalty on coal in this district increased from Rs. 38,672/– to Rs. 39,565/–, while the demand on account of mineral oil rose from Rs. 6,121/– to Rs. 11,550/–, the output of the Assam Oil Company having exceeded the limit covered by the dead rent of their concession and paid royalty on the excess.

House Tax and Poll Tax.

33. The total demand (curent and arrear) on account of house tax amounted to Rs. 26,590 against Rs. 24,403. The receipts were Rs. 26,374. The increase is chiefly in Nowgong and Sibsagar owing to increase in the rate of the tax and to assessment of houses that previously escaped assessment.

The collections on account of Poll Tax amounted to Rs. 10,756 out of a total demand of Rs. 11,401. The system of collecting this tax from the hill tribes in the South Sylhet sub-division of Sylhet through their head-men has proved a success and has been extended by the appointment of two more such tax collectors.

Government Order No. 9240 C., dated 10th September 1906.

Sale of Government lands

Appendix VI.

34. There was no sale during the year of proprietary rights in Government Estates, but a quantity of 175 acres of Railway B class land in the district of Mymensingh was sold for Rs. 12,572.

Redemption of Land Revenue.

35. There was no redemption of land revenue under the orders of Government during the year. The number of petty estates formed by partition and redeemed during the year under section 11 of the old Partition Act VIII (B. C.) of 1876 was 76 all of which are in the district of Dacca, against 64 in the previous revenue year. The increase is due to the increase in the number of cases disposed of under the old Act. No redemption of land revenue was allowed in Assam.

As the cases in which land revenue is redeemed by Government orders will be few, and as operations under the old Partition Act are practically at an end, no detailed statement is furnished on this head. The new Act V (B. C.) of 1897 does not provide for redemption of petty estates formed by partition.

Section V.—Other Revenue Work.

Estates under direct management in Eastern Bengal.

36. The total number of estates under direct management during the year was 1,538 against 1,511 at close of March 1905.

(a) Collecting agency.

Collections are generally made by tahsildars appointed for a particular estate, if big enough, or for a group of estates, except in the districts of Chittagong, Jalpaiguri and Bogra, where Gazetted officers (Deputy or Sub-Deputy Collectors) are employed on actual collection work. In the districts of Bakarganj, Faridpur, and Noakhali there are special officers (Deputy and Sub-Deputy Collectors) for the supervision of collection and management of Government Estates. In Rajshahi, Pabna, and part of Malda collections are made by Kanungos of the general line. In Rangpur the Collectorate Nazir does the work. The rents of the two small estates in Dinajpur are remitted by the tenants by means of revenue money order.

The most important addition to the list of estates held direct by Government was that known as Char Mir Mahomed Ali, Part I, in the district of Noakhali. It formerly was farmed out but the lease had expired and the Board decided to take it under direct management. A tahsildar has been appointed for the purpose of collecting grazing fees and establishing resident tenants on the Char, and it is expected that a satisfactory raiyatwari settlement will result. Progress during the year has been satisfactory.

(b) Grant for management, and sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements.

37. From the amount placed at their disposal by the Government of Bengal for the management and improvement of Government estates during the year 1905–06 the Board of Revenue, L. P., allotted a sum of Rs. 2,31,082 to the Commissioners of the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions for expenditure in the transferred districts, and out of their reserve granted a sum of Rs. 2,975 before the formation of the new Province. Besides these sums they allotted Rs. 5,000 out of the Sundarbans reclamation grant for the district of Noakhali. After the constitution of this Board a sum of Rs. 1,500 was transferred to it from the reserve in the hands of the Calcutta Board.

(1) No. 343 C., dated 15th January, 1906.
(2) No. 2581 F., dated 31 March, 1906.
(3) Telegram No. 3431 E, dated 30th March 1906.

By the orders quoted in the margin the Government of this Province allotted the following sums for this purpose :—

(1) Rs. 20,550 for improvements in the transferred districts.

(2) Rs. 300 for the payment of commission on land revenue collection in the district of Pabna.

(3) Rs. 3,500 for the management of the estate Char Mir Mahomed Ali, Part I, in Noakhali.

Sanction to the second item was communicated to the Collector direct, and he seems to have charged the amount against the Government Estate Management Grant though the order contained no authority to do so and the expenditure does not appear to relate to Government estates.

Out of a total sum of Rs. 2,64,907 granted by the Board for expenditure during the year Rs. 2,51,417 was actually spent, leaving a balance of Rs. 13,490 which lapsed. Orders were issued by the Board early in February allotting certain extra grants, but these apparently did not reach District Officers in time to allow of all the money being usefully spent. The Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri writes :—

"I worked up to the full amount of money allotted by the Board of Revenue and if I had known a little earlier of the extra grant of Rs. 6,900 which was given me in March, i. e., just before the close of the financial year I would have spent it with advantage for much remains to be done in the tahsils".

The Board will take steps to see that district officers are informed of such extra grants without delay in future.

Appendix VIIIA shows the total cost of management including cost of collection, and the cost of collection separately, together with the proportions they bear to the current demand of the estates under direct management. The percentage of the former was 7.9 and of the latter 6.0.

Appendix VIIIB shows the expenditure incurred during the year under the heads :—

(1) Management ;

(2) Miscellaneous improvements, including agricultural improvements and experiments ;

(3) Sanitary improvements.

The expenditure on the last two heads was about $2\frac{1}{3}$ and $1\frac{5}{8}$ per cent. respectively on the current demand.

(c) Education.

38. In the Dacca Division the number of schools and pupils decreased by 8 and 377 respectively and the expenditure of the year also decreased in consequence by Rs. 867. In the Chittagong Division the expenditure on education increased from Rs. 9,146 to Rs. 9,240. The Commissioner writes. :—

" An analysis of the figures relating to each district shows that in the districts of Tippera and Noakhali there was a decrease of 1 and 9 schools and 133 and 159 pupils respectively while the Chittagong district shows an increase of 27 schools with 1,365 pupils".

In the Rajshahi Division there is a primary school in khas mahal Chabbis-nagar in the district of Rajshahi. It is looked after by the District Board and is doing satisfactorily. The total expenditure of the year on this school from the khas mahal fund was Rs. 52. In Jalpaiguri the number of schools decreased from 120 in the preceding year to 115 during the year, due to the abolition of all public examinations under the new system of vernacular education. There was an aggregate number of 2,542 pupils for whose education Rs. 3,165 was spent. The total expenditure on education in the Rangpur district was Rs. 25 distributed among the 4 primary schools in the Government estates in the Nilphamari sub-division. There are 19 patshalas (including one for girls) in Bogra in the Jaipur Government Estates with 434 pupils. The Government contribution amounted to Rs. 576. There is also a Middle English School at Khanjanpur khas mahal, and the number of pupils on the roll was 62. The financial condition of this school is not satisfactory, the grant-in-aid being only Rs. 12 against a monthly expenditure of Rs. 67 and public subscriptions being uncertain. There were 37 schools with 1,281 pupils in the Government Estates in Pabna during the year against 31 schools and 1,184 pupils during the preceding year. The total cost of management amounted to Rs. 3,323. In Malda the number of schools in the khas mahals was 8 with 275 pupils and a grant-in-aid of Rs. 331.

Irrigation, Drainage and Embankments.

(a) Eastern Bengal.

39. In Eastern Bengal productive and protective works of irrigation are undertaken by Government under Act III (B. C.) of 1876, of drainage under Act VI (B. C.) of 1880 or Act VIII (B. C.) of 1895, and of embankment under Act II (B. C.) of 1882. The main schemes are carried out and controlled by the Public Works Department and the Revenue Department is concerned only with minor works of improvement, repairs, &c., chiefly done executively in Government and Wards' estates and the effect on the revenue produced by the major works.

There were no irrigation, drainage or embankment works in the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh and Faridpur. In Bakarganj Rs. 3,057 were spent out of the grant for the management and improvement of Government Estates,

Dacca Division.

in the construction or reconstruction of *bands* or small embankments against Rs. 520 of the previous year.

No irrigation or drainage work was undertaken in the Chittagong Division ; but in the districts of Chittagong and Tippera embankments are of some importance. In the latter district, the Gumti embankment extends for 20 miles along both banks of the river Gumti above the town of Comilla. It was made over by Government to the Zamindars in 1845. In consequence of various floods that threatened to damage the town and the new railway, Government in 1891 notified, under section 14 of the Embankment Act, that certain portions should be removed and lowered. This was done in 1892. Since then flood levels of the river continue to be taken by gauge readings and bench marks. There are six embankments in the Chittagong district, in respect of which the following action was taken during the year under review :—

Chittagong Division.

(a) The embankment round the island of Kutubdia. Various diversions were made at a cost of Rs. 10,019, of which Rs. 6,048 was actually paid.

(b) Banokhali Sea-board embankment. Rs. 3,300 were spent on maintenance.

(c) Barghoria embankment. The newly constructed extension of this was encroached upon by the sea and the collector gave Rs. 509 for immediate repairs.

(d) Gondamara embankment. In April 1906 Government sanctioned a proposal for the protection of this at a cost of Rs. 9,450.

(e) Gomatoli and Fulcheri embankment in the Cox's Bazar tahsil is nearly completed. Rs. 1,233 was spent during the year.

(f) Sarenge and Gohira embankments are reported to be in good order and nothing was spent during the year.

In the Rajshahi Division there was no expenditure on irrigation except in the district of Jalpaiguri where a sum of Rs. 838 was spent on irrigation channels. Several schemes of drainage have been settled upon or undertaken. In Rajshahi district the drainage of the Chalan Bil was taken up but the operations did not advance beyond a survey of the lands during the year. An important project for the drainage of the Cheroil Bil in Pabna was sanctioned and steps have been taken for the acquisition of land. In Rangpur preliminaries have been settled as regards the improvement of the sanitation of the town of Rangpur, and a proposal has been submitted under the Sanitary Drainage Act for the drainage of *bil* near Gaibandha. In Jalpaiguri a sum of Rs. 661 was spent on drainage in the Alipur Duars Civil Station.

Rajshahi Division.

In Rajshahi there is a high protective embankment along the river frontage at Rampur Boalia : it was maintained in efficient condition by the Public Works Department during the year. In Bogra there is an embankment in village Chotamainka in the Jaipur Government estates maintained by the Public Works Department. It is reported to be in fair condition. The Civil buildings in the town of Pabna are protected by an embankment which is maintained by the Public Works Department. In Malda there is an embankment two miles in length on the right bank of the river Mahananda which serves to protect the district head quarters. The amount spent on this and on two subsidiary embankments during the year was Rs. 567. Two additional spurs for their protection were constructed at a cost of Rs. 2,666. The Government lands along these embankments were demarcated by pillars at a cost of Rs. 175.

40. In Assam there is no special law for irrigation, drainage or embankment works. They are taken up under the executive orders of Government when required.

(b) Assam.

Surma Valley Districts.

In the Surma Valley no such work was undertaken during the year.

Assam Valley Districts.

In the Assam Valley artificial irrigation is carried on overan extensive area in the submontane tracts to the north of the Goalpara and Kamrup districts and the Mangaldai sub-division of Darrang by means of channels which carry water from rivers and streams to the rice fields and irrigation of the same kind is practised on a small scale in some of the submontane mauzas south of the Brahmaputra. These irrigation channels are constructed and maintained by the raiyats without Government assistance or direction. In Kamrup certain works were previously undertaken to improve the drainage of tracts which had become water-logged in consequence of the earthquake in 1897. The Commissioner has not received information as to the effect of these. In its Sadar Sub-division a diversion of the Pagladia river made in 1903-04 with the object of relieving a water-logged tract has enabled a large area to be reclaimed. On the other hand it was found necessary to remit Rs. 7,018 on account of the revenue demand for the year under review of land damaged by this diversion. Embankments are of considerable importance in the Assam Valley. Throughout the different districts are to be found several that were constructed in the times of ancient Rajas of Assam. In many cases these were allowed to crumble away but of recent years much has been done to restore them. In Nowgong a sum of Rs. 100 was paid to the raiyats by the Local Board for repairing an old embankment on the east bank of the Jamuna river to protect their rice fields. The restoration of the embankments of the Dikhu river in Sibsagar was carried out in 1902–03. This has been successful in protecting cultivation over large tracts of country. Part of the Brahmaputra embankment in the Jorhat sub-division was restored but in August it was breached and some remissions of land revenue had to be made in consequence of the floods which either destroyed standing crops or prevented land being cultivated. Since the restoration of the *band* on the left bank of the Dehing river in Lakhimpur cultivation has extended rapidly. Much damage to cultivation resulted from the breaching of the embankment on the Nonai river in Mangaldai sub-division. The question of repairing or improving this embankment is under consideration.

Land Registration.

(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.

Appendix IXA.

41. The total number of interests in land entered in the registers of Eastern Bengal under section 38 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 was 6,63,267 at the commencement of 1905–06 and that on the books at its close was 6,68,767. The number is steadily increasing. The total number for disposal of applications for successions to interests, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift or otherwise was 28,441 out of which 23,431 were disposed of and in 22,322 cases the applications were granted which represented a percentage of 3·36 on the actual number of interests at the beginning of the year. Figures for the previous revenue year not having been fully supplied, no comparison can consistently be made with the results of the previous year. The work was heaviest in the districts of Chittagong, Mymensingh and Dacca and the file of pending cases at the end of the year was also correspondingly heavy. The Board will call for explanations of those cases which have been pending more than six months. While inspecting the Chittagong Land Registration Office in November 1905, Mr. Savage noticed that the Noabad taluks were still being treated as estates. The consideration of a modification of this system of registration of these taluks was deferred, however, pending a decision on the larger question of the maintenance of records.

No case of fraudulent registration was brought to light during the year under report. Land Registration enquiries made through Panchayets were found to be useful in Mymensingh, and the system was extended to some other places as an experimental measure, the results of which have not yet been reported.

The registers prescribed under the Act are reported to be generally in good condition. In Dinajpur the Mauzawar Register C will require correction of the gross rental in its column 4(d), now that the revaluation of the district has been completed.

The expenditure on account of land registration charges amounted to Rs. 13,158 of which Rs. 10,807 was incurred in the district of chittagong alone, where a special establishment is maintained. The fees realised aggregated Rs. 1,374 of which Rs. 894 was in the Rajshahi Division.

(b) Under Assam Land and Revenue Regulation. Appendix IXB.

42. Appendix IXB shows the result of changes amongst proprietors and land-holders, effected by registration and mutation procedure under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation. The amended registration rules framed under Regulation II of 1905 have been introduced in the districts of Cachar, Sylhet, Kamrup, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. The Commissioner of the Surma Valley Districts writes that the summary procedure of effecting mutations after local enquiry in the villages under these rules will facilitate the maintenance of record of rights without undue harassment to the parties concerned. The experiment, so far as can be judged, has already justified expectations. In the Darrang and Nowgong districts the mutation work was transferred to the Settlement Staff on the commencement of the re-settlement operations in November 1905.

Introduction of Amended procedure.

The marked decrease in the number of institutions is attributed to the introduction of the summary procedure under which as many as 45,376 cases were disposed of locally by the Sub-Deputy Collectors and under which no application is necessary from the parties. The Court work was also satisfactory, as out of 22,000 cases for disposal 19,581 were actually disposed of.

The percentage of cases disposed of in Court and locally on the total number of estates liable to mutation was 10·69 against 8·75 in the preceding year.

It is to be remembered, however, that land ragistration in the permanently-settled portion of the Sylhet district is practically a matter of option (vide note to section 59 of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation), and that no figures are available for the districts now under re-settlement. The Board are further not disposed to place too much reliance on the figures furnished in this Appendix, as it is not known whether each entry in the chitha has been shown as a separate case in the column of cases disposed of on the spot and whether the same procedure has been observed in all districts in showing these cases.

Separate Accounts of Land Revenue payments opened for shares under acts XI of 1859 and VII (B. C.) of 1876. Appendix IXC.

43. The details of the separate accounts opened or closed during the year in each of the transferred districts are given in Appendix IXC. They numbered 860 and 148 respectively. At the close of the year there remained open a total of 31,634 separate accounts paying an aggregate land revenue demand of Rs. 26,48,061. Of these, 26,397 accounts were for shares in joint estates held in common tenancy (under section 10 of Act XI of 1859), 901 for shares representing specific portions of lands in estates (under section 11 of the same Act) and 4,336 for shares consisting of undivided interest in specific lands [under section 70 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1876].

Registration of tenures under Act XI of 1859. Appendix IXD.

44. Statistics as to the registration of tenures for protection against annulment in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue under Act XI of 1859, are given in Appendix IXD. Thirty tenures were registered

during the year and the total number protected at the close of the year was 3,324.

Partitions. Appendix X.

45. Partitions are effected in Eastern Bengal under Act V (B. C.) of 1897 and in Assam under Chapter VI of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation, I of 1886. Appendix X shows the details of the work done under the different law and procedure in force in both parts of the Province and it is convenient to treat the results separately.

(a) Eastern Bengal.

46. The number of applications slightly increased in the Dacca Division and appears to have scarcely varied in the other divisions, but the rate of disposal fell short of the institutions, the result of the year's work being a net increase in the pending file of 19 cases, contributed entirely by the Dacca and Mymensingh districts. In Dacca the greater portion of the work had to be done during the year while most of the cases disposed of in the preceding year were in an advanced stage at its commencement. In Mymensingh several big estates were under partition the total area in respect of which applications for partition were made being 2,45,050 acres against 62,926 acres in the preceding year.

Out of the 39 cases disposed of partitions were effected in 31 only, viz., 24 in the Dacca Division, 6 in the Chittagong Division and 1 in the Rajshahi Division and the rest were struck off. In Bakarganj the two cases pending from the year 1897–98 could not be disposed of owing to the non-completion of the survey and settlement of the district. In Tippera one case is of 9 years duration. It has been contested by several of the share-holders 162 in number, and retarded by appeals to the Board. Sixty-eight separate small estates are reported to have been made by partition which has been approved by the Collector. The case in Noakhali was pending since 1899–1900 and was disposed of in the year under report.

One special Deputy Collector was in charge of the partition work of both the districts of Dacca and Mymensingh. He was employed for 226 days in the former and for 139 days in the latter district. There was no special officer employed in any other district. The average cost per acre of partitions completed during the year was Re 0–11–4 in Dacca, Re 0–5–6 in Mymensingh, Re 0–6–0 in Faridpur against Re 1–8–9, Re 0–11–6 and Rs. 2–10–10 respectively in the previous year. The decrease in Dacca was due to larger area partitioned during the year and that in Faridpur is assigned to the fact that the partition of one estate comprising an area of 48,123 acres was made on the basis of papers filed by the parties without making any survey or record of rights. In Tippera the cost was Re 0–8–8 per acre.

One application only is reported to have been struck off during the year under section 11 of Act V (B. C.) of 1897, which restricts the right of partition to estates and shares paying not less than a prescribed minimum land revenue.

The reports indicate that the amended Act V (B. C.) of 1897 has worked smoothly. No complaint was made against it.

(b) Assam.

47. In Assam the number of applications nearly doubled during the year but the cause of this increase has not been explained. The disposals were faster than institutions but still the pending cases increased from 134 to 170, the increase being almost entirely in Kamrup where the Land Records Staff were employed on resettlement work for the greater part of the year.

Appendix X shows Court work but under rule 203 of the Assam Land Records Manual the Land Records Sub-Deputy Collectors are empowered to give effect to undisputed cases of partition the survey of which has already been carried out by the Mandal and a large number has been disposed of in this way. This rule has in practice led to the formation of estates with a

revenue demand of less than Rs. 5 against the provisions of Section 97 (1) (a) of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation. The matter is under the separate consideration of the Board and a reference is being made to Government with a view to the modification of the rule.

Land Acquisition. Appendix XI.

48. * Proceedings for the acquisition on behalf of Government, Municipalities, District or Local Boards, Railways &c., of land covering an area of 1,737 acres, viz:–601 acres for the transferred districts and 1,136 acres for the Assam districts–were confirmed by the Board during the year under review at a total cost of Rs. 3,87,660. The abatements of annual revenue allowed on the lands acquired for or at the cost of Government amounted to Rs. 372, and a sum of Rs. 10,184 was paid to Government as the capitalized value of the Government revenue amounting to Rs. 231, abated on account of lands taken up for local bodies and companies. Appended XI gives detailed particulars.

Of the total expenditure incurred, more than a lakh and a half were on behalf of Railways, more than half a lakh on behalf of Government, about half a lakh on behalf of Municipalities and District or Local Boards, and over a lakh on behalf of other local or public bodies representing mostly the costs of acquisition of lands for the Port Commissioners for the improvement of the port of Chittagong. The following projects of which the cost exceeded Rs. 50,000 may be specially mentioned :—

1. Improvement of the Port of Chittagong.....Rs. 1,17,770.
2. Dhubri—Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway (Goalpara).....Rs. 75,572.

The average cost per acre of the lands acquired, for which the proceedings were confirmed during the year, was Rs. 223. Excluding the costly projects the average cost per acre came to Rs. 161 only. The average cost per acre of the lands acquired on behalf of the other local or public bodies was Rs. 1,784 as compared with Rs. 125 allowed for the lands acquired for the Railways. The former is specially high and is due to the high value of the lands acquired for the improvement of the Chittagong port.

49. Lands for the following among other projects were under acquisition:–

1. Kaunia–Bonarpara Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Rangpur.
2. Dhubri–Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Goalpara and Kamrup.
3. Improvement of the Port of Chittagong.
4. The school of Engineering in the town of Dacca.

50. The most important new projects for the acquisition of land for which orders were received during the year were as follows :—

1. Government House, offices and official residences in the town of Dacca.
2. Central Agricultural farm at Dacca.
3. Government House and Staff–quarters at Chittagong.
4. Akhaura–Bhairab Bazar Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway.
5. Kulaura–Sylhet Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway.
6. Katihar–Godagari Railway.

Employment of special Land Acquisition Officers.

51. In the Dacca Division a Deputy Colletor was employed throughout the year on the acquisition of lands for Government House, offices and official residences and for the Central Agricultural farm in the town of Dacca and for other petty works. The Deputy Collector in charge of the land acquisition

work in the districts of 24-Perganas, Nadia, Jessore and Calcutta, performed the work of acquisition for the Eastern Bengal State Railway in so far as the Faridpur district was concerned till May 1906 when he was relieved of this work by the Sub-Divisional Officer, Goalundo. In the Chittagong Division a Deputy Collector was specially appointed to do land acquisition work for the Akhaura-Bhairab Bazar Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway, and another Deputy Collector was solely employed on the disposal of surplus lands relinquished by the Assam Bengal Railway and the preparation of verified plans and register of title in respect of the lands in the occupation of that Railway. In the Rajshahi Division a Deputy Collector was specially engaged throughout the year on the acquisition of lands for the Kaunia-Bonarpara Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Rangpur, and another Deputy Collector for the Katihar-Godagari Railway in Rajshahi and Malda. The latter officer also did land acquisition work in Purnea. In the Surma Valley Districts a Sub-Deputy Collector was specially appointed in May 1906 to do the land acquisition work in connection with the Kulaura-Sylhet Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway. And in the Assam Valley Districts two Extra Assistant Commissioners, employed on the Dhubri-Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in the districts of Goalpara and Kamrup, completed the work in the year under report.

State of file of ordinary district staff.

52. The figures in the margin show the state of the land acquisition files of the ordinary district staff throughout the Province. The number of proceedings pending on the 30th June 1906 was *1156, viz :—127 in the transferred and the rest in the Assam districts, as compared with 1088 in the preceding year. Of these proceedings the proportion of more than 2 years' standing was 2·85 per cent. In the Assam Valley Districts there was no case pending over 2 years. Most of the cases of over 2 years' standing were pending in the Civil Court.

12	over 3 years
21	over 2 years
766	over 1 year.
280	over 6 Months
77	below 6 months.
* 1156	Total pending.

53. The question of simplifying and shortening land acquisition procedure has been engaging the attention of the Board for sometime and a draft resolution on the subject received from Government has been circulated for opinion.

Loans.
Appendices XIVA. XIVB and XIVC.

54. It will be seen from Appendix XIVA that the outstandings on account of loans advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act and the Agriculturists' Loans Act, rose from less than one lakh at the beginning of the year to over three lakhs at its close. This was due to the unusually large amount granted as loans during the year to poor cultivators to assist them in tiding over the bad season.

Hitherto the rules in force in the districts of Assam have been those framed by the Chief Commissioner of Assam, and those in force in the Eastern Bengal districts have been those framed by the Government of Bengal. For the purpose of simplification unified sets of rules to suit the requirements and conditions of both parts of the Province have been drafted and submitted separately to Government for approval. The Acts themselves have been partially amended by Act VIII of 1906.

(a) Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act.
Appendix XIVB.

55. Loans to the extent of Rs.1,100 only were granted under the Land Improvement Loans Act during the year, against Rs. 3,200 in the year 1904-95. The advances were made in the districts of Chittagong and Noakhali, while those of the previous year were made in the districts of Faridpur and Bakarganj. Such loans appear to be unknown in Assam and even in Eastern Bengal there is but a small demand for them.

Embankments and irrigation works are not required on any large scale, and for the improvement of communications and water supply the people generally look to Government. It is not likely that the Act will be of much benefit to this Province until landlords become less apathetic and realise the advantages both to themselves and their tenants of effecting substantial improvements in their land.

A sum of Rs. 18,986 was due for collection on account of principal out of this Rs. 10,508 or 55·3 per cent. was collected, Rs. 3,579 or 18·9 per cent. was remitted, the collection of Rs. 1,500 or 7·9 per cent. in Bakarganj was suspended owing to the scarcity and Rs. 3,399 or 17·9 per cent. was overdue.

Of the interest, viz., Rs.5,110, that fell due during the year, Rs. 3,164 or 61·9 per cent. was collected, Rs. 741 or 14·5 was remitted, the collection of Rs. 66 or 1 per cent. in Backerganj was suspended and Rs. 1,139 was overdue at the end of the year.

The balance outstanding on account of principal has been reduced from Rs. 32,971 to Rs. 19,984: of this Rs. 7,155, Rs. 11,929 and Rs. 900 are due from the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions respectively.

(b) Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act. Appendix XIVC.

56. A sum of Rs. 2,57,613 was advanced during the year under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, viz., Rs. 99,736 in the Dacca Division, Rs. 92,872 in the Chittagong Division, Rs. 6,500 in the Rajshahi Division, Rs. 44,565 in the Assam Valley Districts and Rs. 13,939 in the Surma Valley Districts. These large advances were necessitated by the abnormally depressed condition of agriculture during the year. As a rule, loans were granted on bonds executed by groups of persons jointly and severally but in some places, specially in the Assam Valley, it was found difficult to adopt this system.

The amount of Rs. 43,783 on account of principal was realisable within the year. Of this Rs. 28,537 or 65·1 per cent. was realised, Rs. 39 was remitted, collection of Rs. 5,943 or 13·5 per cent. was suspended and Rs. 9,832 or 22·5 per cent. was overdue. The sum of Rs. 28,537 stated to have been collected includes Rs. 579 paid in advance for future years.

Of interest Rs. 511 was due at the beginning of the year and Rs. 5,176 fell due within the year. Rs. 3,751 or 65·9 per cent. was collected, the collection of Rs. 378 or 6·6 per cent. was suspended and Rs. 1,559 or 27·4 per cent. was overdue at the close of the year.

The balances overdue seem to the Board to be larger than they need have been: but this may be due to the insufficiency of the machinery at Government disposal for distributing and recovering loans. As this subject is under the separate consideration of Government no remarks need be made here.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

57. A separate report has been submitted to Government on the working of co-operative credit societies during the year ending 31st March 1906: In this place it is only necessary to give the following few details.

When the Province was formed there existed eleven societies in Assam and eight in Eastern Bengal. Of the latter all except one were working unsatisfactorily and had to be closed. The Registrar was able to open nine new societies, six in Eastern Bengal and three in Assam, so that there are now twenty-one societies in the Province of which twenty are registered under the Act. They are distributed as follows:—

Division	District	Urban Societies	Rural Societies
Dacca	Dacca	1	2
Rajshahi	Rangpur	1	11
	Jalpaiguri	—	11
	Malda	—	1
Surma Valley	Cachar	1	1
	Sylhet	1	4
	Shillong (Khasi and Jaintia Hills.)	1	—
Assam Valley	Goalpara	—	1
	Kamrup	1	—
	Sibsagar	1	2
	Lakhimpur	—	1
	TOTAL	7	14

It will be observed that there is not a single society in the Chittagong Division, and outside the Dacca district none in the Dacca Division. The Commissioner of the latter division writes in this connection :

"The fact is mutual suspicion still prevails among the highly isolated population of this division. Of them it may be said that every man lives alone with his own family, the village proper is unknown and what is called by that name is merely a geographical expression for certain area surveyed as such and such a revenue mauza. The only meeting place of the inhabitants is the bazar or the religious gathering, not always at mosque or temple. To a people living thus alone and self-sufficient the idea of mutual co-operation is strange and I suspect only under compulsion of a close approach to famine, and then with much hesitation and after many questions, would they join in taking loans from Government. Still they have done so and it is now most likely when the money has been repaid they will realise the good mutual trust has done them and be willing to try it further."

The Registrar met with several other difficulties in organizing new societies. These arose from the suspicion with which the cultivators are disposed to regard the movement accentuated at the present time by the feelings of agitation over the partition among the educated classes to whom the people are accustomed to look for advice in any new undertaking. The frauds committed by a large number of so-called provident, friendly and insurance societies, which came into existence in Eastern Bengal about ten years ago, also helped to increase this suspicion of the motives of Government. The Registrar has been informed that it will be one of his chief duties to counteract these antagonistic forces and bring about a feeling of confidence in the good intentions of Government.

The societies in existence appear generally to have done useful work. Loans were issued to one out of every 2·36 and 2·48 members in the case of urban and rural societies respectively. The total sum lent up to date has been Rs. 36,725 of which Rs. 18,172 is outstanding. Another satisfactory feature of these societies is the deposits made by the members: a sum of Rs. 4,284 is held in deposit being an average of Rs. 5/13 for each member on the rolls. All the societies save one showed a profit at the end of the year.

It is somewhat early yet to express any definite opinion on these societies but there seems no doubt that where they have been started they have encouraged a spirit of self reliance and thrift among the raiyats.

General Revenue work of the Land Records Staff.
(a) Eastern Bengal.

58. In Eastern Bengal there is no special Land Records staff apart from the district staff employed on general work and the khas tahsil and Wards' establishments. The staff carries out the rules on the maintenance of the land

records and boundary marks in Government and Wards' estates, as laid down in the Survey and Settlement Manual 1900, under the control of the district officers. A set of special rules on the procedure and agency for the maintenance of the settlement records in Chittagong is contemplated by Government but no orders were received during the year. There is no regulation on the subject for the private estates in Eastern Bengal. The district staff makes enquiries as to boundary marks where there are any. The Director obtains statistics from the district officers and deals with the subject in his Departmental Report. Thus there being no special Land Records staff there is nothing to report on any revenue work in which their services might be utilised.

(b) Assam.

59. In Assam, however, there is a subordinate Land Records staff consisting of Sub-Deputy Collectors, Supervisor and Registrar Kanungos and Mandals under the control of the Deputy Commissioner and the Director of Land Records. The regular duties, responsibilities, &c., of this staff in connection with the maintenance of the land records and the boundary marks are laid down in the Assam Land Records Manual. The staff is utilised also in settlement operations and in miscellaneous enquiries in connection with all land matters. The subject of the regular work will be treated in the Director's Departmental Report and their special revenue work is only noticed here.

In the four districts in the Assam Valley in which the settlement operations were being concluded and commenced, Viz., Kamrup, Sibsagar, Darrang and Nowgong, the Land Records staff was withdrawn from the Deputy Commissioner's control for the greater part of the year and so could not be usefully utilised on any general revenue work. The Mandals, however, assisted in the flood damage enquiries and in the writing of remission statements. In the Surma Valley no such additional work was brought to notice.

Village headmen.

60. There are no village headmen in the Surma Valley. In the Assam Valley there were 4,418 *Gaonburas* and remissions amounting to Rs. 24,133 (vide Appendix VII) were granted to them. Besides this 25 gold rings were distributed to them as reward for exceptionally good work. In Kamrup, the remission of revenue in favour of *Gaonburas* was given effect to for the first time during the year under report, on receipt of the revised list of *Gaonburas* from the Settlement Officer. It seems that there is some difficulty in getting the right sort of men for *Gaonburas* in this district but on the whole the work of the *Gaonburas* in the five upper districts of the Assam Valley appears to have been satisfactory. There has been some improvement in reporting vital statistics since the introduction of the new system. It is not clear from the reports how far this system has been successful in the *Nisf-khiraj* and Lakhiraj villages.

The total number of vacancies caused by death, resignation and dismissal was 317. Most of these vacancies were filled up by election by villagers who generally gave preference to the heirs of the deceased *Gaonburas*. Only a few men were appointed on the nomination of the Mauzadars and Sub Deputy Collectors.

Section VI.—Rent.

A.—WORKING OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

The Bengal Tenancy Act.

61. The Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, is in force in the regulation districts of Eastern Bengal and in part of the scheduled district of Jalpaiguri. It is reported to have worked smoothly on the whole but there are instances in which its provisions are evaded both by landlords and tenants when they conflict with their interests and the Board are of opinion that amendments of the Act, such as proposed in Western Bengal, are called for in this Province also.

Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under Revenue Officers.

Appendix XIIA.

62. Appendix XIIA shows the operations in the transferred districts of the various sections of the Bengal Tenancy Act which were administered by Revenue Officers.

Transfers of tenures.

63. The variation in the transfers of tenures is slight and calls for no remark.

Payment of landlords' fees. Appendix XIIB.

64. Appendix XIIB shows that, as in previous years, the bulk of these fees remain in deposit and are not claimed by the landlords, who either are disinclined to take the trouble of withdrawing the deposits or are deterred from doing so by the fear that acceptance may be interpreted as a recognition of the statements in the deeds of transfer which they do not admit.

Preparation of price lists (Section 39).

65. The price lists of staple food-crops were duly prepared and published but the people are not yet awakened to their significance and as usual no objection was taken to their accuracy.

Rent payable in kind.

66. There was no application for commutation of grain rent (section 40) or for appraisement and division of crops (sections 69 and 70).

Registration of improvements (Section 80).

67. By far the greatest number of applications were in Bakarganj and it is reported that all the improvements registered were in Government Estates. Private proprietors take very little advantage of the provisions of this section.

Notice of re-entry upon lands by landlords (Section 87 (2)).

68. Few such notices are issued and in general landlords make very little use of this section of the law.

Local enquiries held by order of Court (Sections 158 and 31).

69. The number of cases has slightly increased.

B.—MISCELLANEOUS.

70. There is nothing special to report under this head.

Section VII.—General.

Tours and Inspections (a) Of Members of the Board.

71. In November 1905, Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I., First Member of the Board visited Chittagong and inspected the Salt Golas, the Office of the General Manager of Wards' Estates and the Land Registration Department of the Collector's Office. Some important questions were discussed with the local officers among which were the possibility of prescribing a more efficient check on the weighment of salt and the modification of the present system of registering *noabad* taluks. A scheme for the former is being considered; but a further consideration of the latter has been deferred pending decision on the larger question of the maintenance of records. In March, Mr. Savage visited Bakarganj district, consulted the local officers regarding the settlement of the district and the reclamation of the Sundarbans and made enquiries into the state of the crops and the khas mahal collections and advised Government as to the measures of relief likely to be required in view of the impending scarcity. In April he made inspections at Chandpur, Jorhat, Tinsukia and Dibrugarh.

72. Mr. P. G. Melitus C. I. E., Second Member of the Board, made a tour in the Eastern Bengal districts during February and March in the course of which he visited Comilla, Chittagong, Noakhali and Barisal, and inspected several departments of the Collectors' offices. In March and April he visited Gauhati, Jorhat, Dibrugarh and Tezpur making enquiries into the state of collections, the administration of agricultural loans and other matters. At Gauhati he was especially occupied enquiring into the grievances of the raiyats on account of the last re-settlement.

(b) Of Commissioners

73. In the Dacca Division, Mr. Inglis was on tour for sixty days during which he inspected all the district offices, excluding all the district treasuries excepting the one at Bakarganj. He also visited most of the sub-divisional offices and some of the Bakarganj portion of the Sundarbans. He attended the Commissioners' Conference at Darjeeling in September and October and paid a visit to Shillong during the Puja Holidays on the invitation of the Chief Commissioner, Assam. In November and December he had to accompany His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to the districts of Mymensingh, Faridpur and Bakarganj. Mr. LeMesurier was on tour for 35 days during which period he visited the districts of Bakarganj and Faridpur. In Bakarganj he inspected the collectorate and in Faridpur, he visited the Madaripur sub-division and discussed there with Messrs Marr and Briscoe the projected removal of the Madaripur sub-divisional office from its present site which was being cut away by the Arealkhan river. He also inspected some private and public institutions of his division. In June, he was summoned to Shillong by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor where he ermained till the close of the month. The bulk of his time away from Dacca was spent in enquiring into the political and social disturbances and preparing for the relief of distress which threatened the division.

Mr. Maude, while in charge of the Chittagong Division, was absent from the head quarters on duty for 64 days inclusive of his absence at the Conference of the Commissioners in Darjeeling. In the course of his touring he visited the district head quarters of Comilla and Noakhali twice and Chittagong Hill Tracts once. He also visited each of the sub-divisional head quarters of Brahmanbaria, Feni and Cox's Bazar and inspected the district and sub-divisional treasuries of the places visited by him. Mr. Luson was on tour for 43 days. In December he visited Comilla, Noakhali and Guptakhali. In January he was out on a visit to the mouth of the Kornafuli river, Noakhali, Comilla, Chandpur and Akhaura in connection with special matters besides accompanying His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor. His tours in the remaining months extended over the Chittagong Hill Tracts, Chittagong district, Comilla, Brahmanbaria, Ashuganj in the Tippera district and the Bay of Bengal. Besides, he had to pay a visit to Shillong to meet the Lieutenant-Governor towards the close of the year. He inspected the various branches of the Chittagong collectorate, the Brahmanbaria sub-divisional office and the criminal side of the Chandpur sub-divisional office, went over all lands now under acquisition for the Akhaura Ashuganj Railway line and inspected the special Deputy Collector's work thereon.

In the Rajshahi Division, excluding the time spent in Darjeeling, Mr. Marindin was out on tour for 139 days. He inspected all the district offices in various branches including the district treasuries at Rangpur, Bogra, Pabna and the sub-divisional office at Serajganj, several tahsil offices in the Duars, and Government and Wards' Estates, as well as some thanas falling in the course of his tour. In August and September he paid a visit to Kalimpong with the Deputy Commissioner and looked into the khas mahal accounts. He attended the Conference of Commissioners held at Darjeeling in October. In November he accompanied His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in his tour of inspectionin Rajshahi, Jalpaiguri, Dinajpur and Rangpur. Then his tonr extended over Pabna, Rajshahi, Malda, Dinajpur and Jalpaiguri, whence he proceeded to Serajganj to meet the Lieutenant-Governor again in February. Early in April he again proceeded to Serajganj to see the arrangements made by the local authorties to check the spread of plague which broke out towards the close of March in certain villages close to the town of Serajganj. Mr. Fischer took over charge of the Division on the 16th April 1906 and went to Dinajpur to make the acquaintances of the officials and local Zamindars and to discuss certain matters with the district officer, Mr. Vas, more particularly in connection with the management of the Churaman, Haripur and Jagdal estates under the Court of Wards.

In the newly constituted division of the Surma Valley and Hill districts Mr. Arbuthnott, C. I. E., was on tour for 74 days and inspected the district and sub-divisional offices including the tahsil office, Gowainghat, in Jaintia. He also inspected the district treasury at Sylhet and sub-divisional treasury at Sunamganj. He first arrived at Silchar on October 28th 1905 from Aijal when some time was spent in organizing the new office. The end of November and greater part of December was spent in touring in Sylhet district. After a visit to the Naga Hills in January, Hailakandi was visited in February. In the end of February and beginning of March he toured through the Jaintia Parganas with the Deputy Commissioner and Director of Land Records and Agriculture. Sunamganj was visited for a second time in March, also Fenchuganj and Sylhet. About a month until towards the end of May was spent chiefly in Sylhet and Silchar. His tours in the Hill districts have not been included in this report.

Mr. Melitus, C. I. E., while in charge of the Assam Valley Division, was on tour for 11 days. His successor, Mr. Monahan, was on tour for 113 days visiting every district and every sub-divisional head quarters except North Lakhimpur. Among other offices and institutions he inspected also the district treasuries at Dhubri, Gauhati, Nowgong and at Dibrugarh.

(c) Of District Officers.

74. Rule 3, Section II, Chapter III at page 50 of the Board's Rules lays down that Commissioner should decide annually the duration of each district officer's tours in the Bengal districts. Rule 419 of the Assam Executive Manual prescribes that district and sub-divisional officers in Assam should ordinarily be on tour for 120 days and makes an exception only in the case of sub-divisional officers of Goalpara and Sylhet, who are required to tour 90 days only.

The number of days fixed by the Commissioner for the Collector's tour was 90 days for Dacca, 110 days for Mymensingh, 90 days for Faridpur and 118 days for Bakarganj; but the actual tours of these officers fell short by 8, 43, 13 and 16 days respectively. Both in the case of Dacca and Mymensingh, the disturbed state of the districts after the formation of the New Province, is assigned as the reason for the district officers remaining in the head quarters for a longer period than usual. In the case of Faridpur the shortness of 13 days was due to several changes in the personnel of the district officer during the period under report. The Collector of Bakarganj has omitted to explain the cause of the shortness of his tour by 16 days but this was obviously due to the same reasons which prevented the Collectors of Dacca and Mymensingh from completing the prescribed period.

The Commissioner, Chittagong Division, does not state what periods were prescribed for Tippera and Noakhali. The Board presume that the period was 90 days as in Chittagong, but no explanation is given for the shortness of the tour of the Collector of Tippera where Messrs H. W. P. Scroope, A. Mellor and D. H. Lees were successively in charge and were on tour for 81 days only. Agartala the capital of Hill Tippera was visited by them several times. In Noakhali Mr. Birendra Chadra Sen, Mr. J. J. Barnivelle and Mr. A. H. Clayton who were in charge one after another toured for 95 days. In the course of his tour Mr. Clayton discussed a boundary dispute in the north of the island of Hatiya with the Collector of Bakarganj. In the Chittagong district, the Collector Mr. F. P. Dixon, who was in charge throughout the year, failed to reach the prescribed period by 7 days only. He visited the Kutubdia island twice to ascertain what additions and alterations were necessary in the new lines of embankments to make them secure.

In Rajshahi the Collector's tour fell short of the prescribed standard of 90 days by 31 days. This is ascribed partly to the district being short of an officer as also to the anti-partition agitation which kept the Collector a good deal at the head quarters. The irregularities in the Dak Gharry service from

Rampur-Boala to Nator attracted Mr. Cuming's attention and he made special reports on the subjeet. In Dinajpur the touring done was sufficient as the 4 officers who successively held charge of the district spent in all 112 days on tour. Mr. De went to the Alwa Khowa fair and supervised the sanitary, medical and water arrangements for the traders and visitors. Mr. Vas visited the ruins of the Sura Masjid and submitted a report regarding its preservation and also held a confidential enquiry regarding a report submitted by Miss Cornelia Sorabji (Legal adviser to Pardahnishins under the Court of Wards) against the Manager, Babu Sarat Chandra Roy, of the Churamon Wards' Estate. In Jalpaiguri Mr. Gruning spent 112 days on tour. He met the Political Officer of Sikim Mr. J. C. White, C. I. E., at Buxa Duar in November and they discussed frontier matters with the Deb Zimpen and Ugyan Kazi who were sent to meet them by the Tansha Penlop of Bhutan. He also inspected the forests of the Baikantapur Wards' Estate with Mr. Trafford, the Deputy Conservator then in charge of the Jalpaiguri Forest Division, and arranged for their proper working. In Rangpur the District Officer was out for 100 days. Mr. Emerson visited Gaibandha in August 1905 with the District Engineer and found the town submerged in water, and suggested certain improvements to protect it from flood. Mr. Hezlett visited Purirhat. Nohali and other centres of the tobacco growing industry with the Assistant Director of Agriculture and Superintendent of the Agricultural farm and selected a site for the proposed tobacco farm in that district. In Bogra altogether 137 days were spent on tour by the District Officers and the major portion of Mr. Gupta's time, while on tour, was devoted to the supervision of the Police investigations into the numerous gang dacoities which occurred in the district almost immediately after he took over charge. In Pabna Mr. Ward paid particular attention to the management of khas mahals and his successor Mr. Mukerjee had to devote his attention to the arrangements for checking the outbreak of plague in some villages near Serajganj. In Malda the two District Officers, Messrs Vas and Agasti were out on tour for 158 days. Mr. Vas several times visited the ruins of Gaur and Pandua and gave necessary instructions to the District Engineer.

In Cachar, Captain Keneddy, Mr. F. N. Fischer and Mr. F. C. French, who held charge of the district in succession, were on tour for 79 days only from 1st April 1905 till 30th June 1906. The district treasury was inspected by the Deputy Commissioner, but no inspection of the Hailakandi Sub-Treasury was made by him during the year. Mr. Calquhoun, the Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, spent 107 days on tour making inspections of the sub-divisional offices and outlying tahsils. It is stated that many calls on his time in a year of stress and scarcity necessitating constant touring in all seasons prevented his making more inspection of the head-quarters offices. He was, however, able to inspect the district treasury at Sylhet and all the sub-divisional treasuries.

In the Assam Valley Division, the amount of touring done by the Deputy Commissioner of Darrang was insufficient mainly owing to the ill-health of Mr. Davis. The Commissioner remarks that the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong toured rather more than was necessary, he having been on tour for 153 days in the year ending 31st March 1906. The rest of the Deputy Commissioners did sufficient touring. The offices at Gauhati were not inspected at all by the Deputy Commissioner. Mr. Jackson has explained that he could not find time to inspect them, owing to the pressure of other duties and Mr. Bentinck, who took charge on 20th May 1906, was unable to inspect them up to the close of the year. He has, however, since made careful inspections of the Revenue and English Offices. The amount of inspections done by the Deputy Commissioner at Tezpur was insufficient and inspection of sub-divisional offices was neglected in Sibsagar. Major Woods, the Deputy Commissioner of Lakhimpur, made careful inspections of the offices at Dibrugarh and took great pains in bringing them into order.

The district treasuries at Gauhati, Tezpur, Sibsagar were not inspected at all by the District Officers and the sub-treasury at Goalpara does not appear to have been inspected by the District Officer.

The Board view with dissatisfaction the neglect of the Deputy Commissioners of the districts mentioned in the margin to make the prescribed inspections of the Offices in their charge or under their control and the attention of the Commissioners of the Assam Valley and Surma Valley Districts will be drawn to the matter.

Cachar, Sylhet, Kamrup, Darrang, Sibsagar.

75. The usual inspections and enquiries concerning all branches of the Administration were duly attended to by the Sub-divisional Officers and their tours were well-arranged and in general reached or exceeded the prescribed length. In the few cases in which the tours fell considerably short of the prescribed period the explanations are transfer of officers and anti-partition excitement at Head-quarters.

(d) Of Sub-divisional Officers.

76. The total area of which the revenue had been wholly or partly assigned or alienated amounted at the close of the year to 8,84,604 bighas and the revenue assigned to Rs. 2,67,231 against 8,77,740 bighas and Rs. 2,85,682 of the previous year. There were no changes in the districts of Sylhet and Goalpara. In Cachar there was a decrease of 29 bighas due to resumption of Baksha Mahals owing to alienation by the original grantees and of three bighas under lakhiraj for acquisition for a Government bungalow. An area of about 7 bighas in the town of Silchar was allowed rentfree for three temples and a mosque. In the Assam Valley the large increase of 6,896 bighas in area was mainly due to the inclusion of the areas assigned to *Gaonburas* in the districts of Kamrup, Nowgong, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur The decrease of Rs. 18,497 in revenue is due chiefly to the decrease in the estimated revenue of the lakhiraj and *nisf khiraj* estates in Kamrup owing to the lowering of classification of lands in the lakhiraj and exemption from assessment of waste lands in the *nisf khiraj* estates in the recent resettlement. It is to be observed that, under the orders of the Government of India quoted in pages 57 to 59 of the Government Estates Manual, 1902, the permanently settled tracts of Eastern Bengal and Assam are to be excluded from the statistics given in Appendix VII and they have been omitted accordingly.

Alienation and Assignment of Land Revenue. Appendix VII.

77. With the exception of those at Dacca, Nowgong and Dibrugarh the condition of the district record-rooms is reported to be satisfactory. In Dacca some quinquennial papers are wearing out by age and being eaten by worms. The Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, remarks that the state of the record-rooms in Nowgong and Dibrugarh affords serious cause for anxiety. As regards the former, the roof leaks, the floor is damp and the building infested with white ants. The Commissioner will be requested to come up with proposals for a new building. In Dibrugarh also white ants have done considerable damages and, further, much neglect and carelessness has been disclosed in the storage and arrangement of papers.

Records.

Accommodation is reported to be deficient in Dacca, Faridpur, Bakarganj and Rangpur. In view of the coming settlement operations the extension of the Faridpur record-room is urgently required: as regards Bakarganj, a proposal has recently been sanctioned by Government by which more space will be made available for the record-room: an extension of the

record-room of Rangpur is in contemplation : it is not stated what steps it is proposed to take to improve the accommodation at Dacca.

The periodical classification and destruction of B and C papers seems to have received due attention.

The quinquennial revision of English correspondence was made in Dacca in 1902–03, and in Mymensingh, Faridpur and Bakarganj in 1905. It was undertaken and completed during the year under review in Chittagong and Bogra.

The re-writing of the Shelf Register No. 41 in accordance with the instructions contained in the L. P. Board's Circular No. 7 of July 1905, has been practically completed in the districts of Bakarganj, Bogra, Dacca and Noakhali, is proceeding in Tippera and Dinajpur, and will be taken up in other districts as funds permit.

Commissioners were invited to submit proposals for the storage, preservation and re-arrangement of records on the lines indicated in the India Government's letter No. 213 dated the 28th January 1905. When complete replies are received the Board will consider what steps should be taken to give effect to the recommendations.

Treasure Trove Act. VI of 1878.

78. There were five cases under the Act during the year including one pending from the previous year, none of which were of any special interest. In two cases the treasure was restored to the finders. In the remaining three the treasure consisted of some current British coins, 44 sikka rupees of the time of Shah Allum, some other old coins and ornaments. These sikka rupees and coins were purchased or acquired on behalf of Government and sent to the Asiatic Society, Calcutta.

Working of the Zamindari Dak Act, VIII (B. C.) of 1862.

Appendix XVI.

79. Under the orders of the Government of India as contained in the Finance Department letter No. 1716A, dated the 23rd March 1906, a copy of which was forwarded with the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam's Order No. 2,786 F, dated the 4th April 1906, the Zamindari Dak Cess levied in the districts of Eastern Bengal was abolished with effect from the 1st of April 1906. The statistics in respect of this cess are therefore given for the financial year ending the 31st of March 1906. The total number of estates paying this cess, including separate accounts, was 24,054 against 23,802 of the previous year. The increase was chiefly due to the opening of separate accounts which, for the purposes of this cess, are treated as separate estates, and to partitions. The current demand of the year rose from Rs. 1,17,707 to Rs. 1,17,732—an increase of Rs. 25 only. The total collections exceeded 90 per cent. in all the districts except Mymensingh and Bakarganj where the short collections (49·96 and 50·12) are due to the remission of a kist's demand in order to reduce the heavy balances at the credit of the dak fund in these districts. The total receipts of the year did not cover the total expenditure, the deficit (Rs. 6,021) being met from the balances of previous years at the credit of the funds concerned.

Personnel
(a) Of the Board.

80. On the constitution of the Board of Revenue, Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I. and Mr. P. G. Melitus, C. I. E. took charge of their appointments as First and Second Member respectively on the 16th October 1905. Mr. Savage was on leave from 20th December 1905 to 6th February 1906 when Mr. Melitus was in charge of work of both Members. Mr. Melitus proceeded on long leave on the 30th June 1906 and was relieved by Mr. Marindin.

(b) Of Commissioners.

81. The following Commissioners held office during the year. :—

Dacca Division—Mr. T. Inglis from the 1st July 1905 to the 24th March 1906 and Mr. H. Le Mesurier, C. I. E., from the 1st April 1906 to the end of the year, Mr. B. C. Allen, Collector of Dacca, acting in the interim in addition to his own duties.

Chittagong Division—Mr. W. Maude from the 1st July 1905 to the 6th December 1905 and Mr. H. Luson from the 7th December 1905 till the end of the year.

Rajshahi Division—Mr. C. R. Marindin from the 1st July 1905 to the 15th April 1906, and Mr. F. N. Fischer from the 16th April 1906 to the close of the year.

Surma Valley and Hill Districts—Mr. J. C. Arbuthnott C. I. E., was in charge of the newly created office of Commissioner from the 20th October 1905 till the end of the year.

Assam Valley Districts—Mr. P. G. Melitus, C. I. E., from the 1st July 1905 to the 16th October 1905 when Mr. F. J. Monahan succeeded him.

Merits of officers.

82. The Board desire to acknowledge the valuable assistance they received generally from the Commissioners of Divisions in the administration of the Land Revenue Department. The following Officers deserve special mention for good Revenue work during the year :—

Collectors and Deputy Commissioners.

Major A. E. Woods.
Mr. D. H. Lees.
Mr. J. F. Gruning.
„ F. P. Dixon.
Mr. A. H. Clayton.

Covenanted Deputy Collectors.

Mr. A. R. Edwards.
„ J. Mc Swiney.
Mr. J. C. Jack.
„ A. Marr.

Officers of the Provincial Civil Service.

1st grade Deputy Collector ... Mr. Abdul Majid.

3rd grade Deputy Collectors ... Mr. E. F. Ainslie.
Maulvi Abul Khair Muhammad Abdus Subhan.
Babu Barada Kanta Ganguli.

4th grade Deputy Collectors ... Babu Khirod Chandra Sen.
Mr. C. H. J. Craven.
„ F. S. R. Anley.

5th grade Deputy Collectors ... Rai Bahadur Pyari Mohan Basu.
Babu Harish Chandra Ray.
Maulvi Wajehuddin Ahmed.

7th grade Deputy Collector ... Maulvi Saad Abul Fazail.

8th grade Deputy Collectors ... Babu Sudarsan Das.
Maulvi Asad-uz-Zaman.

Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service.

2nd grade Sub-Deputy Collector... Babu Uma Charan Ray Chaudhuri.

3rd grade Sub-Deputy Collectors Babu Balaram Das Gupta.
Maulvi Sadad Abul Musood.

4th grade Sub-Deputy Collectors Maulvi Tajammul Ali.
Babu Hara Kishore Biswas.

5th grade Sub-Deputy Collector ... Maulvi Ataur Rahaman.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
J. T. RANKIN,
Secretary.

R. S. Steam Machine Press.—500—28-12-1906.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX. IA.

[*Vide* paragraph 10 of the text]

Classification of Land Tenures, 1905—1906.

Division and District.	Permanently-Settled Estates.			Temporarily-settled Estates.			Estates held in direct management.		
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Dacca Division.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.
Dacca	10,091	51,43,341	4,25,388	465	2,10,546	62,107	224	32,065	30,668
Mymensingh	9,584	118,79,248	7,68,335	168	3,79,504	71,620	89	53,391	26,285
Faridpur	5,628	40,66,231	4,29,604	140	89,508	37,702	230	2,61,387	1,48,895
Bakarganj	3,010	68,99,866	10,04,095	272	9,95,552	2,71,206	356	9,14,943	4,38,897
Total ...	28,313	279,88,686	26,27,422	1,054	16,75,110	4,42,704	908	12,61,786	6,44,745
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	28,631	10,87,387	5,29,801	2	73,523	13,184	6	10,19,175	6,28,347
Tippera	2,132	45,82,657	9,30,400	57	68,628	27,870	257	1,86,779	1,20,345
Noakhali	1,546	25,67,987	4,60,487	46	1,93,810	58,520	242	4,08,020	1,02,687
Total ...	32,309	82,38,031	19,20,088	105	3,35,961	99,574	505	16,13,974	9,1F,379
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	1,596	49,72,441	10,17,287	19	16,325	2,764	30	41,012	6,176
Dinajpur	758	79,05,743	15,20,572	...	...	...	3	251	54
Jalpaiguri	82	20,28,568	1,36,750	183*	7,15,004	2,03,191	5	10,40,158	4,34,377
Rangpur	633	78,21,330	10,10,507	18	9,528	1,913	12	3,042	2,454
Bogra	704	2,15,912	4,33,897	...	...	...	2	85,405	57,709
Pabna	1,788	28,99,928	3,50,146	75	92,269	21,038	56	1,30,064	30,048
Malda	618	38,75,516	4,01,516	20	11,879	10,376	17	62,569	26,444
Total ...	6,179	297,19,438	48,79,765	315	8,45,005	2,39,282	125	19,62,501	5,57,256
Grand Total ... 1905—06 ...	66,801	659,46,755	94,36,875	1,474	28,56,076	7,81,560	1,538	48,38,261	21,13,380
... 1904—05 ...	66,593	†	94,37,413	1,479	†	7,72,488	1,517	†	20,82,778

* These are all tea estates.

† Figures not reported.

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Classification of Land

(1 Bigha =

CLASS OF ESTATES.	CACHAR.			SYLHET.			TOTAL FOR SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas	Rs.
I. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED	...	...	...	49,862	7,293,312	3,65,156	49,862	7,293,312	365,156
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED——									
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	4,314	25,929	9,573	5,965	36,480	11,767	10,279	62,409	21,340
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	20	245	151	...	...	...	20	245	151
TOTAL ANNUALLY SETTLED ...	4,334	26,174	9,724	5,965	36,480	11,767	10,299	62,654	21,491
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation	64,905	1,014,422	3,77,952	49,335	1,056,960	3,32,288	114,240	2,071,382	7,10,240
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	437	286,145	98,467	187	135,156	40,630	624	421,301	1,39,097
TOTAL PERIODICALLY-SETTLED ...	65,342	1,300,567	476,419	49,522	1,192,116	3,72,918	114,864	2,492,683	8,49,337
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	69,219	1,040,351	387,525	55,300	1,093,440	344,055	124,519	2,133,791	7,31,580
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation)	457	286,390	98,618	187	135,156	40,630	644	421,546	1,39,248
TOTAL FULLY-ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	69,676	1,326,741	4,86,143	55,487	1,228,596	384,685	125,163	2,555,337	870,828
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ „ ten years...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ „ twenty-years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special settlements	21	569	72	79	116,665	44,806	100	117,234	44,878
Town lands	698	3,888	10,510	...	...	...	698	3,888	10,510
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED. ...	70,395	1,331,198	4,96,725	55,566	1,345,261	4,29,491	125,961	2,676,459	926,216
III. REVENUE-FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE)	122	3,566	...	1,257	113,804	...	1,379	117,370	...
IV. WASTE-LAND GRANTS.									
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ „ „ 1854	23	78,389	7,291	1	5,540	515	24	83,929	7,806
Fee-simple grants	23	27,596	...	...	...	...	23	27,596	...
Old rule grants commuted	67	408,981	...	1	5,680	...	68	414,661	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section 1 of Settlement Rules	16	15,856	1,504	139	280,320	79,768	155	296,176	81,272
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	129	530,822	8,795	141	291,540	80,283	270	822,362	89,078
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	586	817,212	1,07,413	407	543,361	1,65,719	993	1,360,573	273,132
Grand Total ... ... 1905—06.	70,646	1,865,586	5,05,520	106,826	9,043,917	8,74,930	177,472	10,909,503	13,80,450
... 1904—05.	...	1,849,676	4,98,994	...	9,019,453	8,68,595	...	10,869,129	13,67,589

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14 of the text].

Tenures, 1905—1906.

0·330 acre.)

GOALPARA.			KAMRUP.			DARRANG.			NOWGONG.			SIBSAGAR.		
Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.		Bighas.	Rs.
19	4,594,920	11,411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12,253	122,482	59,062	57,997	28,9,523	1,74,533	75,235	358,487	276,056	84,189	444,289	2,96,737	75,005	4,08,221	3,07,190
...	...	...	...	...	...	31	363	232	32	960	600	160	7,475	5,613
12,253	1 22,482	59,062	57,997	28,9,523	174,533	75,266	358,850	2,76,288	84,221	445,249	297,337	75,165	4,15,696	3,12,803
1,061	22,112	12,183	116,792	10,29,377	8,99,078	58,682	415,678	369,159	31,103	182,116	142,177	1,10,892	10,47,477	10,03,750
1	599	322	21	3,851	2170	204	34,269	23,458	60	9,392	5,870	626	1,78,642	1,33,994
1,062	22,711	12,505	116,813	1,033,228	9,01,248	58,886	449,947	392,617	31,163	191,508	1,48,047	1,11,518	12,26,119	11,37,744
13,314	144,594	71,245	174,789	1,318,900	10,73,611	133,917	774,165	645,215	115,292	626,405	4,38,914	1,85,897	14,55,698	13,10,940
1	599	322	21	3,851	2,170	235	34,632	23,690	92	10,332	6,470	786	1,86,117	1,39,607
13,315	145,193	71,567	17,4810	1,322,751	10,75,781	134,152	808,797	6,68,905	1,15,384	636,737	4,45,384	1,86,683	1,64,1815	14,50,547
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	80	39,782	8,758	24	16,280	3,995	122	2,112	673
...	...	...	2,212	443,401	126,009	14	54,169	7,942	...	...	...	322	12,946	4,480
...	...	...	2,212	443,401	126,009	94	93,951	16,700	24	16,280	3,995	444	15,058	5,153
41	397,554	28,473	424	5,180	4,879	2	2,048	47	10	6,780	1,175	5	361	300
246	281	1,542	989	2,912	7,570	440	1,069	3,774	841	1,996	3,900	1,711	5,707	11,853
13,602	543,028	101,582	178,435	1,774,244	12,14,239	134,688	905,865	6,89,426	116,259	661,813	4,54,454	1,88,843	16,62,941	14,67,853
40	299,641	...	36	102,569	...	32	15,340	...	5	7,001	...	84	1,18,265	...
...	...	...	3	472	221	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	15,712	8,845
...	...	...	2	1,376	128	1	886	82	2	1,418	132	2	2,196	204
...	...	...	17	13,479	...	85	137,453	...	42	46,068	...	51	93,264	...
...	...	...	20	37,890	...	15	20,443	...	13	18,512	...	111	2,83,542	...
2	2,042	419	17	14,904	3000	253	237,164	49,892	78	87,405	26,488	268	2,28,292	57,115
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2,042	419	59	68,121	3,349	354	395,946	49,974	135	153,403	26,620	448	6,23,006	66,164
3	2,641	741	80	71,972	5,519	589	430,578	73,664	227	163,755	33,090	1,234	8,09,123	2,05,771
13,663	5,439,631	1,13,412	178,530	1,944,934	12,17,588	135,074	1,317,151	739,400	116,390	822,217	4,81,074	1,89,375	24,04,212	15,34,017
13,707	5,119,495	111,351	193,711	1,979,874	12,49,897	136,906	1,313,188	7,30,849	179,724	827,914	4,86,867	2,09,720	23,87,629	14,77,070

APPENDIX IB.—*Concluded.*

[*Vide* paragraph 14 of the text.]

Classification of Land Tenures 1905—1906.

(1 Bigha = 0·330 acre.)

CLASS OF ESTATES.	LAKHIMPUR.			TOTAL FOR ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.			GRAND TOTAL FOR YEAR.			GRAND TOTAL FOR PREVIOUS YEAR.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
I. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED	...	Bighas ...	Rs. ...	...	Bighas. ...	Rs. ...	49,881	Bighas. 11,888,232	Rs. 3,76,567	49,885	Bighas. 11,888,244	Rs. 3,76,573
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—												
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	65,711	382,942	2,86,877	370,390	2,005,941	14,00,455	3,80,669	20,68,353	14,21,795	...	2,559,170	18,41,423
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	111	4539	3,247	334	13,128	9,692	354	13,373	9,343	...	11,171	8,245
TOTAL ANNUALLY SETTLED ...	65,822	387,272	290,124	370,724	2,019,072	14,10,147	3,81,023	20,81,726	14,31,638	...	25,70,341	18,49,668
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation	26,551	241,575	2,16,883	345,081	2,938,335	26,43,230	4,59,321	50,09,717	33,53,470	...	44,83,743	28,64,041
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	495	88,225	66,139	1,407	314,978	2,31,953	2,031	7,36,279	3,71,050	...	7,30,222	3,67,764
TOTAL PERIODICALLY-SETTLED ...	27,046	329,800	2,83,022	346,488	3,253,313	28,75,183	4,61,352	57,45,996	37,24,520	...	52,13,965	32,31,805
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	92,262	621,517	503,760	715,471	4,944,279	40,43,685	8,39,990	70,78,070	47,75,265	...	70,42,913	47,05,464
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation)	606	92,555	69,386	1,741	328,106	2,41,645	2,385	7,49,652	3,80,893	...	7,41,393	3,76,000
TOTAL FULLY-ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	92,868	717,072	5,73,146	717,212	5,272,385	42,85,330	8,42,375	78,27,722	51,56,158	...	77,84,306	5,081,473
Nisf-khiraj for one year...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...
„ „ ten years...	29	3,757	1,741	255	61,931	15,167	255	61,931	15,167	...	5,18,397	1,59,420
„ „ twenty-years	...	...	...	2,548	510,516	1,38,431	2,548	5,10,516	1,38,431	...	54,169	7,942
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	29	3,757	1,741	2,803	572,447	153,598	2,803	572,447	1,53,598	—	5,72,566	1,67,362
Special settlements	25	31,299	10,600	507	446,222	45,483	607	5,63,456	90,361	...	2,46,148	89,426
Town lands	815	3,250	9,859	5,042	15,225	38,498	5,740	19,113	40,008	...	19,105	46,448
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED. ...	93,737	758,388	595,355	725,564	6,306,279	45,22,909	8,51,525	89,82,738	54,49,125	888,242	86,22,125	53,84,769
III. REVENUE-FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE)	137	2,990	...	334	545,806	...	1,713	6,63,176	...	...	6,63,262	...
IV. WASTE-LAND GRANTS.												
Under old rules of 1838 ...	...	...	...	19	16,184	9,066	19	16,184	9,066	19	16,161	9,155
„ „ „ 1854	...	...	...	7	5,876	546	31	89,805	8,352	34	89,805	8,35[illegible]
Fee-simple grants	104	263,499	...	299	553,763	...	322	5,81,359	...	322	5,81,359	...
Old rule grants *commuted*	41	91,446	...	200	451,833	...	268	8,66,494	...	268	8,66,494	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section 1 of Settlement Rules	213	224,817	46,912	831	794,624	1,83,826	986	10,90,890	2,65,098	978	10,83,654	2,57,23[illegible]
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	358	579,762	46,912	1,356	1,822,280	1,93,438	1,626	26,44,642	2,82,516	1,618	26,37,473	2,74,741
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	964	672,317	1,16,298	3,097	2,150,386	4,35,083	4,000	35,10,959	7,08,215	...	34,95,531	6,94,874
Grand Total ... { ... 1905—06.	94,232	1,341,140	6,42,267	727,273	13,269,285	47,27,758	904,745	24,778,788	61,08,208	...	23,811,104	60,36,023
... 1904—05.	91,712	1,313,875	618,400	825,480	12,941,975	46,68,434	...	23,811,104	60,36,023	...	...	...

* This includes Rs. 24,133 for Gaonburas remissions as per statement VII. and excludes Rs. 327 for Taujibahir revenue.

APPENDIX IIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* Paragraphs 12

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand of

Division and District.	Settled at close of preceding year.		Increase due to							
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.	
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Dacca Division.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.
Dacca.	2,41,238	91,035	36	470	...	...	3,813	2,525	1,012	778
Mymensingh.	4,32,895	91,944	...	...	...	...	...	93	...	5,577
Faridpur.	3,48,847	1,90,465	4	4	2	2	870	187	7,249	4,268
Bakarganj.	18,92,029	6,88,909	17,049	2,081	...	5,998	51,268	4,581	...	4,228
Total ...	29,15,009	10,72,353	17,089	2,555	2	6,000	55,951	7,386	8,261	15,281
Chittagong Division.										
Chittagong.	10,67,228	6,36,062	23,541	6,844	9,024	3,851	...	...	...	...
Tippera.	2,52,181	1,47,120	...	...	1,193	1,218	3,656	2,595	2,504	811
Noakhali.	5,90,719	2,23,637	3,384	1,195	...	1,014	14,065	3,040	...	...
Total ...	19,10,128	10,06,828	26,928	8,039	10,217	6,083	17,721	5,635	2,504	811
Rajshahi Division.										
Rajshahi.	56,547	8,701	46	55	...	...	307	91	1,981	249
Dinajpur.	251	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri.	22,11,729	6,20,912	42,930	5,694	79,739	6,839	19,124	8,167	11,950	2,445
Rangpur.	6,536	3,381	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,166	1,618
Bogra.	85,307	57,604	94	105	27	17	...	...	...	...
Pabna.	2,21,241	40,400	2,973	1,460	...	...	2,632	2,840	...	...
Malda.	74,777	36,033	194	261	...	...	...	...	...	800
Total ...	26,56,188	7,76,085	53,237	7,485	79,766	6,856	22,063	11,098	21,041	4,712
Grand Total ... { 1905-1906	74,81,325	28,55,266	97,254	18,079	89,985	18,989	95,735	24,119	31,806	20,604
1904-1905 *										

* Figures not reported.

IIA.

and 13 of the text.]

Government and Temporarily-Settled Estates 1905—1906.

Total increase.		Decrease due to								Total decrease		Net Increase or Decrease		Demand of year.
		Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Rs.
4,851	3,773	...	...	...	...	124	74	3,364	1,959	3,488	2,033	+1,373	+1,740	92,775
...	5,970	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+5,970	97,914
8,125	4,491	...	...	...	...	2,717	4,599	3,360	3,700	6,077	8,299	+2,048	-3,808	1,86,657
68,317	16,988	...	...	...	...	49,851	3,300	...	2,434	49,851	5,794	+18,466	+ 11,194	7,10,103
81,303	31,222	...	...	...	...	52,692	8,033	6,724	8,093	59,416	16,126	+21,887	+ 15,096	10,87,449
32,508	10,605	3,057	2,123	...	...	...	...	4,041	3,103	7,098	5,226	+25,470	+5,469	6,41,531
7,353	4,024	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,127	3,538	4,127	3,538	+3,226	+1,086	1,48,215
17,449	5,249	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,338	7,679	6,338	7,679	+11,111	-2,430	2,21,207
57,370	20,568	3,057	2,123	...	...	...	...	14,506	14,320	17,563	16,443	+39,807	+4,125	10,10-953
2,284	395	16	1	...	...	445	19	1,033	142	1,494	162	+790	+ 233	8,934
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54
1,69,713	23,105	2,075	116	10,560	1,111	422	3,821	4,253	1,401	17,310	6,449	+1,43,433	+16,656	6,37,568
7,160	1,018	...	...	...	...	...	...	926	32	926	32	+6,234	+986	4,367
121	122	16	10	...	...	...	...	7	7	23	17	+98	+105	57,769
5,605	4,300	160	282	...	...	2,157	1,447	2,196	885	4,513	2,614	+1,092	+1,686	51,086
194	1,961	...	...	...	...	...	...	523	274	523	274	-329	+ 787	36,820
1,76,107	30,991	2,267	409	10,560	1,111	3,024	5,287	8,938	2,741	24,789	9,548	+1,51,318	+20,453	7,96,538
3,14,789	81,791	5,324	2,532	10,560	1,111	55,716	13,320	30,168	25,154	1,01,768	42,417	+2,13,012	+39,674	28,94,940

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* Paragraph 14

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand on

DISTRICT AND SUBDIVISION.	Settled at close of preceding year.		INCREASE DUE TO.*								Total increase.	
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement, or alteration of classification.		Other causes.			
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.												
Silchar (Sadar)	694,733	254,802	14,705	4,962	...	10	61,318	15,703	349	146	76,372	20,821
Hailakandi	271,859	113,546	3,071	978	...	...	...	...	1	3	3,072	981
Total Cachar	966,592	368,348	17,776	5,940	...	10	61,318	15,703	350	149	79,444	21,802
North Sylhet	645,663	200,613	14,197	3,919	...	...	2,432	370	...	...	16,629	4,289
South Sylhet	126,705	40,673	5,743	994	...	...	...	1	...	...	5,743	995
Karimganj	165,704	78,099	5,844	2,295	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,844	2,295
Habiganj	44,571	11,732	318	88	...	...	...	309	...	...	3,18	397
Sunamganj	89,245	9,496	209	34	...	...	...	100	...	...	2,09	134
Total Sylhet	10,71,888	340,613	26,311	7,330	...	...	2,432	780	...	...	28,743	8,110
Total Surma Valley Districts	20,38,480	708,961	44,087	13,270	...	10	63,750	16,483	350	149	1,08,187	29,912
Assam Valley Districts.												
Dhubri	141,682	69,242	21,028	8,778	...	...	1,334	637	...	509	22,362	9,924
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara... ...	141,682	69,242	21,028	8,778	...	...	1,334	637	...	509	22,362	9,924
Barpeta	275,975	207,545	60,610	30,247	...	...	746	497	15,442	15,076	76,798	45,820
Gauhati	1077,643	883,499	85,844	52,921	...	...	16,468	11,632	3,976	9,742	1,06,288	74,295
Total Kamrup... ...	135,3618	10,91,044	146,454	83,168	...	...	17,214	12,129	19,418	24,818	1,83,086	1,20,115
Mangaldai	400,529	335,089	22,175	18,182	...	...	3,157	2,464	18	152	25,350	20,798
Tezpur	371,565	305,170	33,367	25,444	...	...	4,611	3,572	...	143	37,978	29,159
Total Darrang... ...	772094	64,0259	55,542	43,626	...	...	7,768	6,036	18	295	63,328	49,957
Nowgong	631,725	438,840	77,151	44,136	...	...	16,997	11,983	23,605	18,301	1,17,753	74,420
Total Nowgong... ...	631,725	438,840	77,151	44,136	...	...	16,997	11,983	23,605	18,301	1,17,753	74,420
Golaghat	372,693	328,917	20,724	12,854	...	...	...	17,601	73,973	58,800	94,697	89,255
Jorhat	531,695	475,377	28,821	18,794	...	...	5,163	3,340	1,22,030	1,37,306	1,56,074	1,59,440
Sibsagar	535,634	459,211	8,975	6,405	...	...	461	328	7,017	5,430	16,453	12,163
Total Sibsagar... ...	1,44,0022	12,63,505	58,520	38,053	...	...	5,624	21,269	2,03,020	2,01,536	2,67,164	2,60,858
North Lakhimpur	200,273	155,902	27,816	17,939	...	...	16,398	11,881	10,507	7,777	54,721	37,597
Dibrugarh	403,457	331,614	105,561	79,200	...	...	2,420	2,048	3,441	2,708	1,11,422	83,956
Total Lakhimpur	603,730	487,516	133,377	97,139	...	...	18,818	13,929	13,948	10,485	1,66,143	1,21,553
Total Assam Valley Districts	49,42,871	39,90,406	492,072	314,900	...	...	67,755	65,983	2,60,009	2,55,944	8,19,836	6,36,827
Grand Total ...	69,81,351	46,99,367	53,6159	328,170	...	10	131,505	82,466	2,60,359	2,56,093	9,28,823	6,66,739

IIB.

of the text.]

Fully-Assessed area taken up for Ordinery Cultivation 1905-1906.

DECREASE DUE TO								Total decrease.		Net increase or decrease.		Demand of year.
Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurements or alteration of classification.		other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas.	Rs.	Bighas:	Rs.	Bighas.	Rr.	Bighas.	Rs.	Rs.
2,885	1,047	1,011	344	2	21	1,380	1,081	5,278	2,493	+ 71,094	+ 18,328	2,73,130
51	17	...	...	3	2	353	113	407	132	+ 2,665	+ 849	1,14,395
2,936	1,064	1,011	344	5	23	1,733	1,194	5,685	2,625	+ 73,759	+ 19,177	3,87,525
4,745	1,741	806	317	260	886	...	...	5,811	2,944	+ 10,818	+ 1,345	2,01,958
280	76	7	2	...	1,001	...	...	287	1,079	+ 5,456	- 84	40,589
171	62	80	41	...	...	7	4	258	107	+ 5,586	+ 2,188	80,287
...	...	...	...	...	358	...	...	...	358	+ 318	+ 39	11,771
835	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	835	180	- 626	- 46	9,450
6,031	2,059	893	360	260	2,245	7	4	7,191	4,778	+ 24,552	+ 34421	3,44,055
8,967	3,123	1,904	704	265	2,268	1,740	1,198	12,876	7,293	+ 95,311	+ 22,619	7,31,580
18,215	7,418	—	...	932	339	304	164	19,451	7,921	+ 2,911	+ 2003	71,245
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18,215	7,418	...	...	932	339	304	164	19,451	7,921	+ 2,911	+ 2003	71,245
19,054	10,651	1,738	1,611	...	...	54,110	43,015	74,902	55,277	+ 1,896	- 9,457	1,98,088
71,197	46,581	4,560	3,043	11,173	7,880	55,972	24,767	1,42,902	82,271	- 36,614	- 7,976	8,75,523
90,251	57,232	6,298	4,654	11,173	7,880	1,10,082	67,782	2,17,804	1,37,548	- 34,718	-17,433	10,73,611
31,912	23,778	2,942	2,504	2,558	1,616	2,282	2,207	39,694	30,105	- 14,344	- 9,307	3,25,782
17,980	12,192	520	406	1,030	743	2,033	1,555	21,563	14,896	+ 16,415	+ 14263	3,19,433
49,892	35,970	3,462	2,910	3,588	2,359	4,315	3,762	61,257	45,001	+ 2,071	+ 4,956	6,45,215
81,433	45,916	...	...	16,085	9,069	25,555	19,361	1,23,073	74,346	- 5,320	+ 74	43,88,914
81,433	45,916	...	...	16,085	9,069	25,555	19,361	1,23,073	74,346	= 5,320	+ 74	4,38,914
16,986	10,167	1,724	1,380	192	6,448	72,341	63,263	91,243	81,258	+ 3,454	+ 7,997	3,36,914
24,454	14,473	295	236	102	454	121,532	1,06,787	1,46,383	1,21,950	+ 9,631	+ 37,490	5,12,867
5,721	4,033	666	533	383	258	7,092	5,391	13,862	10,215	+ 2,591	+ 1,948	4,61,159
47,161	28,673	2,685	2,149	677	7,160	2,00,965	1,75,441	2,51,488	2,13,423	+ 15,676	+ 47,435	13,10,940
29,490	19,378	235	203	16,314	11,411	10,507	7,777	56,546	38,769	- 1,825	- 1,172	1,54,730
16,764	11,254	478	360	1,803	1,257	69,765	53,669	88,810	66,540	+ 22,612	+ 17,416	3,49,030
46,254	30,632	713	563	18,117	12,668	80,272	61,446	1,45,356	1,05,309	+ 20,787	+ 16,244	5,03,760
3,33,206	2,05,841	13,158	10,276	50,572	39,475	4,21,493	3,27,956	8,18,429	5,83,548	+ 1,407	+ 53,279	40,43,685
342,173	2,08,964	15,062	10980	50,837	41,743	4,23,233	3,29,154	8,31,305	5,90,841	+ 96,718	+ 75,598	47,75,265

APPENDIX IIC.

[*Vide* Paragraph 14 of the text.]

Fluctuations in the Khiraj area of Assam Valley Districts (including lands held by tea-planters.)

(I Bigha = 0.330 acre.)

District	1890-91	1895-96	1896-97	1897-98	1898-99	1899-1900	1900-1901	1901-1902	1902-1903	1903-1904	1904-1905	1905-1906
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Assam Valley Districts.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas
Goalpara.	183,067	200,652	205,237	206,017	205,022	213,435	206,369	526,211	532,583	532,260	535,531	538,443
Kamrup.	1,411,044	1,433,318	1,443,854	1,445,599	1,302,093	1,301,821	1,240,059	1,273,501	1,333,239	1,359,237	1,357,701	1,322,751
Darrang.	710,267	718,251	729,297	743,490	751,933	766,011	760,252	667,394	795,447	800,648	806,371	808,797
Nowgong.	803,609	752,820	702,405	642,924	640,737	631,505	596,609	590,528	613,255	633.717	641,835	636,757
Sibsagar.	1,250,822	1,312,687	1,355,999	1,392,226	1,429,567	1,461,375	1,483,878	1,510,900	1,543,343	1,588,972	1,625,059	1,641,815
Lakhimpur.	389,682	465,549	483,263	499,347	541,309	569,733	593,984	619,033	639,707	665,725	694,144	717,072
Total ...	4,748,491	4,883,277	4,920,055	4,929,603	4,870,661	4,943,880	4,881,151	5,287,569	5,457,574	5,580,559	5,660,641	5,665,635

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IID.

[*Vide* Paragraph 14 of the text].

Area settled with ex-tea Coolies and other Immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts, 1905—1906.

(1 Bigha = 0.330 acre).

District.	1904-05			1905-06		
	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.
Cachar	294	668	962	2,765	725	3,490
Assam Valley Districts.						
Goalpara	...	1,829	1,829	...	2,165	2,165
Kamrup	1,963	10,853	12,816	1,924	12,208	14,132
Darrang	92,707	20,823	113,530	102,908	28,496	131,404
Nowgong	25,257	4,655*	29,912*	26,408	4,729	31,137
Sibsagar	103,329	12,947	116,276	111,506	15,242	126,748
Lakhimpur	95,275	25,593	120,868	107,439	29,966	137,405
Total. ...	318,825	77,368	396,193	352,950	93,531	446,481

* Revised figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX.

[*Vide* Paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Eastern Bengal.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	10,780	5,18,163	29,576	5,47,739	5,02,229	14,049	5,16,278	7,191
Mymensing	9,841	8,66,249	2,325	8,68,574	8,62,503	2,275	8,64,778	214
Faridpur	6,016	6,16,261	21,668	6,37,929	5,96,029	14,395	6,10,424	4,362
Bakarganj	3,638	17,14,198	24,050	17,38,248	16,61,496	17,162	16,78,658	2,154
Total ...	30,275	37,14,871	77,619	37,92,490	36,22,257	47,881	36,70,138	13,921
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	28,639	11,71,332	2,21,939	13,93,271	10,62,712	87,911	11,50,623	21,520
Tippera	2,446	10,87,615	24,032	11,11,647	10,71,075	18,717	10,89,792	2,088
Noakhali	1,834	6,81,694	19,093	7,00,787	6,30,423	15,048	6,45,471	4,682
Total ...	32,919	29,40,641	2,65,064	32,05,705	27,64,210	1,21,676	28,85,886	28,290
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	1,645	10,26,221	25,296	10,51,517	9,84,049	17,932	10,01,981	...
Dinajpur	761	15,20,626	3,262	15,23,888	15,19,800	3,262	15,23,062	...
Jalpaiguri	270	7,74,318	19,295	7,93,613	7,60,705	13,835	7,74,540	5,117
Rangpur	663	10,14,964	1,834	10,16,798	10,14,416	1,824	10,16,240	10
Bogra	706	4,91,606	2,013	4,93,619	4,88,663	1,942	4,90,605	71
Pabna	1,919	4,10,232	15,301	4,25,533	4,00,693	9,152	4,09,845	49
Malda	655	4,38,336	8,717	4,47,053	4,31,448	7,534	4,38,982	1,217
Total ...	6,619	56,76,303	75,718	57,52,021	55,99,774	55,481	56,55,255	6,464
TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL	69,813	1,23,31,815	4,18,401	1,27,50,216	1,19,86,241	2,25,038	1,22,11,279	48,675
TOTAL FOR PREVIOUS YEAR ...	...	1,22,92,679	3,89,076	1,26,81,755	1,20,59,547	1,62,784	1,22,22,331	54,641
Assam.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	70,434	5,05,520	4,561	5,10,081	5,05,088	4,406	5,09,494	...
Sylhet { Temporarily-settled ...	55,706	5,09,774	1,21,137	6,30,911	3,55,147	1,16,306	4,71,453	614
Sylhet { Permanently-settled ...	49,862	3,65,156	78,890	4,44,046	2,88,363	78,653	3,67,016	...
Total Sylhet ...	1,05,568	8,74,930	2,00,027	10,74,957	6,43,510	1,94,959	8,38,469	614
Total ...	1,76,002	13,80,450	2,04,588	15,85,038	11,48,598	1,99,365	13,47,963	614
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara { Temporarily-settled ...	13,604	1,02,001	36	1,02,037	(a) 1,01,996	36	1,02,032	8
Goalpara { Permanently-settled ...	19	11,411	...	11,411	11,411	...	11,411	...
Total Goalpara ...	13,623	1,13,412	36	1,13,448	1,13,407	36	1,13,443	8
Kamrup	1,78,457	12,12,626	54,972	12,67,598	11,54,761	20,403	11,75,164	21,124
Darrang	1,34,942	7,34,702	26,285	7,60,987	(b) 6,94,724	18,890	7,13,614	3,150
Nowgong	1,16,339	4,78,061	251	4,78,312	4,69,080	251	4,69,331	...
Sibsagar	1,89,129	15,26,903	44,297	15,71,200	14,89,018	35,672	15,24,690	3,289
Lakhimpur	93,950	6,38,248	15,393	6,53,641	6,29,956	9,707	6,39,663	3,880
Total ...	7,26,440	47,03,952	1,41,234	48,45,186	45,50,946	84,959	46,35,905	31,451
TOTAL ASSAM	9,02,442	60,84,402	3,45,822	64,30,224	56,99,544	2,84,324	59,83,868	32,065
TOTAL FOR PREVIOUS YEAR ...	...	60,35,774	4,23,778	64,59,552	57,18,385	3,54,157	60,72,542	48,126
Grand Total... { 1905—06	9,72,255	1,84,16,217	7,64,223	1,91,80,440	1,76,85,785	5,09,362	1,81,95,147	80,740
Grand Total... { 1904—05	...	1,83,28,453	8,12,854	1,91,41,307	1,77,77,932	5,16,941	1,82,94,873	1,02,767

(a) Includes Rs. 3/- realised in excess.

(b) Includes Rs. 106/- realised in excess.

IIIA.

19 of the text]

(including Malikana and Police Jama) of Estates on the Revenue Roll 1905–1906.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net Balances.		Percentage.			Payment in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
15,934	8,336	24,270	5,442	18,848	96·92	47·50	94·25	78,675	480	...	94·33
3,582	...	3,582	...	3,582	99·56	97·84	99·56	56,103	...	....	99·56
20,232	2,911	23,143	10,024	13,119	96·71	66·43	95·68	59,578	...	...	95·68
50,567	6,869	57,436	...	57,436	96·92	71·36	96·57	31,087	120	...	96·57
90,315	18,116	1,08,431	15,446	92,985	97·50	61·88	96·77	2,25,443	600	...	96·78
1,07,200	1,13,928	2,21,128	12,137	2,08,991	90·72	39·61	82·58	29,137	1,69,794	517	94·08
16,540	3,227	19,767	...	19,767	98·48	77·88	98·03	21,830	...	...	98·03
47,677	2,957	50,634	7,075	43,559	92·48	78·81	92·19	4,023	21,652	1,748	95·30
1,71,417	1,20,112	2,91,529	19,212	2,72,317	94·60	45·90	90·02	54,990	1,91,446	2,265	95·81
42,172	7,364	49,536	55	49,481	95·89	70·88	95·29	13,103	...	...	95·29
826	...	826	...	826	99·94	100	99·94	8,775	...	826	100
11,184	2,772	13,956	1,297	12,659	98·24	71·70	97·59	2,097	...	...	97·59
548	...	548	...	548	99·94	99·45	99·94	12,511	...	...	99·94
2,943	...	2,943	26	2,917	99·40	96·47	99·38	18,823	...	1,374	99·66
9,534	6,105	15,639	9,408	6,231	97·67	59·81	96·31	36,132	9,408	...	98·49
5,709	1,145	6,854	...	6,854	98·42	86·42	98·19	3,008	...	158	98·22
72,916	17,386	90,302	10,786	79,516	98·65	73·27	98·32	94,449	9,408	2,358	98·52
3,34,648	1,55,614	4,90,262	45,444	4,44,818	97·2	53·78	95·77	3,74,882	2,01,454	4,623	97·34
2,18,558	1,86,225	4,04,783	...	...	98·10	41·83	96·37	...	...	...	...
432	155	587	424	163	99·91	96·60	99·88	2,297	...	...	99·88
1,54,627	4,217	1,58,844	525	1,58,319	69·66	96·01	74·72	1,567	...	839	74·85
76,793	237	77,030	21	77,009	78·96	99·69	82·65	40,208	...	...	82·65
2,31,420	4,454	2,35,874	546	2,35,328	73·54	97·46	78·00	41,775	...	839	78·07
2,31,852	4,609	2,36,461	970	2,35,491	83·20	97·44	85·04	44,072	...	839	85·09
...	...	...	...	...	99·98	100	99·99	52	...	...	99·99
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	100
...	...	...	...	...	99·99	100	99·99	52	...	...	99·99
57,628	13,682	71,310	44,479	26,831	95·22	37·11	92·70	1,306	42,362	3,511	96·19
38,967	5,362	44,329	26,712	17,617	94·56	71·86	93·77	1	17,966	...	96·04
8,981	...	8,981	8,981	...	98·12	100	98·12	...	8,981	...	100
37,885	5,336	43,221	19,700	23,521	97·50	80·52	97·04	7	18,882	...	98·21
7,980	2,118	10,098	7,806	2,292	98·70	63·06	97·90	111	5,688	...	98·72
1,51,441	26,498	1,77,939	1,07,678	70,261	96·71	60·15	95·68	1,477	93,879	3,511	[illegible]
3,83,293	31,107	4,14,400	1,08,648	3,05,752	93·67	82·21	93·10	45,549	93,879	4,350	
2,98,521	40,363	3,38,884	...	...	94·74	83·57	94·01	...	...	...	
7,17,941	1,86,721	9,04,662	1,54,092	7,50,570	96·03	66·65	94·86	4,20,451	2,95,333	8,973	96·39
5,17,079	2,26,588	7,43,667	...	...	96.91	63·59	95·57	...	...	...	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2			5	6	7	8	9
Dacca Division.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca.	10,091	4,25,388	475	4,25,863	4,24,721	451	4,25,172	23
Mymensingh.	9,584	7,68,335	392	7,68,727	7,67,904	392	7,68,296	...
Faridpur.	5,628	4,29,604	423	4,30,027	4,28,300	423	4,28,723	...
Bakarganj.	3,010	10,04,095	16,543	10,20,638	9,69,424	10,303	9,79,727	...
Total ...	28,313	26,27,422	17,833	26,45,255	25,90,349	11,569	26,01,918	23
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong.	28,631	5,29,801	2,750	5,32,551	5,27,690	2,536	5,30,226	...
Tippera.	2,132	9,39,400	8,891	9,48,291	9,38,376	8,891	9,47,267	...
Noakhali.	1,546	4,60,487	195	4,60,682	4,53,142	77	4,53,219	118
Total ...	32,309	19,29,688	11,836	19,14,524	19,19,208	11,504	19,30,712	118
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi.	1,596	10,17,287	23,275	10,40,562	9,77,335	15,966	9,93,301	...
Dinajpur.	758	15,20,572	3,262	15,23,834	15,19,746	3,262	15,23,008	...
Jalpaiguri.	82	1,36,750	...	1,36,750	1,36,740	...	1,36,740	...
Rangpur.	633	10,10,597	1,593	10,12,190	10,10,539	1,593	10,12,132	...
Bogra.	704	4,33,897	18	4,33,915	4,33,768	18	4,33,786	...
Pabna.	1,788	3,59,146	27	3,59,173	3,59,114	27	3,59,141	...
Malda.	618	4,01,516	715	4,02,231	4,01,288	715	4,02,003	...
Total ...	6,179	48,79,765	28,890	49,08,655	48,38,530	21,581	48,60,111	...
Grand Total ... 1905-1906 ...	66,801	94,36,875	58,559	94,95,434	93,48,087	44,654	93,92,741	141
1904-1905 ...	*	94,37,413	31,640	94,69,053	93,80,181	30,578	94,10,759	184

* Figures not supplied.

IIIB.

20 of the text].

Malikana and Police Jama) of Permanently-settled Estates 1905—1906.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 is added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable	In process of recovery	Current Collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3)	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4)	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5)				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
667	1	668	...	668	99·84	99·94	99·83	71,764	...	...	99·83
431	...	431	...	431	99·94	100	99·94	54,909	...	...	99·94
1,304	...	1,304	...	1,304	99·69	100	99·69	49,724	...	...	99·69
34,671	6,240	40,911	...	40,911	96·55	62·28	95·99	21,623	...	...	95·99
37,073	6,241	43,314	...	43,314	98·58	64·87	98·36	1,98,020	...	...	98·36
2,111	214	2,325	8	2,317	99·60	92·22	99·56	23,138	2,163	162	100
1,024	...	1,024	...	1,024	99·89	100	99·89	17,985	...	...	99·89
7,345	...	7,345	6,583	762	98·40	39·49	98·38	3,003	6,583	...	99·81
10,480	214	10,694	6,591	4,103	99·46	97·19	99·44	44,126	8,746	162	99·90
39,952	7,309	47,261	...	47,261	96·07	68·6	95·46	13,019	...	...	95·46
826	...	826	...	826	99·94	100	99·94	8,766	...	826	100
10	...	10	...	10	99·99	...	99·99	217	...	...	99·99
58	...	58	...	58	99·99	100	99·99	11,675	...	...	99·99
129	...	129	...	129	99·97	100	99·97	18,814	...	...	99·97
32	...	32	...	32	99·99	100	99·99	33,724	...	...	99·99
228	...	228	...	228	99·94	100	99·94	2,968	...	158	99·98
41,235	7,309	48,544	...	48,544	99·15	74·70	99·01	89,183	...	984	99·03
88,788	13,764	1,02,552	6,591	95,961	99·05	76·25	98·89	3,31,329	8,746	1,146	99·02
57,232	878	58,110	*	*	99·39	96·64	99·38	*	*	*	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	465	62,107	3,825	65,932	58,276	3,346	61,622	308
Mymensingh	168	71,629	1,394	73,023	68,738	1,394	70,132	...
Faridpur	149	37,762	707	38,469	37,315	707	38,022	...
Bakarganj	272	2,71,206	6,278	2,77,484	2,67,422	5,848	2,73,270	...
Total ...	1,054	4,42,704	12,204	4,54,908	4,31,751	11,295	4,43,046	308
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	2	13,184	...	13,184	13,184	...	13,184	...
Tippera	57	27,870	2,279	30,149	25,455	2,279	27,734	...
Noakhali	46	58,520	4,896	63,416	51,479	3,369	54,848	2
Total ...	105	99,574	7,175	1,06,749	90,118	5,648	95,766	2
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	19	2,764	600	3,364	1,764	600	2,364	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	183	2,03,191	347	2,03,538	2,03,191	347	2,03,538	...
Rangpur	18	1,913	56	1,969	1,857	56	1,913	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	75	21,038	2,849	23,887	19,178	2,849	22,027	...
Malda	20	10,376	804	11,180	9,964	367	10,331	...
Total ...	315	2,39,282	4,656	2,43,938	2,35,954	4,219	2,40,173	...
Grand Total... 1905-06 ...	1,474	7,81,560	24,035	8,05,595	7,57,823	21,162	7,78,985	310
1904-05 ...	*	7,72,488	30,619	8,03,107	7,53,229	26,133	7,79,362	2,107

* Figures not reported.

IIIC.

21 of the text]

Land Revenue of Temporarily-settled Estates 1905—1906.

Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance in account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
3,831	171	4,002	...	4,002	93·83	87·47	93·46	6,656	336	...	93·94
2,891	...	2,891	...	2,891	95·96	100	96·04	1,111	...	...	96·04
447	...	447	...	447	98·81	100	98·83	8,254	...	...	98·83
3,784	430	4,214	...	4,214	98·60	93·15	98·48	3,778	120	...	98·52
10,953	601	11,554	...	11,554	97·52	92·55	97·39	19,799	456	...	97·49
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	199	...	...	100
2,415	...	2,415	...	2,415	91·33	100	91·99	1,193	...	...	91·99
7,041	1,525	8,566	...	8,566	87·96	68·81	86·49	534	...	...	86·49
9,456	1,525	10,981	...	10,981	90·50	78·71	89·71	1,926	...	...	89·71
1,000	...	1,000	...	1,000	63·82	100	70·27	44	...	...	70·27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	71	...	...	100
56	...	56	...	56	97·07	100	97·15	835	...	...	97·15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,860	...	1,860	1,400	460	91·16	100	92·21	2,385	1,400	...	97·95
412	437	849	...	849	96·02	45·64	92·40	32	...	...	92·40
3,328	437	3,765	1,400	2,365	98·61	90·61	98·45	3,367	1,400	...	99·02
23,737	2,563	26,300	1,400	24,900	96·96	88·04	96·7	25,092	1,856	...	96·92
19,259	2,379	21,638	*	*	97·50	85·34	97·04	*	*	*	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX.

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	224	30,668	25,276	55,944	19,232	10,252	29,484	6,860
Mymensingh	89	26,285	539	26,824	25,861	489	26,350	214
Faridpur	239	1,48,895	20,538	1,69,433	1,30,414	13,265	1,43,679	4,362
Bakarganj	356	4,38,897	1,229	4,40,126	4,24,650	1,011	4,25,661	2,154
Total ...	908	6,44,745	47,582	6,92,327	6,00,157	25,017	6,25,174	13,590
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	6	6,28,347	2,19,189	8,47,536	5,21,833	85,375	6,07,213	21,520
Tippera	257	1,20,345	12,862	1,33,207	1,07,244	7,547	1,14,791	2,088
Noakhali	242	1,62,687	14,002	1,76,689	1,25,802	11,602	1,37,404	4,562
Total ...	505	9,11,379	2,46,053	11,57,432	7,54,884	1,04,524	8,59,408	28,170
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	30	6,170	1,421	7,591	4,950	1,366	6,316	...
Dinajpur	3	54	...	54	54	...	54	...
Jalpaiguri	5	4,34,377	18,948	4,53,325	4,20,774	13,488	4,34,262	5,117
Rangpur	12	2,454	185	2,639	2,020	175	2,195	10
Bogra	2	57,709	1,995	59,704	54,895	1,924	56,819	71
Pabna	56	30,048	12,425	42,473	22,401	6,276	28,677	49
Malda	17	26,444	7,198	33,642	20,196	6,452	26,648	1,217
Total ...	125	5,57,256	42,172	5,99,428	5,25,290	29,681	5,54,971	6,464
Grand Total ... 1905—06	1,538	21,13,380	3,35,807	24,49,187	18,80,331	1,59,222	20,39,553	48,224
1904—05	*	20,82,778	3,26,817	24,09,595	19,26,137	1,06,073	20,32,210	52,350

* Figures not reported.

IIID.

22 of the text].

of Estates held direct by Government 1905—1906.

Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on arrear demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
11,436	8,164	19,600	5,422	14,178	62·71	40·56	52·70	255	144	...	52·84
260	...	260	...	260	98·38	90·72	98·23	83	...	...	98·23
18,481	2,911	21,392	10,024	11,368	87·58	64·58	84·79	1,600	...	...	84·79
12,112	199	12,311	...	12,311	96·75	82·26	96·71	5,686	...	...	96·71
42,289	11,274	53,563	15,446	38,117	93·08	52·57	90·30	7,624	144	...	90·31
1,05,089	1,13,714	2,18,803	12,129	2,06,674	83·05	38·95	71·64	5,800	1,67,631	355	89·36
13,101	3,227	16,328	...	16,328	89·11	58·68	86·17	2,652	...	...	86·17
33,291	1,432	34,723	492	34,231	77·33	82·86	77·76	486	15,069	1,748	86·09
1,51,481	1,18,373	2,69,854	12,621	2,57,233	82·83	42·48	74·25	8,938	1,82,700	2,103	88·38
1,220	55	1,275	55	1,220	80·23	96·13	83·20	40	...	...	83·20
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	9	...	...	100
11,174	2,772	13,946	1,297	12,649	96·86	71·18	95·79	1,809	...	...	95·79
434	...	434	...	434	82·31	94·59	83·17	1	...	...	83·17
2,814	...	2,814	26	2,788	95·12	96·44	95·16	9	...	1,374	97·47
7,642	6,105	13,747	8,008	5,739	74·55	50·51	67·52	23	8,008	...	83·20
5,069	708	5,777	...	5,777	76.37	89·63	79·21	8	...	...	79·21
28,353	9,640	37,993	9,386	28,607	94·26	70·38	92·58	1,899	8,008	1,374	94·07
2,22,123	1,39,287	3,61,410	37,453	3,23,957	88·97	47·41	83·27	18,461	1,90,852	3,477	90·46
1,42,067	1,82,968	3,25,035	*	*	92·48	32·45	84·33	*	*	*	...

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.								
Cachar	70,434	5,05,520	4,561	5,10,081	5,05,088	4,406	5,09,494	...
Sylhet { Temporarily-settled ...	55,706	5,09,774	1,21,137	6,30,911	3,55,147	1,16,306	4,71,453	614
Sylhet { Permanently-settled ...	49,862	3,65,156	78,890	4,44,046	2,88,363	78,653	3,67,016	...
Total Sylhet ...	1,05,568	8,74,930	2,00,027	10,74,957	6,43,510	1,94,959	8,38,469	614
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY ...	1,76,002	13,80,450	2,04,588	15,85,038	11,48,598	1,99,365	13,47,963	614
Assam Valley Districts.								
Goalpara { Temporarily-settled ...	13,604	1,02,001	36	1,02,037	1,01,996 (a)	36	1,02,032	8
Goalpara { Permanently-settled ...	19	11,411	...	11,411	11,411	...	11,411	...
Total Goalpara ...	13,623	1,13,412	36	1,13,448	1,13,407	36	1,13,443	8
Kamrup	1,78,457	12,12,626	54,972	12,67,598	11,54,761 (b)	20,403	11,75,164	21,124
Darrang	1,34,942	7,34,702	26,285	7,60,987	6,94,724	18,890	7,13,614	3,150
Nowgong	1,16,339	4,78,061	251	4,78,312	4,69,080	251	4,69,331	...
Sibsagar	1,89,129	15,26,903	44,297	15,71,200	14,89,018	35,672	15,24,690	3,289
Lakhimpur	93,950	6,38,248	15,393	6,53,641	6,29,956	9,707	6,39,663	3,880
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY ...	7,26,440	47,03,952	1,41,234	48,45,186	45,50,946	84,959	46,35,905	31,451
Total Temporarily-settled	8,52,561	57,07,835 (c)	2,66,932	59,74,767	53,99,770	2,05,671	56,05,441	32,065
Total Permanently-settled	49,881	3,76,567	78,890	4,55,457	2,99,774	78,653	3,78,427	...
Grand Total... { 1905—06	9,02,442	60,84,402	3,45,822	64,30,224	56,99,544	2,84,324	59,83,868	32,065
Grand Total... { 1904—05	9,39,746	60,35,774	4,23,778	64,59,552	57,18,385	3,54,157	60,72,542	48,126

(a) Includes Rs. 3 realised in excess.
(b) Includes Rs. 106 realised in excess.
(c) This excludes Rs. 24,133 for remissions granted to *Gaonburas* as per Appendix vii and includes Rs. 327 for *tauzibahir* revenue.

IIIE.

20 of the text]

(*including Malikana*) *of Estates on the Revenue Roll 1905 – 1906.*

Net Balances.			Distribution of net Balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
432	155	587	424	163	99·91	96·60	99·88	2,297	...	...	...
1,54,627	4,217	1,58,844	525	1,58,319	69·66	96·01	74·72	1,567	...	839	74·85
76,793	237	77,030	21	77,009	78·96	99·69	82·65	40,208	...	...	...
2,31,420	4,454	2,35,874	546	2,35,328	73·54	97·46	78·00	41,775	...	839	78·07
2,31,852	4,609	2,36,461	970	2,35,491	83·20	97·44	85·04	44,072	...	839	85·09
...	...	...	...	...	99·98	100·00	99·99	52	...	...	99·99
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	100·00
...	...	...	...	...	99·99	100·00	99·99	52	...	...	99·99
57,628	13,682	71,310	44,479	26,831	95·22	37·11	92·70	1,306	42,362	3,511	96·19
38,967	5,362	44,329	26,712	17,617	94·56	71·86	93·77	1	17,906	...	96·04
8,981	...	8,981	8,981	...	98·12	100·00	98·12	...	8,981	...	100·00
37,885	5,336	43,221	19,700	23,521	97·50	80·52	97·04	7	18,882	...	98·21
7,980	2,118	10,098	7,806	2,292	98·70	63·06	97·90	111	5,688	...	98·72
1,51,441	26,498	1,77,939	1,07,678	70,261	96·71	60·15	95·68	1,477	93,879	3,511	97·64
3,06,500	30,870	3,37,370	1,08,627	2,28,743	94·60	77·05	93·82	5,341	93,879	4,350	95·39
76,793	237	77,030	21	77,009	79·60	99·69	83·08	40,208	...	...	83·08
3,83,293	31,107	4,14,400	1,08,648	3,05,752	93·67	82·21	93·10	45,549	93,879	4,350	94·50
2,98,521	40,363	3,38,884	35,672	3,03,212	94·74	83·57	94·01	40,860	26,874	6,698	94·50

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Proceedings under the

Division and District.		Estates or shares of estates which became liable to sale.	Total number of estates and shares sold.				Estates and shares of estates purchased by Government.		
			Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	Whole estates ...	184	26	1349	172	5,696	1	8	1
	Shares	104	22	252	450	6,081	...	...	...
Mymensingh	Whole estates ...	257	6	265	36	1,789	...	...	...
	Shares	335	12	403	339	19,435	...	...	...
Faridpur — ...	Whole estates ...	135	15	280	94	1,705	...	...	...
	Shares	57	3	27	8	499	...	...	...
Bakarganj	Whole estates ...	259	28	16,700	4,896	1,61,771	4	250	4
	Shares	121	7	708	243	2,493	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	835	75	17,594	5,198	1,70,961	5	258	5
	Shares	617	44	1,390	1,040	28,508	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	Whole estates ...	4,610	438	4,286	2,552	51,137	15	3,109	2,865
	Shares	325	22	12,871	475	4,654	...	...	...
Tippera	Whole estates ...	61	8	173	38	1,204	1	4	1
	Shares	78	3	1,473	900	18,082	...	...	...
Noakhali	Whole estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	18	7	2,044	1,840	2,533	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	4,671	446	4,459	2,590	52,341	16	3,113	2,866
	Shares	421	32	16,388	3,215	25,269	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	Whole estates ...	39	1	260	75	1	1	260	1
	Shares	49	3	129	65	497	...	...	...
Dinajpur	Whole estates ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	Whole estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	Whole estates ...	10	3	57	57	44	2	51	2
	Shares	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	Whole estates ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	Whole estates ...	36	3	42	14	642	...	...	...
	Shares	59	2	41	19	160	...	...	...
Malda	Whole estates ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	112	7	359	146	687	3	311	3
	Shares	148	5	170	84	657	...	...	...
Grand Total...	1905-1906 Whole estates ...	5,618	528	22,412	7,934	2,23,989	24	3,682	2,874
	1905-1906 Shares ...	1,186	81	17,948	4,339	54,434	...	...	...
	1904-1905 Whole estates ...	4,536	1,298	22,788	9,802	1,37,992	794	1,287	740
	1904-1905 Shares ...	1,332	94	5,792	2,468	19,634	...	...	...

IVA.

25 of the text].

Sale Law 1905—1906.

Balance in favour of defaulters.	Balance not covered by sale.	Deposits forfeited.		Number of appeals.	Sales annulled.			Recommended to Government for Annulment.		
		Number.	Amount forfeited.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.	number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
5,441	15	4	158	5	1	10	4	...	...	...
5,552	...	2	164	4	2	51	59	...	...	...
1,735	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
19,058	...	1	8	2	1	288	207	...	...	...
1,552	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
476	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,54,940	121	1	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,077	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,63,668	136	6	164	11	1	10	4	...	...	...
27,163	...	5	176	7	3	339	266	...	...	...
48,584	249	63	679	26	2	5	2	...	...	...
7,179	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	827	...
1,166	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
17,182	...	...	...	1	1	38	19	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
693	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49,750	252	63	679	27	2	5	2	...	...	...
25,054	...	...	...	3	1	38	19	1	827	...
...	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
424	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	46	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	120	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
424	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,13,418	508	69	843	39	3	15	6	...	...	...
52,641	...	6	206	10	4	377	285	1	827	...
1,20,560	3,271	69	382	37	10	18	19	2	55	158
22,037	...	4	20	15	6	36	24	1	7	1

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Working of the Certificate

Division and District.	Of all kinds under section 5, Act I (B. C.) of 1895.						To realize arrears of rent due to Government, clause (*g*), section 7 (1).					
	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dacca Division.												
Dacca	56	98	154	121	33	1	35	380	415	395	20	...
Mymensingh	1	56	57	45	12	...	13	122	135	130	5	...
Faridpur	2	36	38	38	...	...	30	706	736	675	61	...
Bakarganj	6	29	35	27	8	1	28	311	339	322	17	...
Total ...	65	219	284	231	53	2	106	1,519	1,625	1,522	103	...
Chittagong Division.												
Chittagong	51	297	348	284	64	19	3,316	7,164	10,480	7,345	3,135	201
Tippera	7	38	45	35	10	...	44	485	529	421	108	4
Noakhali	8	81	89	47	42	...	159	497	656	644	12	4
Total ...	66	416	482	366	116	19	3,519	8,146	11,665	8,410	3,255	209
Rajshahi Division.												
Rajshahi	...	2	2	1	1	...	64	53	117	104	13	1
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri...	2	14	16	10	6	...	195	432	627	549	78	13
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	37	39	36	3	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	108	252	227	25	...
Pabna	4	17	21	15	6	...	120	855	975	852	123	10
Malda	...	11	11	11	...	...	2	111	113	105	8	4
Total ...	6	44	50	37	13	...	527	1,596	2,123	1,873	250	28
Grand Total... 1905-06	137	679	816	634	182	21	4,152	11,261	15,413	11,805	3,608	237
1904-05	176	739	915	778	137	16	4,696	12,421	17,117	12,965	4,152	330

IVB.

26 of the text].

Procedure 1905—1906.

ALL OTHER CERTIFICATES MADE UNDER SECTION 7 (1).						TOTAL.						REMARKS.
Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
140	976	1,116	937	179	7	231	1,454	1,685	1,453	232	8	
477	4,089	4,566	4,101	465	27	491	4,267	4,758	4,276	482	27	
635	1,699	2,334	1,670	664	5	667	2,441	3,108	2,383	725	5	
520	2,197	2,717	1,742	975	21	554	2,537	3,091	2,091	1,000	22	
1,772	8,961	10,733	8,450	2,283	60	1,943	10,699	12,642	10,203	2,439	62	
1,016	7,352	8,368	7,393	975	148	4,383	14,813	19,196	15,022	4,174	368	
550	3,065	3,615	2,493	1,122	32	601	3,588	4,189	2,949	1,240	36	
119	794	913	716	197	2	286	1,372	1,658	1,407	251	6	
1,685	11,211	12,896	10,602	2,294	182	5,270	19,773	25,043	19,378	5,665	410	
222	684	906	769	137	1	286	739	1,025	874	151	2	
384	807	1,191	795	396	4	384	807	1,191	795	396	4	
52	121	173	135	38	...	249	567	816	694	122	13	
374	1,215	1,589	1,364	225	4	376	1,252	1,628	1,400	228	4	
124	423	547	465	82	...	268	531	799	692	107	...	
530	917	1,447	1,096	351	7	654	1,789	2,443	1,963	480	17	
144	457	601	448	153	9	146	579	725	564	161	13	
1,830	4,624	6,454	5,072	1,382	25	2,363	6,264	8,627	6,982	1,645	53	
5,287	24,796	30,083	24,124	5,959	267	9,576	36,736	46,312	36,563	9,749	525	
5,061	20,990	26,051	21,164	4,887	220	9,933	34,150	44,083	34,907	9,176	566	

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC.

[*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text]

Coercive means employed for the collection of the Land Revenue 1905—1906.

Sub-division and District.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Silchar	Mauzas ...	27,144	1,292	11,050	3,989	612	1	6,771	87	1,426	...	...	...	4·75
	Tahsils ...	23,203	264	2,348	1,479	595	...	2,628	1	25	1	...	6	1·13
	Total ...	50,347	1,556	13,398	5,468	1,207	1	9,399	88	1,451	1	...	6	3·09
Hailakandi	Mauzas ...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	20,111	229	2,545	2,081	430	...	2,418	9	197	1	2	15	1·13
	Total ...	20,111	229	2,545	2,081	430	...	2,418	9	197	1	2	15	1·13
Total Cachar District	Mauzas ...	27,144	1,292	11,050	3,989	612	1	6,771	87	1,426	...	...	...	4·75
	Tahsils ...	43,314	493	4,893	3,560	1,025	...	5,046	10	222	2	2	21	1·13
	Total ...	70,458	1,785	15,943	7,549	1,637	1	11,817	97	1,648	2	2	21	2·53
North Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	52,274	2,419	35,022	4,825	179	5	4,932	3,208	50,403	9	170	1,148	4·62
	Total ...	52,274	2,419	35,022	4,825	179	5	4,932	3,208	50,403	9	170	1,148	4·62
South Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	19,280	684	23,718	11,440	323	...	14,133	110	4,849	35	55	2,498	3·54
	Total ...	19,280	684	23,718	11,440	323	...	14,133	110	4,849	35	55	2,498	3·54
Karimganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	19,880	1,790	32,808	11,198	1,031	2	21,610	892	20,296	3	23	320	9·00
	Total ...	19,880	1,790	32,808	11,198	1,031	2	21,610	892	20,296	3	23	320	9·00
Habiganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	11,222	905	15,050	7,829	...	312	7,221	2,858	41,751	...	51	243	8·06
	Total ...	11,222	905	15,050	7,829	...	312	7,221	2,858	41,751	...	51	243	8·06
Sunamganj	Mauzas ...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	2,912	215	4,917	426	144	...	19,962	1,237	17,138	8	17	256	7·38
	Total ...	2,912	215	4,917	426	144	...	19,962	1,237	17,138	8	17	256	7·38
Total Sylhet District	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	1,05,568	6,013	1,11,515	35,718	1,677	319	67,858	8,305	1,34,437	55	316	4,465	5·69
	Total ...	1,05,568	6,013	1,11,515	35,718	1,677	319	67,858	8,305	1,34,437	55	316	4,465	5·69
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY DISTRICT	Mauzas ...	27,144	1,292	11,050	3,989	612	1	6,771	87	1,426	...	...	...	4·75
	Tahsils ...	1,48,882	6,506	1,16,408	39,278	2,702	319	72,904	8,315	1,34,639	57	318	4,486	4·37
	Total ...	1,76,026	7,798	1,27,458	43,267	3,314	320	79,675	8,402	1,36,085	57	318	4,486	4·43

APPENDIX IVC——*Continued.*

Sub-division and District.	Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand	Number of Cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
					Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Dhubri — Mauzas ...	13,663	168	523	419	...	110	761	1	15	...	...	...	1·22
Dhubri — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara District...	13,663	168	523	419	...	110	761	1	15	...	...	...	1·22
Barpeta — Mauzas ...	42,971	554	10,986	7,112	191	6	3,252	21	575	3	6	276	1·29
Barpeta — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barpeta — Total ...	42,971	554	10,986	7,112	191	...	3,252	21	575	3	6	276	1·29
Gauhati — Mauzas ...	85,192	1,680	38,921	27,652	131	1	4,071	3	3,105	7	1	151	1·97
Gauhati — Tahsils ...	49,613	2,176	71,571	38,676	883	111	38,428	7	1,462	3	27	3,726	4·38
Gauhati — Total ...	1,34,805	3,856	1,10,492	66,328	10,14	112	42,499	10	4,567	10	28	3,877	2·86
Total Kamrup District. — Mauzas ...	1,28,163	2,234	49,907	34,764	322	7	7,323	24	3,680	10	7	427	1·74
Total Kamrup District. — Tahsils ...	49,613	2,176	71,571	38,676	883	111	38,428	7	1,462	3	27	3,726	4·38
Total Kamrup District. — Total ...	1,77,776	4,410	1,21,478	73,440	1,205	118	43,751	31	5,142	13	34	4,158	2·48
Mangaldai — Mauzas ...	19,184	342	14,315	3,710	52	...	8,970	...	...	...	...	...	1·78
Mangaldai — Tahsils ...	48,766	1,829	13,860	10,680	267	...	2,144	...	...	...	...	...	3·75
Mangaldai — Total ...	67,950	2,171	28,175	14,390	319	...	11,114	...	...	...	...	...	3·19
Tezpur — Mauzas ...	43,389	4,913	30,993	13,487	708	...	1,461	30	538	14	...	63	11·32
Tezpur — Tahsils ...	23,251	525	8,957	4,960	484	96	9,224	484	7,562	8	25	479	2·25
Tezpur — Total ...	66,640	5,438	39,950	18,447	1,192	96	10,685	514	8,100	22	25	542	8·16
Total Darrang District — Mauzas ...	62,573	5,255	45,308	17,197	760	...	10,431	30	538	14	...	63	8·40
Total Darrang District — Tahsils ...	72,017	2,354	22,817	15,640	751	96	11,368	484	7,562	8	25	479	3·27
Total Darrang District — Total ...	1,34,590	7,609	68,125	32,837	1,511	96	21,799	514	8,100	22	25	542	5·65
Total Nowgong District — Mauzas ...	1,16,339	5,172	49,982	32,364	907	28	9,850	23	628	70	15	697	4·44
Total Nowgong District — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Nowgong District — Total ...	1,16,339	5,172	49,982	32,364	907	28	9,850	23	628	70	15	697	4·44
Golaghat — Mauzas ...	47,325	4,855	299,838	58,887	1,647	814	29,628	7	49	9	386	530	10·25
Golaghat — Tahsils ...	29,211	1,444	3,391	663	979	...	1,194	15	86	13	...	86	4·94
Golaghat — Total ...	76,536	6,299	3,03,229	59,550	2,626	814	30,822	22	135	22	386	616	8·23
Jorhat — Mauzas ...	65,473	5,499	71,862	33,334	2,316	211	36,968	337	7,643	17	43	1,363	8·39
Jorhat — Tahsils ...	18,268	61	307	118	75	81	1,112	85	1,112	4	13	109	·33
Jorhat — Total ...	83,741	5,560	72,169	33,452	2,391	292	38,080	422	8,755	21	56	1,472	6·63

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC.—*Concluded.*

Sub-Division and District.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Sibsagar Sadr.	Mauzas ...	58,804	9,199	66,050	37,861	2,381	129	30,102	202	4,808	57	14	767	15·64
	Tahsils ...	17,527	896	8,153	2,797	979	198	12,995	212	2,099	40	42	966	5·11
	Total ...	76,331	10,095	74,203	40,658	3,360	327	43,097	414	6,907	97	56	1,733	13·22
Total Sibsagar District	Mauzas ...	1,71,602	19,553	4,37,750	1,30,082	6,344	1,154	96,698	546	12,500	83	443	2,660	11·51
	Tahsils ...	65,006	2,401	11,851	3,578	2,033	279	15,301	312	3,297	57	55	1,161	3·69
	Total ...	2,36,608	21,954	4,49,601	1,33,660	8,377	1,433	1,11,999	858	15,797	140	498	3,821	9·28
North Lakhimpur	Mauzas ...	35,814	5,062	41,530	27,197	1,408	39	10,810	67	693	19	18	421	15·80
	Tahsils ...	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	35,814	5,062	41,530	27,197	1,408	39	10,810	67	693	19	18	421	15·80
Dibrugarh	Mauzas ...	58,136	3,967	30,459	19,162	1,182	252	11,297	965	7,120	302	6	3,300	6·82
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	58,136	3,967	30,459	19,162	1,182	252	11,297	965	7,120	302	6	3,300	6·82
Total Lakhimpur District	Mauzas ...	93,950	9,029	71,989	46,359	2,590	291	22,107	1,032	7,813	321	24	3,721	10·24
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	93,950	9,029	71,989	46,359	2,590	291	22,107	1,032	7,813	321	24	3,721	10·24
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICT	Mauzas ...	5,86,290	42,011	6,55,459	2,61,185	10,923	1,590	1,47,170	1,656	25,174	498	489	7,568	7·16
	Tahsils ...	1,86,636	6,931	1,06,239	57,894	3,667	486	65,097	803	12,321	68	107	5,366	3·71
	Total ...	7,72,926	48,942	7,61,698	3,19,079	14,590	2,076	2,12,267	2,459	37,495	566	596	1,29,34	6·33
Grand Total	1905—1906	9,48,952	56,740	8,89,156	3,62,346	17,904	2,396	2,91,942	10,861	1,75,580	623	914	17,420	5·98
	1904—1905	9,39,746	61,252	8,68,282	3,43,344	19,192	3,806	3,65,888	11,235	1,86,882	973	594	18,657	6·51

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX IVD.

[*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text].

Processes served and their cost 1905—1906.

Division and District.	Processes served.			Demand on account of process fees.		Process fees realised.	Process fees remitted.	Cost of process-serving establishment debitable to land revenue.
	Paid.	Unpaid.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Eastern Bengal.								
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	20,481	13,011	33,492	12,010	145	12,085	...	10,061
Mymensingh	14,377	17,869	32,246	10,944	...	10,944	...	11,971
Faridpur	12,554	14,219	26,773	9,237	...	9,237	...	4,694
Bakarganj	15,720	7,320	23,040	11,583	773	12,356	...	13,774
Total ...	63,132	52,419	1,15,551	43,774	918	44,622	...	40,500
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	52,494	49,043	1,01,537	40,610	9,037	44,286	185	16,274
Tippera	11,145	9,633	20,778	6,979	...	6,739	240	8,641
Noakhali	17,737	3,162	20,899	11,847	181	11,797	57	6,164
Total ...	81,376	61,838	1,43,214	59,436	9,238	62,822	482	31,079
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	1,523	2,947	4,470	781	...	781	...	2,899
Dinajpur	3,442	3,674	7,116	...	...	1,444	...	2,306
Jalpaiguri *	727	583	1,310	710	...	710	...	2,204
Rangpur	3,361	1,692	5,053	2,139	...	2,139	...	2,809
Bogra	2,314	839	3,153	1,432	...	1,432	...	2,135
Pabna	3,059	6,505	9,564	1,227	...	2,092	...	2,503
Malda	4,469	4,083	8,552	...	...	3,446	...	2,051
Total ...	18,895	20,323	39,218	6,289	...	12,044	...	16,907
Total Eastern Bengal (1905—06 ...	1,63,403	1,34,580	2,97,983	1,09,499	10,156	1,19,488	482	88,486
Total Eastern Bengal (1904—05 ...	1,74,702	1,27,492	3,02,194	1,14,486	825	1,13,120	173	80,769
Assam.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	4,721	3,840	8,561	7,230	1,751	7,772	12	3,100
Sylhet	24,995	12,526	37,521	22,621	5,133	25,430	479	9,760
Total ...	29,716	16,366	46,082	29,851	6,884	33,202	491	12,860
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	1,044	517	1,561	1,032	60	1,011	49	1,407
Kamrup	7,298	4,832	12,130	5,741	6,413	4,505	672	2,907
Darrang	4,231	2,955	7,186	5,282	4,227	6,070	391	2,071
Nowgong	2,143	2,472	4,615	2,756	1,228	2,902	141	1,486
Sibsagar	13,536	6,006	19,542	17,779	5,804	13,109	1,848	5,944
Lakhimpur	13,132	3,900	17,032	6,772	4,662	7,634	3,568	3,142
Total ...	41,384	20,682	62,066	39,362	22,394	35,231	6,659	16,957
Total Assam (1905—06 ...	71,100	37,048	1,08,148	69,213	29,278	68,433	7,150	29,817
Total Assam (1904—05 ...	96,739	61,800	1,58,539	1,02,949	33,383	95,732	11,665	38,619
Provincial Grand Total (1905—06 ...	2,34,503	1,71,628	4,06,131	1,78,712	39,434	1,87,921	7,632	1,18,303
Provincial Grand Total (1904—05 ...	2,71,441	1,89,292	4,60,733	2,17,435	34,208	2,08,852	11,838	1,19,388

* The figures for Jalpaiguri are incomplete. The figures for the period from 1st July 1905 to 17th April 1906 are not available as the registers, &c, of the Nazarat Department of the Deputy Commissioner's Office were destroyed by fire of the 17th April 1906.

N. B. The figures shown in columns 5, 6 and 8 are not correct as in some of the transferred districts the figures were calculated in reference to the records, &c., there having been no appropriate columns in the registers kept.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.

[*Vide* paragraph 30 of the text]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue 1905-06.

Source of Revenue.	DACCA.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries								
2. Poll-tax								
3. House-tax								
4. Lime-quarries								
5. Stone-quarries								
6. Coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines								
8. Mineral oil								
9. Salt-wells								
10. Gold washing								
11. Sale of Government estates								
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	529	...	529	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	9,256	...	9,256	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII. of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	361	...	361	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V. (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX. of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settle-ment charges ...	6,838	...	6,838	...	...	...	...	...
25. Valuation of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894 ...	190	...	190	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	220	...	220	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	17,394	...	17,394	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1904-1905 ...	10,136	...	10,136	...				

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

MYMENSINGH.								FARIDPUR.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,871	...	2,871	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...
43	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...
202	...	202	...	...	...	...	...	175	...	175	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
852	...	852	...	...	...	...	...	3,084	...	3,084	...	...	...	...	...
1,097	...	1,097	...	...	...	...	...	6,159	...	6,159	...	...	...	...	...
949	...	949	...					7,241	...	7,241					

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of Revenue.	BAKARGANJ.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries 2. Poll-tax 3. House-tax 4. Lime-quarries 5. Stone-quarries 6. Coal-mines ... 7. Royalty on coal-mines 8. Mineral oil 9. Salt-wells 10. Gold washing 11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	282	...	282	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	71	...	71	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	500	...	500	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	776	96	511	73	67	221	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	83,692	...	44,436	...	...	39,256	...
25. Valuation of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	558	...	558	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	2,187	83,788	1,922	44,509	67	221	39,256	...
TOTAL 1904-1905 ...	2,19,120	442	1,35,169	346	259	83,788	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	CHITTAGONG.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries	177	...	177	...	...	...	...	...
2. Poll-tax								
3. House-tax								
4. Lime-quarries								
5. Stone-quarries								
6. Coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines								
8. Mineral oil								
9. Salt-wells								
10. Gold washing								
11. Sale of Government estates								
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII. of 1819 ...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	1,678	...	1,678	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	176	...	176	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V. (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX. of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	33	...	33	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	22,944	...	22,944	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	25,035	...	25,035	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1904-1905 * ...								

* Figures not reported,

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	TIPPERA.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries								
2. Poll-tax								
3. House-tax								
4. Lime-quarries								
5. Stone-quarries								
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines								
8. Mineral oil								
9. Salt-wells								
10. Gold washing								
11. Sale of Government estates ...	10,505	...	10,505	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	12,225	441	3,586	441	...	8,639	...	1
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	81	...	81	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859. ...	275	...	275	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V. (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX. of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	2,108	...	2,105	...	...	3	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894. ...	1,323	...	...	...	...	1,323	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	22,726	...	22,726	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL { 1905-1906 ...	49,259	441	39,294	441	...	9,965	...	1
TOTAL { 1904-1905 * ...								

* Figures not reported.

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

NOAKHALI.								RAJSHAHI							
Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	143	...	143	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	...	96	...	...	...	...	...	74	...	74	...	...	...	...	...
117	...	117	...	...	...	...	...	83	...	83	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	144	...	144	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	798	...	798	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,171	4	2,171	3	1	...	...	...
262	...	262	...	...	...	...	...	3,413	4	3,413	3	1	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	DINAJPUR.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	1,125	...	1,125	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	736	...	736	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	96	...	96	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	7,305	...	7,305	...	...	...	...	...
25. Valuation of revenue abated under Act I, of 1894. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	567	...	567	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL { 1905-1906 ...	9,829	...	9,829	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL { 1904-1905 * ...								...

* Figures not reported.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

JALPAIGURI.								RANGPUR.							
Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	707	...	707	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...
24	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	51	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,076	...	1,076	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,860	...	13,860	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,348	52	2,245	36	16	103	...	...	136	...	136	...	...	...	...	...
2,372	52	2,269	36	16	103	...	...	15,910	...	15,910	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	BOGRA.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894. ...	542	...	542	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	901	...	901	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL { 1905-1906 ...	1,464	...	1,464	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL { 1904-1905 * ...								

* Figures not reported.

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

PABNA.								MALDA.							
Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
515	...	515	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
574	...	574	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
110	...	110	...	...	...	...	...	85	...	85	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
989	...	989	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
350	...	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,546	...	2,546	...	...	...	...	...	85	...	85	...	...	...	...	...

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APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	CACHAR.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries	14,053	552	14,010	552	...	43	...	3,372
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	1,128	...	1,128	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	1,608	...	1,608	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	179	...	179	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	426	...	426	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	17,424	552	17,381	552	...	43	...	3,372
TOTAL 1904-1905 ...	23,542	2,179	22,990	346	1,833	552	...	3,367

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

SYLHET.								GOALPARA.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
70,686	3,154	66,439	3,154	320	3,927	...	14,390	1,561	...	1,526	...	...	35	...	955
2,345	566	2,007	557	2	338	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(a) 275	...	(a) 275	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	...	64	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
976	...	976	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	49	...	...	...	...	...
280	...	280	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
107	...	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,287	...	1,287	...	...	...	...	...	136	...	136	...	...	...	...	...
75,956	3,720	71,371	3,711	322	4,265	7	14,390	1,810	...	1,775	...	...	35	...	955
69,579	2,974	65,649	2,961	223	3,707	13	10,678	3,134	...	3,134	...	...	...	...	412

(a) Sale proceeds of the right to collect and sell stone from the bed of the Lubha river in Jaintia.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of revenue.	KAMRUP.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	44,847	634	44,847	265	...	...	369	7,703
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	1,874	49	1,874	45	4	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	61	...	61	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation)	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees	83	...	83	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	299	...	299	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V. (B. C.) of 1875	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX. of 1848	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above	355	...	355	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906	47,537	683	47,537	310	4	...	369	7,703
TOTAL 1904-1905	41,686	1,016	40,983	698	338	603	80	13,140

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

DARRANG.								NOWGO NG.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
8,853	705	7,391	705	65	1,397	...	1,899	13,218	...	13,187	...	...	61	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,383	...	13,383	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	SIBSAGAR.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Fisheries	26,903	282	26,463	90	...	440	192	6,232
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	8,726	64	8,646	...	26	80	38	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	41	...	41	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	398	...	398	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	862	...	862	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	32	...	32	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I, of 1894. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. *Other* miscellaneous items not specified above ...	95	...	95	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	37,072	346	36,552	90	26	520	230	6,232
TOTAL 1904-1905 ...	34,581	3,138	34,072	1,133	2,168	320	26	6,718

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

LAKHIMPUR.								TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS
10,254	863	9,339	585	405	667	61	2,916	177	...	177	...	...	...	...	...
8,331	159	8,033	159	33	265	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
772	594	704	594	40	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
366	...	366	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39,565	...	39,565	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11,550	2,000	11,550	2,000	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
116	...	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,505	...	10,505	...	...	...	...	...
4,290	...	4,290	...	...	...	...	...	529	...	529	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,893	...	1,893	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	26,857	441	18,218	441	...	8,639	...	4
112	...	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	309	...	309	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,362	...	1,362	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,413	...	3,413	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,203	...	2,203	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	776	96	511	73	67	221	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,954	83,692	31,951	44,436	...	3	39,256	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,055	...	732	...	...	1,323	...	...
449	...	449	...	...	...	...	...	56,857	56	56,754	39	17	103	...	...
77,729	3,616	76,448	3,338	538	960	61	3,916	1,37,012	84,285	1,26,679	44,989	84	10,289	39,256	1
68,599	7	64,765	7	218	3,616	...	955	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* Figures not reported.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of revenue.	TOTAL ASSAM							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	1,90,405	6,190	1,83,202	5,351	850	6,570	622	37,467
2. Poll-tax	10,676	725	10,040	716	35	603	7	...
3. House-tax	25,883	707	25,735	639	70	108	38	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	316	...	316	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	376	...	376	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	39,565	...	39,565	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	11,550	2,000	11,550	2,000	...	...	...	1,000
9. Salt-wells	30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	116	...	116	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	7,026	...	7,026	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	4,640	...	4,640	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	284	...	284	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees	115	...	115	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	550	...	550	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII. (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII. of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI. of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	4,038	...	4,038	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	2,95,570	9,622	2,87,583	8,706	955	7,281	667	38,467
TOTAL 1904-1905 ...	2,72,228	9,448	2,61,995	5,225	4,834	9,503	119	40,009

APPENDIX V.—*Concluded.*

PROVINCIAL GRAND TOTAL.

Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,90,582	6,190	1,83,379	5,351	850	6,570	622	37,467
10,676	725	10,040	716	35	603	7	...
25,883	707	25,735	639	70	108	38	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
316	...	316	...	...	...	...	...
376	...	376	...	...	...	...	...
39,565	...	39,565	...	...	...	...	...
11,350	2,000	11,350	2,000	...	...	...	1,000
30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
*116	...	116	...	...	...	...	...
10,505	...	10,505	...	...	...	...	...
7,555	...	7,555	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,640	...	4,640	...	...	...	...	...
284	...	284	...	...	...	...	...
26,972	441	18,333	441	...	8,639	...	1
... 550	... ...	550	...	...	...	...	...
309	...	309	...	...	...	...	...
1,362	...	1,362	...	...	...	...	...
3,413	...	3,413	...	...	...	...	...
2,203	... ...	2,203	...	...	...	...	...
... 15	... ...	15	...	...	...	...	...
... 776	... 96	511	... 73	67	... 221	... ...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31,954	... 83,692	31,951	...44,436	...	... 3	...39,256	...
2,055	...	732	...	...	1,323	...	...
60,895	56	60,792	39	17	103	...	...
4,32,582	93,907	4,14,262	53,695	1,039	17,570	39,923	38,468
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* Figures not reported.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VI.

[*Vide* paragraph 34 of the text].

Sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates.

Division and District.	Sold in 1905—1906.				Total sold to end of 1905—1906.			
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.	Number of Estate.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	...	...	...	...	1,598	1,61,079	1,03,370	11,53,566
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	310	78,239	27,460	3,25,152
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	304	35,076	22,334	1,00,935
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	369	33,177	42,088	1,76,395
Total	...	...	...	...	2,581	3,07,571	1,95,252	17,56,048
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	93	16,772	14,246	41,173
Tippera	...	...	...	...	271	1,06,721	2,16,985	17,14,105
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	68	80,443	1,27,583	4,12,512
Total	...	...	...	...	432	2,03,936	3,58,814	21,67,790
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	77	13,825	11,697	1,11,577
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	26	24,901	34,048	1,32,152
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	12	1,414	9,742	54,850
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	...	...	...	...	29	14,726	10,893	82,481
Malda	...	...	...	...	52	32,823	31,505	1,43,273
Tota	...	...	...	...	196	87,689	97,885	5,24,333
Surma Valley Districts.								
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.								
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total.	...	...	...	...	3,209	5,99,196	6,51,951	44,48,171

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VII.

[*Vide* paragraph 76 of the text.]

Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue existing in the Province.

District and class of Tenure.	Area.			Estimated land revenue calculated at ordinary rates.			Actual land revenue paid.			Amount of assignment or alienation.		
	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Eastern Bengal. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ASSAM.												
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Cachar — Baksha ...	2,088	62	2,150	949	42	991	...	...	...	949	42	991
Cachar — Lakhiraj ...	...	1,409	1,409	...	918	918	...	...	...	...	918	918
Cachar — Land for temples and Mosques ...	...	7	7	...	143	143	...	5	5	...	138	138
Sylhet — Lakhiraj ...	...	21,725	21,725	...	7,187	7,187	...	...	...	...	7,187	7,187
Sylhet — Nisf khiraj ...	...	218	218	...	51	51	...	30	30	...	21	21
Total Surma Valley ...	2,088	23,451	25,539	949	8,341	9,290	...	35	35	949	8,306	9,255
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Goalpara — Temples and Namghars ...	...	14	14	...	14	14	...	...	...	...	14	14
Kamrup — Nisf khiraj ...	...	4,44,510	4,44,510	...	2,53,786	2,53,786	...	1,26,893	1,26,893	...	1,26,893	1,26,893
Kamrup — Lakhiraj ...	...	1,02,569	1,02,569	...	35,519	35,519	...	...	...	...	35,519	35,519
Kamrup — Gaonburas ...	5,884	...	5,884	4,962	...	4,962	...	...	...	4,962	...	4,962
Darrang — Lakhiraj (including six-pie Lakhiraj)	...	16,617	16,617	...	9,893	9,893	...	47	47	...	9,846	9,846
Darrang — Nisf Khiraj ...	...	94,105	94,105	...	33,616	33,616	...	16,808	16,808	...	16,808	16,808
Darrang — Pension lands ...	...	653	653	...	435	435	...	...	...	...	435	435
Darrang — Land for temples and Namghars...	...	145	145	...	202	202	...	...	...	...	202	202
Darrang — Katakis	48	...	48	36	...	36	...	...	...	36	...	36
Darrang — Gaonburas ...	6,036	...	6,036	4,698	...	4,698	...	...	...	4,698	...	4,698
Nowgong — Lakhiraj	...	7,001	7,001	...	3,102	3,102	...	...	...	...	3,102	3,102
Nowgong — Nisf khiraj ...	...	16,280	16,280	...	11,202	11,202	...	3,995	3,995	...	7,207	7,207
Nowgong — Land for temples and Namghars...	...	145	145	...	202	202	...	...	...	...	202	202
Nowgong — Gaonburas ...	4,502	...	4,502	3,031	...	3,031	...	...	...	3,031	...	3,031
Sibsagar — Lakhiraj	...	1,15,612	1,15,612	...	16,900	16,900	...	...	...	...	16,900	16,900
Sibsagar — Nisf khiraj ...	...	15,173	15,173	...	10,808	10,808	...	5,404	5,404	...	5,404	5,404
Sibsagar — Pension lands ...	...	292	292	...	280	280	...	...	...	...	280	280
Sibsagar — Ten-Twenties ...	...	427	427	...	433	433	...	368	368	...	65	65
Sibsagar — Lands for temples and Namghars...	...	372	372	...	340	340	...	...	...	...	340	340
Sibsagar — Nagakhats ...	2,281	...	2,281	1,997	...	1,997	...	...	...	1,997	...	1,997
Sibsagar — Gaonburas ...	7,668	...	7,668	7,127	...	7,127	...	...	...	7,127	...	7,127
Lakhimpur — Lakhiraj ...	...	8,685	8,685	...	6,424	6,424	...	...	...	...	6,424	6,424
Lakhimpur — Nisf khiraj ...	...	3,757	3,757	...	3482,	3,482	...	1,741	1,741	...	1,741	1,741
Lakhimpur — Pension lands ...	...	200	200	...	216	216	...	92	92	...	124	124
Lakhimpur — Chaukidars & Katakis	402	...	402	304	...	304	...	...	...	304	...	304
Lakhimpur — Gaonburas ...	5,687	...	5,687	4,315	...	4,315	...	...	...	4,315	...	4,315
Total Assam Valley ...	32,508	8,26,557	8,59,065	26,470	3,86,854	4,13,324	...	1,55,348	1,55,348	26,470	2,31,506	2,57,976
Total Assam	34,596	8,50,008	8,84,604	27,419	3,95,195	4,22,614	...	1,55,383	1,55,383	27,419	2,39,812	2,67,231
Grand Total	34,596	8,50,008	8,84,604	27,419	3,95,195	4,22,614	...	1,55,383	1,55,383	27,419	2,39,812	2,67,231

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 37 of the text.]

Cost of management of Estates held direct by Government for the year 1905-06.

Division.	District.	Total cost of management.	Percentage of cost of management on current demand.	Total cost of collection.	Percentage of cost of collection on current demand.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	Dacca	2,754	8·9	1,836	5·9
	Mymensingh	1,899	7·2	1,803	6·8
	Faridpur	14,867	9·9	9,9M	6·6
	Bakarganj	36,326	8·2	24,217	5·5
	Total ...	55,846	8·6	37,767	5·8
Chittagong	Chittagong	5,2482	8·38	52,462	8·38
	Tippera	6,447	10·50	6,447	10·50
	Noakhali	15,368	9·44	9,868	6·07
	Total ...	7,4297	8·15	68,797	7·54
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	323	5·2	323	5·2
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	23,246	5·3	14,623	2·68
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	8,466	14·6	6,052	10·36
	Pabna	2,570	8·5	1,810	6·02
	Malda	2,673	10·10	2,174	8·22
	Total ...	37,278	6·6	21,982	3·94
	Grand Total ...	1,67,421	7·9	1,28,546	6·08

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 37 of the text].

Expenditure incurred on Estates under direct management 1905—1906.

Division.	District.	Management.	Miscellaneous improvements (including agricultural improvements and experiments.)	Sanitary improvements.	Total.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Grant sanctioned by Board.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca —	Dacca	2,754	232	565	3,551	797	4,164
	Mymensingh	1,899	345	600	2,844	945	2,897
	Faridpur	14,867	1,400	2,420	18,687	3,820	19,761
	Bakarganj	36,326	21,282	10,914	68,522	32,196	69,373
	Total	55,846	23,259	14,499	93,604	37,758	96,195
Chittagong	Chittagong	52,482	13,106	1,644	67,232	14,750	67,436
	Tippera	6,447	806	...	7,253	806	7,860
	Noakhali	15,368	5,191	3,950	24,509	9,141	26,976
	Total	74,297	19,103	5,594	98,994	24,697	1,02,272
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	323	148	145	616	293	743
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	23,246	5,862	9,142	38,250	15,004	45,444
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	8,466	277	4,139	12,882	4,416	12,575
	Pabna	2,570	240	188	2,998	428	3,635
	Malda	2,673	620	780	4,073	1,400	4,043
	Total	37,278	7,147	14,394	58,819	21,541	66,440
	Grand Total	1,67,421	49,509	34,487	2,51,417	83,996	2,64,907

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IXA.

[*Vide* paragraph 41 of the text]

Intermediate Registrations under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876, 1905—1906.

Division and District.	Number of interests on registers at beginning of year.	Applications.			Percentage of column 5 (applications granted during year) on column 2	Number of old interests removed.	Number of new interests entered.	Total number of interests at close of year.	Total number of applications for disposal.	Total number of cases disposed of during year.	Applications pending.		
		Pending from previous year.	Made during year.	Granted during year.							More than 6 months.	Less than 6 months.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Dacca Division.													
Dacca	65,308	769	2,980	2,452	3·75	2,003	2,408	65,713	3,749	2,773	4	972	976
Mymensingh	60,625	1,876	4,297	5,270	8·69	6,064	9,588	64,149	6,173	5,322	...	851	851
Faridpur	41,243	214	1,717	1,547	3·75	1,954	2,015	41,304	1,931	1,643	...	288	288
Bakarganj	27,480	238	1,810	1,517	5·52	1,506	1,853	27,827	2,048	1,582	...	466	466
Total ...	1,94,656	3,097	10,804	10,786	5·54	11,527	15,864	1,98,993	13,901	11,320	4	2,577	2,581
Chittagong Division.													
Chittagong	3,87,647	1,442	7,983	7,509	1·93	7,182	7,479	3,87,944	9,425	7,911	13	1,501	1,514
Tippera	16,670	213	966	930	5·58	1,005	1,319	16,984	1,179	949	...	230	230
Noakhali	8,760	64	356	352	4·02	346	401	8,815	420	360	...	60	60
Total ...	4,13,077	1,719	9,305	8,791	2·13	8,533	9,199	4,13,743	11,024	9,220	13	1,791	1,804
Rajshahi Division.													
Rajshahi	7,924	85	419	422	5·32	400	503	8,018	504	445	4	55	59
Dinajpur	3,934	194	256	388	9·86	403	370	3,901	450	415	...	35	35
Jalpaiguri	707	3	23	22	3·11	34	30	703	26	22	...	4	4
Rangpur	3,215	...	241	201	6·25	312	348	3,251	241	201	1	39	40
Bogra...	3,830	47	252	246	6·41	239	320	3,920	290	246	...	53	53
Pabna	32,700	275	1,440	1,267	3·87	1,380	1,572	32,892	1,715	1,346	...	369	369
Malda	3,215	115	166	199	6·19	179	310	3,346	281	216	...	65	65
Total ...	55,534	719	2,797	2,745	4·94	2,956	3,453	56,031	3,516	2,891	5	620	625
Grand Total	6,63,267	5,535	22,906	22,322	3·36	23,016	28,516	6,68,767	28,441	23,431	22	4,988	5,010

APPENDIX IX B.

[*Vide* paragraph 42 of the text.]

Registration of changes amongst proprietors and Land-holders, 1905—1906.

District and Division.	Number of cases for disposal in court.					Number of cases disposed of locally by summary procedure.	Area (*bighas*) transferred.				Total number of Estates liable to mutation.	Percentage of cases disposed of in court and locally during year to total number of estates.
	Pending from previous year.	Instituted during year.	Disposed of during year.		Balance pending at close of year.		By Mortgage.		By Sale.			
			Contested.	Uncontested.			With permission.	Without permission.	Voluntary.	By order of court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
							Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.	Bighas.		
Surma Valley Districts.												
Cachar	1,988	5,618	548	6,475	583	7,436	71	...	36,758	322	66,112	21·87
Sylhet	4,860	4,776	340	8,228	1,068	14,007	...	...	14,831	94	1,00,861	22·38
Total, ...	6,848	10,394	888	14,703	1,651	21,443	71	...	57,589	416	1,66,773	22·17
Assam Valley Districts.												
Goalpara	3	138	...	126	15	...	...	...	920	...	1,408	8·94
Kamrup	110	548	1	184	473	2,966	...	...	712	7,118	1,20,418	2·61
Darrang	690	1,279	214	1,755	...	...	28	39	4,177	179	59,808	3·29
Nowgong	112	612	67	657	...	...	8	5	3,891	57	1,16,399	·62
Sibsagar	4	329	2	148	183	12,310	...	...	29,146	197	1,13,959	10·93
Lakhimpur	181	752	66	770	97	8,657	15	4	8,859	359	28,293	33·55
Total ...	1,100	3,658	350	3,040	768	23,933	51	48	47,605	7,910	4,40,285	6·34
GRAND TOTAL. ...	7,948*	14,052	1,238	18,343	2,419	45,376	122	48	1,05,194	8,326	6,07,258	10·69

* Revised figures.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* parapaph

District details of separate accounts

Division and District.	UNDIVIDED SHARES.						Applications for disposal.
	Separate accounts opened (section 10) during year.		Closed during year.		Remaining open at close of year.		
	Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca Division.							
Dacca	187	8,575	88	1,057	6,746	1,38,286	48
Mymensingh	111	864	10	185	4,689	1,71,106	50
Faridpur	83	1,818	...	...	2,163	1,20,307	9
Bakarganj	26	1,452	...	...	1,498	3,47,181	30
Total	407	7,709	98	1,242	15,096	7,76,880	137
Chittagong Division.							
Chittagong	112	1,546	4	44	2,676	71,174	140
Tippera	57	4,502	7	151	2,185	2,24,982	17
Noakhali	3	101	...	...	828	1,87,539	4
Total	172	6,149	11	195	5,689	4,83,695	161
Rajshahi Division.							
Rajshahi	34	1,003	5	87	1,731	2,79,617	13
Dinajpur	5	222	4	782	353	2,51,723	1
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	26	1,914	...
Rangpur	6	520	2	203	264	1,76,948	1
Bogra	15	254	3	222	544	1,51,937	...
Pabna	32	347	7	97	2,445	1,21,870	46
Malda	1	436	3	436	247	72,966	1
Total	93	2,791	24	1,827	5,612	10,56,975	62
Grand Total 1905-1906	672	16,649	133	3,264	26,397	23,17,550	360
Grand Total 1904-1905	735	25,518	98	2,839	25,037	21,24,422	265

IXC.

43 of the text].

under Act XI of 1859 and Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.

SPECIFIC SHARES.							COMPLEX SHARES.						
SEPARATE ACCOUNTS OPEND (SECTION 11) DURING YEAR.		CLOSED DURING YEAR.		REMAINING OPEN AT CLOS OF YEAR.		Applications for disposal.	SEPARATE ACCOUNTS OPENED { SECTION 70 OF ACT VII (B. C.) of 1876 } DURING YEAR.		CLOSED DURING YEAR.		REMAINING OPEN AT CLOSE OF YEAR.		Applications for disposal.
Number	Government revenue of new account.	Number	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.		Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
9	Io	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs,		Rs.	
6	32	...	...	60	850	6	39	454	...	...	437	13,794	39
3	23	...	...	247	4,512	1	91	436	4	55	1,960	22,664	18
...	...	...	...	16	4,624	...	5	210	...	...	34	2,520	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...
9	55	...	...	323	9,986	7	135	1,100	4	55	2,432	38,983	57
...	...	...	...	388	9,869	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	2	1,258	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	390	11,127	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	25	18,196	...	...	...	...	...	101	5,825	...
...	...	...	...	14	4,997	...	1	770	...	...	29	8,989	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2,784	...	...	78	61,232	...	3	1,479	...	...	109	31,706	2
...	...	...	...	21	8,836	...	11	304	3	314	437	62,571	3
...	...	...	...	39	6,992	...	27	474	8	172	1,176	50,335	40
...	...	...	...	11	6,331	...	...	...	...	...	41	4,113	...
2	2,784	...	...	188	1,06,584	...	42	3,027	11	486	1,893	1,63,539	45
11	2,839	...	...	901	1,27,697	7	177	4,127	15	541	4,336	2,02,814	102
13	1,947	...	...	890	1,24,858	6	195	5,873	15	3,833	4,174	1,99,175	83

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IXD.

[*Vide* paragraph 44 of the text.]

Registration of tenures protected in case of the sale of the parent estate under Act XI of 1859 for arrears of revenue.

Division and District.	Registered during the year.		Registered to the end of the year.	
	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc, protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).
1	2	3	4	5
Dacca Division				
Dacca	19	...	1,291	22
Mymensingh	4	...	155	3
Faridpur	1	1	124	3
Bakarganj	...	...	103	...
Total	24	1	1,673	28
Chittagong Division.				
Chittagong	...	...	241	7
Tippera	3	...	530	3
Noakhali	1	...	76	...
Total	4	...	847	10
Rajshahi Division.				
Rajshahi	1	...	198	13
Dinajpur	...	...	160	3
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	127	11
Bogra	...	...	126	2
Pabna	...	...	117	1
Malda	...	...	7	1
Total	1	...	735	31
Grand Total ...	29	1	3,255	69

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX—X.

[*Vide* paragraph 45 of the text.]

Disposal of Partition Cases, 1905—1906.

Division.	District.	Pending at close of previous year.	Instituted during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Eastern Bengal.						
Dacca	Dacca	66	27	93	(a) 14	79
	Mymensingh	42	19	61	(b) 12	49
	Faridpur	11	3	14	3	11
	Bakarganj	2	1	3	...	3
	Total 1905-06 ...	121	50	171	29	142
	Total 1904-05 ...	124	46	170	49	121
Chittagong	Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera	23	4	27	6	21
	Noakhali	1	...	1	1	...
	Total 1905-06 ...	24	4	28	7	21
	Total 1904-05 ...	25	4	29	5	24
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	9	2	11	2	9
	Dinajpur	1	1	2	...	2
	Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...
	Rangpur	16	1	17	...	17
	Bogra	...	...	...	...	...
	Pabna	6	...	6	1	5
	Malda	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 1905-06 ...	32	4	36	3	33
	Total 1904-05 ...	30	4	34	2	32
	TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL 1905-06 ...	177	58	235	39	196
	TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL 1904-05 ...	179	54	233	56	177
Assam.						
Surma Valley Districts	Cachar	1	3	4	1	3
	Sylhet	20	13	33	14	19
	Total 1905-06 ...	21	16	37	15	22
	Total 1904-05 ...	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	21
Assam Valley Districts	Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...
	Kamrup	101	98	199	64	135
	Darrang	3	3	6	6	...
	Nowgong	...	3	3	3	...
	Sibsagar	3	15	18	10	8
	Lakhimpur	6	10	16	11	5
	Total 1905-06 ...	113	129	242	94	148
	Total 1904-05 ...	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	113
	TOTAL ASSAM 1905-06 ...	134	145	279	109	170
	TOTAL ASSAM 1904-05 ...	122	75	197	63 (d)	134
	Provincial Grand Total 1905-06...	311	203	514	148	366
	Provincial Grand Total 1904-05...	301	129	430	119	311

(a) Of these cases, one was struck off under section 88 of the Bengal Partition Act.

(b) Of these cases, four were struck off under sections 22 & 33, &c. of the Bengal Partition Act.

(c) Figures not supplied.

(d) Revised in the light of Statement now supplied.

APPENDIX XI.

{ *Vide* paragraph 48 of the text. }

Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them, 1905-06.

No.	Purpose for which the lands were taken up.	Area of land acquired.			Revenue abated.			Cash compensation paid, including other charges.
1	2	3			4			5
		A.	r.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.
1	Government	187	3	16	136	14	1	66,302
2	Municipalities	10	3	10	0	9	1	9,988
3	District or Local Boards ...	192	1	1	48	15	1	32,552
4	Railways	1,279	2	33	91	1	0	1,59,710 ...
5	Other local or public bodies	66	3	1	94	3	5	1,19,102
	Total	1,737	1	23	371	10	8	3,87,660

APPENDIX XIIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885

Division and District.	Transfer of Tenures.			Commutation of rent payable in kind, Section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, Sections 69 and 70.
	(a) Voluntary, Section 12 (3).	(b) By decree sale, Sections 13 (2) and 14.	(c) By succession, Section 15.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dacca Division.					
Dacca.	2140	72	120	...	...
Mymensingh.	1724	16	72	...	...
Faridpur.	939	81	247	...	...
Bakarganj.	9758	325	462	...	...
Total.	14,561	494	901	...	...
Chittagong Division.					
Chittagong.	18,578	348	161	...	...
Tippera.	2,601	131	117	...	...
Noakhali.	7,253	250	222	...	...
Total	28,432	729	500	...	...
Rajshahi Division.					
Rajshahi.	234	...	54	...	...
Dinajpur.	237	...	26	...	...
Jalpaiguri.	682	...	...	...	...
Rangpur.	375	6	38	...	...
Bogra.	249	...	13	...	...
Pabna	387	36	21	...	...
Malda.	83	...	1	...	...
Total.	2247	42	153	...	...
Grand Total	45,240	1265	1,554	...	...
Total of previous financial your. ...	43,365	1415	1,393	1	...

* Figures for the Revenue year not supplied for comparison.

XIIA.

62 of the text.]

1905—1906.

Registration of improvements, Section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, Section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by land lords, Section 87 (2),	Written permission to landlords to measure land under section 90.	Applications by Collectors for appointment of common manager under section 93.	Applications made for a survey and record of rights under chapter x.	Application made for survey and record of proprietor's private lands under chapter xi.	Local Enquiries held by order of a Civil Court, section 158.	Local enquiries held under section 31.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
...	2	11	...	...	...	...	1	5
3	...	14	...	...	...	...	3	1
8	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	3	40	...	...	...	...	4	6
2	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
2	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	6
4	...	9	...	...	2	...	3	6
...	...	15	...	...	2	...	...	...
2	...	10	...	...	4	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	57	...	...	11	...	...	3
63	3	106	...	...	13	...	7	15
52	5	74	...	1	45	...	9	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX XIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 64 of the text.]

Receipts and payments of landlords' fees under Sections 12 to 15 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Division and District.	Amount received during year.	Amount paid out to landlord or other person duly authorized on his behalf to receive it.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca Division.			
Dacca	3,756	129	3·43
Mymensingh	3,029	...	...
Faridpur	2,552	22	·86
Bakarganj...	21,256	209	·98
... ... Total	30,593	360	1·1
Chittagong Division.			
Chittagong	19,048	4,844	25·43
Tippera	5,615	9	·15
Noakhali	8,059	863	10·71
Total	32,722	5,716	17·47
Rajshahi Division.			
Rajshahi	1,086	37	3·4
Dinajpur	525	22	4·19
Jalpaiguri	808	...	...
Rangpur	1,076	3	·02
Bogra	388	...	...
Pabna	574	4	·68
Malda	101	...	...
Total	4,558	66	1·44
Grand Total	67,873	6,142	9·05

APPENDIX—XIII.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Average prices (in seers per rupee) of common rice, wheat, barley, gram.

Division.	District	Commen rice.			Wheat.		
		1903—04	1904—05	1905—06	1903—04	1904—05	1905—06
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.
Dacca Division	Dacca	14—14	14—5	9—11	16—8	15—3	10—11
	Mymensingh	14—9	14—6	9—7	11—14	12—5	9—9
	Faridpur	14—4	13—2	9—11	15—8	17—2	13—12
	Backergunge	13—7	13—12	9—2	...	...	...
Chittagong Division	Chittagong...	13—7	13—0	10—9	...	...	...
	Noakali	15—9	15—4	9—14	...	...	...
	Tippera	13—13	12—12	7—6	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division	Rajshahi	15—2	12—8	7—14	16—5	14—14	11—8
	Dinajpur	14—10	14—11	10—14	13—1	14—2	10—7
	Jalpaiguri	12—10	12—8	9—11	10—12	11—5	9—6
	Rangpur	13—2	14—3	9—10	11—12	11—15	11—7
	Bogra	16—3	15—1	10—1	13—13	13—3	11—7
	Pabna	15—2	14—1	9—9	17—7	16—12	11—6
	Malda	13—0	12—0	8—8	17—0	13—0	11—8
Surma Valley Districts	Cachar	12—12	14—4	12—1	8—14	9—11	7—14
	Sylhet	15—0	16—0	11—0	...	...	—
Assam Valley Districts	Goalpara	13—0	15—0	11—0	16—0	17—0	13—0
	Kamrup	15—8	17—8	13—2	9—0	10—8	9—8
	Darrang	16—0	17—4	12—14	8—11	9—10	7—10
	Nowgong	13—0	14—0	10—0	...	...	...
	Sibsagar	11—12	13—14	12—0	...	...	...
	Lakhimpur	10—8	13—0	12—0	4—4	8—5	7—10

XIII.

5 of the text.]

maize and salt for past three years.

Barley.			Gram.			Maize.			Salt.			Remarks.
1903—04	1904—05	1905—06	1903—04	1921—05	1905—06	1903—04	1904—05	1905—06	1903—04	1904—05	1905—06	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	
20—1	25—11	18—13	14—10	15—9	12—9	...	...	...	11—15	12—11	13—11	
11—2	11—1	12—3	13—7	13—14	11—6	...	...	...	11—12	13—4	14—3	
25—12	29—6	25—12	10—8	12—8	10—8	...	...	...	12—8	13—0	14—0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13—0	13—7	13—12	
...	...	...	12—15	12—0	9—10	...	...	...	13—2	14—3	15—12	
...	...	...	11—12	11—9	12—0	...	...	...	12—6	13—1	15—5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10—10	12—13	14—3	
27—0	24—0	15—12	18—12	16—4	10—4	...	...	...	12—4	14—14	13—4	
...	...	...	15—12	16—13	12—½	...	...	...	13—0	13—9	14—0	
...	...	...	13—1	13—9	12—3	...	...	...	11—0	11—2	12—5	
...	...	...	12—5	12—15	11—1	17—14	...	...	11—9	12—6	12—14	
...	...	...	14—15	14—13	12—14	...	...	...	12—9	14—0	15—0	
25—14	25—8	...	16—9	16—10	12—12	...	...	...	13—5	13—11	15—4	
26—8	27—0	20—0	22—0	17—0	12—8	31—1	30—3	16—4	12—0	14—0	14—0	
...	...	...	12—12	12—13	9—15	...	...	...	11—13	12—13	15—4	
...	...	...	12—0	12—0	10—0	...	...	...	12—0	13—0	14—0	
...	...	...	13—0	14—0	12—0	18—0	15—0	12—0	12—0	12—0	14—0	
...	...	...	12—0	12—8	11—0	...	...	...	10—12	11—6	13—0	
...	...	...	10—12	11—8	10—5	...	...	...	10—3	10—14	13—0	
...	...	...	10—0	10—0	9—0	...	...	...	10—0	11—0	12—0	
...	...	...	10—8	10—12	9—12	...	...	...	10—12	10—8	12—8	
...	...	...	9—12	11—2	10—3	...	...	...	9—3	10—1	10—4	

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XIVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 54 of the text.]

Loans made under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Amount advanced to Local Government by the Government of India.			Interest payable for the year by Local Government to the Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Outstanding at the commencement of the year	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	
1	2	3	4
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
90,925	3,06, 975	1,98,950	6,963·2

APPENDIX—XIVB.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of loans under the

Division and District.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Eastern Bengal.									
DACCA DIVISION.									
Faridpur	5,995	...	1,734	...	1,040	1,040	4,955	...	694
Bakarganj	2,985	...	2,285	...	785	785	2,200	1,500	...
Total ...	8,980	...	4,019	...	1,825	1,825	7,155	1,500	694
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.									
Chittagong	15,241	500	6,866	1,582	2,804	4,386	11,355	...	2,480
Noakhali	...	600	26	...	26	26	574	...	...
Total ...	15,241	1,100	6,892	1,582	2,830	4,412	11,929	...	2,480
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.									
Rajshahi	(a) 7,625	...	7,625	1,997	5,628	7,625	...	...	...
Pabna	1,125	...	450	...	225	225	900	...	225
Total ...	8,750	...	8,075	1,997	5,853	7,850	900	...	225
Grand Total Eastern Bengal ...	32,971	1,100	18,986	3,579	10,508	14,087	19,984	1,500	3,399
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total of the Province ...	32,971	1,100	18,981	3,579	10,508	14,087	19,984	1,500	3,399

(a) This amount represents a sum out of that advanced more than 7 years ago.

XIVB.

55 of the text].

Land Improvement Loans Act.

Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
67	376	443	...	328	328	...	115	...	1,368	...	809
16	200	216	...	150	150	66	...	...	935	1,566	...
83	576	659	...	478	478	66	115	...	2,303	1,566	809
1,184	1,161	2,345	368	1,034	1,402	...	943	1,950	3,838	...	3,423
...	17	17	...	17	17	...	...	...	43	...	...
1,184	1,178	2,362	368	1,051	1,419	...	943	1,950	3,881	...	3,423
...	1,927	1,927	373	1,554	1,927	...	...	2,370	7,182	...	...
...	162	162	...	81	81	...	81	...	306	...	306
...	2,089	2,089	373	1,635	2,008	...	81	2,370	7,488	...	306
1,267	3,843	5,110	741	3,164	3,905	66	1,139	4,320	13,672	1,566	4,538
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,267	3,843	5,110	741	3,164	3,905	66	1139	4,320	13,672	1,566	4,538

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

District details of loans under the

Division and District.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Eastern Bengal.									
DACCA DIVISION.									
Dacca	...	10,246	...	...	...	...	10,246	...	...
Mymensingh	...	14,555	...	...	...	...	14,555	...	...
Faridpur	...	19,548	...	...	4	4	19,544	...	...
Bakarganj	2,026	55,387	9,857	...	1,043	1,043	56,370	3,086	5,724
Total ...	2,026	99,736	9,857	...	1,047	1,047	1,00,715	3,086	5,724
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.									
Tippera	...	35,878	...	...	...	...	35,878	...	...
Noakhali	...	56,995	123	...	24	24	56,971	...	99
Total ...	...	92,873	123	...	24	24	92,849	...	99
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.									
Bogr	...	6,500	...	...	...	...	6,500	...	...
Total...	...	6,500	...	...	...	...	6,500	...	...
Grand Total Eastern Bengal ...	2,026	1,99,109	9,980	...	1,071	1,071	2,00,064	3,086	5,823
Assam.									
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICT.									
Sylhet	...	13,939	...	...	...	...	13,939	...	...
Total ...	...	13,939	...	...	...	...	13,939	...	...
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.									
Kamrup	32,378	25,000	20,682	...	18,167 (*a*)	18,167	39,211	1,426	1,304
Darrang	10,346	11,250	6,545	...	4,304 (*b*)	4,304	17,292	100	2,322
Nowgong	11,490	5,305	5,540	...	3,918	3,918	12,877	1,331	291
Sibsagar	703	...	493	39	454 (*c*)	493	210	...	...
Lakhimpur	1,011	3,010	543	...	623	623	3,398	...	92
Total ...	55,928	44,565	33,803	39	27,466	27,505	72,988	2,857	4,009
Grand Total Assam	55,928	58,504	33,803	39	27,466	27,505	86,927	2,857	4,009
Grand Total of the Province. ...	57,954	2,57,613	43,783	39	28,537	28,576	28,6991	5,943	9,832

(*a*) Includes Rs. 215/ realezed in advance.
(*b*) " Rs. 181/. " " "
(*c&d*) " Rs. 172 and Re. 1/ respectively " "
(*e*) " Rs. 12/ collected in advance in the preciding year (1904-05) for 1905-06 and excludes Re. 1/ collected in advance for future year.

XIVC.

54 and 56 of the text].

Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	213	213	...	44	44	34	135	...	48	34	135
66	741	807	...	206	206	96	505	...	1,249	3,182	6,229
66	954	1,020	...	250	250	130	640	...	1,297	3,216	6,364
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	682	682	...	154	154	...	528	...	178	...	627
...	682	682	...	154	154	...	528	...	178	...	627
...	47	47	...	...	...	...	47	...	...	...	47
...	47	47	...	...	...	...	47	...	...	...	47
66	1,683	1,749	...	404	404	130	1,215	...	1,475	3,216	7,038
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
184	2,306	2,490	...	2,217	2,217	138	135	...	20,384	1,564	1,439
68	660	728	...	580	580	9	139	...	4,884	109	2,461
178	431	609	...	463	463	101	45	...	4,381	1,432	336
...	41	41	...	41 (d)	41	...	...	39	495	...	...
15	55	70	...	46	46	...	25	...	669	...	117
445	3,493	3,938	...	3,347	3,347	248	344	39	30,813	3,105	4,353
445	3,493	3,938	...	3,347	3,347	248	344	39	30,813	3,105	4,353
511	5,176	5,687	...	3,751	3,751	378	1,559	39	32,288	6,321	11,391

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.]

Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order, 1905-1906.

Division.	District.	Amount.	Number of orders.
1	2	3	4
		Rs.	
Eastern Bengal.			
Dacca	Dacca	1,28,644	28,537
	Mymensingh	75,221	17,384
	Faridpur	1,59,688	31,576
	Bakarganj	57,139	6,307
	Total ...	4,20,692	83,804
Chittagong	Chittagong	3,96,303	53,095
	Tippera	57,396	7,150
	Noakhali	12,463	1,669
	Total ...	4,66,162	61,914
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	14,087	2,386
	Dinajpur	16,328	702
	Jalpaiguri	25,325	460
	Rangpur	52,173	2,416
	Bogra	18,117	1,616
	Pabna	60,731	12,195
	Malda	1,000	75
	Total ...	1,87,761	19,850
	Total Eastern Bengal	10,74,615	1,65,568
ASSAM.			
Surma Valley District	Sylhet	28,796	314
	Grand Total ... 1905-06 ...	11,03,411	1,65,882
	1904-05 ...	*	*

* Figures not aviable.

APPENDIX XVB.

[*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.]

Payment of rent by money orders.

Division and District.		Number of money orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.	Percentage of money orders refused to moneyorders issued.
1		2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca Division.						
Dacca	1905—06 ...	1,380	10,584	783	4,796	56·73
	1904—05 ...	1,494	12,670	858	4,764	57·42
Mymensingh ...	1905—06 ...	1,566	33,000	926	8,726	59·13
	1904—05 ...	1,194	25,931	581	5,204	48·65
Faridpur ...	1905—06 ...	1,514	13,727	618	4,017	40·81
	1904—05 ...	1,513	14,112	540	3,815	35·69
Bakarganj ...	1905—06 ...	1,839	31,417	423	3,851	23·02
	1904—05 ...	1,498	24,865	*	*	*
Total ...	1905—06 ...	6,299	88,728	2750	21,390	43·65
	1904—05 ...	5,699	77,578	1,979	13,783	34·72
Chittagong Division.						
Chittagong ...	1905—06 ...	12,606	77,072	467	3,997	3·70
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Tippera	1905—06 ...	2,550	35,398	647	6,689	25·37
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Noakhali ...	1905—06 ...	1,880	20,427	337	3,241	17·92
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Total ...	1905—06 ...	17,036	1,32,897	1,451	13,927	8·51
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Rajshahi Division.						
Rajshahi... ...	1905—06 ...	1,744	46,154	532	5,319	30·5
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Dinajpur ...	1905—06 ...	1,209	17,040	368	3,675	30·43
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Jalpaiguri ...	1905—06 ...	1,620	17,326	120	600	7·40
	1904—05 ...	1,622	13,247	105	385	6·47
Rangpur... ...	1905—06 ...	2,292	50,586	704	10,028	30·71
	1904—05 ...	2,065	46,961	834	9,096	40·38
Bogra	1905—06 ...	1,562	60,218	476	5,945	30·4
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Pabna	1905—06 ...	2,913	43,648	636	5,279	21·83
	1904—05 ...	2,280	35,634	520	4,645	22·8
Malda	1905—06 ...	400	9,879	188	1,962	45·96
	1904—05 ...	578	13,371	307	3,620	53·11
Total ...	1905—06 ...	11,749	2,44,851	3,024	32,808	25·73
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*
Grand Total...	1905—06 ...	35,084	4,66,476	7,225	68,125	20·59
	1904—05 ...	*	*	*	*	*

* Figures not available.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Zamindari Dâk Cess

Division and District.	Number of Estates paying cess.	Land revenue of Estates shown in column 2.	Demands of the year.			Total collections, including excess payments of previous years adjusted within the year.	Remissions
			Current.	Arrear.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dacca Division.							
Dacca	4,844	4,14,333	6,215	179	6,394	6,226	...
Mymensingh	4,198	7,72,373	14,482	158	14,640	7,315	7,243
Faridpur	797	4,11,600	10,290	245	10,535	10,374	2
Bakarganj	1,135	12,36,096	15,450	69	15,519	7,779	7,726
Total ...	10,974	28,34,402	46,437	651	47,088	31,694	14,971
Chittagong Division.							
Chittagong	3,551	5,00,937	8,457	261	8,718	8,518	...
Tippera	1,012	10,08,552	5,042	60	5,102	5,042	...
Noakhali	427	4,99,800	7,497	66	7,563	7,530	1
Total ...	4,990	20,09,289	20,996	387	21,383	21,090	1
Rajshahi Division.							
Rajshahi	2,644	10,07,124	8,180	14	8,194	8,190	...
Dinajpur	944	15,18,135	11,374	37	11,411	11,395	...
Jalpaiguri	216	3,36,466	5,047	68	5,115	5,082	...
Rangpur	520	10,08,789	9,993	36	10,029	9,978	...
Bogra...	405	2,12,285	4,245	33	4,278	4,254	...
Pabna	2,772	3,58,686	5,160	100	5,260	5,148	...
Malda	589	4,03,250	6,300	5	6,305	6,284	...
Total ...	8,090	48,44,735	50,299	293	50,592	50,331	...
Grand Total... 1905—06 ...	24,054	96,88,426	1,17,732	1,331	1,19,063	1,03,115	14,972
1904—05 ...	23,802	98,92,764	1,17,707	1,566	1,19,273	1,18,023	32

XVI.

79 of the text.]

and the cost of its collection during the financial year 1905—1906.

Balances.	Advance payment.	Percentage of total collections (column 7) on total demand column 6).	Amount of penalties realized during the year.	Amount of miscellaneous receipts realized during the year.	Expenditure for the year-		
					Cost of collections of dák. cess.	Cost of zamindari dák.	Total.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
168	6,857	97·37	161	482	782	5,087	5,869
82	15,143	49·36	166	...	1,566	11,284	12,850
159	7,237	98·47	210	...	280	8,264	8,544
14	4,261	50·12	55	...	1,262	9,384	10,646
423	33,498	67·31	592	482	3,890	34,019	37,909
200	4,008	97·74	667	...	609	9,662	
60	5,052	98·82	69	39	917	3,150	4,067
32	633	99·56	36	3	862	7,029	7,891
292	9,693	98·63	772	42	2,388	19,841	22,229
4	2,624	99·95	198	3	406	8,317	8,723
16	1,123	99·86	55	1	612	9,802	10,414
33	479	99·36	29	25	669	3,435	4,104
51	7,085	99·49	17	1	1,159	9,550	10,709
24	3,968	99·43	29	1	798	3,826	4,624
112	7,842	97·87	42	2	898	5,149	6,047
21	2,751	99·66	23	14	140	6,565	6,705
261	25,872	99·48	393	47	4,682	46,644	51,326
976	69,063	86·61	1,757	571	10,960	1,00,504	1,11,464
1218	55,831	98·95	2,224	444	13,339	1,13,729	1,27,068

Gandaria Press, Dacca.—500-29-12-1906.

Resolution on the Land Revenue Administration Report of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1905-1906.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department, No. 2835 C., dated Shillong, the 15th March 1907.

Read—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the New Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1905-1906.

Read also—

The Annual Land Revenue Statements of the four Hill Districts, which are not under the jurisdiction of the Board.

RESOLUTION.

The Boards' report, which was due to Government on the 21st October 1906, did not reach it till the 7th January 1907, when only two advance copies were received.

The statement for the Hill Districts were received within the prescribed period. A summary of these statements is appended to this Resolution, the demand for land revenue proper is so small that no further comment is necessary.

2. The Board's report and the statements for the Hill Districts are for the revenue year 1905-1906 and cover the period from the 1st July 1905 to the 30th June 1906. The title of the Board's Report is strictly speaking not quite accurate, since it does not deal with the districts of the Garo, Naga, Lushai and the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, which are administered by the Commissioner (in the case of the Garo Hills by the Deputy Commissioner) under the direct orders of Government.

3. The delay in the submission of the report was anticipated by Government. The new revenue year,—1st July to 30th June,—was adopted under the orders of Sir Bampfylde Fuller in accordance with the procedure followed in all parts of India, except Bengal, and has been enjoined in order to allow the people more time for the payment of revenue, after the in-gathering of the winter and spring harvest, without at the same time interfering with the *kist* dates that have been sanctified by prescription in the case of permanently-settled revenue. But as the orders to make the change were not issued to the Board until the 23rd May 1906, the District Officers, who had already prepared the materials for the reports in the year ending 31st March, were considerably retarded by having to compile fresh figures at so short a notice.

4. *Weather and crops, prices of food, wages and material condition of the people.*—The year was distinctly unfavourable from an agricultural point of view, excessive floods doing wide damage to the crops both in Eastern Bengal and Assam. Owing to the unfavourable distribution of rainfall, the outturn of the rice crops was poor, except in some portions of Assam and the Rajshahi Division. There was a general rise in the prices of food-grains which reached almost to famine rates towards the close of the year. From the commencement of the cold weather, Government maintained a careful watch over the rise in prices and the First Member of the Board made personal investigations in the subject in Bakarganj. Rice was imported into Chittagong Hill Tracts at the expense of Government under the supervision of officers specially deputed for the purpose. It was at first hoped that, except in rare cases, the incipient distress could be obviated by the issue of agricultural loans, which were freely granted, but the continuance in the rise of prices rendered additional Government action necessary. In the month of June, the Commissioner and Heads of Departments met and discussed the adoption of more comprehensive measure of relief. Relief works were started and gratuitous relief was given to the infirm and helpless. Those districts which were dependent solely on the rice crop, experienced a fall in wages as the result of the poor outturn. Other districts, however, which had a second crop to fall back on, such as jute, or where the demand for labour was great owing to the construction of large public works, suffered less in this respect.

5. *Demands, Collections, etc.*—In spite of unfavourable conditions above described the revenue demand under all heads showed a considerable increase. The Board observe that the incidence of Government revenue on the permanently-settled estates is extremely light, having been calculated at a time when these lands had not attained to anything like their present value.

The collections in temporarily-settled estates, and estates the property of Government, showed a slight decrease in consequence of the adverse conditions already mentioned, but the tenants holding direct from Government showed no signs of being unable to meet the demand, and it was not found necessary actually to suspend any portion of thn demand. It is satisfactory to note that the general condition of the Government tenants compared favourably with that of those on private estates both in respect of the rate of rents paid and of the indulgence shown in hard times.

In Assam the Lieutenant-Governor notes with satisfaction the good results following on the extension of the system of collection through *mauzadars* and the gradual abolition of the tahsils, which, however, were not actually closed during the year under report, as they had heavy arrears to collect.

6. *Money-orders.*—The Board observe that the payment by money-orders of Land Revenue shows a tendency to increase. There is no corresponding increase in the payment of rents by this means, except where the relations between the tenants and their zamindars are strained. The latter, as a rule, dislike and discourage the payment of rent by this means, and it is suggested their subordinate collecting agency have personal reasons for so doing.

7. *Coercive Measures.*—The sale law continues to be administered with due consideration in the permanently-settled districts, and the certificate procedure was also applied leniently where the circumstances required it, especially in Bakarganj. His Honour concurs in the Board's remarks on a slight increase of coercive measures in the districts of the Assam Valley, and in their opinion that the *mauzadars* should depend more upon their personal influence and exertions for realization than upon coercive processes.

It is satisfactory to note that there was no case of imprisonment for failure to pay Government dues in any of the transferred districts during the year.

8. *Processes.*—The Lieutenant-Governor will be glad if in the ensuing year more detailed information is supplied by the Board as to the results of the new system of the service of processes through the Presidents of Village Unions now introduced in the districts of Dacca and Tippera.

9. *Changes in law.*—Two important changes in the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation (I of 1886) were effected by the amending Regulation (II of 1905). A distinct improvement in realizations followed on the first of these (the substitution of warrants of attachment for notices of demand as a first measure), and the Lieutenant-Governor awaits the result of the Board's promised consideration of the ejectment procedure, which formed the second innovation.

The principal event in Eastern Bengal was the abolition of the Zamindari Dâk Cess from the 1st April 1906, but the effect of this measure will be discussed more appropriately in the report on the current year.

10. *Minerals.*—The increase in revenue derived from minerals in the year under review is remarkable, and as the richness of the mineral deposits in Lakhimpur and the Hill Districts is becoming more and more appreciated by the public, extensive prospecting operations have been set on foot by companies and private individuals. With the extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway from Dhubri to Gauhati a great increase in the wealth of these districts may be anticipated.

11. *Condition of the raiyats in Government estates.*—The reclamation proceedings in Char Muhammad Ali in Noakhali are being watched with interest, and it is hoped that this latest addition to the number of Government estates may prosper through the liberal grant of advances which have recently been made to settlers.

12. *Irrigation and embankments.*—The damage done to cultivation by the breaching of the Nonai river embankment is engaging the serious attention of Government, but the changes in the course of the river have rendered the institution of protective measures a matter of great difficulty.

13. *Land Registration.*—It is noted that the work under this head is steadily increasing, and the accumulations in certain districts have called for the attention of the Board. It will be interesting to know whether the system of enquiries on this head through village *panchayats* has been as successful in other districts as in Mymensingh.

14. *Partition.*—The institutions in Eastern Bengal slightly exceeded the disposals. The Act appears to have worked smoothly on the whole.

In Assam there was a great increase, which is not accounted for, in the number of applications. The Lieutenant-Governor notes that the Board have discovered an irregular practice whereby partitions resulting in a Land Revenue demand of less than Rs. 5 have been allowed to take effect in spite of the prohibitions in the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation. The matter is being dealt with.

15. *Land Acquisition.*—The large Land Acquisition projects which have been taken in hand by the Board are a special feature of the year under review. They mark the prelude to a further opening out of the country to trade, in the direction of Calcutta through the Dhubri-Gauhati extension, and towards the improved Port of Chittagong through the Akhaura-Bhoirab and Kulauara-Sylhet lines.

Very extensive acquisition proceedings were initiated at Dacca with a view to the erection of a Government House, offices and official residences and the establishment of a central agricultural farm; also at Chittagong for the construction of a Government House and Staff Quarters,—all measures following on the decision to establish the capital of the new Province at the former place.

16. *Co-operative Credit Society.*—Co-operative credit in the province is still in its infancy, and during the year under report the existing Societies have had to face unusual difficulties due to the unfavourable conditions of agriculture and the mutual distrust prevalent among the country people in such matters. The Shillong Town Bank, however, has worked with conspicuous success, and the widespread issue of *takavi* loans by Government on joint security will, it is hoped, pave the way to a greater appreciation of the principle of co-operation.

17. *Working of the Tenancy Act.*—The Board's remarks on this subject are brief, and indicate that they consider an amendment of the Act to be necessary on the lines of the Bill now under discussion in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. The matter is under the consideration of Government.

18. The Lieutenant-Governor's thanks are due to the Board of Revenue for their administration of the Land Revenue Department. The names of the officers mentioned as deserving of special consideration have been noted by the Lieutenant-Governor for record in the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor,

H. LEMESURIER,

Offg. Chief Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

APPENDICES.

SUMMARY OF THE STATEMENTS FOR THE HILL DISTRICTS.

Land Revenue.—In the four Hill Districts of the Province, *viz.*, the Naga Hills, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, the Garo Hills and the Lushai Hills, the total number of estates, settled either temporarily or permanently, rose from 8,088 in the previous year to 9,020 in the year under review. The total demand for the year was Rs. 35,727, Rs. 34,701 being the current and Rs. 1,026 the arrear demand, the last year's figures being :—total demand Rs. 34,720, current Rs. 32,434 and arrear Rs. 2,286. The increase in the total amount of demand is apparently due to the fact that more estates were settled than in the previous year. Of this demand, no less than Rs. 25,344 is for the Garo Hills alone, the other districts showing merely small demands for station lands or mission stations.

Tho total collections amounted to Rs. 32,889, of which Rs. 31,883 were on the current and Rs. 1,006 on the arrear account, the figures for the year preceding being :—total collections Rs. 33,465, current account Rs. 31,299, and arrear account Rs. 2,166. The decrease in collections is no doubt due to the large remissions allowed in the Garo Hills in respect of lands damaged by floads,—the total amount remitted during the year being no less than Rs. 2,816, as against Rs. 229 only during 1904-1905.

The percentage of current collections on current demand was 91·87, as compared with 96·50 of the preceding year. The percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand was 98·05, as against 94·75, and this may be considered to have been a satisfactory result. The percentage of total collections on total demand had been 92·05, as against 96·38 in the previous year. The decrease in the percentage of current collections and in that of total collections may also be accounted for by the larger remissions permitted during the year. It is satisfactory to note that the percentage of total uncollected balances on total demand stood at ·06, as against 2·95 of the previous year. The detailed figures will be found at Appendix III-A of the appendices.

2. *Miscellaneous Revenue.*—Appendix V of the Appendices gives the detailed information about the demand, collections and remissions in the Miscellaneous Revenue Department of these Hill Districts.

The current demand for the year was Rs. 1,90,989, as against Rs. 1,93,913, the arrear demand Rs. 5,496, as against Rs. 258, the current collections Rs. 1,90,618, as against Rs. 1,85,350, the arrear collections Rs. 5,330, as against Rs. 255, remissions Rs. 288, as against 3,104, current balance Rs. 249, as against Rs. 5,462, and payment in advance for future years Rs. 2,326, as against nothing of the previous year, respectively. The principal items are house and hoe taxes in the Garo, Lushai and Naga Hills and rents for coal, lime and stone in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills.

The results taken as a whole do not call for any special observations or remarks, and may be taken as satisfactory.

APPENDIX III-A.

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of ordinary Land Revenue, including Malikana *of Estates on the Revenue-Roll of the Hill Districts of Assam during the year* 1905-1906.

District.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remission.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.				Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 20 is excluded from the demand and that in column 21 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).	Total uncollected balances (column 12) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Naga Hills	1	10	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	2,032	9,197	909	10,106	9,197	909	10,106	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills ... Temporarily settled	6,904	25,215	117	25,332	22,397	97	22,494	2,816	22	...	22	...	22	88·82	82·90	88·80	·06	84	...	...	...
Garo Hills ... Permanently settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
Total Garo Hills	6,905	25,227	117	25,344	22,409	97	22,506	2,816	22	...	22	...	22	88·82	82·90	88·80	·08	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	82	267	...	267	267	...	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
Total temporarily settled	9,019	34,689	1,026	35,715	31,871	1,006	32,877	2,816	22	...	22	...	22	91·87	98·05	92·05	·06	...	...	...	...
Total permanently settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	9,020	34,701	1,026	35,727	31,883	1,006	32,889	2,816	22	...	22	...	22	91·87	98·05	92·05	·06	...	...	...	...
Total for the previous year	8,688	32,434	2,286	34,720	31,299	2,166	33,465	229	1,023	...	1,026	...	1,026	96·50	94·75	96·38	2·95	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Demands and Collections on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1905-1906.

Source of revenue.	Naga Hills.								Khasi and Jaintia Hills.								Garo Hills.			
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.	
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,174	3,886	7,174(*a*)	3,886	...	...	...	1,841	1,131	...	1,131	...
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	67,921	...	67,831	...	90	...	...	...	30,346	98	30,182	64	34	164	...	...	43,165	211	43,158	79
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,735	...	9,735	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	288	417	288(*b*)	417	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	750	500	750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6(*a*). Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other miscellaneous items not specified above	164	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	807	100	807	100	...	...	...	...	134	...	134	...
Total	68,085	...	67,995	...	90	...	...	...	48,850	5,251	48,686	5,217	34	164	...	1,841	44,430	211	44,423	79
Total for the previous year	63,600	...	60,502	...	3,098	...	...	...	57,924	...	52,673	...	...	5,251	...	...	42,966	180	42,755	177

(*a*) Including a sum of Rs. 2,765 advance collection made in previous year taken into account.
(*b*) Ditto 176 ditto ditto ditto.

APPENDIX V—*concluded.*

Statements showing the Demands and Collections on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill districts of Assam during the year 1905-1906—concluded.

Source of revenue.	Garo Hills.				Lushai Hills.								Total for the year.							
	Remission.	Balance.		Payment of advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	457	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,305	3,886	8,305	3,886	...	...	...	2,298
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	132	7	...	...	29,598	34(a)	29,488	34	32	78	...	28	1,71,630	...	1,70,659	177	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,735	343	9,735	...	288	249	...	23
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	288	417	288	417	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	750	500	750	...	...	...	...
6(a) Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases of redemption of land revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit-rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	...	...	...	...	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	1,131	100	1,131	100	...	...	...	...
Total	132	7	...	457	29,624	34	29,514	34	32	78	...	28	1,90,989	5,496	1,90,618	5,330	288	249	...	2,326
Total for the previous year	3	211	...	...	29,423	78	29,420	78	3	...	...	...	1,93,913	258	1,85,350	255	3,104	5,462	...	...

(a) This amount was realised in June 1905 after the close of the treasury accounts, and was credited into the accounts during the current year.

E. B. & A. S. P. O. (C. S. D.)— No. 187—250—3-6-1907.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE PROVINCE OF

EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM

(Excluding Hill Districts of Assam)

FOR THE REVENUE YEAR.

1906-1907.

DACCA
GANDARIA PRESS
1907.

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INDEX TO TEXT.

Para.		Page.
1-2.	Preliminary	1
	Section I.—General Condition of the Year.	
3.	Weather and crops	1-2
4.	Prices of food and labour	2
5-8.	Material condition of the people (including Public Health, Trade and Inter district Immigration and Emigration)	2-3
	Section II.—Settled area and Demand of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
	A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.	
9.	Statistics of area and demand under the different classes of estates (including variations)	4
10.	Permanently-settled estates	4
11.	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.	4
12.	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	4
13.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	4-5
14.	Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam	5
	B.—SETTLEMENTS FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.	
15.	Total area and revenue	5
16.	Applications for settlement	6
17.	Resignation and resumption of grants	6
	Section III.—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
18.	Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances	6
19.	Permanently-settled estates	6
20.	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers	7
21.	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	7
22.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	7-8
23.	Remittances of revenue and rent by money order	8
24-27.	Coercive measures :—	8-10
24.	(a) Operation of the sale laws (Eastern Bengal)	8-9
25.	(b) Certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal)	9-10
26.	(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment	10
27.	(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	10
28.	Processes	11-12
	Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.	
29.	General (showing demands, collections, remissions and balances.)	12
30.	Fisheries	12
31.	Minerals	12
32.	House-tax and poll-tax	12
33.	Survey fees	12-13
34.	Sale of Government lands	13
35.	Redemption of land revenue	13
	Section V.—Other Revenue work.	
36-39.	Estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal) :—	13-14
37.	(a) Collecting agency.	13

Para.		Page.
38.	(b) Grant for the management, sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements	13-14
39.	(c) Education	14
40-44.	Irrigation, drainage, and embankments	14-15
45-46.	Land Registration :—	15-16
45.	(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876	15-16
46.	(b) Under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	16
47.	Separate Accounts (Acts XI of 1859 and VII of 1876)	16-17
48.	Registration of Tenures (Act XI of 1859)	17
49-51.	Partitions	17
52-57.	Land Acquisition	18-19
58-60.	Loans :—	19-20
59.	(a) Land-Improvement (Act XIX of 1883)	20
60.	(b) Agriculturists' (Act XII of 1884).	20
61.	Co-operative Credit Societies.	20
62.	General revenue work of the Land Records Staff.	21
64.	Village headmen.	21

Section VI.—Rent.

65-66.	**A.—Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act.**	21
67.	Transfers, voluntary and by sale in execution of decrees (sections 12, 13 and 14) and by succession (section 15).	21
68.	Payment of landlords' fees.	21-22
69.	Preparation of price lists (section 39).	22
70.	Rent payable in kind—	22
	(a) Commutation of (section 40).	22
	(b) Appraisement and division of crops (sections 69 and 70)	22
71.	Registration of improvements (section 80).	22
72.	Notice of re-entry upon lands by landlords [section 87 (2)].	22
73.	Local enquiries held by order of Court (sections 158 and 31).	22
74.	**B.—Miscellaneous.**	22

Section VII.—General.

75.	Tours and Inspections, with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries—.	
75-76.	(a) of Members of the Board.	22
77.	(b) of Commissioners.	22-24
78.	(c) of District Officers.	24
79.	(d) of Subdivisional Officers.	24-25
80.	Alienation and Assignment of land revenue.	25
81.	Records.	25-26
82.	Treasure Trove Act	26
83.	Abolition of the Zamindari Dâk Cess	26
84-85.	Personnel—	
84.	(a) of the Board.	27
85.	(b) of Commissioners.	27
86.	Merits of Officers.	27

INDEX TO APPENDICES.

	Page.
IA.—Classification of land tenures (Eastern Bengal).	i
IB.— Do Do (Assam).	ii-iv
IIA.—Changes on the land revenue demand of Government and temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal). . . .	v-vii
IIB.—Changes on the land revenue demand on fully assessed area taken up for ordinary cultivation (Assam).	viii-ix
IIC.—Fluctuations in the *khiraj* area of Assam Valley Districts, including land held by tea planters (Assam).	x
IID.—Area settled with ex-tea coolies and other immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts (Assam).	xi
IIIA.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary Land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of estates on the revenue roll (Provincial).	xii-xiii
IIIB.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of permanently-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	xiv-xv
IIIC.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary Land revenue of temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal). . .	xvi-xvii
IIID.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary Land revenue of estates held direct (Eastern Bengal). . . .	xviii-xix
IIIE.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana) of estates on the revenue Roll (Assam).	xx-xxi
IVA.—Proceedings under the Sale Law (Eastern Bengal). . . .	xxii-xxiii
IVB.—Working of the certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal). . . .	xxiv-xxv
IVC.—Coercive means employed for the collection of the land revenue (Assam).	xxvi-xxviii
IVD.—Processes served and their cost (Provincial).	xxix
V.—Demands, collections, remissions and balances on account of miscellaneous land revenue (Provincial).	xxx-xlvii
VI.—Sale of proprietary rights in Government estates (Provincial). . .	xlviii
VII.—Alienations and Assignments of land revenue existing in the Province (Provincial).	xlix
VIIIA.—Cost of management of estates held direct by Government (Eastern Bengal)	
VIIIB.—Expenditure incurred on estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal).	li
IXA.—Intermediate registrations under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 (Eastern Bengal).	lii
IXB.—Registration of changes amongst proprietors and landholders (Assam).	liii
IXC.—District details of separate accounts (Eastern Bengal) . . .	liv-lv
IXD.—Registration of tenures, Act XI of 1859 (Eastern Bengal). . .	lvi
X.—Disposal of partition cases (Provincial)	lvii
XI.—Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them (Provincial).	lviii
XIIA.—Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act (Eastern Bengal). . .	lix-lxi
XIIB.—Landlords' fees (Eastern Bengal).	lxii
XIII—Average price of common rice, wheat, &c (Provincial). . . .	lxiii-lxv
XIVA.—Agriculturists' and Land Improvement Loans (Provincial). . .	lxvi

	Page.
XIVB.—District details of Land Improvement Loans (Provincial). . .	lxvii-lxix
XIVC.—District details of Agriculturists' Loans (Provincial) . . .	lxx-lxxi
XVA.—Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order (Eastern Bengal)	lxxii
XVB.—Payment of rent by money order (Eastern Bengal) . . .	lxxiii

No. 94 $\frac{\text{Mis. L. R.}}{\text{G}}$

FROM

J. T. RANKIN, Esq., I. C. S.,

Secretary to the Board of Revenue, E. B. & A.,

TO

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

Dated, Dacca, the 27th November 1907.

LAND REVENUE.
(Miscellaneous).

SIR,

I am directed to submit the second report on the Land Revenue Administration of the plains districts of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the revenue year 1906-07.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C S. I., Member in charge.

2. The Board regret that this year also they have been unable to be punctual in the submission of the report. This is mainly due to the late submission of some of the district reports to Commissioners. The Board will ask Commissioners to see that District Officers are in future more punctual. They observe that many of the district reports were received in time and do not consider that there was any valid excuse for the delay in respect of the others. The dates on which the reports were received by the Board from the Divisional Commissioners are noted below :—

Dacca	Division	... ...	5th to 9th October, 1907.
Chittagong	Do	... ...	26th September, 1907.
Rajshahi	Do	... ...	10th September to 13th October, 1907.
Surma Valley	Districts	...	17th September, 1907.
Assam Valley	Districts	...	26th September, 1907.

Section I.—General Conditions of the Year.

3. From an agricultural point of view, the year under report though better than the preceding year was not a satisfactory one. The rainfall which was above the normal was badly distributed. There was an unusually heavy fall in the months of July and August followed every where by abnormal flood which caused considerable damage to the early rice and jute crops and retarded the transplantation of aman or winter rice. To this succeeded a very dry cold weather which had an unfavourble effect on the crops of that season ; so that on the whole the outturn of food crops of the year was below the average. To rice the weather was unfavourable except in Cachar and in some parts of the Assam Valley and of the Rajshahi Division.

Weather and Crops.

The jute crop is reported to have been up to the average in quantity in most parts of the Dacca Division and was not far below it elsewhere. But the cutting of the crop was delayed by the floods which affected the quality of the fibre. Owing however to keen demand, prices ruled unprecedentedly high and much more than made up to the cultivators in the Jute districts their losses on other crops. As a result of the high price the cultivation of this fibre is now rapidly extending in the Assam Valley, in Noakhali and in the Western Duars.

The season was favourable to Tea and the outturn was good specially in the districts of Darrang and Lakhimpur and the prices obtained were better than for many years past.

Among minor crops sugar-cane seems to have done well. Mustard and *matikalai* suffered from the deficiency of rain in the winter and the mangoe crop in Malda is said to have been damaged by hail-storms.

Prices of food and labour.

Appendix XIII.

4. The prices of all food grains ranged extraordinarily high throughout the year and were considerably in excess of the very high prices of the preceding year. Indeed at one period common rice was selling at the rate of five seers to the rupee in the head-quarters stations of all the districts in the Dacca Division and in Chittagong. Apart from the general causes which have inflated prices throughout India, the partial failure of the rice crop in the previous year, the short harvest of the year under report and the reduction of rice cultivation consequent on the extended cultivation of jute are some of the special causes which contributed to the high level of prices in this Province. As pointed out by the Commissioner of the Dacca Division the cultivation of jute and the high price paid for it has put more money into the hands of the cultivators and so has increased their purchasing power and a rise in the cash value of commodities they purchase has been the inevitable result.

In Assam and Rajshahi Division where the weather was not altogether unfavourable, the high price of rice is further attributed to extensive exportation and to the retention of large stocks by dealers and big cultivators in anticipation of still higher prices. The price of salt fell as the result of the reduction of duty and also of the keen competition maintained between Liverpool and Karkach salt.

Except in the Surma Valley and Rajshahi Divisions, the wages of labourers rose with the rise in prices of food grains and generally stood at a high level. Even in Rajshahi Division there has been an upward tendency in certain localities which is ascribed partly to dearness of food grains and partly to unusually high earnings in the jute trade. In the Surma Valley wages seem in general to have been stationary and there was even some reduction in Sunamganj and Habiganj sub-divisions of Sylhet, where probably the demand for labour was limited by the scarcity that prevailed in those parts.

Material condition of the people.

5. The year was one of considerable hardship to the middle classes who depend on fixed incomes and to the landless labourers and to beggars. To all of these the high prices and poor crops brought more or less severe distress and in some parts relief operations were started and gratuitous relief was distributed to those unable to labour. It was also found necessary to make advances freely to cultivators where the crops were poor or there had been loss of cattle from flood or disease. To the great majority of the cultivators, who after all form the bulk of the population of the Province, the year on the whole was not unfavourable and wherever jute is grown the raiyats were exceedingly well off.

As regards the Assam Valley Mr. Monahan writes :—

"The pessimistic accounts often heard of the condition of the Assamese cultivators are, I think, somewhat exaggerated. Planters and native gentlemen alike inveigh against the indolence of the raiyats because they are not inclined to work as hired labourers, but this fact does not argue that their condition is declining. As one Assamese gentleman said to me, it is only the most inefficient who will work for hire. One is told in the same breath that they are poorer than they were, and that they spend more on luxuries. Many, no doubt, are impoverished by excessive use of opium, but they are probably a minority. I think that a majority of the raiyats must have benefited greatly by the high prices of agricultural produce ; on the other hand, there can be no doubt, but that in parts of Nowgong, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur, they have been hit hard by losses of cattle".

The indebtedness of the people is noticed only by the Commissioner of Chittagong who observes that in Noakhali there is a good deal of indebtedness among cultivators which is largely due to their fondness for litigation and extra-

vagance in respect of social ceremonies. Probably these remarks are applicable to the cultivators in a great part of the Province. The condition of the tenants on Government Khas Mahal Estates in Eastern Bengal is in general reported to have been satisfactory.

Public Health.

6. The public health in the year under report was generally better than in the preceding year. Cholera and Small-pox were as usual present in all districts, but there does not seem to have been any very serious epidemic of either disease. Malarial fever as usual was the cause of many deaths in most of the districts of the Rajshahi Division and was also prevalent in Dacca and Bakarganj. In the Assam Valley the Comissioner reports that Kala-azar is decreasing appreciably.

Trade.

7. Rice, jute and tea are the most important products of the Province. As is usual rice was exported in large quantities from Chittagong, Bakarganj and parts of the Rajshahi Division, but alongside of the export and in consequence of it and of the poor crops of the year there sprang up a very large import of Burma rice through Chittagong to all parts of the Province, in particular to Tippera, Sylhet and Cachar and the districts of the Dacca and Rajshahi Divisions.

The trade in jute continues to expand and in spite of a larger supply the price reached during the year was the highest on record and as already pointed out this had a very marked economic effect in the Province. The three great centres of the trade are Narainganj, Serajganj and Chandpur.

The trade in tea is reported to have been brisk and the prices obtained to have been the highest.

It is reported from some districts that the weaving industry has of late received a considerable impetus, a result doubtless of the *swadeshi* cult. The demand for Mainamati cloth, manufactured in Tippera, has improved, in Pabna weaving has increased and a company has been started for the manufacture of stockings and vests, in Noakhali weavers are reported to be in a better condition and the export of cloth from Dacca, Mymensingh and Faridpur is noticed by the Commissioner. Formerly a large quantity of mustard seed was exported from the Assam Valley but this export has decreased on the establishment of oil mills at Gauhati.

Emigration and Immigration.

8. Immigrants to this Province are generally of two classes :—those that migrate permanently or for long periods, and those that come for a season or for short periods. To the first class belong the Tea garden coolies, the mehtars, and the cultivating settlers of waste lands like the Nepalese in Jalpaiguri, the Sonthals in south Dinajpur and Bogra, and the Hill-men in Chittagong. To the second belong generally the landless labourers of neighbouring districts who flock to rice and jute growing tracts in the sowing and harvesting seasons and also the labourers who come in great numbers from other parts of India to find employment in the jute presses, and on tank digging, jungle clearing and other similar work which the inhabitants of the Province are too well off to undertake themselves.

To the former class belong some 5,000 coolies imported during the year for the Tea gardens of Cachar and Sylhet.

There are no data from which the number of the second class can be estimated with any approach to accuracy.

There is practically no permanent emigration, but labourers in Chittagong migrate temporarily to Burma during harvest. Regarding these the Commissioner writes :—

"As usual a considerable number of labourers went from this district (Chittagong) to Akyab and other places for the harvesting of crops and for earth-work in the dry season, but very few of them stayed longer than the working season. A capitation tax of Rs 2/8/– a head was realized from them by the local Burma authorities on their arrival. Representations were made to the Commissioner of the Arakan Division who has promised to enquire into the matter."

Section II.—Settled area and demand of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.

Statistics of area and demand under different classes of estates (including variations).

Appendices IA and IB.

9. The total revenue-paying area of the districts under the Board at the close of the year under report was 50,931 sq. miles with a revenue of Rs. 1,86,50,082 including the revenue amounting to Rs. 9,22,914 derived from the area under special cultivation and the value of the services of *Gaonburas* (Rs. 25,966) remitted during the year. As compared with the previous year the above figures show an increase of 596 sq. miles in the area and of Rs. 2,10,059 in the revenue. The increase in the revenue was 1·14 per cent. over the preceding year's demand, the corresponding percentage in the previous year being ·6. The causes of variation in the revenue and in the revenue-paying area are dealt with below. The incidence of revenue per square mile was Rs. 372·7 as against Rs. 373 in the preceding year. 52 per cent. of the total revenue was contributed by the permanently-settled estates, 36 per cent. by the temporarily-settled estates and 12 per cent. by the estates under direct management of Government, as against 53, 36 and 11 per cent. respectively in the previous year. The incidence of revenue per acre in the above three classes of estates was 6·1 annas, 1·52 rupees and 1·03 rupees respectively.

Permanently-settled estates.

10. The total number of permanently-settled estates in both parts of the Province was, at the close of the year, 1,16,690 comprising an area of 2,55,45,553 acres or 39,915 square miles with a revenue of Rs. 98,12,307 as against 1,16,682 estates, 40,204 square miles and Rs. 98,13,442 in the previous year. The increase in the number of estates was mainly due to settlement of excess lands of certain lakhiraj resumed taluks with the proprietors and to partitions, while the decrease in revenue is accounted for by the transfer of estates to another class and to abatements given for lands acquired for public purposes. Of the total area, 2,16,15,599 acres or 33,774 square miles lie in Eastern Bengal distributed over 66,815 estates yielding Rs. 94,35,759 as land revenue and 39,29,954 acres or 6,140 square miles covered by 49,875 estates with a revenue of Rs. 3,76,548 in Assam.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

11. At the close of the year there were in Eastern Bengal 1,457 estates settled temporarily with proprietors and farmers comprising an area of 9,33,817 acres or 1,459 square miles with a revenue of Rs. 7,79,518.. These figures show a slight decrease as compared with those of the previous year, *viz.*, of 17 estates and Rs. 2,042 in revenue. The decrease in the number of estates was due to transfer of estates to class III, removal of an estate from the tauzi roll and amalgamation of estates and that in revenue was brought about chiefly by the first cause.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

12. In Eastern Bengal the number of estates held under the direct management of Government was 1,559 covering an area of 21,10,632 acres or 3,298 sq. miles with a revenue of Rs. 21,72,613. In the previous year there were 1,538 such estates with a revenue of Rs. 21,13,380. The increase was the result of settlement and resettlement, auction purchases and resumptions.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.

Appendices IB, IIB, IIC, & IID.

13. The total area settled for ordinary cultivation in Assam amounted to 25,91,573 acres with a revenue of Rs. 50,68,415, of which 24,02,772 acres were fully assessed and 1,88,801 acres were assessed at half rates. As compared with the figures of the previous year there was an increase of 63,058 acres in area and of Rs. 1,38,840 in revenue. This increase, which is the result of extension of cultivation, is shared by all the districts, but was greatest in Kamrup where it was over 19 thousand

(with a revenue demand of over 30 thousand) and in Sibsagar and Nowgong which contributed over 7 thousand each.

The decrease in the annually-settled and the increase in the periodically-settled area shewn in Appendix IB are due to the substitution of periodic for annual leases in the case of established cultivation on resettlement and resurvey. There was a decrease of 437 acres in area and of Rs. 374 in the revenue demand of *Nisf-khiraj* estates (settled at half rates) due mainly to the exclusion of lands acquired for the extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in the district of Kamrup. Leaving aside the *Nisf-khiraj* area, the increase in the area of the land taken up for ordinary cultivation was 2·7 per cent. and in revenue 2·9 per cent. as against ·5 per cent. and 1·5 per cent. respectively in the previous year.

The noticeable variations under head "Town lands" are an increase of Rs. 547 in Silchar owing to settlement of the sites of certain private buildings situated in the old Silchar Cantonment (sanctioned in Government order No. 7668C., dated the 30th July 1906) and a decrease of Rs. 106 in Sibsagar due to acquisition of lands in the Jorhat Sub-division for the new district head-quarters.

The fluctuations in the area under special settlement (from 1,86,266 acres with a revenue demand of Rs. 90,361 in the previous year to 1,85,279 acres with a revenue demand of Rs. 92,589) during the year under report were slight. The decrease in area was mainly owing to resumption on alienation of some of the special tenures in Sibsagar known as the "Ten-twenties". In the Nambor Forest in the Sibsagar district 209 houses of colonists were established and 852 acres of land taken up, of which 350 acres was brought under cultivation up to the 30th June 1907. The Deputy Commissioner, Sibsagar, remarks :—

"The progress of colonization in the Nambor is not so satisfactory as might be wished. The mauzadars of Naojan and Rengmapathar complain that numerous raiyats who have taken loans on their surety have left their mauzas and settled elsewhere. The mauzadar of Rengmapathar attributes the unwillingness of people to come to these mauzas or when arrived to stay there, to the difficulty of communication."

The Board have already noticed that the progress of colonization in the Nambor Forest has not so far been very encouraging, and in connection with the general question of colonization of waste lands in Assam they made certain proposals to facilitate colonization in such remote tracts.

Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam.

Appendix IID.

14. The area settled with ex-tea garden coolies increased from 1,16,677 acres to 1,24,072 acres, that is, nearly 6 per cent. and that settled with other immigrants (to the extent of 4,764 acres) nearly 15 per cent. This appears satisfactory. As remarked last year a noticeable feature is the increased settlement of Nepalese in the Darrang and Lakhimpur districts. Some 40 families of Mahomedans are also reported to have come from Mymensingh and settled in mauza Bishnath in the Tezpur sub-division.

B.—Settlements for special cultivation.

Total area and revenue.

15. The area settled for special cultivation at the end of the year was 13,99,262 acres with a revenue demand of Rs. 9,22,914 against 13,97,012 acres and Rs. 9,11,406 respectively in the previous year. The bulk of the area, *viz.*, 11,63,334 acres with a revenue of Rs. 7,21,596, lies in Assam and the remainder in the Jalpaiguri district. There has been an increase both in area and revenue in Assam pointing to progressive development, while Jalpaiguri shows a decrease of 437 acres in area and Rs. 1,873 in revenue of which no explanation has been given. The increase in Assam is shared by Sylhet, Cachar, Darrang and Lakhimpur districts where both the area and revenue expanded. In the remaining districts the area either remained stationary or decreased, but there was an increase in revenue owing to progressive enhancements.

16. There were no applications for settlement for special cultivation in Eastern Bengal and in Cachar and Kamrup. In Sylhet 7 new applications were filed during the year against 6 in the previous year and out of a total of 12 applications for disposal, settlement was effected in 5 cases during the year. In the Assam Valley, there were 48 new applications as against 29 in the previous year and out of a total of 70 applications for disposal, 28 were disposed of in the course of the year. The Commissioner reports that the disposal of applications was not satisfactory in Darrang, where 5 cases were pending over one year at the close of the year.

Applications for settlement.

17. There was no resignation or resumption of grants in the Surma Valley or in Eastern Bengal. In the Assam Valley, one grant with an area of 685·51 acres in Nowgong and two grants in Sibsagar aggregating 109 acres were relinquished.

Resignation and resumption of grants.

Section III.—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

18. The total land revenue demand consisted of Rs. 1,95,34,459, *viz.*, Rs. 1,86,24,573 on the current and Rs. 9,09,886 on the arrear account. Of this, Rs. 1,85,35,879 (current and arrear) or 94·37 per cent. was collected as against 94·86 per cent. in the previous year. The percentages of current collections on current demand and of arrear collections on arrear demand were respectively 96·55 and 60·83 against 96·03 and 66·65 in the preceding year. There has thus been a slight improvement as regards current collections, but a considerable falling off in respect of arrear collections which, however, was unavoidable owing to the unfavourable agricultural conditions of the last 2 years. Remissions amounted to Rs. 1,44,394 or ·73 per cent. of the total demand against ·42 per cent. of the previous year. Of the total remissions, Rs. 1,05,592 or 73·12 per cent. was for the Assam districts and was due mostly to flood damages. The irrecoverable balance, however, shows an improvement, representing ·35 per cent. of the total demand as against ·80 per cent. of the previous year.

Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances.

Appendix IIIA.

19. The total collections in the permanently-settled estates amounted to Rs. 97,88,601 or 97·97 per cent. of the total demand as against Rs. 97,71,168 or 98·2 per cent. in the preceding year. Only Rs. 811 was remitted in the district of Malda in consequence of abatement of revenue on account of lands taken up for the Katihar Godagari Railway. Of the total balance that remained uncollected at the close of the year, Rs. 5 only has been shown in Chittagong as doubtful or irrecoverable. In Noakhali the irrecoverable balance was nil against Rs. 6,583 in the preceding year due to diluvion of estate "Char Sidhi". The percentages of current collections fell short of 99 in Bakarganj, Noakhali, Rajshahi and Sylhet, and of arrear collections in Dacca, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Rajshahi, Rangpur and Sylhet. The falling off in the current collections in Bakarganj was chiefly due to the non-payment of dues in respect of the heavily encumbered estates of Raja Sir Sourindra Mohan Tagore, K. C. I. E., of Calcutta and the Bhukailas estates under the management of the Court of Wards, while the arrear collections in this district and both current and arrear collections in Rajshahi district were affected by the non-payment of arrears by the former estate. In Dacca and Mymensingh the total arrear balance is only Rs. 31. The falling off in Noakhali was due to the suspension of collections from Char Sidhi which has been purchased by Government and that in Chittagong is attributed to the bad condition of the people owing to the high price of food grains. In Rangpur the arrear balance was Rs. 38 only. The short collections in Sylhet were due to the scarcity prevailing in the Habiganj tahsil.

Permanently-settled estates.

Appendices IIIB & IIIE.

20. The total demand of these estates in Eastern Bengal was Rs. 8,06,747, of which Rs. 7,86,215 or 97·45 per cent. against 96·7 per cent. of the previous year was collected. The percentages of current and arrear collections rose also from 96·96 and 88·04 of the previous year to 97·55 and 94·48 respectively. Rs. 309 only, all in Noakhali, was remitted. Rs. 1,073, all in Pabna, representing ·13 per cent. of the total demand has been classed as doubtful or irrecoverable. The current collections in the marginally noted districts and arrear collections in Dacca, Noakhali, Pabna and Malda were short of 98 per cent. As compared with the previous year, the percentages of current collections fell off in the districts of Dacca, Faridpur, Bakarganj and Malda and those of arrear collections in Pabna and Malda only. The decrease in Malda was due to pending resettlement of estate Mahobatpur and in the remaining districts was even inconsiderable.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

Appendix IIIC.

Dacca, Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali, Rajshahi, Pabna and Malda.

21. Out of the total demand of Rs. 25,32,760 in respect of these estates, Rs. 21,41,406 or 84·54 per cent. was collected against 83·27 per cent. of the previous year, a result which is on the whole satisfactory. The percentages of remissions and of irrecoverable balance on the total demand were 1·48 and 1·49 respectively against 1·97 and 1·52 of the preceding year. There was a falling off in the percentages of both current and arrear collections in Mymensingh, Rajshahi, Rangpur and Malda, in that of current collections in Tippera and in that of arrear collections in Dacca, Faridpur, Chittagong and Pabna.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

Appendix IIID.

22. The total demand for these estates in Assam was Rs. 62,03,865, out of which Rs. 58,60,135 was on the current and Rs. 3,43,730 on the arrear account. The total collections amounted to Rs. 58,19,657 or 93·87 per cent. of the demand, against 93·82 in the previous year, the percentages of current collections on current demand and arrear collections on arrear demand being 95·63 and 62·68 respectively. These percentages have been worked out on demands inclusive of the amounts suspended on account of flood remissions proposed. Excluding demands which were under suspense, current collections amounted to more than 99 per cent. of the current demand. Taking the districts individually, in Goalpara the collection was cent per cent. and in all the other districts except Sylhet the percentage of current collections exceeded 99 and in Nowgong, Darrang and Cachar almost reached cent per cent. This satisfactory result is no doubt due to the substitution of the Mauzadari system in place of collections by salaried Tahsildars. In Sylhet the current collections fell short of 99 per cent. on account of partial failure of crops and loss of cattle. The arrear collections exceeded 95 per cent. in the Surma Valley but were short of that in all the districts of the Assam Valley, except Goalpara where the arrear demand was, as usual, very small and collected in full. The heavy arrears list in the Assam Valley is a legacy left by the abolished tahsils and was swelled in the year under report by the inclusion of amounts suspended for flood remissions of the previous year. Excluding the amounts remitted on account of flood damages and relinqu shment of irrecoverable arrears on annulment of settlement, 89·6 per cent. of the arrear demand was collected.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.

Appendix IIIE.

All the eight tahsils in the Assam Valley that remained to be broken up at the close of the previous year were abolished by the 2nd January 1907 and were replaced by mauzas. A proposal for the curtailment of the area of Silchar and Hailakandi tahsils by the formation of one or two more mauzas is now under the consideration of the Board. The bulk of the outstanding arrears of the abolished tahsils has either been collected or remitted and the balance is in process of realisation. The progress in realising the outstanding arrears of these abolished tahsils through the agency of mauzadars was not found satisfactory. Consequently steps were then taken direct from the district offices for collecting the arrears and the change has had good results.

The mauzadars in the Assam Valley generally paid in their dues punctually. The only mauzadars who defaulted were one in Kamrup and one in Lakhimpur but the bulk of the amounts due from them has since been realised. In Cachar too most of the mauzadars are reported to have worked well. The Board have now under preparation a set of account registers to be maintained by the mauzadars in the Assam Valley.

Remittances of revenue and rent by money order.

Appendix XVA.

23. The number of revenue money orders and the amount of land revenue and cesses remitted by them increased from 1,65,882 and Rs. 8,42,411 in the previous year to 1,84,275 and Rs. 8,63,929 respectively in the year under report. The system is in force throughout Eastern Bengal and in the district of Sylhet, and is growing in popularity among the proprietors of small estates to whom it offers easy, safe and inexpensive means for paying their dues to Government. The remittances in each of the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur and Chittagong exceeded a lakh of rupees.

Payment of rent by money order is in force in the Eastern Bengal districts only.

Appendix XVB.

As compared with the previous year, there was a decrease of 3,763 in the number of these money orders issued during the year. The decrease is shared by all the three divisions in Eastern Bengal and is probably an indication that the relations of landlords and tenants have been less strained than in previous years. Zamindars and their amlas in general dislike and discourage the use of the system—the former because it touches their authority over the tenants—the latter because it tends to reduce their perquisites in the form of "tahari," which they realise from tenants who pay in rent at the zamindari cucherries and the statistics given in Appendix XVB are to some extent a gauge of the degree to which the tenants assert their independence. In districts in which, like Chittagong, the number of orders used is large (12,000) and the percentage of those refused is small (3 per cent. only), the inference is that the tenants have asserted their rights with success ; but, on the contrary, in districts in which there is little resort to the use of orders in which the landlords refuse to receive payment by that system, it is fairly certain that the zamindars retain the upper hand and the tenants either have but little to complain of or have not the courage or means to contend with their landlords. Under this category come most of the districts in the Rajshahi Division—the extreme examples being Malda with only 427 orders and 63 per cent. refusals and Dinajpur with 549 and 48 per cent. A third class is of districts in which orders are used in considerable numbers but in which refusals are also numerous. In districts of this class to which belong Mymensingh (1,332 and 42 per cent.), Faridpur (1,434 and also 42 per cent.) and Rangpur (1,506 and 40 per cent.), the indication is that a struggle between landlords and tenants is in progress.

Coercive Measures :—

(a) Operation of the sale law in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IVA.

24. Particulars of the proceedings under the sale law in Eastern Bengal are given in Appendix IVA. As compared with the previous year, there was on the whole a small increase (79) in defaults and a considerable decrease (319) in sales. The price realised was on the average 4·7 times the Government revenue of the properties sold, against 6·8 times in the preceding year. Out of 37 appeals preferred to the Commissioners against sales, 7 were successful and recommendation for the annulment of sale on the ground of hardship was made to Government in one case only.

The districts in which defaults and sales were most numerous are noted on the margin. Chittagong, with its large number of estates paying revenue of Rs. 10 or less, heads the list, as usual, both in defaults and sales. In this district the defaults exceeded those of last year by 155 but the sales show a decrease of 339. The increase in the number of defaults in this district and also in Noakhali (51) is attributed by the Commissioner to "the high price of food grains which affected the material condition of the people." For the decrease in sales the Commissioner offers no explanation ; but

District.	Defaults.	Sales.
Chittagong	5,090	121
Bakarganj	428	33
Mymensingh	356	22
Dacca	273	45
Faridpur	269	43
Tippera	144	12
Pabna	109	2
Rajshahi	72	2
Noakhali	69	4

doubtless it is due mostly to the experiment which is under trial of refraining from sale when the arrear is less than Rs. 5.

The defaults rose from 380 to 428 in Bakarganj and from 95 to 109 in Pabna, while the number of sales decreased by 2 and 3 respectively. In Faridpur both the number of defaults and sales increased, the former by 77 and the latter by 25. No explanation has been furnished in case of these districts. In Dacca and Rajshahi both defaults and sales and in Mymensingh the defaults only were fewer as compared with the previous year.

District.	Percentage of sales on defaults.
Dacca	16·4
Faridpur	15·9
Tippera	8·3
Bakarganj	7·7
Mymensingh	6·1
Noakhali	5·7
Rajshahi	2·7
Chittagong	2·3
Pabna	1·8

The causes which led to sales in the various districts have not been reported by the Commissioners. They were doubtless, as usual, indebtedness of the proprietors, unprofitableness of the estates or wilful default with a view to get the encumbrances annulled. The percentages of sales on defaults in the districts mentioned above are noted on the margin and indicate that the sale law was administered with leniency and moderation. The rule that the sales of one *kist* should be held before the next *kist* day was generally observed.

(b Certificate Procedure in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IV B.

25. Appendix IV B shows the working of the certificate procedure in Eastern Bengal. The total number of certificates filed was 34,927 against 36,736 of the previous year. The decrease of 1,809 results from decrease of 3,683 in the Chittagong, and 155 in the Rajshahi Division against an increase of 2,029 in the Dacca Division. The increase in the last-mentioned Division is mostly under head "All other certificates made under section 7 (1)" and is for the most part only a paper increase. The increase (1,528) in Dacca was due to the omission by some oversight of certificates issued for the realisation of cesses and Court of Wards' demands from the preceding year's statement, in Faridpur there was an actual increase of 270 due to the filing of certificates for petty cess demands which would have been otherwise barred by limitation and to certificates for partition costs and fines imposed by the Partition Deputy Collector and in Bakarganj of 728 which is attributed to the introduction of the certificate procedure in Gobindapur, Dasmonia and Bhukailas Wards' Estates and to the larger number of certificates filed during the year by the Haturia, Madhobpasha and Tagore Estates. In Chittagong there was a large decrease of 5,963 due partly to the leniency in the use of the procedure in consequence of the scarcity prevailing in the district and partly to the fact that in the previous year a comparatively large number of certificates were issued for the realisation of accumulations of petty cess arrears to prevent them being barred by limitation. In Tippera and Noakhali the number of cases instituted increased by 1,820 and 460 respectively. The increase in the former district was chiefly due to the large number of certificates issued by the Sarail Estate brought under the management of the Court of Wards during the year under report and that in the latter is ascribed to the suspension of rents due to Government allowed in the previous year on account of partial failure of crops as also to the large number of requisitions received from the Manager of the Bhukailas Wards' Estate in the district of Tippera in respect of properties situated in this district. No explanation has been furnished for the Rajshahi Division where the variations are inconsiderable.

The percentage of certificates disposed of to the total number for disposal shows a decrease in all the Divisions being 74·03 in the Dacca Division, 67·4 in the Chittagong Division and 76·2 in the Rajshahi Division against 80·7, 77·3 and 80·9 respectively in the previous year. In the Dacca Division the percentage was lowest (63·7 against 67·6 of the previous year) in Bakarganj. The falling off in this district and in Tippera (43·5 against 70·3 of the previous year) was due, it is reported, to the large number of institutions during the last quarter of the year. As in the previous year the falling off (76·8 against 78·2 of the previous year) in Chittagong is reported to be due to the heavy work in the district.

In all the Divisions the greater portion of the demands was satisfied on the

issue of notices and on attachment of properties. Recourse was had to actual sale in a very limited number of cases. There was no complaint against the working of section 21 of the Act, which permits a judgment-debtor to redeem his property after sale by payment of the amount of the certificate with costs and of a penalty equal to one-tenth of the auction price to the purchaser.

In view of the agricultural conditions of the past two years the administration of the Department was not in general unsatisfactory.

(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment.

26. In one instance only was imprisonment resorted to for the realisation of Government demands in Eastern Bengal. This case was in the district of Faridpur where a tenant of a Government Estate under direct management was kept in the Civil Jail for 5 days. It was found that the debtor was unable to pay and the amount due from him is reported to have been remitted. The Collector's attention will be invited to the orders that recourse to this extreme measure should be had only when there are valid grounds for believing the defaulter has means but will not use them to meet his just dues.

(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IVC.

27. Appendix IVC shows the coercive measures adopted for the realisation of land revenue in Assam. Agreeably to the instructions of the Board in the last year's report the experiment of dispensing with the issue of notices of demand under section 68 of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation and issuing warrants at once in selected areas was continued during the year. Special reports however on the results were received only from some of the districts where the experiment was tried, and these are not conclusive. Further reports are awaited.

There was a considerable decrease in the number of demand notices issued during the year as compared with the previous year and though orders for attachment of moveables show an increase there was a marked decrease in the number of sales both of moveables or immoveable property. The increase in the number of attachment orders is shared both by the Surma Valley and Assam Valley and in the former is ascribed to the fact that the tendency of the defaulter is to withhold payment until their property is attached and in the latter to the numerous warrants issued for the realisation of tahsil arrears.

The decrease in the number of sales is partly due to the leniency extended to the defaulters in the Jaintia parganas under orders of the Board, owing to the depressed conditions of the raiyats and partly to the better ability of the raiyats to meet the demand in the Assam Valley.

Inspite of the remarks made by the Board in the last year's report and concurred in by Government as to the extensive use of coercive processes by the mauzadars the tendency of the mauzadars to avail of coercive measures does not seem to have abated to any considerable extent.

The Commissioner of the Surma Valley writes :—

"In a district like Cachar where the mauzadari system has been introduced a reduction in the number of coercive processes in the mauzadars' circles is to be expected but the result is otherwise".

And he suggests that if the mauzadars do not realise their position, greater discretion might be shown in issuing processes on the requisition of the mauzadars. A similar suggestion is made by the Deputy, Commissioner of Kamrup, but the Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, is doubtful as to the expediency of this course which, however, the Board are of opinion, may be given a trial. Separate instructions will be issued on the subject.

Orders for ejectment were issued in the districts of Kamrup, Nowgong, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur, where the defaulters were in possession of the estates, of which settlement was annulled, and were carried out by the Land Records Staff except in a few cases in Kamrup in which police help was taken. Draft rules for regulating procedure in the case of ejectment have been submitted to Government for approval.

Processes.

Appendix IV D.

28. Appendix IV D shows the processes served and their cost during the year.

The total amount of process fees realised was Rs. 1,88,772, *viz.*, Rs. 1,24,287 in Eastern Bengal and Rs. 64,485 in Assam, leaving a surplus of Rs. 63,898, *viz.*, Rs. 27,846 in Eastern Bengal and Rs. 36,052 in Assam, after deducting the cost of the establishment. The cost exceeded the receipts from fees in Dacca, Mymensingh, Dinajpur, Rangpur, Bogra and Pabna among the transferred districts and in Goalpara only among the Assam districts. The amount of process fees remitted in Assam was Rs. 10,566 against Rs. 7,150 during the previous year. Almost half the remissions were granted in the district of Sylhet where certain concessions were granted, under orders of the Board, to the people of Jaintia for payment of arrears of revenue on account of unfavourable agricultural conditions there. In the Dacca Division the total number of processes served was 1,14,205 against 1,15,551 of the preceding year. In the Chittagong Division there was an increase of 5,726 in the number of paid processes and of 8,798 in that of unpaid processes, as compared with the previous year. The increase in the former is attributed to the cess revaluation of thana Hajiganj in the district of Tippera, and that in the latter is due, as in the preceding year, to a larger number of notices issued by the Land Registration Department of the Chittagong Collectorate. No detailed information has been furnished by the Commissioner of Rajshahi. In the Surma Valley the total number of processes served was 41,694 during the year under report against 46,082 in the previous year. The decrease is said to be due to the discontinuance of the notice of demand in Sylhet and to the introduction of the system of disposing of mutation cases locally and also to the issue of post card reminders in cases of petty arrears, as reported last year. In the Assam Valley the number of processes served fell from 62,066 during the previous year to 58,603 during the year under report. Too much reliance cannot, however, be placed on these figures for the purposes of comparison, as it is reported that in some districts notices of demand served on several persons at the same time and in the same Bakijai case in one village have been treated as one process while in other districts each notice has been counted as a separate process. Again, in some places notices served by mauzadars have been reckoned, and in others, not. The Commissioners will be addressed on the subject.

The results of the new system of the service of processes through the Presidents of Village Unions introduced in the districts of Dacca and Tippera are briefly noticed below :—

In the Dacca district, it is reported that the system has so far not been a success. There has been hitherto a considerable increase in expenditure and although that increase will now be diminished, it is not clear, the Commissioner observes, that it will altogether disappear. The Collector of Dacca remarks that the work of the Daffadars is not so well done as that of the ordinary peons, and that though the quality of the work will doubtless improve, still having in view the large number of persons through whom the system is worked, it is not likely to be very prompt or efficient. The Commissioner of Dacca has already submitted a full report on the subject to Government with his Memorandum No. 1131 G., dated the 5th August, 1907.

In the district of Tippera, out of 25,194 processes served during the year under report, 14,738 or 58 per cent. were served through the Presidents of Village Unions. Revenue processes are served through Daffadars in the four thanas of the Nator Sub-division in the Rajshahi district. The Commissioner of Rajshahi states that they take a longer time than those served by peons, and an undue proportion of them is lost. A separate report on the subject has been submitted to Government with the Commissioner's letter No. 1483-R, dated the 9th August, 1907.

The Board doubt whether the system has anywhere had a perfectly fair trial. It is probable that the Collectors of the districts in which it has been tried have not been able to give much time to watching it in operation or to smoothing away the difficulties which have been met with and which their offices were certain

to magnify. The system is not one which is likely to be in favour with the office amla and will not succeed if the working of it is left to them.

Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

General (shewing demands, collections remissions and balances.)

Appendix V.

29. The receipts under miscellaneous land revenue are mainly derived from fisheries, minerals, house-tax and survey and settlement charges recoverable. The total demand aggregated Rs. 10,21,885 of which Rs. 10,04,950 was on current and Rs. 16,935 on arrear account. Rs. 8,20,929 or 81·6 per cent. on the current demand and Rs. 6,597 or 38·9 per cent. on the arrear demand was collected or in all Rs. 8,27,526 or 80·9 per cent. on the total demand. Rs. 45,743 was also collected in advance for future years. The collections do not compare favourably with those of the preceding year, but considering the peculiar circumstances of the last two years, the results are not altogether unsatisfactory. Rs. 2,235 only was remitted and Rs. 1,92,141 remained outstanding at the close of the year. The bulk of the arrears was on account of survey and settlement charges recoverable in Bakarganj, partition fees in Tippera and fishery revenue in the district of Sylhet. The variations under the heads "fishery" "minerals" and "house and poll tax" are briefly noticed below.

Fisheries.

30. The separate fishery revenue comes almost entirely from Assam. With the solitary exception of Chittagong, receipts from fisheries in all the Eastern Bengal districts are included in the land revenue of estates. As noticed in the preceding year's report, about three-fourths of the total fishery revenue is derived from the three districts of Sylhet, Kamrup and Sibsagar. The total current demand for the year was Rs. 1,78,291 against Rs. 1,90,582 for the previous year. The districts of Sylhet and Kamrup were mainly responsible for the decrease which is attributed to poor competition at the auctions and to a dispute regarding the western boundary of the Brahmaputra fishery in Kamrup. In the Goalpara district the demand increased owing to the settlement of the Brahmaputra fishery which remained unsettled in the preceding year.

Of the total demand (current and arrear) of Rs. 1,85,492, Rs. 1,77,602 or 95·7 per cent. was collected and Rs. 2,015 was remitted. The percentage of collection on the current demand was 96·8 and that on the arrear demand 67·6.

Minerals.

31. Excluding the Khasia and Jaintia Hills not under the Board, the revenue from minerals comes entirely from the Lakhimpur district in Assam. The total receipts increased from Rs. 53,607 in 1905-06 to Rs. 60,398. Royalty on coal-mines increased from Rs. 39,565 to Rs. 40,107, while the demand on account of mineral oil increased from Rs. 13,550 (including arrears) to Rs. 19,919. This is satisfactory as indicating a gradual development of the mineral resources of the Province.

Poll tax and House tax.

32. Poll tax is levied from certain tribes in Sylhet and Lakhimpur districts only. The total collections amounted to Rs. 10,557 out of a total demand of Rs. 10,948. The decrease was due to desertion of certain "Punjis" or villages by hill men and to the abandonment by some of the Tipperahs in Sylhet of their old custom of "Jhuming" in favour of cultivation of land settled under the ordinary cultivation rules. The system of collection of poll tax through village headmen introduced in South Sylhet has worked well, and is being extended to other Sub-divisions of the district.

The total demand (current and arrear) on account of house tax amounted to Rs. 34, 372 against Rs. 26, 590. The receipts were Rs. 34, 236. The bulk of the increase in the demand is in Cachar owing to inclusion of the figures for the North Cachar Hills under orders contained in Government ordor No. 9235 C, dated the 10th September 1906. There has, however, been a satisfactory increase in the demand in all the districts of the Assam Valley.

Survey fees.

33. The receipts on account of survey fees increased from Rs. 4,640 to Rs. 12,332 or nearly trebled during the year under report. The increase was shared chiefly by the districts

of Sylhet, Darrang, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur and is accounted for by the receipt of a large number of applications for settlement of areas exceeding 50 bighas under the ordinary rules. The Board are pleased to observe this and look upon it as the sign that the uncultivated parts of the Province will be speedily opened up.

Sale of Government lands.

Appendix VI.

34. There was no sale during the year of proprietary rights in Government Estates, but an area of 18 poles of Railway A class land of the Mymensingh-Jagannathganj Section of the Eastern Bengal State Railway was sold for Rs. 610.

Redemption of land revenue.

35. There was no redemption of land revenue under the orders of Government. The number of petty estates formed by partition and redeemed under section 11 of the old Partition Act VIII (B. C.) of 1876 was 4 (all in the Dacca district) against 76 in the previous year. There was no redemption of land revenue in Assam.

Section V.—Other Revenue Work.

Estates under direct management in Eastern Bengal

36. Estates under direct management during the year numbered 1,559 against 1,538 at the close of the preceding year. The most important addition is Char Bangshi in Noakhali with a rental of Rs. 26,000 and covering an area of 13 sq. miles.

(a) Collecting agency.

37. There has been no material change either in the agency or in the mode of management of the Government Estates under direct management. In Bakarganj a new circle was created in the Pirojpur Sub-division with a new Khas Tahsildar on Rs. 30 and two peons on Rs. 7 each a month for collection. The Government Estate Ambari Falakata in Jalpaiguri hitherto in charge of the Sub-divisional Officer of Siliguri (Darjeeling), is now managed from Jalpaiguri. The Deputy Collector in charge of the Tauzi Department has been placed in charge of the Tahsil, and the registers are maintained by the Tauzinavis who receives an allowance of Rs. 10 a month for his labours.

An amount of Rs. 325 was misappropriated by two muharrirs of the tahsildar of Char Hime in Tippera, and the persons concerned were duly punished, the former by dismissal, and the latter by degradation for lax supervision.

The raiyatwari settlement of Char Mir Muhammad Ali, Part I, in Noakhali has so far proved satisfactory and it is hoped that the work will be completed by the end of March next.

For the colonization of the Bakarganj Sundarbans a special officer (a Deputy Collector) has been appointed with a staff of 1 Inspector, 1 Surveyor and necessary menials. Rules have also been framed for his guidance according to which lands will be allotted to raiyats who desire to reside in and cultivate the lands. Progress in this work is necessarily slow and the Board are not yet in a position to express an opinion on the success of the scheme.

(b) Grant for management and sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements.

38. A sum of Rs. 2,51,000 was placed at the disposal of the Board by Government for the management of, and for agricultural, sanitary and miscellaneous improvements in, Government Estates during the year 1906–07. Out of this sum Rs. 3,000 was for Government Estates in Assam and Rs. 5,000 for the reclamation of the waste lands in Bakarganj.

Later on Government made an additional grant of Rs. 20,845 for reclamation of the Island Char Mir Muhammad Ali, Part I, in Noakhali.

Out of the total sum of Rs. 2, 71,845 available for expenditure during the year Rs. 2,39,479 was actually spent in the Eastern Bengal districts. The balance, excluding the expenditure incurred in Assam, lapsed to Government.

Appendix VIIIA shows the total cost of management including the cost of collection, and the cost of collection separately, together with the proportions they bear to the current demand of the estates under direct management. The percentage of the former was 7·7 and of the later 5·8.

Appendix VIIIB shows the expenditure incurred during the year under the heads :—

(1) Management,

(2) Miscellaneous improvements, including agricultural improvements and experiments,

(3) Sanitary improvements.

The expenditure on the last two heads was 2·3 and ·9 per cent. respectively on the current demand.

(c) Education.

39. In the Dacca Division the number of schools and pupils increased by 43 and 1,452 respectively, and the expenditure by Rs. 1,152. In Bakarganj alone the increase was of 42 schools and 1,302 pupils and of an expenditure of Rs. 1,089. There was, however, a loss of one school and one pupil in the Dacca district.

In the Chittagong Division the number of schools and pupils rose from 228 to 232 and 10,001 to 10,622 respectively, and the expenditure also rose in consequence from Rs. 9,240 to Rs. 10,626. In Noakhali, however, there was a loss of one school and 48 pupils.

In the Rajshahi Division there is a fairly prosperous Primary school in Khas Mahal Chabbishnagar in Rajshahi looked after by the District Board, to the maintenance of which Khas Mahal fund contributed Rs. 67 against Rs. 52 in the previous year. In Jalpaiguri there was a decline of 7 schools and 95 pupils owing to the introduction of the new scheme of Vernacular education and to the exaction of a higher standard of efficiency which some of the schools were not able to satisfy. The total expenditure on education in Rangpur was Rs. 30 distributed among 4 Primary schools on Government Estates in the Nilphamari Sub-division. There are 15 Patshalas in the Jaipur Government Estates in Bogra with 434 pupils; there is also a Middle English school in Khanjanpur Khas Mahal and the number of pupils on the roll was 76. During the year 6 boys passed the Middle English Examination. A masonry building has been constructed for this school at a cost of Rs. 2,200, of which Rs. 730 was contributed by Government. There were 40 schools with 1,459 pupils in the Government Estates in Pabna, against 37 schools and 1,281 pupils in the preceding year; the total cost of management of these schools was Rs. 3,710. In Malda the number of schools in the Khas Mahals was 8 with 261 pupils and a grant-in-aid of Rs. 385.

Irrigation, Drainage and Embankments. Dacca Division.

40. No important irrigation, drainage or embankment works were undertaken in any district of the Dacca Division. In Bakarganj Rs. 9,435was spent out of the grant for the management and improvement of Government Estates in the construction or reconstruction of *bunds* to keep out salt water. In the district of Dacca the cultivation of a *bhil* in the Keraniganj thana was much improved by a channel which was excavated by the proprietors.

Chittagong Division.

41. There was no irrigation or drainage work undertaken in the Chittagong Division. The following action was taken during the year in respect of four out of the six embankments in the Chittagong district.

(a) The embankment round the island of Kutubdia.—A sum of Rs. 10,220 was spent in the maintenance of this embankment including Rs. 2,220 which was spent for a cross *bund* near the Light House.

(b) The Gamatali and Falahari embankments in the Cox's Bazar circle.—A sum of Rs. 1,470 was spent for the up-keep and completion of this dyke.

(c) The sea-board embankment in Banskhali.—Rs. 6,500 was spent for repairing the damaged portion of the Barghona and Gandamara extension of this embankment.

The Gumti embankment in the district of Tippera, extending along both banks of the river Gumti, was breached in several places owing to the unusually heavy

floods, (the heaviest known since the year 1893). The standing crops of the villages were damaged and for a time the safety of the town of Comilla was threatened. The breaches have since been filled up and protective measures adopted for the security of the embankment.

Rajshahi Division.

42. There was no expenditure on irrigation in the Rajshahi Division except in the district of Jalpaiguri where Rs. 820 was spent on irrigation channels in Government Estates. Rs. 308 was spent on drainage in the Alipur Duar Civil Station. In Dinajpur there is a proposal for re-excavating certain channels in the south of the district. Rs. 840 was sanctioned by Government towards the cost of surveying the land to be drained and preparing detailed plan and estimate ; out of this Rs. 765 was spent during the year. In regard to the drainage of the *cheroil bhil* in Pabna nothing was done except survey. Action is being taken for the acquisition of the land with a view to start work.

The high protective embankment along the river frontage in Rampur-Boalia was maintained in efficient condition by the Public Works Department. In Bogra Rs. 41 was spent on some petty repairs to the embankment in village Chotamanika in the Jaipur Government Estates, and in Malda Rs. 660 was spent for the maintenance of the embankment there.

Surma Valley Districts.

43. No such work was undertaken in the Surma Valley during the year.

Assam Valley Districts.

44. In the Assam Valley artificial irrigation is carried on in the sub-montane tracts of the Goalpara, Kamrup and Darrang districts, by means of channels which carry water from rivers and streams to the rice fields. These works are constructed and maintained by the raiyats without Government assistance. The question of giving encouragement to the extension of this irrigation is under consideration. In Sibsagar the embankment of the Dikhu river which was carried out in 1902-03 has proved successful in protecting cultivation over large tracts of the sadar sub-division. Much benefit has also resulted from the repairing of the embankment on the left bank of the Dihing. The Brahmaputra-Gohaigaon bund in the Jorhat Sub-division was overtopped at one time by the flood which damaged the rice crop of a few villages, necessitating remissions of revenue. A part of the area protected by this embankment was also water-logged owing to the accumulation of rain water. The embankment has since been raised and a sluice made in the railway embankment to carry off flood water. In Lakhimpur much damage to the crops is reported to have resulted from a diversion of the Sibsagar trunk road, which formerly served as an embankment protecting the country from floods of the Sessa river. The repair of the embankment on the left bank of the Dihing which was beneficial in protecting part of Sibsagar caused some damage to tea gardens on the right or Dibrugarh bank, which is unprotected, by raising the flood level. The damage was, however, slight, while the flood of August 1906 was exceptionally high.

Land Registration.
(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.

Appendix IX A.

45. The total number of interests in land entered in the registers of Eastern Bengal under section 38 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 was 6,67,767 at the beginning of the year under report and 6,74,222 at its close showing an increase of 6,455 against 5,500 in the preceding year. As noticed in the previous years's report the number is steadily increasing. Applications for mutations filed during the year increased from 22,906 in 1905-06 to 26,177. In 22,696 cases the applications were granted which represented a percentage of 3·40 on the actual number of interests at the beginning of the year against 3·36 in the previous year. The increase in the number of applications filed was shared by all the districts except Tippera and Rangpur which show a slight decrease of 79 and 71 cases respectively. The increase in Dacca was due to the death of the recorded proprietors of some large estates, in Mymensingh to the enquiries made through the agency of Village Panchayets, in Faridpur to the survey and settlement operations in progress in the district and in Bakarganj to more vigorous action taken under section 65 of the Act. The increase in Chittagong was due to larger number of sales on account of high prices of food

grains and in Noakhali to the enquiries made in cases in which proprietors had not applied for mutations during the preceding 10 years. The number of cases pending more than six months (all in the district of Chittagong) shows a falling off as compared with the previous year.

No case of fraudulent registration was brought to light during the year. The system of making enquries through Panchayets which was found useful in Mymensingh was extended during the year to the districts of Dacca, Tippera and Rajshahi and has worked satisfactorily.

The registers prescribed under the Act are reported to be generally in good condition. This Act has been amended by Act I of 1907 of this Province. The question of revision of the forms of Land Registration registers under the amended Act is under the consideration of the Board.

It is reported that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in course of his inspection of the Chittagong Collectorate in December 1906 noticed some cases where one person had obtained several shares from different separate account-holders of an estate but the shares had not been amalgamated. The defects are said to have been rectified.

The expenditure on account of land registration charges amounted to Rs. 16,851, of which Rs. 14,379 against Rs. 10,807 in the previous year, was incurred in the district of Chittagong alone, where a special establishment is maintained. The increase was due to the fact that the pay of the two Sub-Deputy Collectors in charge was debited to the Land Registration grant of the year while formerly the Department was in charge of one Deputy Collector and one Sub-Deputy Collector, the latter only being paid from the Land Registration grant. The fees realised aggregated Rs. 623.

(b) Under Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

46. Appendix IX B shows the result of changes amongst proprietors and land-holders, effected by registration and mutation procedure under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IXB.

In the Surma Valley 35,888 cases were disposed of locally by summary procedure against 21,443 in the previous year, an increase which shows that considerable attention has been given to the maintenance of the records in that Division. In the Assam Valley, on the contrary, the number of cases disposed of in this manner fell short of the figures of the previous year. It is reported that the conditions of the year were abormal on account of the resettlements recently completed in Kamrup and Sibsagar, those in progress in Darrang and Nowgong and that impending in Lakhimpur ; but this does not, in the opinion of the Board, account fully for the decrease. The matter will receive the careful consideration of the Board in the current year. Incidentally it may be observed that, as remarked in last year's report, the Board are not prepared to place much reliance on the figures of this Appendix, as in the course of inspection it has been found that there is great delay in reporting the mutations effected and not improbably a considerable number are not reported at all.

The number of cases instituted under the regular procedure during the year fell from 10,394 to 3,657 in the Surma Valley which shews that the summary procedure is working there satisfactorily. In the Assam Valley, however, the number rose from 3,658 to 5,610, which possibly indicates that the public place no great reliance on the summary process in the mufassil. Nearly half the number of cases brought into court in the Assam Valley remained pending at the end of the year and the result of the year's working in this respect compares very unfavourably with that of the previous year. The subject is receiving the attention of the Board and separate instructions will be issued.

Separate accounts of Land Revenue payments opened for shares under Acts XI of 1859 and VII (B. C.) of 1876.

Appendix IX C.

47. A statement of the separate accounts opened and closed during the year in each of the transferred districts is given in Appendix IXC. The numbers were 797 and 116 respectively. At the close of the year there were open 32,315 separate accounts paying an aggregate land revenue demand of Rs. 26,69,116. Of these 26,948 accounts were for shares in joint estates held in common tenancy

(under section 10 of Act XI of 1859), 916 for shares representing specific portions of lands in estates (under section 11 of the same Act) and 4,451 for shares consisting of undivided interests in specific lands [under section 70 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.]

Registration of tenures under Act XI of 1859.

Appendix IX D.

48. Appendix IX D gives statistics regarding the registration of tenures for protection against annulment in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue under Act XI of 1859. Forty-five tenures were registered during the year and the total number protected at the close of the year was 3,372.

Partitions.

Appendix X.

49. The details of partitions in both parts of the Province are given in Appendix X and the results are discussed separately as in the previous year.

(a) Eastern Bengal.
[Act V (B. C.) of 1897.]

50. In Eastern Bengal there was a decrease in the number of cases instituted. The number disposed of was exactly the same as the number instituted leaving the number pending at the close the same as at the beginning of the year.

Of the 41 cases disposed of, partitions were allowed in 32 only, *viz.*, 22 in the Dacca Division, 6 in the Chittagong Division and 4 in the Rajshahi Division. The rest were struck off for various reasons.

The number of pending cases continues large in the Dacca and Mymensingh districts, where a Special Deputy Collector is in charge of the work. Of the pending cases in the other districts of the Dacca Division, 3 in Faridpur and 2 in Bakarganj have been postponed till the completion of the survey and settlement operations in these districts.

The Special Deputy Collector in charge of the partition work of both the districts of Dacca and Mymensingh was employed for 253 days in the former and for 112½ days in the latter district. There was no special officer employed in any other district. The average cost per acre of partitions completed during the year was Re. 0-12-8 in Dacca, Re. 1-2-9 in Mymensingh, Re. 0-15-4 in Faridpur and Re. 0-8-10 in Tippera against Re. 0-11-4,.Re. 0-5-6, Re. 0-6-0 and Re. 0-8-8 respectively in the previous year. The increase in Dacca is said to be due to the smaller area partitioned during the year and that in Mymensingh is attributed to the completion of the partition of 4 large estates which were pending since 1898.

As in the previous year one application is reported to have been struck off during the year under Section 11 of Act V (B. C.) of 1897, which restricts the right of partition to estates and shares paying not less than a prescribed minimum land revenue.

(b) Assam.
[Chapter VI of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation 1 of 1886.]

51. Omitting summary partitions effected on the spot under rule 203 of the Assam Land Records Manual, the number of applications for partitions in Assam increased from 145 to 234, but the rate of disposal did not increase in proportion and there was a net increase of 47 cases in the pending file at the end of the year. The Assam Valley is mainly responsible for the increase in the number of institutions and this the Commissioner attributes to the fact that many partitions were effected in the course of resettlement operations in Kamrup without formal procedure and consequently there were fewer applications for partition in 1905-06.

The percentage of disposals during the year was 45 against 39 in the preceding year, which is satisfactory.

The Board carefully considered the question of limiting partitions effected under rule 203 of the Assam Land Records Manual referred to in the last year's report, but in view of the artificial nature of the cadastral villages in Assam and in deference to the opinions of the Local Officers have, with the approval of Government, decided to take no action for the present.

Land Acquisition.

Appendix XI.

52. Proceedings for the acquisition on behalf of Government, Municipalities, District or Local Boards, Railways, &c., of land, covering an area of 2,970 acres, *viz.*, 510 acres for the Eastern Bengal districts and 2,460 acres for the Assam districts were confirmed by the Board during the year under report at a total cost of Rs. 4,97,521, as compared with an area of 1,737 acres, *viz.*, 601 acres for the Eastern Bengal and 1,136 acres for the Assam districts at a total cost of Rs. 3,87,660 during the preceding year. The abatements of annual revenue allowed on the lands acquired for or at the cost of Government amounted to Rs. 2,761 and a sum of Rs. 1,017 was paid to Government as the capitalized value of the Government revenue amounting to Rs. 48, abated on account of lands taken up for local bodies and companies. Appendix XI gives detailed particulars.

Of the total expenditure incurred about two lakhs and a half were on behalf of Railways, about a lakh and three-quarters on behalf of Government, about half a lakh on behalf of Municipalities and District or Local Boards, and over a quarter of a lakh on behalf of other local or public bodies representing mostly the costs of acquisition of lands for the Port Commissioners for the improvement of the port of Chittagong.

The following projects of which the cost exceeded Rs. 50,000 may be specially mentioned :—

(1) Improvement of the Port of Chittagong Rs. 26,827 *plus* 1,17,770 expended during 1905-06.

(2) Dhubri-Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway (Goalpara and Kamrup) Rs. 44,135 *plus* Rs. 75,572 expended during 1905-06.

The average cost per acre of the lands acquired, for which the proceedings were confirmed during the year was Rs. 168 against Rs. 223 per acre in the previous year. The decrease is due to a large area of *Khiraj* lands having been acquired in Kamrup for the Dhubri-Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway at a comparatively cheap price. Excluding the costly projects the average cost per acre worked out to Rs. 85 as compared with Rs. 161 in the preceding year. The average cost per acre of the lands acquired on behalf of Government was Rs. 1,004 as compared with Rs. 105 allowed for the lands taken up for the Railways. The former is specially high and is due to the high value of the lands acquired for the Training College and the Telegraph Office in the town of Dacca and also for the Circuit house in the town of Mymensingh.

53. Lands for the following among other projects were under acquisition :—

(1) Kaunia-Bonarpara Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Rangpur.
(2) Dhubri-Gauhati Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Goalpara and Kamrup.
(3) Improvement of the Port of Chittagong.
(4) The School of Engineering in the town of Dacca.
(5) Government House, offices and official residences in the town of Dacca.
(6) Central Agricultural Farm at Dacca.
(7) Government House and Staff Quarters at Chittagong.
(8) Akhaura-Bhairab Bazar Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway.
(9) Kulaura-Sylhet Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway.
(10) Katihar-Godagari Railway.

Proceedings in connection with the above projects except Nos. (3) and (5) have been closed. In the case of the Kulaura-Sylhet Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway work had to be stopped pending a decision by Government of the question of alignment.

54. The most important new projects for the acquisition of land for which orders were received during the year were as follows :—

(1) Extension of the New Civil Station in and near the town of Dacca.
(2) Municipal Conservancy tramway at Dacca.
(3) Extension of the Medical School in the town of Dacca.

Besides the above, notifications under section 4 of Act I of 1894 have been published in respect of the projects noted below :—

(1) Proposed railway line from Netrakona in continuation of the Mymensingh-Netrakona project to Lengarbazar in the Khasi Hills.

(2) Proposed railway line between Gopalpur and mile 86 of the Katihar-Godagari Railway.

Employment of Special Land Acquisition Officers.

55. In the Dacca Division a Deputy Collector was employed throughout the year on the acquisition of lands for the New Civil Station at Dacca and other petty works. In the Chittagong Division the Deputy Collector who was appointed to acquire lands for the Akhaura-Bhairab Bazar Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway finished the work and reverted to the regular line on the 1st April 1907, and the Deputy Collector who was specially employed on the disposal of the relinquished lands of the Assam Bengal Railway continued to do the work till 10th April 1907 when he was succeeded by another Deputy Collector who worked till the end of the year. The Commissioner reports.

"There were 99 miles of the railway lands to be deposed of under Chapter III of the Land Acquisition Manual, of which 20 miles on the Chandpur Branch had already been sold by public auction last year. Four miles were sold during the year under report. The surplus lands falling within Chakla Roshnabad, Gongamandal estate and the Sarail estate covering 56 miles were sold to the former proprietors; and the sale proceeds were credited into the Treasury but time was allowed for payment by instalments of the remaining sums. A sum of Rs. 40,184–12–0 was credited into the Treasury on account of sale proceeds of railway lands during the year."

In the Rajshahi Division both the Deputy Collectors specially employed on the Kaunia–Bonarpara Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway and the Katihar–Godagari Railway finished their work. And in the Surma Valley Districts the Sub-Deputy Collector who was appointed a special Land Acquisition Officer in connection with the Kulaura-Sylhet Branch of the Assam Bengal Railway ceased to work as such from the 1st August 1907 as the work had to be stopped.

Babus Debendra Prosad Ray and Jogendra Narayan Mitra, Special Deputy Collectors, are specially commended for their work in connection with the Kaunia–Bonarpara Extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway and the Katihar–Godagari Railway respectively.

State of file of ordinary district staff.

56. The figures in the margin show the state of the land acquisition files of the ordinary district staff throughout the Province. The proceedings pending on the 30th June 1907 were 1,067* *viz.*, 313 in the Eastern Bengal and 754 in the Assam districts, as compared with 1,156 in the preceding year. Of these proceedings the proportion of more than 2 years' standing was 45·6 per cent. against 2·85 in the preceding year. Most of the cases pending over 2 years relate to the Assam districts; in Kamrup alone there were 442 cases pending over 2 years. The proceedings in these cases were, however, closed during the year under report, and in some the proceedings have been confirmed since the close of the year. Most of such cases in Eastern Bengal were pending in the Civil Court.

18	over	3 years
469	,,	2 years
191	,,	1 year
41	,,	6 months
348	below	6 months·

* 1,067 total pending.

57. The question of simplifying and shortening land acquisition procedure is now under consideration of Government.

Loans.

Appendix XIVA

58. The amount of loans outstanding rose from Rs. 3,08,293 at close of the preceding year, to Rs. 9,43,354 at the close of the year under report. The increase is due to a larger demand for loans by poor cultivators to tide them over a year of poor crops and consequent distress.

The discrepancy between the amount shown in column 1 of this appendix and that shown in column 2 of that of the preceding year is due to the figures for the Chittagong division in the last year's statement having been shown according to the financial year. In this year's statement the amount outstanding on the 30th June 1906 has been shown.

59. The only loan granted under this Act was one for Rs. 1,200 in the district of Chittagong. Out of this and of the balance of principal outstanding at the beginning of the year a sum of Rs. 10,182 was repayable during the year, of which Rs. 5,255 or 51·6 per cent. was actually realized, Rs. 1,490 was remitted and Rs. 3,437 (or 33·7 per cent.) was overdue at the close of the year. The interest which remained unrealized at the close of the preceding year was Rs. 1,384 and Rs. 1,244 accrued during the year, making a total of Rs. 2,628 realizable during the year. Of this Rs. 539 or 20·5 per cent. was remitted, Rs. 1,050 or 39·9 per cent. collected, and Rs. 1,039 or 39·5 per cent. remained unrealized at the close of the year.

(a) Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

Appendix XIVB.

The balance of the principal outstanding decreased from Rs. 20,243 at the commencement of the year to Rs. 13,498 at its close.

The Act seems to be unknown in Assam, and even in Eastern Bengal districts advantage is not taken of its provisions to any great extent.

60. The short outturn of crops during 1905-06 coupled with the high prices that prevailed during the whole of the year 1906-07 told heavily upon the resources of the poor cultivators. The demand for loans was great in consequence and advances were freely made. The amount advanced during the year was Rs. 8,25,391 against Rs. 2,57,613 in the preceding year. Out of this and the amount of Rs. 2,88,050 that was outstanding at the close of the preceding year, Rs. 3,52,804 fell due within this year ; of this Rs. 13 was remitted as irrecoverable, Rs. 1,84,533 or 52·3 per cent. was realized and the realization of Rs. 21,402 or 6·0 per cent. was suspended on account of the bad character of the season, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,50,510 at close of the year.

(b) Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Appendix XIVC.

Rs. 38,674 was the interest due on the above principal for the year under report, and Rs. 1,969 was due on account of the arrears of the preceding year, making a total of Rs. 40,643 to be realized during the year; out of this Rs. 14 was remitted as irrecoverable, Rs. 22,567 or 55·5 per cent. was realized, and the realization of Rs. 1,275 was suspended, leaving an arrear of Rs. 16,849.

Out of the amounts collected on account of principal and interest Rs. 3,654 and Rs. 62 were respectively advance collections for future years.

61. A separate report has been submitted to Government on the working of Co-operative Credit Societies in the Province from 1st April 1906 to 30th June 1907. Full details have been given therein and only a general review of the results is given here. The period has been one of steady but cautious progress. The number of urban societies rose from 7 with an average membership of 75 to 12 with an average membership of 85 while the average capital increased from Rs. 2,154 to Rs. 3,813 and over and above the share capital there is now a sum of Rs. 6,909 in deposit in six societies. The amount of loans issued rose from Rs. 21,485 to Rs. 67,738. These figures are distinctly encouraging.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

Rural societies have increased from 14 to 48 in number and their proportion to the whole is now four-fifths against two-thirds in the previous year. The capital of these societies now amounts to Rs. 30,019 or an average of Rs. 604 against an average of Rs. 265 in the preceding year. Deposits have increased from Rs. 1,544 (or Rs. 3 per member) to Rs. 16,217 (or Rs. 6 per member) and loans issued have risen from Rs. 4,976 to Rs. 30,717. These figures indicate the growing popularity of the Co-operative Credit Societies among the cultivating class. Loans are said to be paid off punctually, and most of them seem to have been taken for short periods for purposes of maintenance and purchase of cattle.

General Revenue work of the Land Records Staff.

(a) Eastern-Bengal.

62. As stated in last year's report there is in Eastern Bengal no special Land Records Staff corresponding to the staff of Sub-Deputy Collectors, Supervisors and Registrar Kanungoes and Mandals or patwaris maintained in Assam. The settlement records in Government estates only are maintained by the Khas tahsil establishment and mutations of raiyat's interests are recorded by them. The Commissioners' reports give no information as to how this staff discharged its duties but no complaints against it reached the Board.

(b) Assam.

63. In Assam, the district Land Records Staff has not only to carry out the annual settlements but has also to maintain the land records of the tracts not under permanent settlement and to do miscellaneous revenue work as occasion requires. The regular work of these officers will be noted on in the Director of Land Records' Departmental report, and their miscellaneous revenue work only is noticed here. No details are given in the Surma Valley report as to the work of this class in which the district Land records staff was employed. In Kamrup and Lakhimpur it was utilised in flood damage enquiries and in preparing remission statements. The work of the Staff seems on the whole to have been efficiently performed.

Village headmen.

64. There are no village headmen in the Eastern Bengal or the Surma Valley. The number of Gaonburas or village headmen in the Assam Valley slightly increased during the year and remissions amounting to Rs 25,966 (*vide* Appendix VII) were granted to them. There is still some difficulty in getting the right type of men for Gaonburas in Kamrup, while in Nowgong the appointment is said to be appreciated and sought for. The work of the Gaonburas was on the whole satisfactory during the year and an improvement in the submission of reports of vital statistics is reported from Lakhimpur. The Board are glad to find that the new system has worked satisfactorily not only in the raiyatwari area but also in the Nisf-Khiraj and Lakhiraj villages. The presentation of gold rings to selected Gaonburas' as rewards for good work had to be deferred till the close of the year as the rings received were found to be defective.

The total of number vacancies caused by death, resignation and dismissal was 277. Almost the whole of these vacancies were filled up either by election by villagers or on the hereditary principle.

Section—VI. Rent.

A.—WORKING OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

The Bengal Tenancy Act.

65. The provisions of the Act are gradually becoming better known especially in districts in which operations under Chapter X are in progress, but it is doubtful whether even now the large majority either of tenants or landlords have any but the vaguest idea of its bearing on their relations.

Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under Revenue Officers.

Appendix XII A.

66. Appendix XII A shows the operations in the transferred districts of the various sections of the Act which were administered by Revenue Officers.

Transfer of tenures.

67. The figures show a decrease in voluntary transfer, but this is on paper only as the number given for last year was swollen by the erroneous entry under the head of transfers made under section 18. Actually there has been little variation in the transfers registered whether voluntary or by decree, sale or succession.

Payment of landlords' fees.

Appendix XII B.

68. Out of a total sum of Rs. 69,332 received on account of these fees Rs. 6,487 or 9·36 per cent. only was claimed or paid. As in previous years landlords either were disinclined to

accept these fees and thus in a manner acknowledge the transfers or found the trouble of obtaining them more than the fees were worth.

Preparation of price lists. (Section 39).

69. The price lists of staple food crops were duly prepared and published, and no objection was taken to their accuracy.

Rent payable in kind. (Sections 40, 69 and 70).

70. There were only 11 applications in Malda and 1 in Dacca (under section 40) for commutation of grain rent into cash rent, and 1 (under sections 69 and 70) in Rajshahi for appraisement and division of crops. These figures, however, do not include a considerable number of commutation cases which were brought before, and disposed of by, the Settlement Officer of Bakarganj regarding which a separate report will be submitted.

Registration of improvements. (Section 80).

71. As in the preceding year the largest number of applications was in Bakarganj and were all for improvements made by Government in khas mahals.

Notice of re-entry upon lands by landlords. (Section 87 (2)).

72. The number of these notices this year was 69 against 106 in the preceding year.

Local enquiries held by order of Court. (Sections 158 and 31).

73. The number of such cases under section 31 rose from 15 to 69 while those under section 158 fell from 7 to 1. The cause of the fluctuations has not been reported.

B.—MISCELLANEOUS.

74. There is nothing special to report under this head.

Section VII—General.

Tours and Inspections, with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries.

(a) Of Members of the Board.

75. In July 1906, the Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I., First Member of the Board, visited Jalpaiguri and Bakarganj : at the former place he consulted with the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, the Director of Land Records, and the Settlement Officer as to the arrangements for the impending resettlement of the Government Estates and survey and record of rights in the rest of the district, and at the latter discussed settlement proposals with the Director of Land Records and the Settlement Officer, the Sundarbans Reclamation scheme with the Commissioner and the Collector, and a number of other matters including the sanitation of the town with the Chairman of the Municipality and others. He visited Comilla in August and inspected the Tauzi, Land Registration and Khas Mahal offices, and in December visited Chittagong and discussed several important questions with the local officers. In February and March he visited Mymensingh, Tezpur, Dibrugarh, Gauhati and Dhubri and made inspection of the public offices at these stations.

76. In July and August the Hon'ble Mr. C. R. Marindin, Second Member of the Board, made inspections at Cachar, Comilla, Chittagong, Mymensingh and Gauhati ; during the cold weather at Naugaon in Rajshahi he inspected the Ganja Mahal and public Golas and the Ganja Supervisor's office and at Barisal the Collectorate. At the end of February he revisited Chittagong to make enquiries into the proposed project for constructing new Salt Golas with the Commissioner and the Consulting Engineer to the Port,and spent a few days at Cox's Bazar making enquiries into the system of opium smuggling through that sub-division to Burma. In March he proceeded to Akyab in Burma accompanied by the Excise Commissioner and the Collector of Chittagong to discuss the opium smuggling question with the Hon'ble Mr. Gates, Financial Commissioner, Burma, and the local officers.

(b) Of Commissioners.

77. Mr. H. LeMesurier, C. I. E., who held charge of the Dacca Division from the 1st July 1906 to the 18th February, 1907 was on tour for 37 days. During this period he inspected several departments of the Bakarganj Collectorate and the Goalundo and

Narayanganj Sub-divisional offices and the Bhairab Traffic Registration office. He also visited some of the Bakarganj portions of the Sundarbans and discussed matters relating to them with the Inspector of the Colonisation work. The floods and scarcity which prevailed last rains claimed a share of his touring time and attention. Mr. Nathan, C. I. E., held charge of the Division from the 19th February 1907, to the close of the year. He was out for 26 days, the greater part of which he spent at Mymensingh and Jamalpur, where he was chiefly occupied with work connected with the disturbances in the district. He also visited Faridpur. During his tours he inspected the Mymensingh Collectorate and as many Government and public Institutions as possible, and paid special attention to the inspection of schools. Both in the case of Mr. Le Mesurier and Mr. Nathan the opportunities of ordinary touring were greatly restricted by the unsettled state of the country. This kept them often strictly tied to head quarters, and, when on tour, their time was largely taken up with political matters. The inspection of offices thus suffered.

In the Chittagong Division Mr. Luson held charge throughout the year except for a period of six weeks from the 18th May to the 28th June 1907 when he was absent on privilege leave and Mr. Dixon officiated for him. He was on tour for 78 and Mr. Dixon for 13 days. During his tours Mr. Luson inspected the district offices at Comilla and Noakhali, the offices and institutions at Rangamati and the Sub-divisional offices at Chandpur and Cox's Bazar, and also the khas tahsildar's office at the latter station. In July 1906 he met His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor and accompanied him to several relief works in the south of the Tippera district, and in August he again visited Comilla meeting the Hon'ble Mr. Savage, C. S. I., there. He had to be there again in November to discuss various educational questions with the Director of Public Instruction and again to meet His Honour there in December. He made various trips in the Chittagong district in the next two months in connection with Port matters and new roads. In March and April his time was chiefly spent in the Tippera district in connexion with the disturbances at Comilla, Magrahat and other places in the Brahmanbaria sub-division. Mr. Dixon visited the Sub-divisions of Brahmanbaria and Feni, the head quarters of Noakhali and Tippera and the island of Sandip and made some inspections at all of these places.

In the Rajshahi Division Mr. Fischer was Commissioner from the beginning of the year to the 19th of March 1907, during which period, he made a tour of 127 days visiting Rangpur, Serajganj and Malda twice, Pabna thrice, Rampur-Boalia, Bogra, Dinajpur, Nilphamari, Naugaon, Nator, Alipur-Duar and the several Tahsil offices in the Government estates of the Jalpaiguri district and making the usual inspections of public offices and institutions at these stations. At Rangpur he inspected the site at Nisbetganj proposed for a new civil station and visited the Experimental Farm discussing its prospects with the Director of Land Records and Agriculture and also agricultural experiments on wards' estates. At Serajganj and Malda, Municipal matters, flood damages and the alleged scarcity were the matters that specially claimed his attention. He was in attendance on His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor who visited Malda, Rampur-Boalia, and Bogra in July 1906. Soon after His Honour's departure Mr. Fischer made a tour into the tea districts of Jalpaiguri to inspect flood damages discussing with tea planters and others the question of restoring communications where interrupted. In February he again met the Lieutenant Governor at Jalpaiguri and accompanied His Honour to Rangpur. Mr. Gruning who held charge from the 20th March to the 1st May 1907 did no touring. Mr. Henniker was in charge from the 2nd May till the close of the year. He was out for 24 days during which he inspected Serajganj, Pabna, Nator, Bogra and Rangpur. At Serajganj he was chiefly occupied with political matters.

During the year the Surma Valley and Hill Districts Division was under the charge of the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnott, C. I. E., and Mr. Henniker. Their tours extended over a period of 85 days. During his tour the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnott visited Jaintapur, Goainghat, Sylhet, Sunamganj, Azimiriganj, Baniachang, Pagla,

Kaitak, Gobindganj and Kanairghat in order to ascertain the condition of the people and the crops in the affected areas and to enquire into the distribution of loans and gratutious relief. Mr. Henniker spent nearly the whole of December and half of January in the district of Sylhet visiting the locality affected by the scarcity. In February, March and April he made short tours in the districts of Cachar and Sylhet and visited Kohima in the Naga Hills.

In the Assam Valley Mr. Monahan was on tour for 135 days including 23 days during which he accompanied His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in his division. He visited during the year every district and sub-divisional head quarters except Mangaldai.

(c) Of District Officers.

78. The number of days fixed by the Commissioner of the Dacca Division for the Collectors' tour was 90 days for Dacca, 110 for Mymensingh, 110 for Faridpur and 116 for Bakarganj ; but the actual tours of the Collectors of the first two districts exceeded the limit fixed, while the tours of the Collectors of Faridpur and Bakraganj fell short by 48 and 44 days respectively. It is explained that the Collectors like the Commissioners were often kept at head quarters owing to the work entailed by the disturbed state of their districts. Mr. Laine, the Officiating Collector of Faridpur, was also for a time shorthanded. A portion of the time of all the Collectors was taken up on tour with enquiries into the condition of the people during the period of exceptionally high prices and local scarcity and in supervising the measures of relief where these were needed. The Collectors are also reported to have done their best to keep themselves informed of the political situation and to alleviate it. All the District Officers inspected their own offices during the year under report.

In the Chittagong Division the number of days fixed by the Commissioner for each Collector's tour was 90 days and in all the districts this limit was attained, and the offices were duly inspected by the respective Collectors.

All the district officers in the Rajshahi Division were out on tour over the prescribed period, except the Collector of Rajshahi whose tour fell short by 12 days owing to change of offices twice in the touring season. All the Collectors duly inspected their offices. In Cachar Mr. French spent 100 days, and in Sylhet Mr. Colquhoun 115 days on tour, exclusive of the six days spent by Mr. Anley who officiated as Deputy Commissioner for 19 days. Mr. French inspected the several branches of his office and of the sub-divisional office at Hailakandi including the four of the mauzadars' offices. Mr. Colquhoun inspected the sadar as well as the sub-treasuries and tahsils at Kanairghat and Goainghat and all sub-divisional offices except that at Karimganj.

In the Assam Valley the tours of the Deputy Commissioners of Kamrup, Darrang and Lakhimpur fell short of the prescribed standard by 29, 52 and 22 days respectively. In Kamrup, Major Herbert, who took over charge at the beginning of the cold weather remained at head quarters for some time after joining in order to gain acquaintance with the work of the district, while in Darrang Mr. Davis could not owing to ill health do much touring. It is explained that in Lakhimpur the Deputy Commissioner could not be out for prolonged tours owing to the many superior officers who visited his district during the year. The offices at Dhubri and the treasury at Darrang were not at all inspected during the year by the district officers nor was the sub-treasury at Mangaldai. There were four changes of Deputy Commissioners in Goalpara, but the Commissioner has very rightly remarked that this does not explain the failure to inspect any branch of the district office. The Board regret to observe that district officers have neglected this important part of their work, and expect the Commissioners to see that all the district officers make the prescribed inspections of the offices and treasuries in their charge, or under their control, and obtain in each case and submit to the Board, when necessary, explanations of the failure on the part of any officer to make the prescribed inspections.

79. The amount of touring done by the Sub-Divisional Officers fell short of the

(d) Of Sub-divisional Officers.

prescribed period in the case of Narainganj, Kurigram, Serajganj, Habiganj and Golaghat by 10, 12, 11, 20 and 29 days respectively. On the whole the touring done by these officers was useful and the tours were so arranged as to cause the minimum of inconvenience to the public. In some cases the Sub-divisional Officers failed to make the prescribed inspection of their offices and sub-treasuries. The Board desire the respective Commissioners to take due notice of this failure and to see that a sub-divisional officer performs the touring annually fixed for him.

Alienation and Assignment of Land Revenue.

Appendix VII.

80. The total area of which the revenue had been wholly or partly assigned or alienated amounted at the close of the year to 2,92,016 acres and the revenue assigned to Rs. 2,66,682 against 2,92,431 acres and Rs. 2,67,231 of the previous year. There was no change in the district of Sylhet. In Cachar there was a decrease of 12 acres due to resumption of a Baksha grant owing to alienation by the original grantees. In the Assam Valley there was a decrease of 402 acres in area and of Rs. 538 in revenue assigned. Small changes in different districts are accounted for by resurvey or correction of mistakes in figures previously furnished and in Sibsagar partly by death of pension-holders.

Records.

81. The records in the offices of the Collectors in the transferred districts are generally in good condition except in Dacca where some quinquennial settlement papers are becoming worn by age and worm eaten. The Commissioner's report on the state of these papers is now under the consideration of the Board. The state of the records and of the several district record rooms in the Assam Valley is far from being satisfactory. The Commissioner inspected some of them. At Gauhati he found "gross negligence" in the examination and arrangement of the records and the record room was generally dirty and untidy. At Golaghat too the vernacular records had been "grossly neglected" for some time. The existing building at Nowgong was found to be unsuitable, and a proposal for a new one is under consideration. The record room at Sibsagar was much overcrowded with superfluous papers and it was arranged to provide space for the resettlement records by the destruction of old and useless papers. A special establishment has been sanctioned by the Board to overhaul the Sibsagar records prior to their removal to the new district head-quarters at Jorhat. Some action has, it is reported, been taken to get the Dibrugarh record room into order, but a recent inspection by the Hon'ble Mr. Marindin has shown its state to be still unsatisfactory and a further report on the subject has been called for from the Commissioner. Mr. Monahan remarks that most of the record keepers of his division are incompetent and hardly capable of understanding the rules laid down for their guidance. The Board agree in these remarks and are taking steps to have the state of things improved in these districts.

Accommodation in the record room is reported to be insufficient in Dacca, Chittagong, Faridpur, Bakarganj and Tippera. An application has been made for the enlargement of the Dacca record room, and an extension of building at Chittagong is in contemplation. In Faridpur a proposal is under consideration for the construction of a suitable building for the record room. Accommodation has to be provided at Bakarganj for the settlement records and a project for its enlargement had been prepared. The Hon'ble Member in charge found that even with the improvements proposed the rooms in the cutcherry building allotted to the record room were altogether unsuitable for the purpose and that an entirely new record room was necessary. During his recent visit to Barisal His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has considered a scheme for the construction of a building for the Treasury and Accounts Departments and another for records. The Commissioner has just submitted this scheme for the approval of the Board. At Comilla the copyists sit in two rooms of the Deputy Magistrates' Court building and do the copying work away from the record room, an arrangement which the Commissioner rightly does not consider to be satisfactory. His suggestion for an improvement will be called for.

With the exception of the Assam Valley Districts the classification and periodical destruction of B and C papers seems to have received due attention in all places.

In accordance with the instructions contained in Bengal Board's Circular Order No. 7 of July 1905, funds were allotted by this Board towards the close of the year for the rewriting of the shelf Register No. 41 in the districts of Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Pabna and Malda, and the work is reported to be either in progress or about to be taken up shortly. The work was completed only in Tippera. The question of the rewriting of this register in the Assam districts on the Bengal lines is under the consideration of the Board.

All the Commissioners have submitted their proposals for the storage, preservation and re-arrangement of records on the lines indicated in the Government of India's letter No. 213, dated the 23rd January 1905 and the matter is now under the consideration of the Board.

In the Eastern Bengal districts all the Collectors except the Collector of Rajshahi inspected their record rooms, while in Assam only the Deputy Commissioners of Cachar, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur made this inspection. The Commissioners will be requested to take due notice of the cases of failure to make the necessary inspections.

Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878.

82. There were four cases under the Act during the year, none of which were of any special interest. In one case, however, a small silver statuette representing the figure of the God Vishnu was dug up at Rampal in the Munshiganj Sub-division of the district of Dacca. The statuette appears to be about 100 or 150 years old and the workmanship to be of Southern India. It is a work of Art of some beauty and merit and is in perfect preservation. The authorities of the Indian Museum have expressed their intention to acquire it for the sum of Rs. 104-6-4. In one case the treasure was restored to the finder while in another it was confiscated. Some old coins of the Assam Rajas, with a few Persian coins, to the value of Rs. 570-8 were found by two tea garden coolies in the Sibsagar district, while engaged in hoeing work. No claimants having come forward the coins will now be disposed of as ownerless.

Abolition of the Zamindari Dak Cess.

83. The Zamindari Dâk Cess having been abolished with effect from 1st April 1906, Appendix XVI showing statistics for the cess has been omitted this year. On receipt of the orders of the Government of India the operation of the Government rules under the Zamindari Dâk Cess Act, VIII (B. C.) of 1862, was, subject to the enforcement of any rules necessary for the winding up of the work in connection with the cess, executively suspended with effect from the above date pending repeal of the Act and the formal abolition of the Government rules thereunder. Instructions were also issued to give the widest publicity to the orders abolishing the cess by hanging up notices in Revenue and Civil Courts, Municipal and District Board Offices, Police Stations, Sub-divisional offices, by circulating them among village panchayets, zamindari cutcherries, local pleaders and Revenue Agents and by beat of drum in the interior of the country. Steps were taken to recover the arrears which amounted to Rs. 960 at the end of the financial year 1905-06 under the Public Demands Recovery Act and with regard to the advance payments made for subsequent years before the abolition, orders were passed for their refund on application of the parties, the refunds being treated as debits against the Imperial Postal Department and arrear collections as credits. An expenditure of Rs. 3,443 was anticipated in the financial year 1906–07 on establishments retained for collection work and for winding up the accounts and the Controller, Post Office, was asked to adjust the charge against balances of the Zamindari Dâk fund. No reduction was found practicable in this Tauzi Establishment as the work in connection with the collection of this cess constituted but a very small portion of the work of the Tauzi Department.

The other effects of the measure were the abolition of runners and the imperialisation of all District Dâk offices maintained by the Dâk fund.

84. The Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C.S.I., and the Hon'ble Mr. C. R. Marindin, I.C.S., respectively held the offices of the First and Second Member throughout the year.

Personnel.
(a) Of the Board.

85. The following Commissioners held office during the year :—

(b) Of Commissioners.

Dacca Division—Mr. H. LeMesurier, C. I. E., from the 1st July 1906 to the 18th February 1907 and Mr. R. Nathan, C. I. E., from the 19th February till the end of the year.

Chittagong Division—Mr. H. Luson from the 1st July 1906 to the 17th May 1907 and again from the 29th to the 30th June 1907, and Mr. F. P. Dixon from the 18th May to the 28th June 1907, during Mr. Luson's absence on privilege leave.

Rajshahi Division—Mr. F. N. Fischer from the 1st July 1906 to the 19th March 1907, Mr. J. F. Gruning from the 20th March to the 1st May 1907, and Mr. F. C. Henniker from the 2nd May 1907 till the end of the year.

Surma Valley and Hill Districts—The Hon'ble Mr. J. C. Arbuthnott, C. I. E., from the 1st July to the 21st November 1906 and again from the 21st April 1907 till the close of the year and Mr. F. C. Henniker from the 22nd November 1906 to the 20th April 1907, during the absence on deputation of the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnott.

Assam Valley Districts—Mr. F. J. Monahan throughout the year.

86. The Board received valuable help from all the Commissioners of Divisions in the administration of the Land Revenue Department and desire to record the good revenue work done by the following other officers during the year. The work of these officers were either specially approved by the Board or specially commended by the Commissioners.

Merits of Officers.

Collectors and Deputy Commissioners.

Mr. F. C. French.	Mr. J. F. Gruning
Major A. E. Woods.	Mr. F. P. Dixon.
„ D. Herbert.	Mr. H. A. C. Colquhoun.

Officers of the Provincial Service.

2nd grade Deputy Collector	...	Babu Nobin Chandra Das.
3rd grade Deputy Collector	...	Babu Sarbananda Das.
4th grade Deputy Collectors	...	Mr. F. S. R. Anley. Babu Girish Chandra Nag (No. 1).
5th grade Deputy Collector	...	Babu Debendra Kumar Mitra.
7th grade Deputy Collectors	...	Maulvi Asad-uz-zaman. „ Muhammad Abdul Mumin.

Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service.

2nd grade Sub-Deputy Collectors	...	Babu Kedar Nath Banerji. Babu Charu Chandra Banerji. Babu Jagat Chandra Das.
3rd grade Sub-Deputy Collector	...	Babu Balaram Das Gupta.
4th grade Sub-Deputy Collectors	...	Babu Srish Kumar Sen. Babu Naba Gopal Chaki. Maulvi Ikram Rasul.
5th grade Sub-Deputy Collector	...	Salih Ahmad.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

J. T RANKIN,

Secretary.

Gandaria Press,—500—10-12-1907.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IA.

[*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.]

Classification of Land Tenures, 1906—1907.

Division and District.	Permanently-settled Estates.			Temporarily-settled Estates.			Estates held in direct management.		
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Dacca Division.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
Dacca	10,066	16,90,698	4,25,148	405	69,602	62,372	224	10,600	29,450
Mymensingh	9,595	39,26,091	7,68,419	168	1,25,426	71,707	89	17,645	26,720
Faridpur	5,628	13,53,804	4,29,709	149	29,889	38,140	239	87,587	1,46,723
Bakarganj	3,007	22,80,902	10,03,793	259	3,28,590	2,72,060	371	3,04,810	4,44,211
Total ...	28,296	92,51,495	26,27,069	1,041	5,53,507	4,44,279	923	4,20,642	6,47,104
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong...	28,634	3,59,677	5,29,809	2	24,311	13,184	6	8,02,485	6,34,822
Tippera	2,151	14,43,024	9,39,376	56	22,722	27,915	257	63,583	1,31,203
Noakhali	1,545	8,27,376	4,60,211	45	54,347	53,313	244	1,63,656	1,87,873
Total ...	32,330	26,30,077	19,29,396	103	1,01,380	94,412	507	10,29,724	9,53,898
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	1,600	16,43,782	10,17,287	20	5,428	2,918	29	13,526	5,894
Dinajpur	758	26,13,469	15,20,456	...	...	...	3	83	54
Jalpaiguri	82	6,70,601	1,36,750	180	2,35,928	2,01,318	5	5,52,217	4,43,766
Rangpur	639	25,85,519	10,10,644	18	3,150	1,858	13	984	2,526
Bogra	704	71,375	4,33,897	...	...	...	2	28,233	60,601
Pabna	1,788	9,58,654	3,59,146	75	30,497	23,747	60	44,418	32,093
Malda	618	11,90,629	4,00,914	20	3,927	10,986	17	20,805	26,677
Total ...	6,189	97,34,027	48,79,094	313	2,78,930	2,40,827	129	6,60,266	5,71,611
Grand Total ... 1906—07 ...	66,815	2,16,15,599	94,35,759	1,457	9,33,817	7,79,518	1,559	21,10,632	21,72,613
1905—06 ...	66,801	2,18,00,580	94,36,875	1,474	9,44,157	7,81,560	1,538	15,99,425	21,13,380

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Classification of Land

CLASS OF ESTATES.	CACHAR.			SYLHET.			TOTAL FOR SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
I. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED.	...	...	...	49,856	24,10,972	3,65,137	49,856	24,10,972	3,65,137
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—									
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	4,175	5,420	6,576	6,056	15,153	13,970	10,321	20,573	20,546
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	11	28	43	...	...	...	11	28	43
TOTAL ANNUALLY SETTLED ...	4,186	5,448	6,619	6,056	15,153	13,970	10,242	20,601	20,589
Periodically al full rates for ordinary cultivation	66,002	3,39,059	3,83,058	50,472	3,55,857	3,36,919	1,16,474	6,94,916	7,19,977
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	448	95,382	99,559	194	46,666	45,389	642	1,42,048	1,44,948
TOTAL PERIODICALLY-SETTLED ...	66,450	4,34,441	4,82,617	50,666	4,02,523	3,82,308	1,17,116	8,36,964	8,64,925
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	70,177	3,44,479	3,89,634	56,528	3,71,010	3,50,889	1,26,705	7,15,489	7,40,523
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation)	459	95,410	99,602	194	46,666	45,389	653	1,42,076	1,44,991
TOTAL FULLY-ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	70,636	4,39,889	4,89,236	56,722	4,17,676	3,96,278	1,27,358	8,57,565	8,85,514
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, for ten years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, for twenty years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special settlements	24	201	85	79	38,567	46,644	103	38,768	46,729
Town lands	831	1,303	11,057	...	...	...	831	1,303	11,057
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED ...	71,491	4,41,393	5,00,378	56,801	4,56,243	4,42,922	1,28,292	8,97,636	9,43,300
III. REVENUE-FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	121	1,166	...	1,257	37,623	...	1,378	38,789	...
IV. WASTE-LAND GRANTS.									
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, ,, of 1854	23	25,868	7,291	1	1,831	515	24	27,699	7,806
Fee-simple grants	23	9,107	...	...	...	...	23	9,107	...
Old rule grants commuted	67	1,34,964	...	1	1,878	...	68	1,36,842	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section I of settlement rules	16	5,233	2,115	139	92,668	81,184	155	97,901	83,299
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	129	1,75,172	9,406	141	96,377	81,699	270	2,71,549	91,105
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	588	2,70,582	1,09,008	414	1,81,610	1,73,732	1,002	4,52,192	2,82,740
GRAND TOTAL ... ... 1906—07	71,741	6,17,731	5,09,784	1,08,055	30,01,215	8,89,758	1,79,796	36,18,946	13,99,542
... 1905—06	70,646	6,15,644	5,05,520	1,06,826	29,89,724	8,74,930	1,77,472	36,05,368	13,80,450

IB.

9 and 13 of the text.]

Tenures, 1906—1907.

GOALPARA.			KAMRUP.			DARRANG.			NOWGONG.			SIBSAGAR.		
Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
19	15,18,982	11,411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12,736	42,667	62,042	77,847	1,28,581	2,37,598	78,351	1,21,025	2,83,020	90,747	1,51,578	3,06,535	52,373	66,228	1,29,656
...	...	...	...	...	...	36	120	219	36	374	706	35	1,166	2,511
12,736	42,667	62,042	77,847	1,28,581	2,37,598	78,387	1,21,145	2,83,239	90,783	1,51,952	3,07,241	52,408	67,394	1,32,167
1,046	7,206	12,120	113,461	3,27,015	8,66,750	59,108	1,40,262	3,73,912	31,775	59 390	1,40,324	1,40,897	4,28,537	12,39,964
1	198	322	21	1,266	2,158	191	10,936	22,636	55	3,104	5,870	678	60,379	1,36,962
1,047	7,404	12,442	1,13,482	3,28,281	8,68,908	59,299	1,51,198	3,96,548	31,830	62,494	1,46,194	1,41,575	4,88,916	13,76,926
13,782	49,873	74,162	1,91,308	4,55,596	11,04,348	1,37,459	2,61,287	6,56,932	1,22,522	2,10,968	4,46,859	1,93,270	4,94,765	13,69,620
1	198	322	21	1,266	2,158	227	11,056	22,855	91	3,478	6,576	713	61,545	1,39,473
13,783	50,071	74,484	1,91,329	4,56,862	11,06,506	1,37,686	2,72,343	6,79,787	1,22,613	2,14,446	4,53,435	1,93,983	5,56,310	15,09,093
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	81	13,151	8,726	24	5,382	3,995	...	...	...
...	...	...	2,221	1,46,152	1,25,390	16	17,897	7,908	...	...	...	469	4,978	5,477
...	...	...	2,221	1,46,152	1,25,390	97	31,048	16,634	24	5,382	3,995	469	4,978	5,477
51	1,31,396	28,473	477	1,753	4,986	2	677	47	10	2,241	1,271	5	80	296
234	91	1,653	1,047	1,914	7,660	439	350	3,703	841	677	3,999	1,689	1,876	11,747
14,068	181,558	1,04,610	1,95,074	6,05,781	12,44,542	1,38,224	30,44,18	7,00,171	1,23,488	2,22,746	4,62,700	1,96,146	5,63,244	15,26,613
40	99,055	...	37	33,941	...	32	5,071	...	5	2,314	...	84	39,545	...
...	...	...	3	156	258	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	5,194	8,845
...	...	...	2	455	128	1	293	82	2	469	132	2	726	204
...	...	...	17	4,456	...	85	45,439	...	42	15,229	...	51	30,831	...
...	...	...	20	12,526	...	15	6,758	...	13	6,119	...	111	93,732	...
2	675	419	17	4,927	3,421	254	79,094	51,517	77	28,208	26,072	266	75,420	57,504
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	675	419	59	22,520	3,807	355	1,31,584	51,599	134	50,025	26,204	446	2,05,903	66,553
3	873	741	80	23,786	5,965	582	1,42,640	74,454	225	53,503	32,780	1,159	2,67,448	2,06,026
14,129	18,00,270	1,16,440	1,95,170	6,62,242	12,48,349	1,38,611	4,41,073	7,51,770	1,23,627	2,75,085	4,88,904	1,96,676	8,08,692	15,93,166
13,663	17,98,225	1,13,412	1,78,530	6,42,953	12,17,490	1,35,074	4,35,422	7,39,400	1,16,399	2,71,805	4,81,074	1,89,395	7,94,780	15,35,201

APPENDIX IB.—*Concluded.*

[*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 13 of the text.]

Classification of Land Tenures, 1906—1907.

CLASS OF ESTATES.	LAKHIMPUR.			TOTAL FOR ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.			GRAND TOTAL FOR YEAR.			GRAND TOTAL FOR PREVIOUS YEAR.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revevue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Rezenue.	Number of estates.	Aren.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acrei.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
1. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED.	...	...	...	19	15,18,982	11,411	49,875	39,29,954	3,76,548	49,881	39,29,994	3,76,567
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—												
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	62,665	1,06,119	2,39,524	3,74,719	6,16,198	12,58,375	3,84,950	6,36,771	12,78,921	3,80,669	6,83,753	14,21,795
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	106	406	922	213	2,066	4,358	224	2,094	4,401	354	4,421	9,843
TOTAL ANNUALLY SETTLED ...	62,771	1,06,525	2,40,446	3,74,932	6,18,264	12,62,733	3,85,174	6,38,865	12,83,322	3,81,023	6,88,174	14,31,638
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation	30,905	1,08,675	2,83,223	3,77,192	10,71,085	29,16,293	4,93,666	17,66,001	36,36,270	4,59,321	16,56,104	33,53,470
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	523	31,079	70,479	1,469	1,06,962	2,38,427	2,111	2,49,010	3,83,375	2,031	2,43,398	3,71,050
TOTAL PERIODICALLY SETTLED ...	31,428	1,39,754	3,53,702	3,78,661	11,78,047	31,54,720	4,95,777	20,15,011	40,19,645	4,61,352	18,99,502	37,24,520
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	93,370	2,14,794	5,22,747	7,51,911	16,87,283	41,74,668	8,78,616	24,02,772	49,15,191	8,39,990	† 23,39,714	† 47,76,351
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation)	629	31,485	71,401	1,682	1,09,028	2,42,785	2,335	2,51,104	3,87,776	2,385	2,47,819	3,80,893
TOTAL FULLY-ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)...	94,199	2,46,279	5,94,148	7,53,593	17,96,311	44,17,453	8,80,951	26,53,876	53,02,967	8,42,375	25,87,533	51,57,244
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ for ten years	50	1,241	1,728	155	19774	14,449	155	19,774	14,449	255	20,473	15,167
„ for twenty years	...	...	...	2,706	1,69,027	1,38,775	2,706	1,69,027	1,38,775	2,548	1,68,765	1,38,431
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	50	1,241	1,728	2,861	1,88,801	1,53,224	2,861	1,88,801	1,53,224	2,803	1,89,238	1,53,598
Special settlements	24	10,364	10,787	569	1,46,511	45,860	672	1,85,279	92,589	607	1,86,266	90,361
Town lands	802	1,082	9,869	5,052	5,090	38,631	5,883	6,393	49,688	5,740	6,318	49,098
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED ...	95,075	2,58,966	6,16,532	7,62,075	21,36,713	46,55,168	8,90,367	30,34,349	55,98,468	8,51,525	29,69,355	54,50,211
III. REVENUE-FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	138	1,955	...	336	1,81,881	...	1,714	2,20,670	...	1,713	2,19,232	...
IV. WASTE-LAND GRANTS.												
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	19	5,350	9,103	*19*	5,350	9,103	19	5,350	9,066
„ „ „ of 1854	...	...	...	7	1,943	546	*31*	29,642	8,352	31	29,687	8,352
Fee-simple grants	104	87,107	...	299	1,83,062	...	*322*	1,92,169	...	322	1,92,184	...
Old rule grants commuted	41	30,230	...	200	1,49,365	...	268	2,86,207	...	268	2,86,444	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section I. of settlement rules	215	74,070	47,489	831	2,62,394	1,86,422	986	3,60,295	2,69,721	986	3,60,595	2,65,098
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	360	1,91,407	47,489	1,356	6,02,114	1,96,071	1,626	8,73,663	2,87,176	1,626	8,74,260	2,82,516
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	989	2,22,892	1,18,890	3,038	7,11,142	4,38,856	4,040	11,63,334	7,21,596	4,090	11,60,647	7,08,215
GRAND TOTAL ... { ... 1906—07	95,573	4,52,328	6,64,021	7,63,786	44,39,690	48,62,650	9,43,582	80,58,636	62,62,192 *	9,04,745	79,92,841	61,09,294
... 1905—06	94,232	4,43,352	6,42,267	7,27,273	43,86,540	47,28,844	904,745	79,92,984	61,09,294	...	...	...

* This includes Rs. 25,966 for *gaonburas* remissions as per Statement VII and Rs 17 on account of reductions after Appendix and excludes Rs. 474 for *tauzibahir* revenue.

† Revised figures.

APPENDIX IIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs 11

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand of

Division and District.	Settled at close of preceding year.		Increase due to							
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.	
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Dacca Division.										
Dacca	80,202	92,775	10	250	...	...	...	...	160	952
Mymensingh	1,43,071	97,914	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	491
Faridpur	1,15,998	1,86,676	4	32	1,110	1,556	3,017	4,565	337	764
Bakarganj	6,31,568	7,10,103	...	379	...	4,181	3,556	5,648	...	1,603
Total ...	9,70,839	10,87,468	14	661	1,110	5,737	6,573	10,295	497	3,810
Chittagong Division.										
Chittagong	3,71,599	6,39,755*	13,520	6,249	1,439	1,574	...	...	...	8,996
Tippera	84,432	1,48,215	1,339	1,845	...	1,719	693	8,089	...	105
Noakhali	1,98,952	2,21,207	8,852	26,834	...	3,457	...	...	21,559	444
Total ...	6,54,983	10,09,177	23,711	34,928	1,439	6,750	693	8,089	21,559	9,545
Rajshahi Division.										
Rajshahi	18,954	8,934	...	...	...	...	907	239	...	...
Dinajpur	83	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	7,78,566	6,37,568	7,848	6,805	2,674	2,470	4,137	5,448	...	1,501
Rangpur	4,201	4,367	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	78
Bogra	23,764	57,709	71	221	...	...	...	...	...	4,817
Pabna	73,499	51,086	568	938	...	...	471	2,832	614	4,728
Malda	24,611	36,821*	130	277	...	...	...	...	...	610
Total ...	9,23,678	7,96,539	8,617	8,241	2,674	2,470	5,515	8,519	617	11,734
Grand Total ... 1906-1907 ...	25,49,500	28,93,184	32,342	43,830	5,223	14,957	12,781	26,903	22,673	25,089
1905-1906 ...	24,73,165	28,55,266	32,150	18,079	29,747	18,989	31,648	24,119	10,514	20,604

* Revised figures.

IIA.

and 12 of the text.]

Government and Temporarily-Settled Estates, 1906—1907.

Total increase.		Decrease due to								Total decrease.		Net Increase or Decrease.		Demand of year.
		Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
170	1,202	...	...	...	...	...	79	170	2,076	170	2,155	...	—953	91,822
...	573	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	60	...	+ 513	98,427
4,468	6,917	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,990	8,730	2,990	8,730	+1,478	—1,813	1,84,863
3,556	11,811	...	...	...	...	1,282	1,911	351	3,732	1,633	5,643	+1,923	+6,168	7,16,271
8,194	20,503	...	...	...	...	1,282	1,990	3,511	14,598	4,793	16,588	+3,401	+3,915	10,91,383
14,959	16,819	41	138	...	...	...	...	136	8,430	177	8,568	+14,782	+8,251	6,48,006
2,032	11,758	...	...	...	...	159	855	...	...	159	855	+1,873	+10,903	1,59,118
30,411	30,735	...	...	9,722	4,456	...	...	2,174	6,300	11,896	10,756	+18,515	+19,979	2,41,186
47,402	59,312	41	138	9,722	4,456	159	855	2,310	14,730	12,232	20,179	+35,170	+39,133	10,48,310
907	239	...	...	...	...	907	361	...	...	907	361	...	—122	8,812
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54
14,659	16,224	1,625	905	...	48	315	66	3,140	7,689	5,080	8,708	+9,579	+7,516	6,45,084
3	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	61	70	61	—67	+17	4,384
71	5,038	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	2,146	29	2,146	+42	+2,892	60,601
1,653	8,498	...	...	...	...	59	72	178	3,672	237	3,744	+1,416	+4,754	55,840
130	887	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	45	60	45	+ 70	+842	37,663
17,423	30,964	1,625	905	...	48	1,281	499	3,477	13,613	6,383	15,065	+11,040	+15,899	8,12,438
73,019	1,10,779	1,666	1,043	9,722	4,504	2,722	3,344	9,298	42,941	23,408	51,832	+49,611	+58,947	29,52,131
1,04,059	81,791	1,769	2,532	3,491	1,111	18,418	13,320	9,973	25,154	33,642	42,117	+70,417	+39,674	28,94,940

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 13

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand on

DISTRICT AND SUBDIVISION,	Settled at close of preceding year.		INCREASE DUE TO								Total increase.	
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement, or alteration of classification.		Other causes.			
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.												
Silchar (Sadar)	2,47,805	2,69,435	1,965	2,200	...	...	624	563	199	195	2,788	2,958
Hailakandi	95,511	1,18,090	179	195	...	...	2,152	2,313	187	195	2,518	2,703
Total Cachar	3,43,316	3,87,525	2,144	2,395	...	...	2,776	2,876	386	390	5,306	5,661
North Sylhet	2,17,017	2,01,958	2,002	2,798	...	...	481	497	...	...	2,483	3,295
South Sylhet	43,689	40,589	6,552	3,633	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,552	3,633
Karimganj	56,624	80,287	3,659	3,763	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,659	3,763
Habiganj	14,839	11,771	1,123	511	...	...	61	159	...	...	1,184	670
Sunamganj	29,298	9,450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Sylhet	3,61,467	3,44,055	13,336	10,705	...	...	542	656	...	...	13,878	11,361
Total Surma Valley Districts.	7,04,783	7,31,580	15,480	13,100	...	...	3,318	3,532	386	390	19,184	17,022
Assam Valley Districts.												
Dhubri	47,799	71,245	6,593	8,339	...	...	556	822	...	220	7,149	9,381
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara... ...	47,799	71,245	6,593	8,339	...	...	556	822	...	220	7,149	9,381
Barpeta	91,815	1,98,005	15,995	23,630	...	...	171	309	44	4,595	16,210	28,534
Gauhati	3,44,132	8,75,508	36,884	67,333	...	...	955	1,862	2,539	15,439	40,378	84,634
Total Kamrup	4,35,947	10,73,513	52,879	90,963	...	...	1,126	2,171	2,583	20,034	56,588	1,13,168
Mangaldai	1,27,664	3,25,782	11,172	24,418	...	...	33	66	1,283	3,946	12,488	28,330
Tezpur	1,28,258	3,19,433	9,256	18,901	...	...	2,126	5,359	...	373	11,382	24,633
Total Darrang	2,55,922	6,45,215	20,428	43,319	...	...	2,159	5,425	1,283	4,319	23,870	53,063
Nowgong	2,97,076	4,38,914	33,686	58,968	...	...	598	1,177	...	1,394	34,284	61,539
Total Nowgong... ...	2,97,076	4,38,914	33,686	58,968	...	...	598	1,177	...	1,394	34,284	61,539
Golaghat	1,25,861	3,38,098	9,404	17,630	...	...	433	801	814	2,195	10,651	20,626
Jorhat	1,78,951	5,12,867	11,077	20,538	...	...	603	1,112	1,030	3,680	12,710	25,330
Sibsagar	1,77,926	4,61,159	6,719	13,812	...	...	4,257	39,766	80,686	2,03,363	91,662	2,56,941
Total Sibsagar	4,81,738	13,12,124	27,200	51,980	...	...	5,293	41,679	82,530	2,09,238	115,023	3,02,897
North Lakhimpur	65,602	1,54,730	12,551	25,643	...	...	6,184	14,400	36	73	18,771	40,116
Dibrugarh	1,40,847	3,49,030	9,645	21,583	...	...	9,058	20,844	...	...	18,703	42,427
Total Lakhimpur	2,06,449	5,03,760	22,196	47,226	...	...	15,242	35,244	36	73	37,474	82,543
Total Assam Valley Districts.	16,34,931	40,44,771	1,62,982	3,00,795	...	...	24,974	86,518	86,432	2,35,278	2,74,388	6,22,591
Grand Total.	23,39,714*	47,76,351	1,78,462	3,13,895	...	...	28,292	90,050	86,818	2,35,668	2,93,572	6,39,613

* Revised figures.

IIB.

of the text.]

Fully-Assessed area taken up for Ordinary Cultivation, 1906—1907.

DECREASE DUE TO								Total decrease.		Net increase or decrease.		Demand of year.
Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Acres	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
454	465	243	215	...	...	156	329	853	1,009	+1,935	+1,949	2,71,384
18	40	26	28	3,044	2,283	202	192	3,290	2,543	-772	+160	1,18,250
472	505	269	243	3,044	2,283	358	521	4,143	3,552	+1,163	+2,109	3,89,634
955	684	51	56	560	591	2	5	1,568	1,336	+915	+1,959	2,03,917
1,490	1,323	80	28	463	910	...	...	2,033	2,261	+4,519	+1,372	41,961
501	621	72	77	44	104	...	...	617	802	+3,042	+2,961	83,248
38	25	...	...	52	79	...	...	90	104	+1,094	+566	12,337
...	...	26	24	...	...	...	...	26	24	-26	-24	9,426
2,984	2,653	229	185	1,119	1,684	2	5	4,334	4,527	+9,544	+6,834	3,50,889
3,456	3,158	498	428	4,163	3,967	360	526	8,477	8,079	+10,707	+8,943	7,40,523
4,780	6,068	...	...	287	293	8	103	5,075	6,464	+2,074	+2,917	74,162
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,780	6,068	...	...	287	293	8	103	5,075	6,464	+2,074	+2,917	74,162
12,632	19,713	9	14	42	109	489	4,761	13,172	24,597	+3,038	+3,937	2,01,942
19,465	41,110	641	1,866	288	641	3,373	14,119	23,767	57,736	+16,611	+26,898	9,02,406
32,097	60,823	650	1,880	330	750	3,862	18,880	36,939	82,333	+19649	+30,835	11,04,348
9,395	20,647	...	...	26	53	1,260	4,132	10,681	24,832	+1,807	+3,598	3,29,380
7,158	14,937	...	...	331	727	335	850	7,824	16,514	+3,558	+8,119	3,27,552
16,553	35,584	...	...	357	780	1,595	4,982	18,505	41,346	+5,365	+11,717	6,56,932
28,654	50,124	1,333	2,402	384	662	21	406	30,392	53,594	+3,892	+7,945	4,46,859
28,654	50,124	1,333	2,402	384	662	21	406	30,392	53,594	+3,892	+7,945	4,46,859
6,685	12,185	18	46	104	196	412	1,245	7,219	13,672	+3,432	+6,954	3,45,052
9,813	17,984	112	232	...	...	1,291	4,572	11,216	22,788	+1,494	+2,542	5,15,409
2,519	5,217	97	184	...	...	80,945	2,03,540	83,561	2,08,941	+8,101	+48,000	5,09,159
19,017	35,386	227	462	104	196	82,648	2,09,357	1,01,996	2,45,401	+13,027	+57,496	13,69,620
11,628	22,877	45	97	4,958	12,324	458	950	17,089	36,248	+1,682	+3,868	1,58,598
4,930	9,802	361	836	6,096	14,595	653	2,075	12,040	27,308	+6,663	+15,119	3,64,149
16,558	32,679	406	933	11,054	26,919	1,111	3,025	29,129	63,556	+8,345	+18,987	5,22,747
1,17,659	2,20,664	2,616	5,677	12,516	29,600	89,245	2,36,753	2,22,036	4,92,694	+52,352	+1,29,897	41,74,668
1,21,115	2,23,822	3,114	6,105	16,679	33,567	89,605	2,37,279	2,30,513	5,00,773	+63,059	+1,38,840	49,15,191

APPENDIX IIC.

[*Vide* paragraph 13 of the text.]

Fluctuations in the Khiraj area of the Assam Valley Districts (including lands held by tea-planters.)

District.	1890-91	1896-97	1897-98	1898-99	1899-1900	1900-01	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Assam Valley Districts.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Goalpara.	60,518	67,847	68,105	67,776	70,557	68,221	1,73,954	1,79,366	1,75,954	1,77,035	1,77,998	1,80,071
Kamrup.	4,66,461	4,77,307	4,77,884	4,30,444	4,30,354	4,09,937	4,20,902	4,40,740	4,49,335	4,48,827	4,37,273	4,56,862
Darrang.	2,34,799	2,41,089	2,45,781	2,48,573	2,53,226	2,51,323	2,53,684	2,62,957	2,64,673	2,66,568	2,67,370	2,72,343
Nowgong.	2,65,656	2,32,199	2,12,537	2,11,814	2,08,762	1,97,226	1,95,215	2,02,729	2,09,493	2,12,177	2,10,497	2,14,446
Sibsagar.	4,13,495	4,48,264	4,60,240	4,72,584	4,83,099	4,90,538	4,99,471	5,10,196	5,25,280	5,25,209	5,42,748	5,54,309
Lakhimpur.	1,28,819	1,59,756	1,65,073	1,78,945	1,88,341	1,96,358	2,04,638	2,11,142	2,20,074	2,29,469	2,37,048	2,46,279
Total ...	15,69,748	16,26,462	16,29,620	16,10,136	16,34,339	16,13,603	17,47,954	18,07,130	18,44,809	18,59,285	18,72,934	19,24,310

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IID.

[*Vide* paragraphs 13 and 14 of the text]

Area settled with ex-tea Coolies and other Immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts, 1906—1907.

District.	1905—06.			1906—07.		
	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Cachar	913	239	1,152	76	1,291	1,367
Assam Valley Districts.						
Goalpara	...	716	716	...	1,149	1,149
Kamrup	636	4,035	4,671	567	2,025	2,592
Darrang	34,019	9,420	43,439	34,061	11,124	45,185
Nowgong	8,730	1,563	19,293	10,327	1,746	12,073
Sibsagar	36,862	5,038	41,900	41,247	6,273	47,520
Lakhimpur	35,517	9,906	45,423	37,794	12,073	49,867
Total ...	1,16,677	30,917	1,47,594	1,24,072	35,681	1,59,753

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
EASTERN BENGAL.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	10,755	5,16,970	23,985	5,40,955	5,03,142	8,551	5,11,693	8,529
Mymensingh	9,852	8,66,846	3,625	8,70,471	8,61,986	3,473	8,65,459	144
Faridpur	6,016	6,14,572	23,713	6,38,285	5,99,941	11,947	6,11,888	8,715
Bakarganj	3,637	17,20,064	56,793	17,76,857	16,79,843	55,277	17,35,120	2,543
Total ...	30,260	37,18,452	1,08,116	38,26,568	36,44,912	79,248	37,24,160	19,931
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	28,642	11,77,815	2,20,282	13,98,097	10,71,696	76,575	11,48,271	2,896
Tippera	2,464	10,98,694	18,895	11,17,589	10,80,624	14,189	10,94,813	3,953
Noakhali	1,834	7,01,397	53,646	7,55,043	6,67,774	48,098	7,15,872	5,297
Total ...	32,940	29,77,906	2,92,823	32,70,729	28,20,094	1,38,862	29,58,956	12,146
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	1,649	10,26,099	48,823	10,74,922	9,80,657	23,940	10,04,597	589
Dinajpur	761	15,20,510	826	15,21,336	15,20,101	826	15,20,927	...
Jalpaiguri	267	7,81,834	13,833	7,95,667	7,75,645	10,921	7,86,566	2,953
Rangpur	670	10,15,028	569	10,15,597	10,12,759	280	10,13,039	221
Bogra	706	4,94,498	2,943	4,97,441	4,94,006	2,909	4,96,915	34
Pabna	1,923	4,14,986	14,025	4,29,011	4,06,022	4,160	4,10,182	112
Malda	655	4,38,577	7,168	4,45,745	4,29,869	848	4,30,717	2,816
Total ...	6,631	56,91,532	88,187	57,79,719	56,19,059	43,884	56,62,943	6,725
Total Eastern Bengal 1906—07	69,831	1,23,87,890	4,89,126	1,28,77,016	1,20,84,065	2,61,994	1,23,46,059	38,802
1905—06	69,813	1,23,31,815	4,18,401	1,27,50,216	1,19,86,241	2,25,038	1,22,11,279	48,675
ASSAM.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	71,530	5,09,784	360	5,10,144	5,09,284	346	5,09,630	...
Sylhet	1,06,797	8,89,758	2,38,145	11,27,903	5,90,620	2,27,559	8,18,179	1,219
Total ...	1,78,327	13,99,542	2,38,505	16,38,047	10,99,904	2,27,905	13,27,809	1,219
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	14,089	1,16,440	39	1,16,479	1,16,440	39	1,16,479	...
Kamrup	1,95,096	12,42,179	73,165	13,15,344	12,24,681	20,289	12,44,970	46,861
Darrang	1,38,479	7,47,319	44,449	7,91,768	7,46,409	20,274	7,66,683	22,003
Nowgong	1,23,567	4,85,856	9,004	4,94,860	4,85,823	19	4,85,842	9,018
Sibsagar	1,96,415	15,85,622	45,135	16,30,757	15,74,706	20,198	15,94,904	20,519
Lakhimpur	95,292	6,59,725	10,463	6,70,188	6,50,335	2,798	6,53,133	5,972
Total ...	7,62,938	48,37,141	1,82,255	50,19,396	47,98,394	63,617	48,62,011	1,04,373
Total Assam ... 1906—07	9,41,265	* 62,36,683	4,20,760	66,57,443	58,98,298	2,91,522	61,89,820	1,05,592
1905—06	9,02,442	60,84,402	3,45,822	64,30,224	56,99,544	2,84,324	59,83,868	32,065
GRAND TOTAL ... 1906—07	10,11,096	*1,86,24,573	9,09,886	1,95,34,459	1,79,82,363	5,53,516	1,85,35,879	1,44,394
1905—06	9,72,255	1,84,16,217	7,64,223	1,91,80,440	1,76,85,785	5,09,362	1,81,95,147	80,740

* This excludes Rs. 25,966 for *Gaonburas'* remissions as per Appendix VII and Rs. 17 on account of deductions after settlement and includes Rs. 474 for *tauzibahir* revenue.

IIIA.

18 of the text.]

(including Malikana and Police Jama) of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1906—1907.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net Balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Precentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
13,828	6,905	20,733	426	20,307	97·32	35·65	94·59	80,831	2,523	...	95·03
4,860	8	4,868	...	4,868	99·44	95·80	99·42	69,889	...	...	99·42
14,631	3,051	17,682	5,006	12,676	97·62	50·38	95·86	58,810	...	758	95·98
37,715	1,479	39,194	...	39,194	97·66	97·33	97·65	31,429	493	...	97·68
71,034	11,443	82,477	5,432	77,045	98·02	73·3	97·32	2,40,959	3,016	758	97·42
1,04,916	1,42,014	2,46,930	15,667	2,31,263	90·99	34·76	82·13	29,359	1,61,580	4,273	93·20
18,070	753	18,823	...	18,823	98·35	75·09	97·96	27,465	...	...	97·96
29,642	4,232	33,874	2,732	31,142	95·20	89·66	94·81	5,712	...	...	94·81
1,52,628	1,46,999	2,99,627	18,399	2,81,228	94·70	47·42	90·46	62,536	1,61,580	4,273	95·30
45,442	24,294	69,736	...	69,736	95·57	49·03	93·46	20,008	...	...	93·46
409	...	409	...	409	99·97	100·00	99·97	7,072	...	312	99·99
5,061	1,087	6,148	4,000	2,148	99·20	78·94	98·85	34,506	...	...	98·85
2,135	202	2,337	...	2,337	99·77	49·21	99·74	15,021	...	...	99·74
492	...	492	23	469	99·90	98·84	99·89	21,014	...	63	99·90
8,964	9,753	18,717	10,988	7,729	97·84	29·66	95·61	44,200	10,088	162	98·16
6,117	6,095	12,212	...	12,212	98·01	11·83	96·62	13,955	...	299	96·69
68,620	41,431	1,10,051	15,011	95,040	98·72	49·76	97·97	1,56,766	10,988	836	98·18
2,92,282	1,99,873	4,92,155	38,842	4,53,313	97·54	53·56	95·87	4,60,261	1,75,584	5,867	97·24
3,34,648	1,55,614	4,90,262	45,444	4,44,818	97·2	53·78	95·77	3,74,882	2,01,454	4,623	97·34
500	14	514	283	231	99·90	96·11	99·90	2,471	...	...	99·90
2,98,552	9,953	3,08,505	32	3,08,473	66·37	95·55	72·53	36,773	...	14,246	73·80
2,99,052	9,967	3,09,019	315	3,08,704	78·59	95·55	81·06	39,244	...	14,246	81·93
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	145	...	...	100·00
17,151	6,362	23,513	14,376	9,137	98·59	27·73	94·64	....	9,738	280	95·37
806	2,276	3,082	2,026	1,056	99·88	45·61	96·83	...	448	...	96·89
...	...	...	...	...	99·99	0·21	98·18	...	...	...	98·18
9,916	5,418	15,334	7,605	7,729	99·31	44·72	97·89	...	4,203	...	98·05
9,390	1,693	11,083	6,825	4,258	98·57	26·74	97·45	...	5,133	...	98·20
37,263	15,749	53,012	30,832	22,180	99·19	34·90	96·86	145	19,612	280	97·25
3,36,315	25,716	3,62,031	31,147	3,30,884	94·57	69·28	92·97	39,389	19,612	14,526	93·48
3,83,293	31,107	4,14,400	1,08,648	3,05,752	93·67	82·21	93·10	45,549	93,879	4,350	94·50
6,28,597	2,25,589	8,54,186	69,989	7,84,197	96·55	60·83	94·37	4,99,650	1,95,196	20,393	95·95
7,17,941	1,86,721	9,04,662	1,54,092	7,50,570	96·03	66·65	94·86	4,20,431	2,95,333	8,973	96·39

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 19

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca.	10,066	4,25,148	668	4,25,816	4,24,506	645	4,23,151	...
Mymensingh.	9,595	7,68,419	431	7,68,850	7,66,950	423	7,67,373	...
Faridpur.	5,628	4,29,709	1,298	4,31,007	4,27,289	1,298	4,28,587	...
Bakarganj.	3,007	10,03,793	40,885	10,44,678	9,74,850	39,564	10.14,414	...
Total ...	28,296	26,27,069	43,282	26,70,351	25,93,595	41,930	26,35,525	...
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong.	28,634	5,29,809	2,328	5,32,137	5,26,956	2,131	5,29,087	...
Tippera.	2,151	9,39,576	1,169	9,40,745	9,38,929	1,169	9,40,098	...
Noakhali.	1,545	4,60,211	7,345	4,67,556	4,50,109	7,345	4,57,454	...
Total ...	32,330	19,29,596	10,842	19,40,438	19,15,994	10,645	19,26,639	...
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi.	1,600	10,17,287	46,343	10,63,630	9,74,130	22,286	9,96,410	...
Dinajpur.	758	15,20,456	826	15,21,282	15,20,047	826	15,20,873	...
Jalpaiguri.	82	1,36,750	10	1,36,760	1,36,750	10	1,36,760	...
Rangpur.	639	10,10,644	58	10,10,702	10,09,081	20	10,09,101	...
Bogra.	704	4,33,897	129	4,34,026	4,33,855	129	4,33,984	...
Pabna.	1,788	3,59,146	32	3,59,178	3,59,119	32	3,59,151	...
Malda.	618	4,00,914	228	4,01,142	3,99,767	228	3,99,995	811
Total ...	6,189	48,79,094	47,626	49,26,720	48,32,749	23,525	48,56,274	811
Grand Total ... 1906-1907 ...	66,815	94,35,759	1,01,750	95,37,509	93,42,338	76,100	94,18,438	811
1905-1906 ...	66,801	94,36,873	58,559	94,95,434	93,48,087	44,654	93,92,741	141

IIIB.

of the text.]

(including Malikana and Police Jama) of Permanently-settled Estates, 1906—1907.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current Collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4)	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
642	23	665	...	665	99·84	96·55	99·84	74,385	...	...	99·84
1,469	8	1,477	...	1,477	99·80	98·14	99·80	67,266	...	...	99·80
2,420	...	2,420	...	2,420	99·43	100·00	99·43	50,470	...	758	99·61
28,943	1,321	30,264	...	30,264	97·11	96·77	97·10	22,506	...	...	97·10
33,474	1,352	34,826	...	34,826	98·72	96·87	98·69	2,14,627	...	758	98·72
2,853	197	3,050	5	3,045	99·46	91·53	99·42	24,080	2,451	599	100·00
647	...	647	...	647	99·93	100·00	99·93	24,147	...	...	99·93
10,102	...	10,102	...	10,102	97·80	100·00	97·84	3,497	...	...	97·84
13,602	197	13,799	5	13,794	99.29	98·18	99·29	51,724	2,451	599	99·44
43,157	24,063	67,220	...	67,220	95·76	48·07	93·68	20,374	...	...	93·68
409	...	409	...	409	99·97	100·00	99·97	7,064	...	312	99·99
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	33,953	...	...	100·00
1,563	38	1,601	...	1,601	99·84	34·48	99·84	14,352	...	...	99·84
42	...	42	...	42	99·99	100·00	99·99	20,998	...	...	99·99
27	...	27	...	27	99·99	100·00	99·99	41,469	...	...	99·99
336	...	336	...	336	99·71	100·00	99·71	13,903	...	299	99·78
45,534	24,101	69,635	...	69,635	99·05	49·39	98·57	1,52,113	...	611	98·58
92,610	25,650	1,18,260	5	1,18,255	99·09	74·79	98·75	4,18,464	2,451	1,968	98·79
88,788	13,764	1,02,552	6,591	95,961	99·05	76·25	98·89	3,31,329	8,746	1,146	99·02

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dacca Division.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	435	62,372	4,080	66,452	57,867	3,673	61,540	...
Mymensingh	168	71,707	2,891	74,598	69,160	2,891	72,051	...
Faridpur	149	38,140	414	38,554	37,655	414	38,069	...
Bakarganj	289	2,72,060	4,055	2,76,115	2,66,926	4,055	2,70,981	...
TOTAL ...	1,041	4,44,279	11,440	4,55,719	4,31,608	11,033	4,42,641	...
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong...	2	13,184	...	13,184	13,184	...	13,184	...
Tippera	56	27,915	2,469	30,384	26,874	2,469	29,343	...
Noakhali	45	53,313	8,415	61,728	50,998	8,106	59,104	309
TOTAL ...	103	94,412	10,884	1,05,296	91,056	10,575	1,01,631	309
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	20	2,918	1,205	4,123	1,918	1,205	3,123	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	180	2,01,318	...	2,01,318	2,01,318	...	2,01,318	...
Rangpur	18	1,858	56	1,914	1,826	56	1,882	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	75	23,747	2,795	26,542	22,388	2,645	25,033	...
Malda	20	10,986	849	11,835	10,374	213	10,587	...
TOTAL ...	313	2,40,827	4,905	2,45,732	2,37,824	4,119	2,41,943	...
Grand Total ... 1906—07 ...	1,457	7,79,518	27,229	8,06,747	7,60,488	25,727	7,86,215	309
1905—06 ...	1,474	7,81,560	24,035	8,05,595	7,57,823	21,162	7,78,985	310

IIIC.

20 of the text.]

Land Revenue of Temporarily-settled Estates, 1906—1907.

Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
4,505	407	4,912	...	4,912	92·77	90·02	92·60	5,411	2,447	...	96·14
2,547	...	2,547	...	2,547	96·44	100·00	96·58	2,490	...	...	96·58
485	...	485	...	485	98·72	100·00	98·74	7,181	...	...	98·74
5,134	...	5,134	...	5,134	98·11	100·00	98·14	2,384	...	...	98·14
12,671	407	13,078	...	13,078	97·14	96·44	97·13	17,466	2,447	...	97·65
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	201	...	...	100·00
1,041	...	1,041	...	1,041	96·27	100·00	96·57	1,304	...	...	96·57
2,315	...	2,315	...	2,315	95·65	96·33	95·76	113	...	...	95·76
3,356	...	3,356	...	3,356	96·44	97·16	96·52	1,618	...	...	96·52
1,000	...	1,000	...	1,000	65·73	100·00	75·74	43	...	...	75·74
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	76	...	...	100·00
32	...	32	...	32	98·27	100·00	98·32	667	...	...	98·32
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,359	150	1,509	1,073	436	94·27	94·63	94·31	2,724	1,073	...	98·28
612	636	1,248	...	1,248	94·42	25·08	89·45	49	...	...	89·45
3,003	786	3,789	1,073	2,716	98·75	83·97	98·45	3,550	1,073	...	98·88
19,030	1,193	20,223	1,073	19,150	97·55	94·48	97·45	22,643	3,520	...	97·88
23,737	2,563	26,300	1,400	24,900	96·96	88·01	96·7	25,092	1,856	...	96·92

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	224	29,450	19,237	48,687	20,709	4,233	25,002	8,529
Mymensingh	89	26,720	303	27,023	25,876	159	26,035	144
Faridpur	239	1,46,723	22,001	1,68,724	1,34,997	10,235	1,45,232	8,715
Bakarganj	371	4,44,211	11,853	4,56,064	4,33,067	11,658	4,49,725	2,543
Total ...	923	6,47,104	53,394	7,00,498	6,19,709	26,285	6,45,994	19,931
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	6	6,34,822	2,17,954	8,52,776	5,31,556	74,444	6,06,000	2,896
Tippera	257	1,31,203	15,257	1,46,460	1,14,821	10,551	1,25,372	3,953
Noakhali	244	1,87,873	37,886	2,25,759	1,66,667	32,647	1,99,314	4,983
Total ...	507	9,53,898	2,71,097	12,24,995	8,13,044	1,17,642	9,30,686	11,837
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	29	5,894	1,275	7,169	4,699	455	5,064	589
Dinajpur	3	54	...	54	54	...	54	...
Jalpaiguri	5	4,43,766	13,823	4,57,589	4,37,577	10,911	4,48,488	2,953
Rangpur	13	2,526	455	2,981	1,852	204	2,056	221
Bogra	2	60,601	2,814	63,415	60,151	2,780	62,931	34
Pabna	60	32,093	11,198	43,291	24,515	1,483	25,998	112
Malda	17	26,677	6,091	32,768	19,728	407	20,135	2,005
Total ...	129	5,71,611	35,656	6,07,267	5,48,486	16,240	5,64,726	5,914
Grand Total ... 1906-1907 ...	1,559	21,72,613	3,60,147	25,32,760	19,81,239	1,60,167	21,41,406	37,682
1905-1906 ...	1,538	21,13,380	3,35,807	24,49,187	18,80,331	1,59,222	20,39,553	48,224

IIID.

21 of the text.]

of Estates held direct by Government, 1906—1907.

Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12.	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
8,681	6,475	15,156	426	14,730	70·52	22·00	51·35	1,035	76	...	51·43
844	...	844	...	844	96·84	52·47	96·34	133	...	...	96·34
11,726	3,051	14,777	5,006	9,771	92·00	46·52	86·07	1,159	...	...	86·07
3,638	158	3,796	...	3,796	98·61	98·35	98·61	6,539	493	...	98·71
24,889	9,684	34,573	5,432	29,141	95·76	49·22	92·22	8,866	569	...	92·29
1,02,063	1,41,817	2,43,880	15,662	2,28,218	83·73	34·15	71·06	5,078	1,59,129	3,674	87·89
16,382	753	17,135	...	17,135	87·51	69·15	85·60	2,014	...	...	85·60
17,225	4,282	21,457	2,732	18,725	88·71	86·17	88·28	2,102	...	...	88·28
1,35,670	1,46,802	2,82,472	18,394	2,64,078	85·23	43·39	75·97	9,194	1,59,129	3,674	87·66
1,285	231	1,516	...	1,516	78·19	35·68	70·63	491	...	...	70·63
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	8	...	...	100·00
5,061	1,087	6,148	4,000	2,148	98·60	78·93	98·01	477	...	...	98·01
540	164	704	...	704	73·31	44·83	68·97	2	...	...	68·97
450	...	450	23	427	99·25	98·79	99·23	16	...	63	99·33
7,578	9,603	17,181	9,915	7,266	76·38	13·24	60·05	97	9,915	162	78·38
5,169	5,459	10,628	...	10,628	73·95	6·68	61·44	3	...	...	61·44
20,083	16,544	36,627	13,938	22,689	95·95	45·54	92·99	1,094	9,915	225	94·57
1,80,642	1,73,030	3,53,672	37,764	3,15,908	91·19	44·47	84·54	19,154	1,69,613	3,899	90·69
2,22,123	1,39,287	3,61,410	37,453	3,23,957	88·97	47·41	83·27	18,461	1,90,852	3,477	90·46

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	I	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.								
Cachar	71,550	5,09,784	360	5,10,144	5,09,284	346	5,09,630	...
Sylhet (Temporarily-settled ...	56,941	5,24,621	1,61,115	6,85,736	3,07,913	1,51,514	4,59,427	1,219
Sylhet (Permanently-settled ...	49,856	3,65,137	77,030	4,42,167	2,82,707	76,045	3,58,752	...
Total Sylhet ...	1,06,797	8,89,758	2,38,145	11,27,903	5,90,620	2,27,559	8,18,179	1,219
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY ...	1,78,327	13,99,542	2,38,505	16,38,047	10,99,904	2,27,905	13,27,809	1,219
Assam Valley Districts.								
Goalpara (Temporarily-settled ...	14,070	1,05,029	39	1,05,068	1,05,029	39	1,05,068	...
Goalpara (Permanently-settled ...	19	11,411	...	11,411	11,411	...	11,411	...
Total Goalpara ...	14,089	1,16,440	39	1,16,479	1,16,440	39	1,16,479	...
Kamrup	1,95,096	12,42,179	73,165	13,15,344	12,24,681	20,289	12,44,970	46,861
Darrang	1,38,479	7,47,319	44,449	7,91,768	7,46,409	20,274	7,66,683	23,003
Nowgong	1,23,567	4,85,856	9,004	4,94,860	4,85,823	19	4,85,842	9,018
Sibsagar	1,96,415	15,85,622	45,135	16,30,757	15,74,706	20,198	15,94,904	20,519
Lakhimpur	95,292	6,59,725	10,463	6,70,188	6,50,335	2,798	6,53,133	5,972
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY ...	7,62,938	48,37,141	1,82,255	50,19,396	47,98,394	63,617	48,62,011	1,04,373
Total Temporarily-settled ...	8,91,390	58,60,135	3,43,730	62,03,865	56,04,180	2,15,477	58,19,657	1,05,592
Total Permanently-settled ...	49,875	3,76,548	77,030	4,53,578	2,94,118	76,045	3,70,163	...
Grand Total ... (1906—07 ...	9,41,265	62,36,683	4,20,760	66,57,443	58,98,298	2,91,522	61,89,820	1,05,592
Grand Total ... (1905—06 ...	9,02,442	60,84,402	3,45,822	64,30,224	56,99,544	2,84,324	59,83,868	32,065

* This excludes Rs. 25,966 for *gaonburas'* remissions as per Appendix VII and Rs. 17 on account of deductions after settlement and includes Rs. 474 for *Tauzibahir* revenue.

IIIE.

19 and 22 of the text.]

(*including Malikana*) *of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1906—1907.*

Net Balances.			Distribution of net Balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3)	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
500	14	514	283	231	99·90	96·11	99·90	2,471	...	...	99·90
2,16,122	8,968	2,25,090	32	2,25,058	58·69	94·04	66·99	1,539	...	13,693	68·99
82,430	985	83,415	...	83,415	77·42	98·72	81·13	35,234	...	553	81·26
2,98,552	9,953	3,08,505	32	3,08,473	66·37	95·55	72·53	36,773	...	14,246	73·80
2,99,052	9,967	3,09,019	315	3,08,704	78·59	95·55	81·06	39,244	...	14,246	81·93
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	145	...	...	100·00
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	100·00
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	145	...	...	100·00
17,151	6,362	23,513	14,376	9,137	98·59	27·73	94·64	...	9,738	280	95·37
806	2,276	3,082	2,026	1,056	99·88	45·61	96·83	...	448	...	96·89
...	...	...	...	...	99·99	·21	98·18	...	...	...	98·18
9,916	5,418	15,334	7,605	7,729	99·31	44·72	97·80	...	4,293	...	98·05
9,390	1,693	11,083	6,825	4,258	98·57	26·74	97·45	...	5,133	...	98·20
37,263	15,749	53,012	30,832	22,180	99·19	34·90	96.86	145	19,612	280	97.25
2,53,885	24,731	2,78,616	31,147	2,47,469	95·63	62·68	93·87	4,155	19,612	13,973	94·33
82,430	985	83,415	...	83,415	78·11	98·72	81·61	35,234	...	553	81·73
3,36,315	25,716	3,62,031	31,147	3,30,884	94·57	69·28	92·97	39,389	19,612	14,526	93·48
3,83,293	31,197	4,14,490	1,08,648	3,05,752	93·67	82·21	93·10	45,549	93,879	4,350	94·50

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Proceedings under the

Division and District.		Estates or shares of estates which became liable to sale.	Total number of estates and shares sold.				Estates and shares of estates purchased by Government.		
			Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	Whole estates ...	160	29	748	274	15,667	1	13	1
	Shares	113	16	612	208	1,789	...	...	...
Mymensingh	Whole estates ...	179	10	65	36	1,576	...	...	...
	Shares	177	12	171	118	2,810	...	...	...
Faridpur	Whole estates ...	184	33	443	159	3,562	5	40	5
	Shares	85	10	1,209	591	1,106	...	...	...
Bakarganj	Whole estates ...	254	20	3,862	1,229	21,347	3	72	3
	Shares	174	13	1,057	274	476	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	777	92	5,120	1,698	42,152	9	125	9
	Shares	549	51	3,049	1,191	6,181	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	Whole estates ...	4,720	104	4,388	1,536	67,029	4	32	5
	Shares	370	17	4,650	362	6,252	...	...	...
Tippera	Whole estates ...	55	2	71	39	301	1	43	1
	Shares	89	10	931	348	1,831	...	...	...
Noakhali	Whole estates ...	34	2	9,025	7,031	1,001	1	7,015	1
	Shares	35	2	11	6	73	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	4,809	108	13,484	8,606	69,231	6	7,090	7
	Shares	494	29	5,592	716	8,156	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	Whole estates ...	32	1	13	2	13	...	...	...
	Shares	40	1	10	11	17	...	...	...
Dinajpur	Whole estates ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	Whole estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	Whole estates ...	1	1	6	11	1	1	6	1
	Shares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	Whole estates ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	32	2	193	66	2,250	...	...	...
Pabna	Whole estates ...	29	1	4	2	100	...	...	...
	Shares	80	1	14	9	55	...	...	...
Malda	Whole estates ...	10	1	19	19	66	...	...	...
	Shares	11	2	9	7	36	...	...	...
Total ...	Whole estates ...	90	4	42	34	180	1	6	1
	Shares	164	6	226	93	2,358	...	...	...
Grand Total ... 1906—1907 ...	Whole estates...	5,676	204	18,646	10,338	1,11,563	16	7,221	17
	Shares ...	1,207	86	8,867	2,000	16,695	...	...	...
1905—1906 ...	Whole estates...	5,618	528	22,412	7,934	2,23,989	24	3,682	2,874
	Shares ...	1,186	81	17,948	4,339	54,434	...	...	...

IVA.

24 of the text.]

Sale Law, 1906—1907.

Balance in favour of defaulters.	Balance not covered by sale.	Deposits forfeited.		Number of appeals.	Sales annulled.			Recommended to Government for Annulment.		
		Number.	Amount forfeited.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17.	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
15,305	15	1	12	5	1	37	36	1	15	2
1,530	...	1	5	6	3	55	176	...	...	...
1,503	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,653	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,316	34	1	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
457	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
19,955	51	3	225	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40,079	100	5	242	14	1	37	36	1	15	2
4,780	...	3	11	7	3	55	176	...	...	...
66,410	17	10	229	9	2	102	38	...	...	...
5,890	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	42	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,483	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
984	7,014	...	...	1	1	196	16	...	...	...
67	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
67,394	7,073	10	229	11	3	298	54	...	...	...
7,440	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,176	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,07,521	7,183	15	471	25	4	335	90	1	15	2
14,396	...	3	11	12	3	55	176	...	...	...
2,13,418	508	69	843	39	3	15	6	...	...	...
52,641	...	6	206	10	4	377	285	1	827	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 25

Working of the Certificate

Division and District.	Of all kinds under section 5, Act I (B. C.) of 1895.						To realize arrears of rent due to Government, clause (*g*), section 7 (1).					
	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dacca Division.												
Dacca	33	114	147	109	38	...	20	95	115	64	51	2
Mymensingh	12	57	69	63	6	...	5	58	63	44	19	...
Faridpur	...	19	19	16	3	...	61	641	702	443	259	18
Bakarganj	8	61	69	56	13	1	17	286	303	218	85	...
Total ...	53	251	304	244	60	1	103	1,080	1,183	769	414	20
Chittagong Division.												
Chittagong	64	236	300	242	58	14	3,135	3,688	6,823	5,364	1,459	155
Tippera	10	43	53	43	10	...	108	163	271	246	25	1
Noakhali	42	46	88	79	9	1	12	896	908	804	104	3
Total ...	116	325	441	364	77	15	3,255	4,747	8,002	6,414	1,588	159
Rajshahi Division.												
Rajshahi	1	1	2	2	...	...	13	141	154	73	81	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	...	...
Jalpaiguri...	6	9	15	12	3	...	78	235	313	289	24	8
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	53	56	42	14	5
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	52	77	56	21	...
Pabna	6	15	21	16	5	...	123	485	608	287	321	15
Malda	...	11	11	10	1	...	8	33	41	38	3	...
Total ..	13	36	49	40	9	...	250	1,001	1,251	787	464	28
Grand Total ... 1906-07	182	612	794	648	146	16	3,608	6,828	10,436	7,970	2,466	207
1905-06	137	679	816	634	182	21	4,152	11,261	15,413	11,805	3,608	237

IVB.

of the text.]

Procedure, 1906—1907.

ALL OTHER CERTIFICATES MADE UNDER SECTION 7(1).						TOTAL.						REMARKS.
Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
335*	2,773	3,108	2,417	691	20	388*	2,982	3,370	2,590	780	22	
465	3,655	4,120	3,563	557	24	482	3,770	4,252	3,670	582	24	
664	2,051	2,715	1,906	809	7	725	2,711	3,436	2,365	1,071	25	
975	2,918	3,893	2,446	1,447	17	1,000	3,265	4,265	2,720	1,545	18	
2,439	11,397	13,836	10,332	3,504	68	2,595	12,728	15,323	11,345	3,978	89	
975	4,926	5,901	4,393	1,508	45	4,174	8,850	13,024	9,999	3,025	214	
1,122	5,202	6,324	2,604	3,720	24	1,240	5,408	6,648	2,893	3,755	25	
197	890	1,087	892	195	...	251	1,832	2,083	1,775	308	4	
2,294	11,018	13,312	7,889	5,423	69	5,665	16,090	21,755	14,667	7,088	243	
137	519	656	547	109	...	151	661	812	622	190	...	
396	800	1,196	872	324	20	396	802	1,198	874	324	20	
38	270	308	256	52	2	122	514	636	557	79	10	
225	1,515	1,740	1,316	424	38	228	1,568	1,796	1,358	438	43	
82	439	521	431	90	...	107	491	598	487	111	...	
351	1,058	1,409	1,170	239	2	480	1,558	2,038	1,473	563	17	
153	471	624	490	134	6	161	515	676	538	138	6	
1,382	5,072	6,454	5,082	1,372	68	1,645	6,109	7,754	5,909	1,845	96	
6,115	27,487	33,602	23,303	10,299	205	9,905	34,927	44,832	31,921	12,911	428	
5,287	24,796	30,083	24,124	5,959	267	9,576	36,736	46,312	36,563	9,749	525	

* Revised figures.

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC.

[*Vide* paragraph 27 of the text.]

Coercive means employed for the collection of the Land Revenue, 1906—1907.

Sub-division and District.		Number of revenue paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Silchar	Mauzas ...	28,061	848	6,841	3,041	594	...	4,196	100	1,207	...	1	2	3·02
	Tahsils ...	23,272	76	913	646	514	...	1,804	9	158	...	2	15	·32
	Total ...	51,383	924	7,754	3,687	1,108	...	6,000	109	1,365	...	3	17	1·80
Hailakandi	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	20,197	13	855	640	550	...	3,472	7	308	2	...	8	·06
	Total ...	20,197	13	855	640	550	...	3,472	7	308	2	...	8	·06
Total Cachar District	Mauzas ...	28,061	848	6,841	3,041	594	...	4,196	100	12,07	...	1	2	3·02
	Tahsils ...	43,469	89	1,768	1,286	1,064	...	5,276	16	466	2	2	23	·20
	Total ...	71,530	937	8,609	4,327	1,658	...	9,472	116	1,673	2	3	25	1·31
North Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	52,712	...	...	...	609	3	13,590	5,935	71,556	43	49	2,142	...
	Total ...	52,712	...	...	...	609	3	13,590	5,935	71,556	43	49	2,142	...
South Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	19,511	...	...	...	546	...	23,890	185	8,155	59	40	4,282	...
	Total ...	19,511	...	...	...	546	...	23,890	185	8,155	59	40	4,282	...
Karimganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	20,387	...	...	...	1,432	1	28,175	928	8,714	80	24	16	...
	Total ...	20,387	...	...	...	1,432	1	28,175	928	8,714	80	24	16	...
Habiganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	11,261	...	...	...	421	...	7,677	2,565	33,686	...	85	2,794	...
	Total ...	11,261	...	...	...	421		7,677	2,565	33,686	...	85	2,794	...
Sunamganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	2,926	...	...	...	196	...	980	1,275	17,800	9	9	319	...
	Total ...	2,926	...	...	...	196	...	980	1,275	17,800	9	9	319	...
Total Sylhet District	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	1,06,797	...	...	...	3,204	4	74,312	10,888	1,39,911	191	207	9,553	...
	Total ...	1,06,797	...	...	...	3,204	4	74,312	10,888	1,39,911	191	207	9,553	...
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS	Mauzas ...	28,061	848	6,841	3,041	594	...	4,196	100	1,207	...	1	2	3·02
	Tahsils ...	1,50,266	89	1,768	1,286	4,268	4	79,588	10,904	1,40,377	193	209	9,576	·65
	Total ...	1,78,327	937	8,609	4,327	4,862	4	83,784	11,004	1,41,584	193	210	9,578	·52

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC—*Continued.*

Sub-division and District.	Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
					Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Dhubri — Mauzas ...	14,129	59	364	344	91	...	740	...	...	1	...	8	·41
Dhubri — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhubri — Total ...	14,129	59	364	344	91	...	740	...	...	1	...	8	·41
Total Goalpara District — Mauzas ...	14,129	59	364	344	91	...	740	...	...	1	...	8	·41
Total Goalpara District — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara District — Total ...	14,129	59	364	344	91	...	740	...	...	1	...	8	·41
Barpeta — Mauzas ...	44,295	677	12,823	8,252	172	3	4,981	1	32	...	2	1,026	1·52
Barpeta — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barpeta — Total ...	44,295	677	12,823	8,252	172	3	4,981	1	32	...	2	1,026	1·52
Gauhati — Mauzas ...	1,50,801	2,276	71,061	42,232	796	65	29,539	19	1,780	2	7	1,092	1·50
Gauhati — Tahsils ...	...	570	2,060	119	1,941	55	9,442	8	166	4	13	732	...
Gauhati — Total ...	1,50,801	2,846	73,121	42,351	2,737	120	38,981	27	1,946	6	20	1,824	1·88
Total Kamrup District — Mauzas ...	1,95,096	2,953	83,884	50,484	968	68	34,520	20	1,812	2	9	2,118	1·51
Total Kamrup District — Tahsils ...	...	570	2,060	119	1,941	55	9,442	8	166	4	13	732	...
Total Kamrup District — Total ...	1,95,096	3,523	85,944	50,603	2,909	123	43,962	28	1,978	6	22	2,850	1·80
Mangaldai — Mauzas ...	70695	259	14,336	14,223	731	33	18,750	5	...	...	5	44	·36
Mangaldai — Tahsils ...	...	1,120	5,796	3,453	46	...	252	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mangaldai — Total ...	70,695	1,379	20,532	17,676	777	33	19,002	5	...	...	5	44	1·95
Tezpur — Mauzas ...	67,430	6,644	36,246	20,565	1,656	5	1,292	14	447	25	1	266	9·85
Tezpur — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	875	134	2,615	134	1,146	1	41	825	...
Tezpur — Total ...	67,430	6,644	36,246	20,565	2,531	139	3,907	148	1,593	26	42	1,091	9·85
Total Darrang District — Mauzas ...	1,38,125	6,903	50,982	34,788	2,387	38	20,042	19	447	25	6	310	5·00
Total Darrang District — Tahsils ...	...	1,120	5,796	3,453	921	134	2,867	134	1,146	1	41	825	...
Total Darrang District — Total ...	1,38,125	8,023	56,778	38,241	3,308	172	22,909	153	1,593	26	47	1,135	5·81
Total Nowgong District — Mauzas ...	1,23,567	4,155	34,259	23,154	400	51	5,290	64	887	26	28	694	3·36
Total Nowgong District — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Nowgong District — Total ...	1,23,567	4,155	34,259	23,154	400	51	5,290	64	887	26	28	694	3·36
Golaghat — Mauzas ...	52,344	3,805	30,966	17,244	1,381	860	16,036	863	2,382	3	19	363	7·26
Golaghat — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Golaghat — Total ...	52,344	3,805	30,966	17,244	1,381	860	16,036	863	2,382	3	19	363	7·26
Jorhat — Mauzas ...	68,819	4,852	64,769	22,343	1,842	135	13,326	13	289	...	49	872	7·05
Jorhat — Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jorhat — Total ...	68,819	4,852	64,769	22,343	1,842	135	13,326	13	289	...	49	872	7·05

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC——*Concluded.*

Sub-Division and District.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Sibsagar Sadar	Mauzas ...	75,252	7,515	1,68,918	75,294	4,288	235	88,287	381	24,173	112	47	1,465	9·98
	Tahsils ...	...	826	2,163	432	283	113	1,937	81	777	...	3	52	...
	Total ...	75,252	8,314	1,71,081	75,726	4,571	348	90,224	462	24,950	112	50	1,517	11·05
Total Sibsagar District	Mauzas ...	1,96,415	16,172	2,64,653	1,14,881	7,511	1,230	1,17,649	1,257	26,844	115	115	2,700	8·23
	Tahsils ...	...	826	2,163	432	283	113	1,937	81	777	...	3	52	...
	Total ...	1,96,415	16,998	2,66,816	1,15,313	7,794	1,343	1,19,586	1,338	27,621	115	118	2,752	8·65
North Lakhimpur	Mauzas ...	36,103	4,603	36,432	19,044	691	40	9,097	120	1,211	51	5	580	12·74
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	36,103	4,603	36,432	19,044	691	40	9,097	120	1,211	51	5	580	12·74
Dibrugarh	Mauzas ...	59,189	6,728	76,948	56,943	1,795	27	21,300	18	479	...	2	30	11·37
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	59,189	6,728	76,948	56,943	1,795	27	21,300	18	479	...	2	30	11·37
Total Lakhimpur District	Mauzas ...	95,292	11,331	1,13,380	75,887	2,486	67	30,397	138	1,690	51	7	610	11·89
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	95,292	11,331	1,13,380	75,887	2,486	67	30,397	138	1,690	51	7	610	11·89
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS	Mauzas ...	7,62,624	41,573	5,47,122	2,99,638	13,843	1,454	2,08,638	1,498	31,680	220	165	6,440	5·45
	Tahsils ...	...	2,516	10,019	4,004	3,145	302	14,246	223	2,089	5	57	1,609	...
	Total ...	7,62,624	44,089	6,47,141	3,03,642	16,988	1,756	2,22,884	1,721	33,769	225	222	8,049	5·78
Grand Total	1906—1907	9,40,951	45,026	6,55,750	3,07,969	21,850	1,760	3,06,668	12,725	1,75,353	418	432	17,627	4·78
	1905—1906	9,48,952	56,740	8,89,156	3,62,346	17,904	2,396	2,91,942	10,861	1,73,580	623	914	17,420	5·98

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX IVD.

[*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.]

Processes served and their cost, 1906–1907.

Division and District.	Processes served.			Demand on account of process fees.		Process fees realised.	Process fees remitted.	Cost of process-serving establishment debitable to land revenue.
	Paid.	Unpaid.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EASTERN BENGAL.								
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	14,178	11,611	25,789	9,471	70	9,461	...	10,891
Mymensingh	14,639	17,792	32,431	11,688	...	11,688	...	11,959
Faridpur	14,697	14,474	29,171	11,316	...	11,316	...	7,763
Bakarganj	16,854	9,960	26,814	12,860	1,501	14,361	...	14,360
Total ...	60,368	53,837	1,14,205	45,335	1,571	46,826	...	44,973
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	51,106	58,547	1,09,653	39,548	4,306	39,079	822	17,885
Tippera	15,441	9,753	25,194	9,526	...	9,410	116	8,428
Noakhali	20,555	2,336	22,891	12,677	174	12,744	77	7,309
Total ...	87,102	70,636	1,57,738	61,751	4,480	61,233	1,015	33,622
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	8,344	10,966	19,310	3,643	...	3,643	...	2,871
Dinajpur	2,289	3,545	5,834	1,657	...	1,657	...	2,339
Jalpaiguri	2,813	1,756	4,569	2,290	...	2,290	...	2,228
Rangpur	3,569	1,962	5,531	2,035	...	2,035	...	2,826
Bogra	2,135	721	2,856	1,425	...	1,425	...	2,159
Pabna	2,496	6,683	9,179	3,048	392	2,211	121	3,367
Malda	3,575	4,620	8,195	2,936	46	2,967	...	2,056
Total ...	25,221	30,253	55,474	17,034	438	16,228	121	17,846
Total Eastern Bengal 1906—07	1,72,691	1,54,726	3,27,417	1,24,120	6,489	1,24,287	1,136	96,441
1905—06*	1,62,193	1,35,790	2,97,983	1,12,983	10,164	1,19,488	482	88,486
ASSAM.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	4,357	2,043	6,400	7,399	1,181	7,800	318	4,084
Sylhet	27,239	8,055	35,294	24,606	1,845	18,601	5,257	9,341
Total ...	31,596	10,098	41,694	32,005	3,026	26,401	5,575	13,425
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	773	380	1,153	735	45	709	22	1,564
Kamrup	6,613	5,976	12,589	7,718	6,977	7,454	1,487	2,473
Darrang	5,379	2,490	7,869	6,713	3,058	6,017	1,026	1,572
Nowgong	2,148	1,832	3,980	2,667	941	2,584	101	1,795
Sibsagar	10,266	7,670	17,936	17,717	8,626	14,782	2,297	4,783
Lakhimpur	11,703	3,373	15,076	6,604	232	6,538	58	2,421
Total ...	36,882	21,721	58,603	42,154	19,879	38,084	4,991	15,008
Total Assam ... 1906—07	68,478	31,819	1,00,297	74,159	22,905	64,485	10,566	28,433
1905—06	71,100	37,048	1,08,148	69,213	29,278	68,433	7,150	29,817
Provincial Grand Total 1906—07 ...	2,41,169	1,86,545	4,27,714	1,98,279	29,394	1,88,772	11,702	1,24,874
1905—06*...	2,33,293	1,72,838	4,06,131	1,82,196	39,442	1,87,921	7,632	1,18,303

* Revised figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.

[*Vide* paragraphs 29–33 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue, 1906-1907.

Source of revenue.	DACCA.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries 2. Poll-tax 3. House-tax 4. Lime-quarries 5. Stone-quarries 6. Coal-mines ... 7. Royalty on coal-mines 8. Mineral oil 9. Salt-wells 10. Gold washing 11. Sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	776	...	776	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees. ...	3,898	...	3,898	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.	70	...	70	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	279	...	279	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B, C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	2,228	...	(a) 2,228	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	136	...	136	...	...	...	...	...
Total 1906-1907 ...	7,387	...	7,387	...	...	...	...	...
1905-1906 ...	17,394	...	17,394	...	...	...	...	...

(a) Special Survey and Settlement advances.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

MYMENSINGH.								FARIDPUR.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,523	...	1,523	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	78	...	78	...	...	...	...	...
6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...
90	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	94	...	94	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
155	...	155	...	...	...	...	...	1,478	...	1,478	...	...	...	...	...
251	...	251	...	...	...	...	...	3,187	...	3,187	...	...	...	...	...
1,097	...	1,097	...	...	...	...	...	6,159	...	6,159	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of Revenue.	BAKARGANJ.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries								
2. Poll-tax								
3. House-tax								
4. Lime-quarries								
5. Stone-quarries								
6. Coal-mines								
7. Royalty on coal-mines								
8. Mineral oil								
9. Salt-wells								
10. Gold washing								
11. Sale of Governmet estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue								
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*								
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.)								
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.)								
16. Partition fees								
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation								
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819								
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	83	...	83	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	457	...	457	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	789	221	398	163	93	355	1	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	(a) 5,78,799	...	4,07,376	...	...	1,71,423	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ... 1906—07 ...	5,80,130	221	4,08,316	163	93	1,71,778	1	...
1905—06 ...	2,187	83,788	1,922	44,509	67	221	39,256	...

(a) Includes last year's balance Rs. 39,256/-

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of Revenue.	CHITTAGONG.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	780	...	780	...	...	...	...	...
2. Poll-tax 3. House-tax 4. Lime-quarries 5. Stone-quarries 6. Coal-mines 7. Royalty on coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...				
8. Mineral oil	2,674	...	2,674	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells 10. Gold washing 11. Sale of Government estates 12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue 13. Quit rent of tributary mahals 14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.) 15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation) 16. Partition fees 17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	1,882	...	1,882	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859	130	...	130	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above	13,095	...	13,095	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1906—07 ...	18,590	...	18,590	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905—06 ...	25,035	...	25,035	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	TIPPERA.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries 2. Poll-tax 3. House-tax 4. Lime-quarries 5. Stone-quarries 6. Coal-mines 7. Royalty on coal-mines 8. Mineral oil 9. Salt-wells 10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government Estates. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	3,350	8,639	35	749	...	3,315	7,890	4
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	96	...	71	...	...	25	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	793	...	...	...	...	793	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	5,001	3	4,842	3	...	159	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894 ...	(*a*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	40,185	...	40,185	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1906-1907 ...	49,425	8,642	45,133	752	...	4,292	7,890	4
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	49,259	441	39,294	441	...	9,965	...	1

(*a*) No figures are shown, as the last year's balance of Rs. 1,323 was abated.

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

NOAKHALI.								RAJSHAHI.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	405	...	405	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,235	...	2,553	...	...	1,732	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
267	...	267	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...
22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	128	...	128	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,731	...	1,781	...	...	...	...	...
47	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	66	...	66	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1,993	...	1,993	...	...	...	...	...
341	...	341	...	...	...	...	...	8,676	...	6,942	...	...	1,732	...	...
262	...	262	...	...	...	...	...	3,413	4	3,413	3	1	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	DINAJPUR.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries 2. Poll-tax 3. House-tax 4. Lime-quarries 5. Stone-quarries 6. Coal-mines 7. Royalty on coal-mines 8. Mineraloil 9. Salt-wells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing 11. Sale of Government estates 12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue 13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* 14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) 15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).								
16. Partition fees	987	...	987	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	669	...	669	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	152	...	152	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges	1,032	...	1,032	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above	625	...	625	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1906—1907 ...	3,465	...	3,465	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1905—1906 ...	9,829	...	9,829	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

JALPAIGURI.								RANGPUR.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	309	...	309	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	880	...	880	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	394	...	394	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,681	...	12,681	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...
13,269	103	13,113	103	6	150	...	...	282	...	282	...	...	...	...	...
13,269	103	13,113	103	6	150	...	...	14,622	...	14,622	...	...	...	...	...
2,372	52	2,269	36	16	103	...	...	15,910	...	15,910	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of Revenue.	BOGRA.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries								
2. Poll-tax								
3. House-tax								
4. Lime-quarries								
5. Stone-quarries								
6. Coal-mines								
7. Royalty on coal-mines								
8. Mineral oil								
9. Salt-wells,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing								
11. Sale of Government estates ...								
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue								
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*								
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.)								
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.)								
16. Partition fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	85	...	85	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	1,051	...	1,051	...	...	...	...	...
Total ... 1906—07 ...	1,155	...	1,155	...	...	...	...	...
Total ... 1905—06 ...	1,464	...	1,464	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

PABNA.								MALDA.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...
810	...	810	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	105	...	105	...	...	...	...	...
604	...	604	...	...	...	...	...	...	....	....	...	...	...	...	...
185	...	185	...	...	...	...	...	238	...	238	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,255	...	1,255	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
269	...	269	...	...	...	...	...	61	...	61	...	...	...	...	...
3,130	...	3,130	...	...	...	...	...	404	...	404	...	...	...	...	...
2,546	...	2,546	...	...	...	...	...	85	...	85	...	...	...	...	...

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries ...	780	...	780	...	...	...	...	...
2. Poll-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax ...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil ...	2,674	...	2,674	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates ...	405	...	405	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	776	...	776	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.) ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees. ...	15,162	8,639	10,115	749	...	5,047	7,890	4
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819...	477	...	452	...	...	25	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.	1,170	...	1,170	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	5,162	...	5,162	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	3,010	...	2,217	...	...	793	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	789	221	393	163	93	355	1	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	6,00,996	3	4,29,414	3	...	1,71,582	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894 ...	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	72,604	103	72,448	103	6	150	...	...
Total { 1906-1907 ...	7,04,032	8,966	5,26,038	1,018	99	1,77,952	7,891	4
Total { 1905-1906 ...	1,37,012	84,285	1,26,679	44,989	84	10,289	39,256	1

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

CACHAR.								SYLHET.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
14,073	43	14,073	43	...	...	...	3,253	68,469	3,936	63,860	2,994	293	4,609	649	15,638
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,129	345	1,831	321	2	298	22	...
8,516	10	8,506	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(a) 200	...	206	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b) 280	...	280	...	...	...	...	...
12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
427	...	427	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
118	...	118	...	...	...	...	...	2,069	...	2,069	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	613	...	613	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	154	...	154	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
614	...	614	...	...	...	...	...	560	...	560	...	...	...	...	...
23,760	53	23,750	53	...	10	...	3,253	74,474	4,281	69,567	3,315	295	4,907	671	15,638
17,424	552	17,381	552	...	43	...	3,3[illegible]2	75,956	3,720	71,371	3,711	322	4,265	7	14,390

(a) Sale proceeds of the right to Collect and Sell stone from the bed of the Lufha river in Jaintia.

(b) Fees on a lisense granted to Messrs. Shaw Wallace & Co. for storage of petrolium in their bulk oil installation at Balagang.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

Source of Revenue.	GOALPARA.							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries ...	3,775	35	3,626	...	184	...	...	522
2. Poll-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government Estates. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation). ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I. of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	231	...	231	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1906-1907 ...	4,013	35	3,864	...	184	...	...	522
TOTAL 1905-1906 ...	1,810	...	1,775	...	...	35	...	935

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

KAMRUP.								DARANG.							
DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. (c)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
35,992	369	35,804	...	369	188	...	11,836	6,477	1,397	6,479	1,397	...	...	...	2,277
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,202	2	2,202	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
488	...	488	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,655	...	1,655	...	...	...	...	...
8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
832	...	832	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
313	...	313	...	...	...	...	...	796	...	796	...	...	...	...	...
39,835	371	39,647	2	369	188	...	11,836	8,928	1,397	8,930	1,397	...	...	...	2,277
47,537	683	47,537	310	4	...	369	7,765	11,022	705	9,560	705	65	1,397	...	1,899

(c) Includes Rs. 2 excess collection.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Continued.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	NOWGONG.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries ...	14,377	61	14,303	19	116	...	...	2,151
2. Poll-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax ...	13,755	...	13,746	...	9	...	...	...
4. Lime-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.)	65	...	65	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	67	...	67	...	...	...	...	...
Total 1906-1907 ...	28,280	61	28,197	19	125	...	...	2,151
1905-1906 ...	27,020	...	26,959	...	...	61	...	...

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

SIBSAGAR.								LAKHIMPUR.							
Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24,910	632	24,483	263	365	377	54	7,296	9,438	728	9,328	150	688	...	...	2,766
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,209	265	8,143	262	36	33	...	...
8,941	118	8,944 (d)	118	...	12	...	...	800	28	708	...	74	46	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	366	...	366	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,107	...	40,107	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,965	...	16,965	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	2,576	...	2,576	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,144	...	3,144	...	...	...	...	...	5,274	...	5,274	...	...	...	...	...
14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	35	...	...	...	...	...
75	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...
179	...	179	...	...	...	...	...	272	...	272	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	206	...	206	...	...	...	...	...
37,338	750	36,914	381	365	389	54	7,296	84,290	1,021	84,022	412	798	79	...	2,766
37,072	346	36,552	90	26	520	230	6,232	77,729	3,616	76,448	3,338	538	960	61	3,916

(d) Includes Rs. 15 excess collections.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V—*Continued.*

Source of revenue.	TOTAL ASSAM							
	Demands.		Collections.		Remissions.	Balances.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	1,77,511	7,201	1,71,956	4,866	2,015	5,174	703	45,739
2. Poll-tax	10,338	610	9,974	583	38	331	22	...
3. House-tax	34,214	158	34,106	130	83	68	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	200	...	200	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	372	...	372	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	40,107	...	40,107	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	17,245	...	17,245	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	3,514	...	3,514	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	12,332	...	12,332	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).	670	...	670	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees	949	...	949	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	64	...	621	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above	2,833	...	2,833	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL 1906—1907 ...	3,00,918	7,969	2,94,891	5,579	2,136	5,573	725	45,739
TOTAL 1905—1906 ...	2,95,570	9,622	2,87,583	8,706	955	7,281	667	38,467

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX V.—*Concluded.*

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	PROVINCIAL GRAND TOTAL.							
	DEMANDS.		COLLECTIONS.		Remissions.	BALANCES.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	1,78,291	7,201	1,72,736	4,866	2,015	5,174	703	45,739
2. Poll-tax	10,338	610	9,974	583	38	331	22	...
3. House-tax	34,214	158	34,106	130	83	68	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	200	...	200	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	372	...	372	...	...	...	...	...
7. Royalty on coal-mines	40,107	...	40,107	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mineral oil	19,919	...	19,919	...	...	...	...	...
9. Salt-wells	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sale of Government estates ...	405	...	405	...	...	...	...	...
12. Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	4,290	...	4,290	...	...	...	...	...
13. Quit rent of tributary *mahals* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation.) ...	12,332	...	12,332	...	...	...	...	...
15. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation.) ...	671	...	671	...	...	...	...	...
16. Partition fees ...	16,111	8,639	11,064	739	...	5,047	7,890	...
17. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation ...	621	...	621	...	...	...	...	...
18. Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819 ...	477	...	452	...	...	25	...	...
19. Fees under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 ...	1,170	...	1,170	...	...	...	...	...
20. Fees under Act VIII of 1885 ...	5,162	...	5,162	...	...	...	...	...
21. Fees under Act XI of 1859 ...	3,010	...	2,217	...	...	793	...	...
22. Fines under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 ...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
23. Fines under Act XX of 1848 ...	789	221	398	163	93	355	1	...
24. Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges ...	6,00,996	3	4,29,414	3	...	1,71,582	...	...
25. Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894 ...	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...
26. Other miscellaneous items not specified above ...	75,437	103	75,281 (e)	103	6	150	...	...
Total ... 1906—07 ...	10,04,950	16,935	8,20,929	6,597	2,235	18,3,525	8,616	45,743
1905—06 ...	4,32,582	93,907	4,14,262	53,695	1,039	17,570	39,923	38,468

(e) Includes Rs. 17 excess collection.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VI.

[*Vide* paragraph 34 of the text.]

Sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates.

Division and District.	Sold in 1906—1907.				Total sold to end of 1906—1907.			
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	...	...	...	...	1,508	1,61,079	1,03,370	11,53,566
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	310	78,239	27,460	3,25,152
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	304	35,076	22,334	1,00,935
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	369	33,177	42,088	1,76,395
Total ...	...	...	...	...	2,581	3,07,571	1,95,252	17,56,048
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	93	16,772	14,246	41,173
Tippera	...	...	...	...	271	1,06,721	2,16,985	17,14,105
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	68	80,443	1,27,583	4,12,512
Total ...	...	...	...	...	432	2,03,936	3,58,814	21,67,790
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	77	13,825	11,697	1,11,577
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	26	24,901	34,048	1,32,152
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	12	1,414	9,742	54,850
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	...	...	...	...	29	14,726	10,893	82,481
Malda	...	...	...	...	52	32,823	31,505	1,43,273
Total ...	...	...	...	...	196	87,689	97,885	5,24,333
Surma Valley Districts.								
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.								
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total.	...	...	...	...	3,209	5,99,196	6,51,951	44,48,171

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VII.

[*Vide* paragraph 80 of the text.]

Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue existing in the Province.

District and class of Tenure.	Area.			Estimated land revenue calculated at ordinary rates.			Actual land revenue paid.			Amount of assignment or alienation.		
	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Eastern Bengal. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ASSAM.												
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Cachar — Baksha	679	20	699	938	42	980	...	...	...	938	42	980
Cachar — Lakhiraj	...	465	465	...	918	918	...	...	...	...	918	918
Cachar — Land for temples and Mosques ...	...	2	2	...	143	143	...	5	5	...	138	138
Sylhet — Lakhiraj	...	7,182	7,182	...	7,187	7,187	...	...	...	...	7,187	7,187
Sylhet — Nisf-khiraj ...	...	82	82	...	51	51	...	30	30	...	21	21
Total Surma Valley Districts ...	679	7,751	8,430	938	8,341	9,279	...	35	35	938	8,306	9,244
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Goalpara — Temples and Namghars ...	...	1	1	...	19	19	...	...	...	...	19	19
Kamrup — Nis-khiraj ...	...	1,46,519	1,46,519	...	2,52,548	2,52,548	...	1,26,274	1,26,274	...	1,26,274	1,26,274
Kamrup — Lakhiraj ...	...	33,941	33,941	...	35,022	35,022	...	...	...	...	35,022	35,022
Kamrup — Gaonburas ...	2,416	...	2,416	6,170	...	6,170	...	...	...	6,170	...	6,170
Darrang — Lakhiraj (including six-pie Lakhiraj)	...	5,748	5,748	...	9,697	9,697	...	47	47	...	9,650	9,650
Darrang — Nisf khiraj ...	...	31,099	31,099	...	33,484	33,484	...	16,742	16,742	...	16,742	16,742
Darrang — Pension lands ...	...	216	216	...	320	320	...	...	...	...	320	320
Darrang — Land for temples and Namghars ...	...	55	55	...	208	208	...	...	...	...	208	208
Darrang — Katakis	16	...	16	36	...	36	...	...	...	36	...	36
Darrang — Gaonburas ...	1,113	...	1,113	4,777	...	4,777	...	...	...	4,777	...	4,777
Nowgong — Lakhiraj	...	2,314	2,314	...	2,314	2,314	...	...	...	...	2,314	2,314
Nowgong — Nisf-khiraj ...	...	5,382	5,382	...	11,202	11,202	...	3,995	3,995	...	7,207	7,207
Nowgong — Land for temples and Namghars ...	...	48	48	...	202	202	...	...	...	...	202	202
Nowgong — Gaonburas ...	1,509	...	1,509	3,074	...	3,074	...	...	...	3,074	...	3,074
Sibsagar — Lakhiraj	...	38,669	38,669	...	17,087	17,087	...	...	...	...	17,087	17,087
Sibsagar — Nisf-khiraj ...	...	5,016	5,016	...	10,808	10,808	...	5,404	5,404	...	5,404	5,404
Sibsagar — Pension lands ...	...	23	23	...	45	45	...	...	...	...	45	45
Sibsagar — Ten-Twenties ...	...	103	103	...	407	407	...	357	357	...	50	50
Sibsagar — Lands for temples and Namghars ...	...	123	123	...	340	340	...	...	...	...	340	340
Sibsagar — Nagakhats ...	754	...	754	1,997	...	1,997	...	...	...	1,997	...	1,997
Sibsagar — Gaonburas ...	2,427	...	2,427	7,540	...	7,540	...	...	...	7,540	...	7,540
Lakhimpur — Lakhiraj ...	...	2,628	2,628	...	5,981	5,981	...	...	...	...	5,981	5,981
Lakhimpur — Nisf-khiraj ...	...	1,241	1,241	...	3,456	3,456	...	1,728	1,728	...	1,728	1,728
Lakhimpur — Naga khats ...	66	...	66	113	...	113	...	...	...	113	...	113
Lakhimpur — Tiphuk Mahanta ...	...	170	170	...	307	307	...	...	...	...	307	307
Lakhimpur — Pension lands ...	...	66	66	...	216	216	...	92	92	...	124	124
Lakhimpur — Chaukidar & Kutakis...	132	...	132	302	...	302	...	...	...	302	...	302
Lakhimpur — Gaonburas ...	1,791	...	1,791	4,405	...	4,405	...	...	...	4,405	...	4,405
Total Assam Valley Districts ...	10,224	2,73,362	2,83,586	28,414	3,83,663	4,12,077	...	1,54,639	1,54,639	28,414	2,29,024	2,57,438
Total Assam	10,903	2,81,113	2,92,016	29,352	3,92,004	4,21,356	...	1,54,674	1,54,674	29,352	2,37,330	2,66,682
Grand Total 1906-07 ...	10,903	2,81,113	2,92,016	29,352	3,92,004	4,21,356	...	1,54,674	1,54,674	29,352	2,37,330	2,66,682
Grand Total 1905-06 ...	11,437	2,80,994	2,92,431	27,419	3,95,195	4,22,614	...	1,55,383	1,55,383	27,419	2,39,812	2,67,231

Figures for permanently-settled tracts of Estate Bengal and Assam have been excluded.—Vide para 15 of India Government Resolution quoted in pages 57-59 of the Government Estates Manual, 1902.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 38 of the text.]

Cost of Management of Estates held direct by Government for the year 1906-1907.

Division.	District.	Total cost of management.	Percentage of cost of management on current demand.	Total cost of collection.	Percentage of cost of collection on current demand.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca ...	Dacca	1,986	6·7	1,324	4·4
	Mymensingh	1,804	6·7	1,708	6·3
	Faridpur	15,221	10·3	10,147	6·9
	Bakarganj	34,027	9·6	22,685	5·1
	Total ...	53,038	7·6	35,864	5·5
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	50,329	7·9	50,329	7·9
	Tippera	6,742	5·5	6,742	5·5
	Noakhali	17,266	8·7	9,792	4·9
	Total ...	74,337	7·8	66,863	6·9
Rajshahi ...	Rajshahi	387	6·5	387	6·5
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	24,287	5·4	12,143	2·7
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	11,773	19·4	7,849	12·9
	Pabna	2,390	8·1	1,732	5·8
	Malda	2,533	9·4	2,176	8·15
	Total ...	41,370	3·6	24,287	4·2
	Grand Total ...	1,68,745	7·7	1,27,014	5·8

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 38 of the text.]

Expenditure incurred on Estates under direct management, 1906—1907.

Division.	District.	Management.	Miscellaneous improvements (including agricultural improvements and experiments.)	Sanitary improvements.	Total.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Grant sanctioned by Board.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	Dacca	1,986	286	42	2,314	328	3,426
	Mymensingh	1,804	688	100	2,592	788	2,619
	Faridpur	15,221	1,622	3,316	20,159	4,938	19,216
	Bakarganj	34,027	10,450	4,604	49,081	15,054	52,397
	Total ...	53,038	13,046	8,062	74,146	21,108	77,658
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	50,329	19,854	146	70,329	20,000	73,562
	Tippera	6,742	476	...	7,218	476	7,745
	Noakhali	17,266	3,728	4,638	25,632	8,366	41,197
	Total ...	74,337	24,058	4,784	1,03,179	28,842	1,22,504
Rajshahi ...	Rajshahi	387	164	403	954	567	981
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	24,287	11,067	4,547	39,901	15,614	42,859
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	11,773	1,953	964	14,690	2,917	12,966
	Pabna	2,390	344	504	3,238	848	3,649
	Malda	2,533	688	150	3,371	838	3,578
	Total ...	41,370	14,216	6,568	62,154	20,784	64,033
	Grand Total	1,68,745	51,320	19,414	2,39,479	70,734	2,64,195

APPENDIX IXA.

[*Vide* paragraph 45 of the text.]

Intermediate Registrations under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876, 1906—1907.

Division and District.	Number of interests on registers at beginning of year.	Applications.			Percentage of column 5 (applications granted during year) on column 2.	Number of old interests removed.	Number of new interests entered.	Total number of interests at close of year.	Total number of applications for disposal.	Total number of cases disposed of during year.	Applications pending.		
		Pending from previous year.	Made during year.	Granted during year.							More than 6 months.	Less than 6 months.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Dacca Division.													
Dacca	64,713	976	3,399	3,050	4·71	2,381	2,700	65,032	4,375	3,401	...	974	974
Mymensingh	84,149	851	4,718	4,037	6·29	3,996	8,890	69,043	5,569	4,393	...	1,176	1,176
Faridpur	41,304	288	1,978	1,764	4·27	2,008	2,029	41,325	2,266	1,895	...	371	371
Bakarganj	27,827	466	2,124	2,031	7·29	1,834	2,589	28,582	2,590	2,140	...	450	450
Total ...	1,97,993	2,581	12,219	10,882	5·49	10,219	16,208	2,03,982	14,800	11,829	...	2,971	2,971
Chittagong Division.													
Chittagong	3,87,944	1,514	9,577	7,790	2·00	8,512	8,120	3,87,552	11,091	8,518	8	2,565	2,573
Tippera	16,984	230	887	817	4·81	673	910	17,221	1,117	849	...	268	268
Noakhali	8,815	60	527	467	5·29	576	657	8,896	587	484	...	103	103
Total ...	4,13,743	1,804	10,991	9,074	2·19	9,761	9,687	4,13,669	12,795	9,851	8	2,936	2,944
Rajshahi Division.													
Rajshahi	8,018	59	540	446	5·56	426	536	8,128	599	461	...	138	138
Dinajpur	3,901	35	277	246	6·30	182	225	3,944	312	270	...	42	42
Jalpaiguri	703	4	34	33	4·69	48	49	704	38	34	...	4	4
Rangpur	3,251	40	170	135	4·15	163	174	3,262	210	181	...	29	29
Bogra	3,920	53	288	270	6·88	255	307	3,972	341	270	...	71	71
Pabna	32,892	369	1,480	1,443	4·38	1,656	1,922	33,158	1,849	1,593	...	256	256
Malda	3,346	65	178	167	4·99	117	174	3,403	243	182	...	61	61
Total ...	56,031	625	2,967	2,740	4·89	2,847	3,387	56,571	3,592	2,991	...	601	601
Grand Total	6,67,767	5,010	26,177	22,696	3·40	22,827	29,282	6,74,222	31,187	24,671	8	6,508	6,516

* Revised figures.

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IXB.

[*Vide* paragraph 46 of the text.]

Registration of changes amongst proprietors and land-holders, 1906—1907.

Division and District.	Number of cases for disposal in Court.					Number of cases disposed of locally by summary procedure.	Area (*Acres*) transferred.				Total number of Estates liable to mutation.	Percentage of cases disposed of in Court and locally during year to total number of estates.
	Pending from previous year.	Instituted during year.	Disposed of during year.		Balance pending at close of year.		By Mortgage.		By Sale.			
			Contested.	Uncontested.			With permission.	Without permission.	Voluntary.	By order of Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
							Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Surma Valley Districts.												
Cachar	583	1,175	513	997	248	6,155	...	7	18	17	67,385	11·37
Sylhet	1,068	2,482	157	2,687	706	29,733	...	...	3,688	...	1,01,999	31·94
Total ...	1,651	3,657	670	3,684	954	35,888	...	7	3,706	17	1,69,384	23·76
Assam Valley Districts.												
Goalpara	15	13	...	28	...	41	...	...	308	...	1,391	4·06
Kamrup	473	3,536	175	1,725	2,109	5,026	56	...	5,121	1,606	1,17,099	6·47
Darrang	...	25	1	19	5	...	...	...	2	26	60,224	0·03
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	183	1,599	161	1,252	369	6,060	20	5	3,966	106	1,44,179	5·18
Lakhimpur	97	432	140	337	87	6,049	9	34	13,488	34	32,682	19·87
Total ...	768	5,610	447	3,361	2,570	17,836	85	39	22,880	1,772	3,55,575	6·87
GRAND TOTAL. ...	2,419	9,267	1,117	7,045	3,524	53,724	85	46	26,586	1,789	5,24,959	11·78

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of separate accounts

Division and District.	UNDIVIDED SHARES.						Applications for disposal.
	Separate accounts opened (section 10) during year.		Closed during year.		Remaining open at close of year.		
	Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca Division.							
Dacca	145	1,583	41	834	6,830	1,39,035	54
Mymensingh	124	1,101	17	207	4,796	1,72,000	50
Faridpur	39	454	...	...	2,202	1,20,761	7
Bakarganj	48	15,362	...	...	1,546	3,62,443	44
Total ...	356	18,400	58	1,041	15,394	7,94,239	155
Chittagong Division.							
Chittagong	82	739	2	19	2,756	71,894	18
Tippera	80	7,838	8	10,549	2,257	2,22,271	27
Noakhali	15	285	1	2	842	1,87,822	16
Total ...	177	8,862	11	10,570	5,855	4,81,987	61
Rajshahi Division.							
Rajshahi	45	1,156	5	66	1,771	2,80,707	4
Dinajpur	2	1,021	5	2,752	352	2,49,992	9
Jalpaiguri...	...	...	...	...	26	1,914	...
Rangpur	9	2,454	...	...	273	1,79,402	11
Bogra	12	395	...	...	556	1,52,332	12
Pabna	39	767	10	116	2,474	1,22,521	42
Malda	...	...	...	...	247	72,966	19
Total ...	107	5,793	20	2,934	5,699	10,59,834	97
Grand Total 1906—1907	640	33,055	89	14,545	26,948	23,36,060	313
1905—1906	672	16,649	133	3,264	26,397	23,17,550	360

IXC.

47 of the text.]

under Act XI of 1859 and Act VII (B. C.) of 1876, 1906—1907.

SPECIFIC SHARES.							COMPLEX SHARES.						
SEPARATE ACCOUNTS OPENED (SECTION 11) DURING YEAR.		CLOSED DURING YEAR.		REMAINING OPEN AT CLOSE OF YEAR.		Applications for disposal.	SEPARATE ACCOUNTS OPENED (SECTION 70 OF ACT VII (B. C.) of 1876) DURING YEAR.		CLOSED DURING YEAR.		REMAINING OPEN AT CLOSE OF YEAR.		Applications for disposal.
Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue	Number.	Government revenue.		Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue,	Number.	Government revenue.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
8	100	...	...	63	950	1	45	481	9	754	473	13,521	5
6	57	...	...	253	4,569	1	49	203	3	32	2,006	22,835	27
...	...	...	...	16	4,624	...	2	48	...	...	36	2,568	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...
14	157	...	...	337	10,143	2	96	732	12	786	2,516	38,929	32
...	...	...	...	388	9,869	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	2	1,258	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	390	11,127	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	25	18,196	...	...	...	...	...	101	5,825	...
...	...	...	...	14	4,997	...	...	...	...	...	29	8,989	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	78	61,232	4	4	207	...	...	113	31,913	10
...	...	...	...	21	8,836	...	14	1,487	...	...	451	64,038	3
2	33	1	33	40	6,992	1	26	906	13	173	1,189	51,068	23
...	...	...	...	11	6,331	...	1	133	1	118	41	4,123	3
2	33	1	33	189	1,06,584	5	45	2,733	14	291	1,924	1,65,981	39
16	190	1	33	916	1,27,854	7	141	3,465	26	1,077	4,451	2,05,202	71
11	2,839	...	...	901	1,27,697	7	177	4,127	15	541	4,336	2,02,814	102

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IXD.

[*Vide* paragraph 48 of the text.]

Registration of tenures protected in case of the sale of the parent estate under Act XI of 1859 for arrears of revenue.

Division and District.	Registered during the year.		Registered to the end of the year.	
	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, ect., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).
1	2	3	4	5
Dacca Division.				
Dacca	26	3	1,317	25
Mymensingh	2	...	157	3
Faridpur	1	...	125	3
Bakarganj	1	...	104	...
Total ...	30	3	1,703	31
Chittagong Division.				
Chittagong	6	...	247	7
Tippera	2	...	532	3
Noakhali	3	...	82*	...
Total ...	11	...	861	10
Rajshahi Division.				
Rajshahi	...	...	198	13
Dinajpur	...	...	160	3
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	127	11
Bogra	...	...	126	2
Pabna	...	1	117	2
Malda	...	...	7	1
Total ...	...	1	735	32
GRAND TOTAL ...	41	4	3,299	73

* Revised figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX X.

[*Vide* paragraphs 49–51 of the text.]

Disposal of Partition Cases, 1906—1907.

Division.	District.		Pending at close of previous year.	Instituted during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7
EASTERN BENGAL.							
Dacca	Dacca		79	7	86	17	69
	Mymensingh		49	21	70	11	59
	Faridpur		11	1	12	3	9
	Bakarganj		3	...	3	...	3
	Total	1906-07 ..	142	29	171	31	140
		1905-06 ...	121	50	171	29	142
Chittagong	Chittagong		...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera		21	5	26	6	20
	Noakhali		...	...	...	...	...
	Total	1906-07 ...	21	5	26	6	20
		1905-06 ...	24	4	28	7	21
Rajshahi	Rajshahi		9	1	10	1	9
	Dinajpur		2	...	2	...	2
	Jalpaiguri		...	...	...	...	...
	Rangpur		17	1	18	3	15
	Bogra		...	...	...	...	...
	Pabna		5	1	6	...	6
	Malda		...	4	4	...	4
	Total	1906-07 ...	33	7	40	4	36
		1905-06 ...	32	4	36	3	33
	TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL	1906-07 ...	196	41	237	41	196
		1905-06 ...	177	58	235	39	196
ASSAM.							
Surma Valley Districts...	Cachar		3	7	10	1	9
	Sylhet		19	12	31	16	15
	Total	1906-07 ...	22	19	41	17	24
		1905-06 —	21	16	37	15	22
Assam Valley Districts	Goalpara		...	...	...	...	...
	Kamrup		135	159	294	131	163
	Darrang		...	4	4	2	2
	Nowgong		...	...	...	...	...
	Sibsagar		4	43	47	21	26
	Lakhimpur		5	9	14	12	2
	Total	1906-07 ...	144	215	359	166	193
		1905-06 ...	113	129	242	94	148
	TOTAL ASSAM	1906-07 ...	166	234	400	183	217
		1905-06 ...	134	145	279	109	170
	Provincial Grand Total	1906-07 ...	362	275	637	224	413
		1905-06 ...	311	203	514	148	366

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XI.

[*Vide* paragraph 52 of the text.]

Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them, 1906-1907.

No.	Purpose for which the lands were taken up.	Area of land acquired.			Revenue abated.			Cash compensation paid, including other charges.
1	2	3			4			5
		A.	r.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.
1	Government	169	3	7	49	10	8	1,70,397
2	Municipalities	9	1	15	7	14	8	6,342
3	District or Local Boards	320	1	30	37	13	3	43,262
4	Railways	2,379	1	25	2,713	2	9	2,48,369
5	Other local or public bodies	90	3	16	...	...	...	28,861
	Total ...	2,969	3	13	2,806	9	4	4,97,321

APPENDIX XIIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Operations under the Bengal Tenancy

Division and District,	Transfer of Tenures.			Commutation of rent payable in kind, section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, Sections 69 and 70.
	(a) Voluntary, Section 12 (3).	(b) By decree sale, Sections 13 (2) and 14.	(c) By succession, Section 40.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dacca Division.					
Dacca	2,056	47	134	1	...
Mymensingh	1,862	...	81	...	...
Faridpur	994	36	174	...	...
Bakarganj	10,774	342	483	...	...
Total ...	15,686	425	872	1	...
Chittagong Division.					
Chittagong	19,183	181	119	...	...
Tippera	2,402	202	153	...	...
Noakhali	4,852	209	253	...	...
Total ...	26,437	592	525	...	...
Rajshahi Division.					
Rajshahi	358	4	78	...	1
Dinajpur	246	...	25	...	...
Jalpaiguri	569	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	295	9	6	...	...
Bogra	276	...	25	...	...
Pabna	326	28	26	...	...
Malda	60	...	2	11	...
Total ...	2,130	41	162	11	1
Grand Total	44,253	1,058	1,559	12	1
Total of previous financial year ...	45,240	1,265	1,554	...	...

XIIA.

66 of the text.)

Act VIII of 1885 1906—07.

Registration of improvements, Section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, Section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by land lords, Section 87 (2).	Written permission to landlords to measure land under Section 90.	Applications by Collectors for appointment of common manager under section 93.	Applications made for a survey and record of rights under chapter x,	Application made for survey and record of proprietor's private lands under Chapter xi.	Local Enquiries held by order of a Civil Court, section 158.	Local enquiries held under section 31,
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	4
3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2
11	4	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	4	20	...	...	...	...	...	6
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	46
6	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	4
7	...	10	...	...	2	...	...	50
...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...
...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	14	...	1	2	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	37	...	1	4	...	1	3
103	5	67	...	1	6	...	1	59
63	3	106	...	...	13	...	7	15

APPENDIX XIIB.

[*Vide* pragraph 68 of the text.]

Receipts and payments of Land Lords' fees under Sections 12 to 15 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Division and district.	Amount received during year.	Amount paid out to landlord or other person duly authorized on his behalf to receive it.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.			
Dacca	3,657	25	·68
Mymensingh	3,474	5	·14
Faridpur	2,424	129	5·31
Bakarganj	24,002	146	·60
Total ...	33,557	305	·90
Chittagong Division.			
chittagong	19,544	5,485	28·1
Tippera	3,425	11	·3
Noakhali	8,302	665	8·0
Total ...	31,271	6,161	19·7
Rajshahi Division.			
Rajshahi	920	28	3·04
Dinajpur	732	32	4·37
Jalpaiguri	638	...	...
Rangpur	880	4	·45
Bogra	548	6	1·09
Pabna	604	1	·16
Malda	182	...	...
Total ...	4,504	71	1·57
Grand Total ...	69,332	6,487	9·36

APPENDIX XIII.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Average prices (in seers per rupee) of common rice, wheat, barley, gram,

Division.	District.	Common rice.			Wheat.		
		1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	1904—05	1905—06	1906—07
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.
Dacca Division	Dacca	14—5	9—11	7—5	15—3	10—11	9—1
	Mymensingh	14—6	9—7	7—9	12—5	9—9	5—13
	Faridpur	13—2	9—11	7—5	17—2	13—12	10—13
	Bakarganj	13—12	9—2	7—6	...	...	...
Chittagong Division ...	Chittagong	13—0	10—9	8—9	...	...	...
	Tippera	12—12	7—6	6—9	...	...	...
	Noakhali	15—4	9—14	7—5	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division ...	Rajshahi	12—8	7—14	6—9	14—14	11—8	9—5
	Dinajpur	14—11	10—14	7—9	14—2	10—7	9—11
	Jalpaiguri	12—8	9—11	7—2	11—5	9—6	8—1
	Rangpur	14—3	9—10	6—11	11—15	11—7	11—1
	Bogra	15—1	10—1	7—6	13—3	11—7	10—4
	Pabna	14—1	9—0	7—4	16—12	11—6	10—6½
	Malda	12—0	8—8	6—8	13—0	11—8	10—0
Surma Valley Districts ...	Cachar	14—4	12—1	8—3	9—11	7—14	7—9
	Sylhet	16—0	11—0	7—0	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts ...	Goalpara	15—0	11—0	7—8	17—0	13—0	10—0
	Kamrup	17—8	13—2	7—6	10—8	8—9	7—11
	Darrang	17—4	12—14	8—10	9—10	7—10	6—15
	Nowgong	14—0	10—0	7—12	...	...	...
	Sibsagar	13—4	12—0	8—2	...	...	...
	Lakhimpur	13—0	12—0	7—10	8—5	7—10	7—6

XIII.

4 of the text.]

maize and salt for past three years.

Barley.			Gram.			Maize.			Salt.			Remarks.
1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	
25—11	18—13	12—12	15—9	12—9	10—3	...	...	...	12—11	13—11	14—10	
11—1	12—3	10—6	13—14	11—6	8—10	...	...	...	13—4	14—3	14—9	
29—6	25—12	14—7	12—8	10—8	8—0	...	...	...	13—0	14—0	16—2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13—7	13—12	15—10	
...	...	...	12—0	9—10	9—1	...	...	...	14—3	15—12	17—9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12—13	14—3	16—0	
...	...	...	11—9	12—0	8—4	...	...	...	13—1	15—5	13—12	
24—0	15—12	13—8	16—4	10—4	10—13	...	...	...	14—14	13—4	16—2	
...	...	...	16—13	12—½	10—7	...	...	...	13—9	14—0	14—6	
...	...	...	13—9	12—3	8—4	...	...	...	11—2	12—5	14—1	
...	...	...	12—15	11—1	9—6	...	...	...	12—6	12—14	12—12	
...	...	...	14—13	12—14	11—0	...	...	...	14—0	15—0	15—12	
25—8	...	...	16—10	12—12	10—3½	...	...	...	13—11	15—4	15—12	
27—0	20—0	13—0	17—0	12—8	10—8	30—3	16—4	12—0	14—0	14—0	15—0	
...	...	...	12—13	9—15	9—2	...	...	...	12—13	15—4	15—8	
...	...	...	12—0	10—0	9—0	...	...	...	13—0	14—0	15—0	
...	...	...	14—0	12—0	10—0	15—0	12—0	10—8	12—0	14—0	14—0	
...	...	...	12—8	11—0	9—4	...	...	...	11—6	13—0	12—10	
...	...	...	11—8	10—5	9—1	...	...	...	10—14	13—0	11—10	
...	...	...	10—0	9—0	7—8	...	...	...	11—0	12—0	11—12	
...	...	...	10—12	9—12	8—14	...	...	...	10—8	12—8	13—8	
...	...	...	11—2	10—3	8—9	...	...	...	10—1	10—4	10—14	

PROVINCIAL,

APPENDIX XIVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 58 of the text.]

Loans maae under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Amount advanced to Local Government by the Government of India.			Interest payable for the year by Local Government to the Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	
1	2	3	4
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3,08,293	9,43,354	6,25,823	21903·8

APPENDIX XIVB.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of loans under the

Division and district.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears.)	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EASTERN BENGAL.									
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	(a) 5,160	...	1,567	...	1,327	1,327	3,834	...	240
Bakarganj	2,260	...	2,925	...	1,545	1,545	655	...	480
Total ...	7,361	...	3,592	...	2,872	2,872	4,489	...	720
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	(a) 11,408	1,200	5,808	1,490	1,852	3,342	8,066	...	2,466
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhal, ...	574	...	107	...	81	81	493	...	26
Total ...	11,982	1,200	5,915	1,490	1,933	3,423	8,559	...	2,492
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	900	...	675	...	450	450	450	...	225
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	900	...	675	...	450	450	450	...	225
Grand Total Eastern Bengal ...	20,243	1,200	10,182	1,490	5,255	6,745	13,498	...	3,437
Surma Valley Districts.									
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.									
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total Assam.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total for the Province ...	20,243	1,200	10,182	1,490	5,255	6,745	13,498	...	3,437

(a) Revised figures.

XIVB.

59 of the text.]

Land Improvement Loans Act.

Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	327	343	...	300	300	...	43	...	1,627	...	283
66	170	236	...	198	198	...	38	...	1,743	...	518
82	497	579	...	498	498	...	81	...	3,370	...	801
1,221	551	1,772	539	364	903	...	869	2,029	2,216	...	3,335
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	34	34	...	26	26	...	8	...	107	...	34
1,221	585	1,806	539	390	929	...	877	2,029	2,323	...	3,369
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	162	243	...	162	162	...	81	...	612	...	306
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	162	243	...	162	162	...	81	...	612	...	306
1,384	1,244	2,628	539	1,050	1,589	...	1,039	2,029	6,305	...	4,476
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,384	1,244	2,628	539	1,050	1,589	...	1,039	2,029	6,305	...	4,476

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of loans under the

Division and District.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EASTERN BENGAL.									
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	10,246	26,290	13,712	...	10,498	10,498	26,038	...	3,214
Mymensingh	14,555	38,479	9,025	...	(a) 9,433	9,433	43,601	...	...
Faridpur	19,544	26,306	9,445	...	(a) 7,354	7,354	38,496	2,225	2,091
Bakarganj	56,370	1,83,551	83,578	...	25,531	25,531	2,14,390	653	57,394
Total ...	1,00,715	2,74,626	1,15,760	...	52,816	52,816	3,22,525	2,878	62,699
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	...	12,029	8,772	...	4,601	4,601	14,428	...	4,171
Tippera	35,878	1,20,915	56,278	...	40,538	40,538	1,16,255	15,740	...
Noakhali	56,971	56,420	31,490	...	12,632	12,632	1,00,759	...	18,858
Total ...	92,849	1,96,364	96,540	...	57,771	57,771	2, 31,442	15,740	23,029
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	...	210	68	...	34	34	176	...	34
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	429	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	6,500	...	3,152	...	1,913	1,913	4,587	...	1,239
Pabna	...	5,649	356	...	69	69	5,580	...	287
Malda	...	24,570	5,792	...	149	149	24,421	...	5,643
Total ...	6,500	30,858	9,368	...	2,165	2,165	34,764	...	7,203
TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL	2,00,064	5,01,848	2,21,668	...	1,12,752	1.12,752	5,88,731	18,618	92,931
ASSAM.									
Surma Valley Districts.									
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	13,939	2,38,785	78,095	...	25,639	25,639	2,27,085	...	51,456
Total ...	13,939	2,38,785	78,095	...	25,939	25,639	2,27,085	...	52,456
Assam Valley Districts.									
Goalpara	...	440	...	...	...	...	440	...	...
Kamrup	39,211	23,900	23,023	13	20,548	20,561	42,550	494	1,968
Darrang	(e) 17,352	16,811	11,998	...	(b) 9,506	9,506	24,657	705	2,365
Nowgong	12,877	9,130	9,602	...	(f) 7,643	7,643	14,364	1,585	424
Sibsagar	210	15,833	5,454	...	(d) 5,325	5,325	10,718	...	161
Lakhimpur	(e) 4,397	18,644	2,964	...	3,120	3,120	19,921	...	205
Total ...	74,047	84,758	53,041	13	46,142	46,155	1,12,650	2,784	5,123
TOTAL ASSAM	87,986	3,23,543	1,31,136	13	71,781	71,794	3,39,735	2,784	57,579
Grand total for the Province ...	2,88,050	8,25,391	3,52,804	13	1,84,533	1,84,546	9,28,466	21,402	1,50,510

(a) Rs. 408—11 paid in advance.
(b) Rs. 2225 „ „ „
(c) Rs. 578 „ „ „
(c) Rs. 37-7-4 „ „ „
(d) Rs. 32 „ „ „
(e) Revised figures
(f) Rs. 50 advance
(g) Rs. 361 advance.
(h) Rs. 25 „

XIVC.

60 of the text.]

Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the pear.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	472	472	...	357	357	...	115	...	10,855	...	3,329
...	1,638	1,638	...	1,606	1,606	...	32	...	11,039	...	32
169	1,111	1,280	...	1,030	1,030	45	205	...	8,384	2,270	2,296
601	13,572	14,173	...	5,512	5,512	84	8,577	...	31,043	737	67,277
770	16,793	17,563	...	8,505	8,505	129	8,929	...	61,321	3,007	72,934
...	979	979	...	520	520	...	459	...	5,121	...	4,630
...	2,360	2,360	...	1,395	1,395	965	...	...	41,933	16,705	...
528	5,722	6,250	...	3,483	3,483	...	2,767	...	16,115	...	21,625
528	9,061	9,589	...	5,398	5,398	965	3,226	...	63,169	16,705	26,255
...	11	11	...	5	5	...	6	...	39	...	40
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	358	405	...	260	260	...	145	...	2,173	...	1,384
...	29	29	...	6	6	...	23	...	75	...	310
...	1,068	1,068	...	22	22	...	1,046	...	171	...	6,689
47	1,466	1,513	...	293	293	...	1,220	...	2,458	...	8,423
1,345	27,320	28,665	...	14,196	14,196	1,094	13,375	...	1,26,948	19,712	1,07,612
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	5,021	5,021	...	2,384	2,384	...	2,637	...	28,023	...	55,093
...	5,021	5,021	...	2,384	2,384	...	2,637	...	28,023	...	55,093
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
273	3,432	3,705	1	3,249	3,250	20	435	14	23,797	514	2,403
148	1,024	1,172	...	(c) 927	927	...	282	...	10,433	705	2,047
178	921	1,099	...	883	883	161	55	...	8,526	1,733	477
...	606	606	...	572	572	...	34	...	5,897	...	195
25	350	375	13	(h) 356	369	...	31	13	3,476	...	236
624	6,333	6,957	14	5,987	6,001	181	837	27	52,129	2,952	5,958
624	11,354	11,978	14	8,371	8,385	181	3,474	27	80,152	2,952	61,051
1,969	38,674	40,643	14	22,567	22,581	1,275	16,849	27	2,07,100	22,664	1,68,663

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 23 of the text.]

Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order, 1906—1907.

Division.	District.	Amount.	Number of orders.
1	2	3	4
Eastern Bengal.			
Dacca	Dacca	1,41,054	31,132
	Mymensingh	1,19,250	28,561
	Faridpur	1,51.900	32,340
	Bakarganj	55,078	6,487
	Total ...	4,67,282	98,520
Chittagong	Chittagong	1,02,105	53,464
	Tippera	54,590	6,854
	Noakhali	9,142	1,581
	Total ...	1,65,837	61,899
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	17,695	2,539
	Dinajpur	16,794	698
	Jalpaiguri	26,462	542
	Rangpur	53,838	1,983
	Bogra	21,275	2,000
	Pabna	66,313	12,305
	Malda	12,739	808
	Total ...	2,15,116	20,875
	Total Eastern Bengal	8,48,235	1,81,294
ASSAM.			
Surma Valley District	Sylhet	15,694	2,981
	Grand Total... 1906-07	8,63,929	1,84,275
	Grand Total... 1905-06	* 8,42,411	1,65,882

* Revised figures.

EASTERN BENGAL

APPENDIX XVB.

[*Vide* paragraph 23 of the text.]

Payment of rent by mony orders.

Division and District.		Number of money orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.	Percentage of money orders refused to money orders issued.
1		2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca Division.						
Dacca	1906—07 ...	705	6,165	312	2,483	44·25
	1905—06 ...	1,380	10,584	783	4,796	56·73
Mymensingh ...	1906—07 ...	1,332	34,707	564	8,288	42·34
	1905—06 ...	1,566	33,000	926	8,726	59·13
Faridpur ...	1906—07 ...	1,434	15,073	604	3,816	42·12
	1905—06 ...	1,514	13,727	618	4,017	40·81
Bakarganj ...	1906—07 ...	2,375	33,728	480	6,058	20·21
	1905—06 ...	1,839	31,417	423	3,851	23·02
Total ...	1906—07 ...	5,846	89,673	1,960	20,645	33·52
	1905—06 ...	6,299	88,728	2,750	21,390	43·65
Chittagong Division.						
Chittagong ...	1906—07 ...	12,270	68,183	379	3,792	3·09
	1905—06 ...	12,606	77,072	467	3,997	3·70
Tippera ...	1906—07 ...	2,067	29,813	580	7,165	28·06
	1905—06 ...	2,550	35,398	647	6,689	25·37
Noakhali ...	1906—07 ...	2,174	26,203	486	4,991	22·35
	1905—06 ...	1,880	20,427	337	3,241	17·92
Total ...	1906—07 ...	16,511	1,24,199	1,445	15,948	8·75
	1905—06 ...	17,036	1,32,897	1,451	13,927	8·51
Rajshahi Division.						
Rajshahi ...	1906—07 ...	1,759	46,966	598	5,456	33·99
	1905—06 ...	1,744	46,154	532	5,319	30·5
Dinajpur ...	1906—07 ...	549	22,801	264	3,604	48·08
	1905—06 ...	1,209	17,040	368	3,675	30·43
Jalpaiguri ...	1906—07 ...	1,575	16,703	101	580	6·41
	1905—06 ...	1,620	17,326	120	600	7·40
Rangpur ...	1906—07 ...	1,506	51,038	604	3,914	40·10
	1905—06 ...	2,292	50,586	704	10,028	30·71
Bogra	1906—07 ...	1,576	55,926	427	5,893	27·09
	1905—06 ...	1,562	60,218	476	5,945	30·4
Pabna	1906—07 ...	1,572	29,515	439	3,969	27·92
	1905—06 ...	2,913	43,648	636	5,279	21·83
Malda	1906—07 ...	427	9,170	270	2,561	63·23
	1905—06 ...	409	9,879	188	1,962	45·96
Total ...	1906—07 ...	8,964	2,32,119	2,703	25,977	30·15
	1905—06 ...	11,749	2,44,851	3,024	32,808	25·73
Grand Total ...	1906—07 ...	31,321	4,45,991	6,108	62,570	19·50
	1905—06 ...	35,084	4,66,476	7,225	68,125	20·59

Resolution on the Land Revenue Administration Report of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1906-1907.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department, No. 536R., dated Shillong, the 29th February 1908.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1906-1907.

READ also—

The Annual Land Revenue Statements of the Hill Districts which are not under the jurisdiction of the Board.

RESOLUTION.

Abnormal floods, followed by an exceptionally dry cold weather, affected both the early and the winter crops of rice and also the jute. The high prices obtained for jute made up, however, for an indifferent outturn, and have served to render this crop still more popular with the cultivators. The tea industry in the Province showed most satisfactory signs of a revival in prosperity.

The Lieutenant-Governor has instituted special enquiries, through the agency of the Director of Agriculture and in accordance with the advice of the Director General of Statistics, into the causes of the extraordinary rise in the price of all food-grains in Eastern Bengal. This rise culminated in what might be called famine rates during the year under review, but the local conditions which contributed to the rise were not such as to account for its extent or for the height at which prices have since been maintained. These enquiries are hampered by the existing revenue system of the Province, which does not admit of the collection of very full or reliable agricultural statistics, but the Lieutenant-Governor anticipates that the improvement in communications, the demand for export, the rise in the price of rice in consuming centres both in and beyond India will eventually be found to have affected prices more materially than the local causes which come more immediately under observation. So far as these causes go, however, Sir Lancelot Hare concurs with the Board of Revenue in the opinion that while the extended cultivation of jute contracted the area under rice and has thus contributed to the rise in prices, the increased wealth pouring into the province from this form of cultivation has been not less instrumental in bringing about this result.

2. The hardship caused to the middle classes and to landless labourers and beggars by the high prices prevailing throughout the year was noted by the Government with sympathy and deep concern, and action was taken to meet it by the opening of relief works and the distribution of gratuitous relief under the provisions of the Famine Code. These operations were supplemented by private charity which was enlisted for the assistance of many who could not be relieved out of public funds, and considerable sums were raised and were distributed, in the form of food or in comforts for the sick, by a number of willing helpers. In the Assam Valley Mr. Monahan finds reason to think that the condition of the cultivators is better than has been frequently represented by their friends, but he remarks on the considerable losses caused by cattle disease. The Surma Valley has suffered severely in previous years from this cause, especially from rinderpest and anthrax, but the energetic steps taken by a Veterinary Officer entertained by the Tea Association, with the help of a subsidy from Government, have assisted greatly in reducing the evil.

The indebtedness of the people in the Mymensingh District of the Dacca Division has been made the subject of special enquiry by the Local Government, and with the assistance of Mr. W. R. Gourlay, I.C.S., Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies in Bengal, whose services were kindly lent to this Government by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, a commencement has been made in the formation of some groups of these societies for the relief of the cultivators in this district.

3. In consequence of the high prices of rice a considerable quantity of Rangoon rice was imported during the year, and the formerly existing prejudice against this rice appears to have been so completely overcome that it has been found from the price lists

furnished by the Collectors that in some districts it sold at higher prices than were fetched by the stocks of local rice. The import has since declined in consequence of a better harvest.

The Board of Revenue are of opinion that there has been some improvement in the weaving industry during the year under report. The Lieutenant-Governor notices this improvement with great pleasure, and has taken steps to assist in the reform of the somewhat inefficient methods still practised by the older and poorer members of the weaver class. In pursuance of this object he has entered into negotiations with the Government of Bengal to obtain for this province a share in the Serampur Weaving School where scientific instruction in improved methods of weaving will be imparted.

4. The increase of revenue from ordinary cultivation, amounting to over Rs. 2,00,000 during the year under report, is due mainly to the extension of cultivation in Assam, and is a satisfactory indication of progress.

The Board have noticed that the settlement in the Nambor Forest in Assam progressed but slowly, partly owing to the want of communications, and the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned a provincial contribution for three years towards the opening up of this area. The Board note that forty Muhammadan families have recently migrated from Mymensingh to take up land in the Darrang District. Sir Lancelot Hare would be glad to have further enquiries made into the reasons for this somewhat unusual movement, which may have some bearing on the investigation, referred to above, into the economic and agrarian condition of the Mymensingh District.

5. The current and arrear collections of Land Revenue during the year amounted to Rs. 1,85,35,879, representing 94·37 per cent. of the total demand. Out of this grand total about 98 lakhs were collected from permanently-settled estates, all of which are in Eastern Bengal, 8 lakhs were collected from estates settled temporarily with their proprietors, in the same area, 21 lakhs came from estates held by Government in Eastern Bengal, and 58 lakhs from similar estates in Assam.

Excluding demands under suspension pending decision upon proposals for remission, the collections in Assam worked out to nearly cent. per cent. of the current demand. Such results may well be held to justify the policy under which the old mauzadari system was recently reverted to and the unfamiliar tahsils were abolished.

6. The following interesting remarks are made by the Board on the subject of the payment of rent by money orders :—

Payment of rent by money order is in force in the Eastern Bengal districts only. As compared with the previous year, there was a decrease of 3,763 in the number of these money orders issued during the year. The decrease is shared by all the three divisions in Eastern Bengal and is probably an indication that the relations of landlords and tenants have been less strained than in previous years. Zamindars and their amla in general dislike and discourage the use of the system—the former because it touches their authority over the tenants—the latter because it tends to reduce their perquisites in the form of "tahari," which they realise from tenants who pay in rent at the zamindari cutcherries, and the statistics given in Appendix XVB are to some extent a gauge of the degree to which the tenants assert their independence. In districts in which, like Chittagong, the number of orders used is large (12,000) and the percentage of those refused is small (3 per cent. only), the inference is that the tenants have asserted their rights with success; but, on the contrary, in districts in which there is little resort to the use of orders and in which the landlords refuse to receive payment by that system, it is fairly certain that the zamindars retain the upper hand and the tenants either have but little to complain of or have not the courage or means to contend with their landlords. Under this category come most of the districts in the Rajshahi Division—the extreme examples being Malda with only 427 orders and 63 per cent. refusals and Dinajpur with 549 and 48 per cent. A third class is of districts in which orders are used in considerable numbers but in which refusals are also numerous. In districts of this class to which belong Mymensingh (1,332 and 42 per cent.), Faridpur (1,434 and also 42 per cent.) and Rangpur (1,506 and 40 per cent.), the indication is that a struggle between landlords and tenants is in progress.

7. The interesting trial which has been given to a system of serving processes through the Presidents of Village Unions in the districts of Tippera and Dacca has evidently met with the opposition that was expected from the local office establishments and it must be given a longer trial under indulgent encouragement by Collectors and their superior staff before it can be declared a failure. It was not anticipated that such a change would work with entire success from the start, and the object of its introduction was not merely the attainment of efficiency. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the special officers recently appointed to supervise this experiment will be able to report more successful results in the current year.

8. Of about 10 lakhs of rupees which constitute the demand under the head of Miscellaneous Revenue, about 6 lakhs are recoveries on account of Survey and Settlement charges, and 2 lakhs come from fisheries. The receipts amounted to about 81 per cent. of the total demand. The Board of Revenue are conducting special enquiries into the conditions and possibilities of the fisheries in Sylhet and the services of a gazetted officer has been placed at their disposal for this purpose.

The increase in the revenue derived from minerals is a pleasing feature of the Board's report for this year, and the extension of the Railway from Dhubri to Gauhati should further assist those desirous of utilising the mineral wealth of the country.

The Raiyatwari settlements in progress in Char Muhammad Ali in the Noakhali district, and in the Sundarbans portion of the Bakarganj district, under the supervision of specially selected officers, are being watched with much interest by Sir Lancelot Hare, and he hopes for them a large measure of success.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets to note that the full sum sanctioned for the prosecution of sanitary and other improvements in Government estates was not spent during the year. He attaches great value to the preparation of proper programmes of improvements for each such estate, the items in the programme being placed in the order of their urgency, and special recommendations being made where grants are required for the inception and completion of important works. It is understood that these programmes are not now insisted upon in all cases, and His Honour would be glad if Collectors would remedy this in future by inspecting the programmes drawn up themselves and seeing that the tenants are consulted beforehand as to the items to be included in them.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor is aware that many special causes tended to reduce the amount of touring done by Divisional and District Officers during the year under review, but he attaches great importance to these tours, and hopes that every effort will be made by those officers who were unable to satisfy the standards which have been set up by Government to make more comprehensive tours during the current year. In this connection he notes with pleasure the long and useful tours of inspection made by Mr. Monahan, Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts, and Mr. Fischer, the Officiating Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division.

11. The names of the officers especially commended by the Board for their work in Revenue matters will be noted in the Appointment Department, and the Lieutenant-Governor desires to accord his thanks to the Honourable Members of the Board itself for their careful supervision of the Revenue work of the Province.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor,

P. C. LYON,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

APPENDICES.

Summary of the Statements for the Hill Districts in Assam.

Land Revenue.—The total number of estates settled in the four Hill Districts of Assam, *viz.*, the Naga Hills, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, the Garo Hills, and the Lushai Hills, rose from 9,020 in the previous year to 9,197 in the year under report. Of these, one is permanently-settled in the Garo Hills, and the rest are temporarily-settled. The total current and arrear demands of the year were Rs. 36,918 and Rs. 22, against Rs. 34,701 and Rs. 1,026 of the preceding year, respectively. The increase in the total amount of demand is due to the increase in the settled area in the Garo Hills, and also to the settlement of a larger number of estates in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills. Of the total demand, Rs. 25,943 was contributed by the Garo Hills district.

The total collections of the year amounted to Rs. 34,747, of which Rs. 7 only was on the arrear account, against Rs. 32,889 including an arrear collection of Rs. 1,006 in the preceding year. The increased revenue was contributed by the Garo and the Khasi and Jaintia Hills as explained above.

The net current balance left at the end of the year is Rs. 1,501, the amount for the preceding year having been Rs. 22 only. The Deputy Commissioners, however, report that nearly the whole of this arrear has since been realised.

A sum of Rs. 681 was remitted on account of damages done to crops by floods in some of the villages of the Garo Hills district, against Rs 2,816 remitted for similar reasons in the previous year.

The percentage of current collections on current demand was 94·10 as against 91·87 in the preceding year, and the result is satisfactory. The detailed figures will be found in Appendix IIIA.

2. *Miscellaneous Revenue.*—Appendix V gives detailed information as to the demand, collections, remissions and balances of the miscellaneous revenue of these Hill Districts.

The current demand for the year was Rs. 1,93,023 as against Rs. 1,90,989, the arrear demand Rs. 249 as against Rs. 5,496, the current collections Rs. 1,90,313 as against Rs. 1,90,618, the arrear collections Rs. 245 as against Rs. 5,330, remissions Rs. 556 as against Rs. 288, current balance Rs. 2 163 as against Rs. 249, and payment in advance for future years Rs. 2,478 as against Rs. 2,326 in the previous year. The principal items of revenue were the receipts from house-tax in all the Hill Districts and the rents for fisheries in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills and the Garo Hills.

In the year under review there were increases in the current demand for miscellaneous revenue in all the Hill Districts except the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, which shows a decrease of Rs. 4,004. In the preceding year a sum of Rs. 9,735 was realised in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills on account of lime-quarries, but this year no revenue was credited on that account owing to the transfer of the lime-quarry revenue to the Forest Department. Otherwise the figure for total demand would have risen much higher.

Of the total current balance of Rs. 2,163, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills district alone is responsible for Rs. 2,098. The latter amount is made up of two items, *viz.*, Rs. 1,098, on account of arrear of house-tax, and Rs. 1,000 for coal-mines, being the amount of dead rent due from the Maolong Lime and Coal Company, Limited. The collections during the year under report have been on the whole satisfactory.

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue, including Malikana of

District.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remission.	Net balances.		
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Naga Hills	1	10	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	2,202	10,696	...	10,696	10,619	...	10,519	...	77*	...	77*
Garo Hills. Temporarily settled	6,902	25,909	22	25,931	23,819	7	23,826	681	1,424†	...	1,424†
Garo Hills. Permanently settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...
Total Garo Hills	6,903	25,921	22	25,943	23,831	7	23,838	681	1,424	...	1,424*
Lushai Hills	91	291	...	291	280	...	280	11	...	...	...
Total temporarily settled ...	9,196	36,906	22	36,928	34,728	7	34,735	692	1,501	...	1,501
Total permanently settled ...	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	9,197	36,918	22	36,940	34,740	7	34,747	692	1,501	...	1,501
Total for the previous year ...	9,020	34,701	1,026	35,725	31,883	1,006	32,889	2,816	22	...	22

* Rupees 76 since realised.
† This amount has since been realised.

DIX IIIA.

Estates on the Revenue-Roll of the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1906-1907.

Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.							
Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).	Total uncollected balances (column 12) on total demand (column 5).	Payments in advance on account of the opening year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 20 is excluded from the demand and that in column 21 added to the collections.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	77	99·28	...	99·28	·72	...	...	...	...
...	1,424	91·93	31·82	91·88	5·49	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,424	91·93	31·82	91·88	5·49	...	...	...	...
...	...	96·22	...	96·22	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,501	94·10	31·82	94·06	4·06	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,501	94·10	31·82	94·06	4·06	...	...	...	...
...	22	91·87	93·05	92·05	·06	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1906-1907.

Source of revenue.	Naga Hills.								Khasi and Jaintia Hills.								Garo Hills.							
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
2. Fisheries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,060	...	11,030*	...	...	...	...	1,983	1,403	...	1,406	...	...	...	...	458
3. Poll-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax...	70,413	...	69,868	...	545	...	...	...	30,592	164	29,492	164	2	1,098	...	...	44,653	7	44,597	3	4	56	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	705	...	705	...	...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6(a). Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary mahals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey-fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other Miscellaneous items not specified above	521	...	521	...	...	...	...	...	1,497	...	1,497	...	...	...	...	...	145	...	145	...	..	..	...	...
Total ...	70,934	...	70,389	...	545	...	...	...	44,854	164	42,764	164	2	2,098	...	12,020	46,204	7	46,148	3	4	56	...	458
Total for the previous year	68,085	...	67,995	...	90	...	...	...	48,830	5,251	48,686	5,217	34	164	...	1,841	44,430	211	44,423	79	132	7	...	457

* Including a sum of Rs. 1,848 advance collection made in previous year taken into account.

APPENDIX V—concluded.

Statement showing the Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1906-1907—concluded.

Source of revenue.	Lushai Hills.								Total for the year.							
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,466	...	12,466	...	...	...	...	2,441
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	31,032	78	31,018†	78	5	9	...	...	1,76,690	249	1,74,975	245	556	1,163	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	705	...	705	...	...	...	...	
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...
6(*a*). Royalty on coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary mahals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey-fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other Miscellaneous items not specified above	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2,167	...	2,167	...	...	...	...	...
Total	31,036	78	31,022	78	5	9	...	...	1,93,028	249	1,90,313	245	556	2,163	...	2,478
Total for the previous year	29,624	34	29,514	34	32	78	...	28	1,90,989	5,496	1,90,618	5,330	288	249	...	2,326

† Including a sum of Rs. 28 advance collection made in previous year taken into account.

E. B. & A. S. P. O. (C. S. D.) No. 1243—510—7-3-1908.

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE PLAINS DISTRICTS

OF THE PROVINCE OF

EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM

FOR THE REVENUE YEAR

1907-1908.

DACCA:
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1908.

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INDEX TO TEXT.

Para.		Page
1-2.	Preliminary	1
	Section I.—General Conditions of the Year.	
3.	Weather and crops	1-2
4.	Prices of food and labour	2
5-8.	Material condition of the people (including public health, trade and inter-district immigration and emigration)	2-3
	Section II.—Settled Area and Demand of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
	A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.	
9.	Statistics of area and demand under the different classes of estates (including variations)	3-4
10.	Permanently-settled estates	4
11.	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers	4
12.	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	4
13.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	4-5
14.	Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam	5
	B.—SETTLEMENTS FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.	
15.	Total area and revenue	5
16.	Applications for settlement	5
17.	Resignation and resumption of grants	5
	Section III.—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).	
18.	Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances	6
19.	Permanently-settled estates	6
20.	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers	6
21.	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	7
22.	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	7
23.	Remittances of revenue and rent by money order	7-8
24-27.	Coercive measures :—	8-10
24.	(a) Operation of the sale law (Eastern Bengal)	8
25.	(b) Certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal)	8-9
26.	(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment	9
27.	(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	9-10
28.	Processes	10-11
	Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.	
29.	General (showing demands, collections, remissions and balances)	11
30.	Fisheries	11
31.	Minerals	11
32.	House-tax	11
33.	Partition fees	11
34.	Recovery of survey and settlement charges	11
35.	Other miscellaneous items	11
36.	Sale of Government lands	12
37.	Redemption of land revenue	12
	Section V.—Other Revenue Work.	
38-41.	Estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal) :—	12-13
39.	(a) Collecting agency	12

Para.		Page.
40.	(b) Grant for the management, sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements	12 13
41.	(c) Education	13
42-46.	Irrigation, drainage, and embankments	13-14
47-48.	Land Registration :—	14-15
47.	(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876	14-15
48.	(b) Under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	15
49.	Separate accounts [Acts XI of 1859 and VII (B. C.) of 1876]	15
50.	Registration of tenures (Act XI of 1859)	15
51-53.	Partitions	15-16
54-58.	Land Acquisition	16-17
59-61.	Loans :—	17-18
60.	(a) Land Improvement (Act XIX of 1883)	18
61.	(b) Agriculturists' (Act XII of 1884)	18
62.	Co-operative Credit Societies	18
63-64.	General revenue work of the Land Records Staff	18-19
65.	Village headmen	19

Section VI.—Rent.

A.—Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

66.	The Bengal Tenancy Act	19
67.	Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under Revenue Officers	20
68.	Transfers, voluntary and by sale in execution of decrees (sections 12, 13 and 14) and by succession (section 15)	20
69.	Payment of landlords' fees	20
70.	Preparation of price lists (section 39)	20
71.	Rent payable in kind [commutation of rent (sections 40, 69 and 70)]	20
72.	Registration of improvements (section 80)	20
73.	Notices of re-entry upon lands by landlords [section 87 (2)]	20
74.	Local enquiries held by order of Court (sections 158 and 31)	20

B.—Miscellaneous.

75.	Miscellaneous	20

Section VII.—General.

76.	Alienation and assignment of land revenue	21
77.	Records	21-22
78.	Treasure Trove Act	22
79-80.	Personnel—	22
79.	(a) of the Board	22
80.	(b) of Commissioners	22
81-85.	Tours and inspections, with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries—	22-25
81-82.	(a) of Members of the Board	22-23
83.	(b) of Commissioners	23-24
84.	(c) of District Officers	24-25
85.	(d) of Subdivisional Officers	25
86.	Merits of Officers	25-26

INDEX TO APPENDICES.

	Page.
IA.—Classification of land tenures (Eastern Bengal).	i
IB.— Do Do (Assam).	ii-iv
IIA.—Changes on the land revenue demand of Government and temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	v-vii
IIB.—Changes on the land revenue demand on fully-assessed area taken up for ordinary cultivation (Assam).	viii-ix
IIC.—Fluctuations in the khiraj area of the Assam Valley Districts, including land held by tea planters (Assam).	x
IID.—Area settled with ex-tea coolies and other immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts (Assam)	xi
IIIA.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of estates on the revenue roll (Provincial).	xii-xiii
IIIB.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of permanently-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	xiv-xv
IIIC.—Demands, collections remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue of temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal).	xvi-xvii
IIID.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue of estates held direct (Eastern Bengal).	xviii-xix
IIIE.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana) of estates on the revenue roll (Assam).	xx-xxi
IVA.—Proceedings under the Sale Law (Eastern Bengal).	xxii-xxiii
IVB.—Working of the certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal).	xxiv-xxv
IVC.—Coercive means employed for the collection of the land revenue (Assam)	xxvi-xxviii
IVD.—Processes served and their cost (Provincial).	xxix
V.—Demands, collections, remissions and balances on account of miscellaneous land revenue (Provincial).	xxx-xxxi
VI.—Sale of proprietary rights in Government estates (Provincial).	xxxii
VII.—Alienations and assignments of land revenue existing in the Province (Provincial).	xxxiii
VIIIA.—Cost of management of estates held direct by Government (Eastern Bengal).	xxxiv
VIIIB.—Expenditure incurred on estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal).	xxxv
IXA.—Intermediate registrations under Act VII (B. C) of 1876 (Eastern Bengal).	xxxvi
IXB.—Registration of changes amongst proprietors and landholders (Assam).	xxxvii
IXC.—District details of separate accounts (Eastern Bengal).	xxxviii-xxxix
IXD.—Registration of tenures, Act XI of 1859 (Eastern Bengal).	xl
X.—Disposal of partition cases (Provincial).	xli
XI.—Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them (Provincial).	xlii
XIIA.—Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act (Eastern Bengal).	xliii-xlv
XIIB.—Landlords' fees (Eastern Bengal).	xlvi
XIII.—Average price of common rice, wheat, &c. (Provincial).	xlvii-xlix
XIVA.—Agriculturists' and Land Improvement Loans (Provincial).	l
XIVB.—District details of Land Improvement Loans (Provincial).	li-liii
XIVC.—District details of Agriculturists' Loans (Provincial).	liv-lv
XVA.—Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order (Provincial).	lvi
XVB.—Payment of rent by money orders (Eastern Bengal).	lvii

No. 99 Misc. L. R. / G

FROM

J. T. RANKIN, Esq., I. C. S.,

Secretary to the Board of Revenue, E. B. and Assam,

TO

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

Dated, Dacca, the 20th November, 1908.

LAND REVENUE.
(Miscellaneous.)

SIR,

I am directed to submit the third report on the Land Revenue Administration of the plains districts of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the revenue year 1907-08.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Lyon, C. S. I., Member in charge.

2. The dates on which the reports were received by the Board from the Divisional Commissioners are noted below :—

Dacca Division	...	27th August to 13th October, 1908.
Chittagong Division	...	5th September, 1908.
Rajshahi Division	...	20th to 21st August, 1908.
Surma Valley Districts	...	1st September, 1908.
Assam Valley Districts	...	14th to 31st August, 1908.

Section I.—General Conditions of the Year.

Weather and Crops.

3. The rainfall during the year under report was in general unfavourable to the more important crops throughout the Province, although conditions were not so bad as in the previous year. There was a plentiful fall in most parts in the month of July, in some places even causing floods, but this was followed by a scarcity of rain in nearly all districts. The early rice crop did not suffer, but the winter rice was seriously affected. Transplantation was retarded and in many places unsuccessful, and the outturn was considerably below the average. Rabi crops also suffered from the same cause but were saved in some districts by showers in February. The jute crop was a good one, but the failure of the rain at the steeping season affected the quality of the fibre. It is interesting to notice in this connection that the cultivation of jute is steadily spreading up the Assam Valley. The Commissioner writes : "There was an increase of 43,300 acres in the approximate area sown in the Division as compared with the preceding year. The major portion of the jute cultivation is in the Goalpara district, the cultivation is, however, it appears, steadily increasing in the other districts of the Division. The number of settlers from Eastern Bengal in Bishnath in the district of Darrang is slowly increasing and the quality of jute grown by them is superior." In the Chittagong district the Commissioner is attempting, with some promise of success, to introduce the cultivation of jute.

The outturn of tea was good and there was an increase in every tea district except Darrang. Prices also showed an improvement on those of the preceding year.

Sugar-cane seems to have done well throughout the Province. The mango crop in Malda failed. The outturn of lac in the Assam Valley was good in the autumn, but proved short in the spring owing to jungle fires and the want of rain.

Prices of food and labour.

Appendix XIII.

4. The prices of all food grains ruled very high in all districts throughout the year, though there was in general some reduction as compared with the extraordinarily high prices of the preceding year. Among the causes which have led to the continuance of high prices are the short outturn of crops, the extension of jute cultivation and the retention of large stocks by dealers and cultivators in the hope of a still better market. There was a noticeable falling off in the price of salt due to the reduction of duty.

Not much variation in the wages of common labourers is reported. In Dinajpur, Malda and Kamrup there was some rise due to the demand for labour for railway work and there are complaints of the difficulty of obtaining labour from Sylhet and Nowgong.

There was nowhere any appreciable change in the wages of skilled labour.

Material condition of the people.

5. The predominant feature of the year under report was the continued high price of rice and other food grains and the heavy fall in the price of jute. Those cultivators mainly concerned with rice had a prosperous year whilst those who cultivated jute to any large extent suffered. The majority of cultivators seem to have profited by the experience of the previous year and to have kept a sufficient stock of rice for home consumption, thus rendering themselves independent of the market. Labourers are said to have been able to demand wages that protected them against the high prices. As in the previous years the people who suffered most were those of the lower middle class who live on fixed incomes.

Loans were given freely to such cultivators as required money for seed and cattle.

Very few local calamities are reported to have occurred during the year. In Bakarganj there was a severe outbreak of cattle disease, chiefly affecting buffaloes: in one mauza in Nowgong the Ahu crop was carried away by floods while poor mustard and pulse crops added to the distress. This was relieved by loans and by a suspension of 50 per cent. of the land revenue demand.

The high prices obtained by the growers of rice, especially in the Assam Valley, are likely to affect the condition of the people. The Deputy Commissioner, Nowgong, remarks: "Formerly the raiyat grew and stored food. This art he well understood. Now a great deal of the food (owing to high demand, improved communications, etc.) has been turned into cash and the raiyat has much to learn in the management of his money." The Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup is of opinion that the high prices were to some extent responsible for an increase in the consumption of opium.

The tenants on Government Estates in Eastern Bengal are reported to be better off than their neighbours on private estates. The Collector of Mymensingh remarks that they boast of their position. The Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri writes:—"The increase in the number of houses with corrugated iron roofs which one finds all over the Duars is a good sign of the prosperity of the tenants."

Public Health.

6. Public health was, in general, good throughout the year. In many districts, however, there was more cholera than usual owing to insufficient rainfall in the winter and the spring. Noakhali suffered especially from cholera and fever: in Dinajpur the mortality from fever was extraordinary. There were severe outbreaks of cholera and smallpox in Goalpara, and in Sibsagar dysentery and fever were more prevalent than usual.

An interesting enquiry is being made into the causes of black-water fever and malaria in the Western Duars by Dr. Bentley, which, the Board understand, has resulted already in measures which have much decreased the number of cases of malaria on tea gardens.

7. Rice, jute and tea continue to be the principal products of the Province. As usual the exports of rice were large. There was a marked decrease in the quantity of Burma rice imported owing to the increase in the local supplies. The jute trade continued to expand but the fall in prices has affected the area sown during the current year.

Trade.

There is a considerable trade in betelnuts in Bakarganj, Noakhali and Tippera, and in mangoes in Malda, Rajshahi and Bogra. These articles are exported to other districts both within and without the Province.

The weaving industry appears to have received some little impetus, but the trade in Manchester cloth is still increasing.

In Gauhati four mills were at work during the year for extracting oil, grinding wheat and cleaning rice. Oil and oil-cakes are sold locally and are also exported to the upper districts of the Assam Valley.

The joint-stock companies established in Pabna for the manufacture of socks, vests, etc., are reported to be doing fair business.

The trade in lac was not so prosperous as in previous years, there having been a great fall in the price obtainable for this product.

Trade between the people of Lakhimpur and the hill tribes is reported to have fallen considerably owing partly to a blockade of the Mishmis and partly to a fall in the price of rubber.

8. Most of the labour supply for this Province, both for tea gardens and for other menial work, comes from Behar, Chota Nagpur, the Sonthal Parganas and Orissa. During the year 70,258 labourers were imported for tea gardens, saw-mills, mines and oil-wells in the Assam Valley and 15,030 for tea gardens in the Surma Valley. Figures for the immigration into tea gardens in the district of Jalpaiguri are not available. A considerable number of immigrant families from Mymensingh and Pabna have settled in the districts of Darrang and Goalpara and are said to be setting examples of good husbandry to the people of those localities.

Emigration and Immigration.

A large number of labourers annually migrate from Chittagong to Akyab during the sowing and harvesting seasons. Natives of Chittagong also go from home for service on steamers and other vessels.

Nepalese seem to be settling in considerable numbers in the Duars and to be taking up land for cultivation there.

A considerable immigration of Sonthals is reported into the district of Malda. These men have taken up land from zamindars and cleared it for cultivation.

Section II.—Settled area and demand of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.

9. The total revenue-paying area of the districts under the Board, at the close of the year under report, was 49,267 square miles with a revenue demand of Rs. 1,87,90,419. As compared with the previous year the settled area shows a decrease of 764 square miles. But the figures of settled area furnished by some of the Eastern Bengal districts are by no means reliable. The Commissioner of Dacca writes :—"The total area in the Bakarganj district shows an apparent large decrease of over 57,000 acres. The figures are not reliable. The Board of Revenue is aware that the registers of the khas mahal department have been allowed to fall into incorrectness and reliable figures will not be obtained until the figures have been adjusted with reference to the settlement papers ; this task is in progress." The Commissioner has since reported that the bulk of the decrease in Bakarganj is believed to be due to the exclusion of water from the area

Statistics of area and demand under different classes of estates (including variations).

Appendices IA and IB.

of the estates. It is doubtful whether there has been any real diminution in the settled area in Eastern Bengal: while in Assam, there has been an increase of 128 square miles or an expansion of 1·1 per cent. on the previous year's area. There was a total increase of Rs. 1,40,337 in revenue, or about ·7 per cent., when compared with that of the preceding year. The causes of variation under the different heads are briefly explained in the following paragraphs. The incidence of revenue per square mile was Rs. 381 against Rs. 372·7 in the preceding year. The proportion of revenue contributed by the permanently-settled and temporarily-settled estates, and the estates under the direct management of Government remained unchanged as compared with the previous year, *viz.*, 52, 36 and 12 per cent. respectively; and the incidence of revenue per acre in the three classes of estates was respectively 6·3 annas, 1·5 rupees and 1·08 rupees.

Permanently-settled estates.

10. The total number of permanently-settled estates in Eastern Bengal and Assam was, at the close of the year, 116,780 covering an area of 39,120 square miles with a revenue of Rs. 98,02,570. There was an increase of 90 estates, chiefly due to partitions, but a decrease of Rs. 9,737 in revenue, due to the transfer of estates from one class to another, to partitions under the Old Act, and to abatements given for lands acquired for public purposes. Of the total area, 32,979 square miles lie in Eastern Bengal, comprised in 66,909 estates with a revenue of Rs. 94,26,025; while 6,141 square miles, distributed among 49,871 estates, with a revenue of Rs. 3,76,545, lie in Assam.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

11. In Eastern Bengal the total area settled temporarily with proprietors and farmers at the end of the year was 1,433 square miles distributed over 1,446 estates. The decrease of 11 estates was caused by the transfer of estates to Class III and the removal of an estate from the tauzi-roll owing to its amalgamation with the original estate. The decrease in revenue was due to the same causes, as also to re-settlement.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

12. At the close of the year there were in Eastern Bengal 1,554 estates held direct by Government covering an area of 3,227 square miles, with a revenue of Rs. 22,34,093. These figures show a slight decrease in the number of estates and an increase in revenue as compared with those of the previous year. The decrease of 5 estates is due to the transfer of estates to Class II, as also to the removal and amalgamation of estates, while the increase in revenue is attributed to settlement and re-settlement, as well as to the transfer of estates from Classes I and II.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.

Appendices IB, IIB, IIC, & IID.

13. The total area settled for ordinary cultivation in Assam expanded from 2,591,531 acres, with a revenue of Rs. 50,68,415, to 2,670,453 acres, with a revenue of Rs. 52,08, 310, during the year, or in other words, there was an increase of nearly 80,000 acres or 3·04 per cent. in area and Rs. 1,40,000 or 2·76 per cent. in revenue. Large as was the increase in the previous year, the rate of expansion has been more than maintained in the year under report. The increase in area is the result of the extension of cultivation and was chiefly contributed by the Assam Valley Districts, among which Kamrup, as in the previous year, contributed the greatest share, *viz.*, 22,147 acres, with a revenue demand of Rs. 34,059 due, no doubt, to the continued recovery of the district since the earthquake of 1897 and the low rates fixed for waste land at the re-settlement. The district of Sibsagar comes next with an increase of 16,352 acres in area and of Rs. 32,370 in demand, due partly to the extension of cultivation and partly to the survey in extension of non-cadastral areas during the year. It will, however, be noticed that the increase in revenue in the Assam Valley was not proportionate to the rise in area, and this is due to the fact that waste lands newly taken for cultivation are generally assessed at low rates. In the Surma Valley the decrease in the demand is only apparent, as a large amount was transferred to "special settlements" owing to a mistake in the classification of tenures in the previous year.

The fluctuations in area and revenue of *nisf-khiraj* estates and town-lands are unimportant being mainly due to the correction of mistakes in previous returns.

The large increase under the head "special settlement," from 185,279 acres with a revenue of Rs. 92,589 in the previous year, to 202,546 acres with a revenue of Rs. 1,11,405 in the year under report, is accounted for by the transfer from the head " ordinary cultivation," in the statement for Sylhet. In the Nambor Forest in Sibsagar, 178 colonists established themselves, and 1,910 acres of land were taken up by them, of which 288 acres were brought under cultivation up to the 30th June 1908. The Deputy Commissioner remarks that the Naojan Mauza is not worth further expenditure and a proposal to amalgamate this mauza with Kordoiguri has recently been sanctioned. The progress hitherto made in colonising this remote tract is not encouraging.

Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam.

Appendix IID.

14. The area settled with ex-tea-garden coolies increased from 124,072 acres to 131,171 acres, *i.e.*, by nearly 6 per cent. which is satisfactory, while the area settled with other immigrants rose from 35,681 acres to 36,157 acres or by 1·3 per cent. only. This is partly due to the scarcity of waste land in Cachar, the lands in the disforested tracts having been already taken up.

B—SETTLEMENT FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.

Total area and revenue.

15. The area settled for special cultivation at the end of the year was 1,167,667 acres with a revenue demand of Rs. 6,78,567 against 1,163,334 acres with a revenue of Rs. 7,21,596 in the previous year. The increase of 4,333 acres in area was due to new settlements and was shared by all districts. The decrease in revenue is accounted for by the fact that during the year under report tea lands held under ordinary leases in the districts of Kamrup, Sibsagar, Darrang and Nowgong, were re-assessed at slightly lower rates than had previously been imposed on them in view of the general reductions made, in the course of the recent settlements, in the rates imposed on similar lands held for ordinary cultivation.

The only "special cultivation" in the districts of Eastern Bengal is that of tea in the district of Jalpaiguri. During the year six estates with an area of 2,918 acres were re-settled on the expiration of the term of the preliminary leases. The new revenue fixed for these estates is Rs. 3,820 against Rs. 2,204 paid under the former leases. The term of settlement is 30 years. Two new applications for settlement were dealt with and three such applications were pending at the close of the year.

The total area settled under these rules in this district is 236,056 acres with a land revenue demand of Rs. 2,03,595.

Applications for settlement.

16. There were no applications for settlement for special cultivation in Cachar. In Sylhet 13 new applications were filed during the year against 7 in the previous year, and out of a total of 20 applications for disposal, settlement was effected in 14 cases during the year. In the Assam Valley there were 59 new applications as against 48 in the previous year, but out of a total of 101 applications for disposal only 35 were disposed of during the year. This work appears to have received insufficient attention in the districts of Sibsagar and Darrang and the Commissioner will be asked to take special action in the current year to secure that the pending applications are promptly dealt with.

Resignation and resumption of grants.

17. There was no resumption of grants in Assam, but the relinquishment of two grants came into effect in the district of Sylhet, and in Nowgong applications for the relinquishment of 5 grants covering an area of 2,036 acres, were filed during the year.

Section III.—Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

18. The total land revenue demand of the year under report was Rs. 1,96,49,842, *viz.*, Rs. 1,87,62,530 current and Rs. 8,87,312 arrears. Rs. 1,87,11,899 or 95·22 per cent. on the total demand was collected as against 94·37 per cent. in 1906-07. Out of the total demand noted above Rs. 8,64,104 remained uncollected at the close of the year, exclusive of Rs. 73,839 which were remitted. In the Assam Valley the remissions amounted to Rs. 31,243 and were due in the main to the floods of 1906-07. Of the remissions of Rs. 31,519 in the Chittagong Division, over Rs. 6,000 were due to the reduction of fictitious demands in an estate taken over by Government.

Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances.

Appendix IIIA.

19. Out of a total demand of Rs. 1,00,04,127 (Rs. 98,02,570 current and Rs. 2,01,557 arrear) in permanently-settled estates in the province, a sum of Rs. 97,80,514 (Rs. 96,32,278 current and Rs. 1,48,236 arrear) or 97·76 per cent. against 97·97 per cent. of the previous year, was collected and Rs. 6,875 were remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,16,738 outstanding as against Rs. 2,01,675 of the preceding year. Of the total amount remitted, Rs. 6,620 in Noakhali formed a fictitious arrear balance due on account of Estate "Char Sidhi" subsequent to the period of its purchase by Government in a revenue sale, which had to be written off, and Rs. 255 were remitted in Malda in consequence of abatement of revenue on account of lands taken up for the Katihar Godagari Railway. The outstanding balances are all in process of recovery. The percentage of current collections fell below 99 in Bakarganj, Rajshahi and Sylhet, while the percentage of arrear collections fell below the same figure in Dacca, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali, Rajshahi, Rangpur and Sylhet. The falling off in both current and arrear collections in Bakarganj and Rajshahi was chiefly due to the non-payment of dues in respect of the estates of Raja Sir Sourindra Mohan Tagore, K. C. I. E., of Calcutta, now under the management of the Court of Wards. The arrear balance in Chittagong was Rs. 221. If the collections in that district made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year had been taken into account, the realisations would have been cent per cent. The arrear balances in Dacca, Noakhali and Rangpur were small and require no explanation. The collections in Sylhet were far from satisfactory. The falling off is partly due to the depressed condition of the people in the South Sylhet and Karimganj Subdivisions. But the chief cause was the great delay in the adoption of coercive measures after the latest dates of payment. A report on the working of several of the tahsils in this district has recently been submitted to Government by the Board with a proposal to put an experienced officer on special duty to thoroughly overhaul all the tahsil offices of the district.

Permanently-settled Estates.

Appendices IIIB and IIIE.

20. The total demand of the temporarily-settled estates in Eastern Bengal was Rs. 7,95,304 (Rs. 7,75,231 current and Rs. 20,073 arrear), of which Rs. 7,64,524 (Rs. 7,47,984 current and Rs. 16,540 arrear) or 96·12 per cent. against 97·45 per cent. in 1906-07, were collected. Rupees 1,895 representing ·23 per cent. of the total demand have been classed as doubtful or irrecoverable.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

Appendix IIIC.

The current collections, in the marginally noted districts, and arrear collections in Dacca, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Pabna and Malda fell short of 98 per cent. The falling off in Mymensingh and Pabna was due to delay in the completion of the settlement and re-settlement of certain estates, and in Tippera to the default of 2 large estates at the kist of June 1908. The decrease in the remaining districts was inconsiderable.

Dacca, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Tippera, Noakhali, Pabna and Malda.

21. Out of the total demand of Rs. 26,15,652 (Rs. 22,34,093 current and Rs. 3,81,559 arrear) in respect of estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government, Rs. 22,39,876 (Rs. 20,43,428 current and Rs. 1,96,448 arrear) or 85·63 per cent. were collected against 84·54 per cent. in the previous year. The total demand remitted during the year amounted to Rs. 35,714 while the total balances at its close decreased from Rs. 3,53,672 to Rs. 3,40,062. The results of the year compare favourably with those of the previous year on the whole, but the figures for the Dacca district are not satisfactory. The poor collections in that district are said to be due to the fall in the price of jute and the Collector expects to recover the outstandings very shortly.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

Appendix IIID.

22. The total demand for temporarily-settled estates in Assam amounted to Rs. 62,34,759 out of which Rs. 59,50,636 were on the current and Rs. 2,84,123 on the arrear account. 95·09 per cent. of this sum was collected during the year as against 93·87 per cent. of the preceding year. While the percentage of current collection on the current demand remained almost the same as in the previous year, there was a marked improvement in the collection of the arrear demand. Taking the districts individually, the percentage of current collection exceeded 97 in all the districts except Sylhet, and almost reached cent per cent in Cachar, Goalpara, Darrang and Sibsagar. In Sylhet the percentage of current collection was only 62·73, owing chiefly to the great delay in the adoption of coercive measures after the latest dates of payment, as noticed in para 19 above. The Hon'ble Mr. Savage has recently made a tour of inspection in the district of Sylhet and has dealt especially with tahsil procedure during his inspections, and action is being taken to introduce some urgently needed reforms in the system in force for the collection of revenue in this district. As regards arrear collections the Surma Valley, however, shows better results. The arrear demand in the Assam Valley districts consists mostly of the heavy arrears left by the abolished tahsils and the amount suspended in previous years on account of flood damages. Remissions amounted to Rs. 31,250 or ·5 per cent. of the total demand; of this Rs. 23,478 were on account of the damages caused by floods in the previous year. Excluding remissions for public calamities 93 per cent of the arrear demand was collected during the year against 89·6 per cent in the preceding year.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.

Appendix IIIE.

The mauzadars are reported to have generally paid in full the revenue due from them before the close of the year, except in the district of Kamrup. But the bulk of the outstandings due from the mauzadars in that district at the end of the year were paid up after its close. In Lakhimpur, one mauzadar defaulted in respect of a large amount and was thereupon suspended by the Commissioner. His case is now under the consideration of the Board. Certain account registers were prescribed for the use of mauzadars during the year.

The rules for the suspension and remission of revenue on account of private calamity came into operation towards the close of the year. They were applied in a few cases in the districts of Kamrup, Nowgong and Sibsagar and a total sum of Rs. 95 only was remitted on this account. The working of these rules will be carefully watched during the current year.

Vide Government Notification No. 946 R, dated the 20th April 1908

23. The number of revenue money orders and the amount of land revenue and cesses remitted thereby increased from 184,275 and Rs. 8,63,929 in the preceding year to 191,245 and Rs. 9,88,945 respectively in the year under report, which indicates that the system is slowly growing in popularity. As in the previous year the remittances in each of the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur and Chittagong exceeded a lakh of rupees. The system is in force throughout Eastern Bengal and in the district of Sylhet.

Remittances of revenue and rent by money order.

Appendix XVA.

The statistics of payment of rent by money order, which is permitted in the Eastern Bengal districts only, are given in Appendix XVB. As compared with the previous year, there

Appendix XVB.

was an increase of 983 in the number of money orders issued during the year. The increase occurred, however, only in four districts, *viz.*, Dacca, Faridpur, Chittagong and Noakhali and is not sufficient to justify the conclusion that the system is gaining in favour. The number of orders refused by landlords fell in the districts of Noakhali in the Chittagong Division and in Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Bogra and Malda in the Rajshahi Division. The percentage of refusal rose in all the districts except Faridpur in the Dacca Division, Noakhali in the Chittagong Division and Rajshahi, Dinajpur and Malda in the Rajshahi Division. Zamindars and their *amla* in general dislike and discourage the use of the system, more specially when the relations between the landlords and tenants are strained.

Coercive Measures :—
(a) Operation of the sale law in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IVA.

24. Appendix IVA gives particulars of the proceedings under the sale law in Eastern Bengal. Out of 7,237 estates and shares which became liable to sale for non-payment of Government dues, in comparison with 6,883 in the previous year, 564 or 7·8 per cent., were actually sold, against 290 or 4·2 per cent., in the previous year and the price realised was on the average 7·4 times the Government revenue of the properties sold against 4·7 times in the preceding year. Sixty-seven appeals were preferred to the Commissioners against sales, of which 22 were successful. Recommendation for annulment of sale on the ground of hardship was made to Government in 7 cases only.

The districts in which defaults and sales were most numerous are noted in the margin. The number of defaults and sales exceeded those of the previous year by 141 and 287 respectively in Chittagong, by 30 and 10 in Pabna and by 2 and 6 in Noakhali. The increase in the first mentioned district was, it is reported, mainly due to the fact that the mahals which were not sold in the previous year for trifling arrears had to be brought to sale during the year under report on account of repeated defaults. The increase in the last two districts is said to have resulted from disputes among co-sharers, the indebtedness of the proprietors and intentional defaults in consequence of the unprofitableness or diluvion of estates. The defaults rose from 356 to 489 in Mymensingh, from 428 to 462 in Bakarganj and from 269 to 317 in Faridpur, while the number of sales decreased by 8,2 and 7 respectively. In Tippera both defaults and sales and in Dacca and Rajshahi the defaults only showed a decrease as compared with the previous year.

District.	Defaults.	Sales.
Chittagong	5,231	408
Mymensingh	489	14
Bakarganj	462	31
Faridpur	317	36
Dacca	241	47
Pabna	139	12
Tippera	123	1
Noakhali	71	10
Rajshahi	64	3

The percentages of sales on defaults in the districts mentioned above are noted on the margin and indicate that the sale law was administered with leniency and moderation. The rule that the sales of one *kist* should be held before the next *kist* day was generally observed.

District.	Percentage of sales on defaults.
Dacca	19·5
Noakhali	14·1
Faridpur	11·3
Pabna	9·3
Chittagong	7·8
Bakarganj	6·7
Rajshahi	4·7
Mymensingh	2·8
Tippera	·8

(*b*) Certificate Procedure in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IV B.

25. Detailed statistics illustrating the working of the Certificate Procedure in Eastern Bengal are given in Appendix IV B. The total number of certificates filed was 41,688 against 34,927 in the previous year. There was an increase of 3,108 certificates in the Dacca, and 4,245 in the Chittagong Division, while in the Rajshahi Division there was a decrease of 592. The increase (1,187) in the Dacca district under heads "Arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), Section 7 (1)" and "All other certificates made under Section 7 (1)," was chiefly due to failure of voluntary payments of rent owing to the high price of food grains, and to the realisation of partition costs and fines imposed under the Land Registration Act. Some heavy partition cases in the district, in which a large number of proprietors were concerned, were struck off under Section 88 of the Partition Act, and as the costs were not paid in time,

certificates had to be obtained for their realisation. In Faridpur, the increase (847) under head "Arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), section 7 (1)" is attributed to increased activity in collection in some of the circles and to the filing of certificates for amounts below Rs. 5 which had been pending as arrears for some time. The small increase in Bakarganj is ascribed to increased activity in the Wards Department. In Mymensingh the increase of 958 certificates under head "All other certificates made under section 7 (1)" was due to the issue of a large number of certificates (1) for the realisation of petty arrears which would have otherwise been barred by limitation; (2) realisation of partition costs, the default in payment of which was greater than in the previous year; (3) realisation of fines imposed under the Land Registration Act, a large number of cases of non-registration having been brought to light by the Cess Revaluation Officer and the village *panchayats*; and (4) for the realisation of arrears of instalments of agriculturists' loans. In the Chittagong Division the number of certificates under head "Arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), section 7 (1)" rose from 4,747 to 7,953. The increase was due to the issue of certificates during the year against those defaulters in whose cases it had been deferred for a year or two on account of bad harvests. The increase under head "All other certificates under section 7 (1)" which occurred in Noakhali was due to the filing of certificates for the recovery of *takavi* loans from those of the settlement-holders in estate Char Mir Mahomed Ali, who did not settle in the char according to the terms on which the loans were granted. In the Rajshahi Division the number of cases filed decreased in all the districts except Bogra and Malda.

The Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri remarks :—"The decrease in the number of certificates issued and the successful collection of Government revenue must, I think, be considered satisfactory. I have succeeded in making the Tahsildars understand that they ought to be able to get in petty arrears without issuing certificates in every case and they are now doing this." The Board regret to observe the increase in some districts of certificates for the realisation of rent due to Government or to the Court of Wards. The attention of other District Officers will be drawn to the remarks of the Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri quoted above and they will be requested to impress on managers and tahsildars the necessity of realising rents without having recourse to the certificate procedure as a matter of course.

The percentage of certificates disposed of to the total number for disposal is 73·5 against 71·2 in the previous year. The highest percentage (77·98) was in the Rajshahi Division, and the lowest (69·2) in the Dacca Division. There was a decrease in the percentage of disposals in the last mentioned Division, shared by all the four districts, which was generally due to an increase in the number of institutions during the latter part of the year. The falling off in Noakhali (68·9 against 85·2 of the previous year) is also reported to be due to the same cause.

As in the preceding year, the greater portion of the demands was satisfied on the issue of notices or on attachment of property, and recourse to actual sale was necessary only in a few cases. There was no complaint against the working of section 21 of the Act, which permits a judgment-debtor to redeem his property after sale by payment of the amount of the certificate, with costs, and of a penalty equal to one-tenth of the auction-price to the purchaser.

The administration of the Certificate Department was, on the whole, satisfactory.

(*c*) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment.

26. The number of persons imprisoned during the year for the realisation of Government demands in Eastern Bengal was 6 against 1 in the previous year. These cases were in two districts only, *viz.*, 5 in Chittagong and 1 in Pabna. The imprisonment failed in its object in two instances in the first mentioned district.

(*d*) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IV C.

27. Appendix IV C gives details of the co-ercive measures adopted for the realisation of land revenue in Assam. The total number of estates against which notices of demand were issued fell from 45,026 to 44,740, but in the Assam Valley there was a slight increase, owing to the institution of

a large number of *Bakijai* cases by the mauzadars in Kamrup. It is said that a rumour was spread in this district to the effect that the mauzadars were prohibited from issuing notices of demand for the realisation of arrears, and some raiyats did not actually pay up their dues until co-ercive measures had been adopted. The experiment of dispensing with the issue of notices of demand under section 68 of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation and issuing warrants at once was continued in selected areas during the year. Special reports on the results have been received from the districts concerned since the close of the year and are under the consideration of the Board. The procedure appears to have proved convenient everywhere so far as the collection of revenue is concerned. The number of cases in which property had to be attached and sold shows an increase in the Surma Valley. This is due to the fact that in 1906—07 co-ercive processes were sparingly issued in the Jaintia Parganas in Sylhet owing to distress resulting from short crops and cattle disease. In the Assam Valley, on the other hand, the number shows a considerable decrease, due to an improvement in collections in Sibsagar. The Deputy Commissioner reports that the mauzadars in this district exercised their personal influence in the matter of revenue collection more effectively than in the previous year.

The Commissioner of the Surma Valley again observes that the number of processes issued at the instance of the mauzadars does not show any tendency towards decrease. The question of leaving to the Deputy Commissioners a discretion in the matter of issuing processes on the requisition of the mauzadars is still engaging the attention of the Board.

Orders for ejectment after annulment of settlement were issued only in the district of Kamrup and they were in all cases except two carried out by the Land Records staff. In these two cases help had been taken from the police, an unfortunate necessity which is avoided whenever other means can be found to enforce the orders of the Revenue authorities.

Processes.

Appendix IV D.

28. The total number of processes served during the year was 476,786 against 427,714 in 1906–07.

There were the usual variations in different districts, the general increase being attributed to the inception of cess-revaluation proceedings and the issue of notices for the recovery of agricultural loans. There was a falling off in the Assam Valley but the statistics from this Division are at present of doubtful accuracy and steps are being taken to improve them.

The experiment of serving processes through the Presidents of village *panchayats*, which had been initiated in two districts in 1906–07, was persevered in during the year but has not proved successful up to date. The matter was discussed at the recent conference of Commissioners and it was decided to give the system a further trial, and to see whether improvements could not be effected in it which would secure the more speedy delivery of the processes and a larger proportion of personal service.

The necessity for some radical reform in the general system of dealing with processes is emphasised by the figures of cost which are given in this Appendix. In the district of Chittagong, where the process-serving establishment deals with as many processes as in the whole of the Dacca Division, and with more than twice as many as are served in the Rajshahi Division, the cost of service does not amount to much more than half the receipts from fees, and in Sylhet, another district in which there is much process work, it amounts to little more than one-third. In Mymensingh, on the other hand, with half the number of processes, the cost is Rs. 4,000 more than in Sylhet and exceeds the receipts from fees, and there are similar apparent anomalies in other districts. Doubtless there are reasons in local conditions for many of these discrepancies, and some may be due to variations in the method of apportioning the cost of process-serving establishments between the different Departments of the office of the Magistrate-Collector. Further enquiries will be made on these points and the whole subject will be gone into shortly in connection with schemes that have been set on foot for the amal-

gamation of all process-serving establishments and their more efficient supervision and control.

The total sum realised from fees exceeded the cost of serving the processes by Rs. 77,365, and it was found necessary to remit only Rs. 2,646 of the fees due as compared with Rs. 11,702 in the previous year.

Section IV.—Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

General (showing demands, collections, remissions and balances).

Appendix V.

29. The total miscellaneous land revenue demand aggregated Rs. 11,84,182, of which Rs. 9,95,344 were on current, and Rs. 1,88,838 on arrear account. Collections amounted to 98·8 per cent. on the current demand and 94·1 per cent. on the arrear demand and showed a decided improvement over those of the two preceding years.

The receipts under miscellaneous land revenue were mainly derived from fisheries, minerals, house-tax, partition fees and the recovery of survey and settlement charges.

Fisheries.

30. In all the Eastern Bengal districts, except Chittagong, receipts from fisheries are included in the land revenue of estates.

The current demand for the year in Chittagong and Assam was Rs. 1,88,186 against Rs. 1,78,291 in the preceding year. The bulk of the increase was in Kamrup and was due to keener competition among the bidders for fishery leases.

Rs. 1,83,620, or 95·8 per cent., of the total demand was collected during the year, Rs. 236 had to be remitted, and Rs. 7,655 remained outstanding at the close of the year. Rs. 52,686 were collected in advance on account of revenue due in future years.

Minerals.

31. The receipts from minerals come almost entirely from the Lakhimpur district. The total receipts increased from Rs 60,398 in the previous year to Rs. 61,041. There was a small increase in the amount received as royalty on coal, but the royalty on oil showed some diminution.

House-tax.

32. The total demand on account of house-tax increased from Rs. 34,372 to Rs. 35,165, out of which Rs. 34,085 were collected during the year.

Partition fees.

33. These amounted to nearly Rs. 49,000. Good collections were made, but Rs. 7,890 had to be remitted out of the arrear demand in Tippera, owing to the striking off of two cases.

Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges.

34. This is at present the most important item of all under the heading of miscellaneous land revenue, and almost the whole of the total of Rs. 6,82,000 estimated as the probable recoveries of the year were due from the district of Bakarganj. The operations undertaken for the recovery of this large sum were conspicuously successful, the whole of the arrears of Rs. 1,71,425 being paid in and the recoveries on current account exceeding the estimate by nearly Rs. 55,000. These results were attained with but little use of coercive processes, the anxiety of the people to obtain the copies of the records which were given over to them as soon as they had paid their dues proving sufficient to ensure prompt payment.

Other miscellaneous items.

35. These amounted to no less a sum than Rs. 1,20,000, the chief item being Rs. 80,000 on account of the sale of surplus railway lands in the district of Tippera. Practically the whole amount was collected within the year.

Sale of Government lands.

Appendix VI.

36. The only sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates that took place during the year was that of a piece of land, measuring one bigha, that remained out of the land acquired in 1895 for the Police Station at Sarupkati in the district of Bakarganj, the remainder of the land having been washed away by the river. The sale was sanctioned by Government in its Order No. 263R., dated 3rd February 1908, and the former proprietor of the land purchased it for Rs. 75, the highest bid offered.

The following A and B class Railway lands were also sold for the sums mentioned against each:—

	Rs.
B—Chittagong, Assam-Bengal Railway	80,294
B—Jalpaiguri, Eastern Bengal State Railway (180·48 acres) ...	3,954
B—Rangpur, Bengal Duars Railway (40 acres)	2,534
A—Gaibandha, Bengal Duars Railway (Rangpur, 1 acre) ...	170

Redemption of land revenue.

37. Only two estates in the district of Chittagong were redeemed during the year under the orders of Government. The number of petty estates formed by partition and redeemed under section 11 of the old Partition Act VIII (B. C.) of 1876 was 53 (all in the district of Dacca) against 4 in the previous year. The increase was due to the fact that some heavy cases pending under the old Act were disposed of during the year.

There was no redemption of land revenue in Assam.

Section V.—Other Revenue Work.

Estates under direct management in Eastern Bengal.

38. In last year's report the number of estates under direct management was shown to be 1,559, but it has been ascertained that this figure included also Government Estates not under direct management. As a matter of fact the number of estates under direct management during the year was 1,392 against 1,397 in the preceding year.

(a) Collecting agency.

39. There has been no material change either in the agency employed or in the mode of management of these estates. In Bakarganj another collection circle has been opened and placed under the Colonization Officer of the Sundarbans with effect from 1st April 1908. The Collector reports that the addition of the Colonization Officer to the staff has had the most encouraging results, not only in the matter of colonization proper, but also in the improvement of the management of the Khas Mahals which have been placed under his charge. He adds that the management and the method of collection in the Khas Mahals leave very much to be desired and he has since submitted a proposal for reorganising the collecting and supervising agency.

The Tahsildar of the Jamalpur Sub-division of the Mymensingh district was prosecuted on a charge of bribery in connection with the settlement of an estate and was convicted and sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment.

(b) Grant for management and sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements.

40. The amount sanctioned by Government for 1907-08 under head "3—Land Revenue, Management of Government Estates" for the management of, and for agricultural, sanitary, and miscellaneous improvements in, Government Estates was Rs. 2,80,000, of which Rs. 1,150 were for the Government Estates in the Khasi Hills District in Assam, which is not under the control of the Board, and Rs. 30,000 were set apart for the reclamation of the waste lands in the Bakarganj Sundarbans. The expenditure on this work has not been included in Appendices VIIIA and VIIIB.

In Government Order No. 1910F., dated the 4th March 1908, a further allotment of Rs. 25,000 was placed in the Board's hands for the management and improvement of Government Estates. Out of a total sum of Rs. 2,73,850 thus made

available for expenditure during the year, excluding Rs. 30,000 allotted for reclamation work in the Bakarganj Sundarbans, a sum of Rs. 2,65,191 was actually spent within the year.

Appendix VIIIA shows that the total cost of management, including the cost of collection, amounted to 7·6 per cent. of the current demand of the estates under direct management, while the cost of collection amounted to 4·4 per cent. of the same demand.

Appendix VIIIB shows the expenditure incurred during the year under the heads :—

(1) Management.

(2) Miscellaneous improvements, including agricultural improvements and experiments.

(3) Sanitary improvements.

The expenditure on the last two heads was 2·9 and 1·1 per cent. respectively of the current demand.

The raiyatwari settlement of Char Mir Mahomed Ali in the district of Noakhali has proved a success. Most of the reclaimable lands have already been taken up and a number of families have settled permanently in the Char.

(*c*) Education.

41. There were the usual variations in the numbers of schools in Khas Mahals and in the numbers of pupils attending them. The expenditure on such schools amounted to Rs. 9,157 in the Dacca Division and Rs. 13,191 in the Chittagong Division. There was, on the whole, a considerable increase in the number of children attending them.

Irrigation, Drainage and Embankments.

Dacca Division.

42. No important irrigation, drainage or embankment works were undertaken in any district of the Dacca Division. In Faridpur, the opening of the canal (the Bhil route) in the Madaripur Sub-Division between the rivers Kumar and Madhumati, which is now being dredged, has much improved cultivation in the locality through which it passes. A sum of Rs. 2,754 was spent on the construction and reconstruction of *bunds* in Bakarganj.

Chittagong Division.

43. There was no irrigation or drainage work undertaken in the Chittagong Division. The following action was taken during the year in respect of four out of the six Embankments in the Chittagong District :—

(*a*) *The Embankment round the island of Kutabdia.*—A sum of Rs. 9,725 was spent on the maintenance of this embankment, including a cross *bund* near the Light House.

(*b*) *The Gomatali and Foolchhari Embankment in the Cox's Bazar Circle.*—A sum of Rs. 1,000 was spent for the up-keep of this embankment.

(*c*) *The sea board Embankment in Banskhali*—Rs. 3,780 were spent for the general repair of the embankment.

(*d*) *The Sarangha and Gohira Embankment in the Patia Circle*—A sum of Rs. 300 was spent for earth work and the turfing of this embankment. The Gomati Embankment in the district of Tippera, extending along both banks of the river Gomati, which was breached by the high floods of the year 1905-06 has been repaired and put in order.

Rajshahi Division.

44. No important works of irrigation or drainage were undertaken in this Division. The protective embankment along the river frontage in Rampur Boalia was kept in an efficient condition by the Public Works Department.

The projects for re-excavating two water channels in Dinajpur await the submission of detailed plans and estimates by the District Engineer. The drainage of the Gaibanda *Bhil* in Rangpur was completed during the year. The District Board have proposed to draw up projects for the drainage of the *Cheroil Bhil* in Pabna.

Surma Valley Disiricts.

45. No irrigation or drainage work was undertaken in this Valley during the year.

Assam Valley Districts.

46. In the Assam Valley artificial irrigation is carried on in the sub-montane tracts of the Goalpara, Kamrup and Darrang districts, the channels which carry water from rivers and streams to the rice fields being constructed and maintained by the raiyats without Government assistance. During the year under report, the general question of the introduction of a scheme of irrigation on a more scientific basis came under discussion, but no final orders on the subject have as yet been issued. As the contributions of the raiyats are made in labour and not in money, no necessity has hitherto arisen for the people to take loans for irrigation works. But in accordance with the wishes of Government the Local Officers have been directed to be prepared to give assistance if required. Large tracts of land resigned in Kamrup in consequence of the damage caused by the earthquake of 1897 are now being reclaimed owing to the excavation of the Moamarijan and other drainage channels. A proposal to construct a deeper and more definite connection between the Pagladia and the Moamari rivers in this district is under consideration. The construction of an embankment on the left bank of the Dikrang in North Lakhimpur near the Harmati and Hulmari tea estates is under consideration. It has been settled that the owners of these two estates will contribute towards the erection of the *bund* and will maintain it when constructed.

Land Registration.

(a) Under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.

Appendix IX A.

47. The Land Registration Act (VII B. C. of 1876) applies only to the Eastern Bengal districts and by far the greatest proportion of the proceedings under it are conducted in the district of Chittagong, where there are no fewer than 3,87,552 proprietary interests entered in the Registers as compared with 2,70,605 in all the other districts of Eastern Bengal taken together. A special establishment is maintained in this district for Land Registration work but in other districts it is carried out by members of the ordinary Collectorate staff.

The number of applications for registration increased from 26,177 in 1906-07 to 36,766 in the past year. In the district of Chittagong alone there was an increase of over 9000, due to the initiation of Cess Revaluation operations. In other districts there were increases owing to the enquiries made through village *panchayats*, under recent orders, as to unregistered proprietors, and in some the number of applications showed a diminution owing to the termination of cess-revaluation or the completion of the village enquiries by the settlement staff or the *panchayats*.

The actual number of applications granted amounted to 30,038 or 4·56 per cent. on the total number of interests registered, as compared with a percentage of 3·40 in 1906-07. The disposal of applications in Chittagong was not altogether satisfactory, the number pending at the end of the year being 6,940, of which 4,015 had been pending for more than six months. This was due in some measure to the great increase in the number of applications, but the Commissioner remarks that there was some lack of systematic treatment of cases, and special arrangements have been made for the more efficient conduct of this work under a Deputy Collector of experience.

The total number of interests registered increased during the year from 6,58,157 to 6,63,365, the gradual increase which has been observable in recent years being maintained. These figures do not, however, show the results of a revision of the Registers undertaken in the district of Pabna. It appears that each individual proprietor was previously enumerated in this district, the total number of interests entered in the returns being thus incorrectly noted as 33,158. The mistake has now been corrected and it has been found that the number of interests registered actually amounts to 17,377.

The expenditure on Land Registration incurred during the year amounted to Rs. 17,474, of which Rs. 15,501 are debitable to the Chittagong district. But

in this district alone Rs. 14,669 were realised in Court and Process fees. The registration fees amounted for the year to Rs. 674 for all districts taken together. No cases of fraudulent registration were reported.

Land Registration.
(b) Under Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IXB.

48. Appendix IXB shows the result of changes amongst proprietors and landholders effected by registration and mutation under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

The number of cases diposed of locally by summary procedure fell from 53,724 to 32,501, a decrease which was shared by all the districts except Cachar. The greatest decrease was in Sylhet where there had been an abnormal increase in the previous year. As the summary procedure has only recently been introduced into Sylhet it is probable that the mutations of last year included a great many that had been awaiting registration for some time, and the fall in the figures may accordingly indicate merely a return to normal conditions. In the Assam Valley the causes of the fluctuations are not so obvious. But the procedure has scarcely had time as yet to get into regular working order and the figures are not sufficiently reliable to make deductions from them profitable. The Director of Land Records will be asked by the Board to examine the returns carefully when compiling his Land Records Report and in the meantime action is being taken to simplify the system and make it more popular.

Separate accounts of Land Revenue payments opened for shares under Acts XI of 1859 and VII (B. C.) of 1876.

Appendix IXC.

49. Appendix IX C shows the separate accounts opened and closed during the year in each of the districts in Eastern Bengal. These numbered 799 and 150 respectively. At the close of the year there remained open 32,964 separate accounts, paying an aggregate land revenue demand of Rs. 27,14,990. Of these, 27,471 accounts were for shares in joint estates held in common tenancy (under section 10 of Act XI of 1859), 923 for shares representing specific portions of lands in estates (under section 11 of the same Act), and 4,570 for shares consisting of undivided interests in specific lands [under section 70 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.]

Registration of tenures under Act XI of 1859.

Appendix IXD.

50. Appendix IXD gives statistics regarding the registration of tenures for protection against annulment in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue under Act XI of 1859. Fifty-one tenures were registered during the year and the total number protected at the close of the year was 3,423.

Partitions.

Appendix X.

51. The details of partitions in both parts of the Province are given in Appendix X and the results are reviewed separately.

(a) Eastern Bengal. [Act V (B. C.) of 1897].

52. In Eastern Bengal the number of pending cases at the close of the preceding year was 197 and of institutions during the year 47, making a total of 244. The number of disposal was 58 as compared with 41 in the previous year. Of these, partitions were allowed in 45 only, *viz.*, 32 in the Dacca Division and 13 in the Rajshahi Division. The rest were struck off for various reasons.

The number of pending cases is large in the districts of Dacca and Mymensingh where a Special Deputy Collector is in charge of the work. A Sub-Deputy Collector was also deputed to Mymensingh for a period of 5 months to assist the Special Deputy Collector in clearing off the arrears which had accumulated in this district. There are 9 old cases in Faridpur of which one is approaching completion and the rest have been postponed till the conclusion of the Survey and Settlement operations in the district. In Bakarganj there are 3 old cases, in 2 of which proceedings were stayed during the progress of the survey and record of rights. These have been taken up after the final publication of the settlement records. The remaining case will shortly be completed. Of the 20 old cases in Tippera, 4 were almost complete. No explanation has been furnished as to the pending cases in the Rajshahi Division.

The Special Deputy Collector in charge of the partition work of both the districts of Dacca and Mymensingh was employed for 235½ days in the former and 130½ days in the latter district. There was no special officer employed in any other district. The average cost per acre of partitions completed during the year was Re. 1–0–7 in Dacca and Re. 1-1-4 in Mymensingh against Rs. 0-12-8 and Re. 1-2-9 respectively in the previous year. The increase in Dacca is reported to be due to unusual delay in disposing of the partition cases, due to the litigious propensities of the proprietors.

No application is reported to have been struck off during the year under section 11 of Act V (B. C.) of 1897, which restricts the right of partition to estates and shares paying not less than a prescribed minimum land revenue.

With regard to the working of the Act the Commissioner of Dacca writes as follows :—

"The Collectors of Dacca and Mymensingh, where partition cases are numerous, report that the new Act V (B. C.) of 1897 is an improvement on the old, but that section 88 of the present Act requires modification, as unnecessary hardship is often caused to parties by cases being struck off at an advanced stage, and after the expenditure of heavy sums of money, because of possibly small title disputes. The Collector of Dacca by way of illustration cites a case appertaining to estate No. 9965, which had been pending from 24th April 1893 till 28th February 1906 when it was struck off under section 88. By this time the parties had spent no less than Rs. 12,079, apart from worry and trouble extending over a period of about 13 years." The Board agree that a modification of section 88 is desirable and will address Government separately on the subject.

(*b*) Assam.
(Chapter VI of the Assam Land Revenue Regulation, I of 1886).

53. Omitting summary partitions effected on the spot under rule 203 of the Assam Land Records Manual, the increase in the number of applications for partition (from 234 to 270) was slight and occurred chiefly in Sylhet and Sibsagar. But the percentage of disposals shows a marked falling off (from 45 to 40), and the number of disposals in Kamrup and Lakhimpur was appreciably less than in the previous year. Some of the pending cases in Sylhet are reported to be of long standing and the Commissioner will be asked to arrange for their early disposal.

Land acquisition.

Appendix XI.

54. Proceedings for the acquisition on behalf of Government, Municipalities, District or Local Boards, Railways and other local public bodies, of land, covering an area of 2,600 acres, *viz.*— 1,706 acres for the Eastern Bengal districts and 894 acres for the Assam districts, were confirmed by the Board during the year under report at a total cost of Rs. 3,64,024, as compared with an area of 2,970 acres, *viz.*—510 acres for the Eastern Bengal districts and 2,460 acres for the Assam districts, at a total cost of Rs. 4,97,521 during the preceding year. The abatements of annual revenue allowed on the lands acquired for or at the cost of Government amounted to Rs. 793–11–0, and a sum of Rs. 758-3-9 was paid to Government as the capitalized value of the Government revenue amounting to Rs. 37-13-9 abated on account of lands taken up for local bodies and companies. Appendix XI furnishes detailed particulars.

Of the total expenditure incurred about two lakhs were on behalf of Government, about a lakh on behalf of Railways, and over half a lakh on behalf of Municipalities and District or Local Boards.

The following projects of which the cost exceeded Rs. 50,000 may be specially mentioned :—

(1) Improvement of the Madaripur *bhil* route between the river Kumar and Madhumati in Faridpur.

(2) Katihar-Godagari Railway line from mile 94 to mile 105 and the Godagari Ghat Siding.

The average cost per acre of the lands acquired during the year was Rs. 139 against Rs. 168 per acre in the preceding year. Excluding the more costly projects (which were mostly in Eastern Bengal) the average cost per acre worked out to Rs. 118 against Rs. 85 per acre in the previous year. The average cost per acre of the lands acquired on behalf of Government amounted to Rs. 189 against Rs. 1,004 per acre in 1906–07. The figure in 1906-07 was exceptionally high owing to the great cost of acquiring land in the town of Dacca. The average cost per acre of lands taken up for Railways also fell from Rs. 105 to Rs. 72.

Besides the lands acquired under the Land Acquisition Act, an area of 454 acres of B class Railway lands in the district of Jalpaiguri was resumed at a cost of Rs. 1,112 during the year under report, and Government revenue amounting to Rs. 39-14-10 was abated.

55. Lands for the following (among other) projects were under acquisition :—

(1) Extension of the New Civil Station at Dacca.

(2) Municipal Conservancy tramway at Dacca.

(3) Extension of the Medical School in the town of Dacca.

(4) Improvement of the Port of Chittagong.

(5) Government House and Staff quarters at Chittagong.

(6) Duara-Tharia Steam Tramway in Sylhet.

The proceedings in connection with the above projects have been closed.

56. The most important new projects for the acquisition of land for which instructions were received during the year were as follows :—

(1) Improvement of the Madaripur *bhil* route in villages Haridaspur, Arpura, Bodekhegail and Tentulia in Faridpur.

(2) Hindu Hostel attached to the Dacca School of Medicine.

(3) Muhammadan Hostel attached to the Dacca School of Medicine.

Besides the above, notifications under section 4 of Act I of 1894 have been published in respect of the projects noted below :—

(1) Construction of a branch line of the Assam Bengal Railway from Bhairab Bazar to Tangi on the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

(2) Construction of a Railway line from Singhjani through Dewanganj to the left bank of the Brahmaputra at some point opposite Fulchari.

(3) Extension of the Strand road siding of the Assam Bengal Railway at Chittagong.

57. In the Dacca Division the Deputy Collector employed on the acquisition of lands for the New Civil Station at Dacca worked throughout the year. In the Chittagong Division the Deputy Collector who was specially employed on the disposal of the relinquished lands of the Assam Bengal Railway reverted to the general line on the 1st April 1908. He continues, however, to retain charge of his former office in addition to his work in the general line. The Commissioner reports that "an area of 1,307 acres of B class lands contained in 25 lots was sold during the year and a sum of Rs. 80,294 realised and credited into the treasury." In the Surma Valley Division a Sub-Deputy Collector was specially employed on the acquisition of lands for the Kalaura-Sylhet branch of the Assam Bengal Railway. The work was stopped in July but renewed in November 1907 and it was finished on the 31st May 1908. No special officer was employed in the Rajshahi and Assam Valley Divisions.

58. The question of simplifying and shortening land acquisition procedure is receiving the consideration of Government.

Loans.

Appendix XIVA.

59. The total amount of loans outstanding was reduced during the year from Rs. 9,43,655 to Rs.7,02,973. The deduction was facilitated by a smaller demand for loans.

60. Very little advantage is taken at present by land-owners of the provisions of this Act and only one loan of Rs. 1,000 was issued during the year. The amount due on account of outstanding loans was reduced from Rs. 14,698 to Rs. 10,935. The interest on this sum which fell due in the course of the year amounted to Rs. 854 and a sum of Rs. 1,039 was the balance due from previous years on the same account. Rs. 1,415 were collected, Rs. 43 remitted, and the collection of Rs. 337 was suspended, leaving a balance of Rs. 98 only outstanding at the end of the year.

(a) Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

Appendix XIV B.

61. The agricultural conditions of 1907-08 having proved more favourable than those of the preceding year there was a smaller demand for loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, and only Rs. 2,01,433 were advanced to cultivators as compared with Rs. 8,25,391 in 1906-07. For the same reason collections were fairly successful, although the payment of nearly Rs. 60,000 had to be suspended by the Commissioner in the district of Tippera owing to local failures of crops in that district. The outstanding balance of the previous year, added to the advances of the year, made a total debit of Rs. 11,30,390, of which sum Rs. 7,42,597 were repayable within the year. The sum of Rs. 4,38,237 was actually collected and Rs. 115 were remitted leaving a balance for collection in future years of Rs. 6,92,038, but of Rs. 17,787 arrears of interest and Rs. 46,534 falling due on account of interest during the year, Rs. 44,961 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 15,935.

(b) Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Appendix XIV C.

In the majority of cases loans were granted on joint bonds executed by several villagers together. The loans are said to have been of very great help to the cultivators and to have been highly appreciated.

It has been found by the Hon'ble Mr Savage during his inspection tour through the district of Sylhet that the difficulty of recovering the outstanding loans was enhanced by the fact that those granted in 1906 were issued hurriedly in a time of stress and practically took the place of relief works. The same remark probably applies to the districts of Bakarganj, Tippera and Noakhali where loans were advanced in very similar circumstances in that year.

62. A detailed report on the working of Co-operative Credit Societies in the Province for the year has been submitted to Government, and only a general review of the results is given here. The number of Urban Societies rose from 12 with an average membership of 84·25 to 21 with an average membership of 112, while the average capital increased from Rs. 3,811 to Rs. 4,908. Deposits by members now amount to Rs. 17,993 as against Rs. 6,909 in the preceding year. The amount of loans issued rose from Rs. 68,490 to Rs. 1,14,061. Repayments were as a rule punctual and it is reported that there were no bad or doubtful debts.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

Rural Societies have increased from 48 to 114. The average membership fell from 50·53 to 45·79 although the actual number of members rose from 2461 to 5213. The capital of these societies now amounts to Rs. 1,62,728, of which Rs. 43,953 have been deposited by members. The average deposit per member has increased from Rs. 6 to Rs. 9, and the loans issued have risen from Rs. 30,717 to Rs. 1,54,821. These figures are satisfactory evidence of the gradually increasing popularity of the movement. Loans are said to have been repaid regularly and, except in the case of the Dewanganj Societies, were mostly taken for short periods for productive purposes.

63. There is no separate Land Records maintenance staff in the Eastern Bengal districts. The settlement records in Government and Temporarily-settled estates under the direct management of Government are maintained by the Khas Tahsil Establishment and mutations in raiyats' interests are recorded by them. In Bakarganj the Khas Mahal Staff is being reorganised with a view to the maintenance of the records on the completion of the district survey and settlement operations.

General Revenue work of the Land Records Staff.
(a) Eastern Bengal.

The report on the maintenance of records in Chittagong which was submitted

by Mr. R. B. Hughes-Buller, C. I. E., I. C. S., after the conclusion of his special enquiries in March 1907, has been forwarded to Government with the recommendation that the scheme should be tried experimentally on a small scale in Chittagong and Bakarganj.

(b) Assam.

64. The district Land Records Staff in Assam not only carries out the annual settlements but also maintains the land records of the temporarily-settled tracts. This work will be reviewed in the annual report submitted by the Director of Land Records. In Kamrup and Nowgong the staff was utilised in enquiries into damage caused by floods and in preparing remission statements. The Sub-Deputy Collectors in charge of the land records work have been authorised to entertain and dispose of petty revenue applications of a routine nature. The Commissioner of the Surma Valley and Hill Districts observes, with reference to the Districts of Sylhet and Cachar, that while there have been isolated cases of misconduct on the part of some patwaris, the work of the staff seems on the whole to have been efficiently done.

Village Headmen.

65. There are no village headmen employed on revenue work either in Eastern Bengal or the Surma Valley. The question of utilising the headmen of certain *Mugh* villages which are situated in the Bakarganj portion of the Sundarbans is being considered in connection with the colonisation scheme. In the Assam Valley there was a slight increase in the number of *gaonburas* or village headmen entertained during the year, with a corresponding increase in the amount of the land revenue remitted for their remuneration. The *gaonburas* are reported to have worked well on the whole, although the Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup remarks that it is still difficult to obtain the right type of men.

Section VI.—Rent.

A.—WORKING OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

The Bengal Tenancy Act.

66. During the year this Act has been amended and supplemented by Act I (Eastern Bengal and Assam Council) of 1908.

The people are gradually becoming better acquainted with the provisions of the Act, especially where Survey and Settlement operations are in progress, but, as the Commissioner of Dacca observes, many tenants are still afraid of an open rupture with their landlords, and in most districts they know but little of their rights under the Act. Even where they have some inkling of the protection which the law affords them they are unwilling to incur the resentment of their landlords by an appeal to it, and consider that their interests are better served by submission than by invoking the assistance of the authorities. The proceedings for the preparation of records-of-rights, however, have a very salutary effect in spreading a knowledge of the Tenancy law of the Province, and it has usually been found that when the landlord has obtained his copy of the record, and the khatians, containing the details as to each tenant's holding, have been distributed to the raiyats, the provisions of the law are more strictly observed and the rights of the tenants are better appreciated and respected. These operations cannot, however, be undertaken in all districts simultaneously, and some time must elapse before they can reach several areas in which the relations between landlords and tenants are very unsatisfactory. In the meantime District Officers must continue to bring their influence to bear upon the more important Zamindars to restrain the oppressions practised by their subordinates, giving them timely information of all instances that come to their notice, and must at the same time do what they can through their Sub-Divisional and other officers, and by the judicious initiation of survey proceedings and the preparation of records-of-rights in cases in which other measures fail, to spread a knowledge of the law among the agents of the landlord and the tenantry alike.

Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under Revenue Officers.

Appendix XII A.

67. Appendix XII A shows the operation in the transferred districts of the various sections of the Act which were administered by revenue officers.

Transfer of tenures [Sections 12 (3), 13 (2), 14 and 15]:

68. The figures show a large increase in voluntary transfers under section 12 (3) of the Act while the other transfers show a decrease. The increase in the voluntary transfers was probably occasioned by the high prices of food grains.

Payment of landlord's fees.

Appendix XII B.

69. Out of a total sum of Rs. 79,721 received on account of these fees during the year, Rs. 6,924 or 8·6 per cent., only were claimed or paid over to the landlords. As in previous years, landlords were deterred from acceptance of these fees lest they should be held to have admitted the transfers in respect of which they had been deposited or found the trouble of obtaining them from the Collectorate more than the fees were worth. To obviate these difficulties it has now been provided in the amending Act I (Eastern Bengal and Assam Council) of 1908 that the transfer fees shall be remitted to the landlords at the cost of the transferors and that the acceptance of such a fee by the landlord shall not operate as an admission by him of the accuracy of the statements made in the deed of transfer.

Preparation of price lists. (Section 39.)

70. The price lists of staple food crops were duly prepared and published as directed in the Act and no objection was taken to their accuracy.

Rent payable in kind. (Sections 40,69 and 70.)

71. A large number of cases for the commutation of rents payable in kind into cash rents have been filed in the district of Bakarganj in the course of the Settlement operations in that district, and a large proportion of these were dealt with during the year.

Registration of improvements. (Section 80.)

72. The number of cases under this section decreased during the year. The decrease was principally in the Bakarganj district, where there had been an abnormal increase in the previous year. The majority of the applications for the registration of such improvements come from the Khas Mahal Department of Government. But few improvements are undertaken by other landlords and those few are rarely registered.

Notices of re-entry upon lands by landlords. [Section 87 (2)].

73. The number of these notices rose from 67 in the preceding year to 269 during the year under report. The increase was chiefly in the districts of Noakhali and Malda. In Noakhali 49 notices had to be issued on behalf of Government to the Khas Mahal tenants who left their lands without carrying out their contracts for the clearance of jungle and without payment of rent. Private landlords do not generally avail themselves of the provisions of this section.

Local enquiries held by order of Court. (Sections 158 and 31).

74. The number of cases under section 31 rose from 59 to 155 and those under section 158 rose from 1 to 6 during the year. The majority of these cases were communications received from Civil Courts asking that the rates of rent current in the neighbourhood of the areas which were the subject of litigation should be ascertained.

B.—Miscellaneous.

75. The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division reports that the sale of rent receipt forms and forms of annual accounts printed by Government for sale to the public, has practically ceased, as landlords get these printed at cheaper rates in private presses, to suit their own requirements. He adds that in filling up the rent receipt forms petty jotedars frequently leave the "area" and "character of the holding" columns blank.

Section VII—General.

Alienation and Assignment of Land Revenue.

Appendix VII.

76. The total area of which the revenue had been wholly or partly assigned or alienated rose from 292,016 acres to 292,449 acres and the revenue assigned fell from Rs. 2,66,682 to Rs. 2,65,344. In the Assam Valley there was an increase of 437 acres in area but a decrease of Rs. 1,221 in revenue. The increase under the former head was due partly to the increase in the number of *gaonburas* newly appointed, and partly to the inclusion of the areas held by the *gaonburas* of the Sadar Sub-division of Darrang which were altogether omitted last year. The decrease in revenue was due to the resumption of lands on the death of pensioners and the correction of mistakes in the figures previously furnished. The areas occupied by Temples and *Namghars* in Assam Valley have been omitted this year as they are shown as Government land in the settlement records and are not assessed to land revenue.

Records.

77. The records in the offices of Collectors are generally in good condition. An extra establishment was sanctioned by the Board during the year to examine the quinquennial settlement papers in Dacca, which were being badly damaged by worms, with a view to their preservation. Action has also been taken in Rajshahi and Pabna to check the ravages of insects in the record rooms. The sorting and destruction of records in Sibsagar prior to their removal to Jorhat was continued during the year, and a gazetted officer was placed in charge of the record room at Dibrugarh, where the records are being overhauled by a clerk specially appointed for the purpose. Action has also been taken to meet the demand for increased accommodation for records which has arisen in various districts in the Province. The erection of a new record room has been sanctioned for Bakarganj and the preparation of plans and estimates for another in Nowgong has been ordered. The Dacca and Tezpur record rooms are to be extended, improvements have been effected in the accommodation for records at Comilla and proposals are under consideration for a redistribution of the records at Chittagong which will serve to increase the space available.

The classification and periodical destruction of B and C papers appear to have received due attention in most of the transferred districts. The Commissioner of the Surma Valley reports that the records liable to destruction have been destroyed, but this work appears to have received insufficient attention in the Assam Valley Districts. The Hon'ble Mr. Melitus, C. I. E., during his visit to the Goalpara and Kamrup districts ascertained that at Dhubri C records up to the end of 1905, B records up to 1895 and C papers of English correspondence up to 1904-1905 had been destroyed: B papers also were said to have been destroyed up to 1894-1895; at Gauhati C records had been destroyed to the end of 1905, and B and C registers up to 1894 and 1904: B records were said to have been destroyed to 1894. In Chittagong and Tippera the maps of former and recent surveys have been overhauled and bound up or mounted on cloth, and in Noakhali the decennial settlement papers of parganas Joynagar, Bhulua and Elahabad have been copied and compared. The rewriting of the *Pauch Sana* or quinquennial papers in Rangpur was finished during the year.

In the districts of Dacca, Rajshahi and Dinajpur the important shelf register No. 41 was rewritten during the year, and in Pabna it is expected that this work will be finished by the end of March next. The question of the rewriting of this register in the Assam districts on the Bengal lines has been dropped, the Board having decided to retain there the present form of the General Register of records.

In accordance with the orders contained in the Government of India's letter No. 213, dated the 28th January 1905, the Board submitted proposals in connection with the storage, arrangement and preservation of records, but Government has since decided that the work may be postponed for a year or two, when a suitable opportunity may occur to take it up in connexion with the arrangements to be made for taking the next decennial census.

All the District Officers except the Deputy Commissioners of Darrang and

Cachar inspected their record rooms. The Hon'ble Mr. Melitus, C. I. E., visited during the year the record rooms at Dinajpur, Rangpur, Jalpaiguri, Pabna, Bakarganj, Dhubri and Gauhati.

Treasure Trove Act VI, of 1878.

78. There were two cases under the Act, during the year, both of which are under enquiry, but neither is of special interest. In one case a coolie, while digging on the ground recently acquired by Government for the site of the new Civil Station in the town of Dacca came across a buried earthen pot, which contained 26 silver coins. So far as they have been deciphered most of the coins belong to the time of the Emperor Alamgir, the dates ranging from the year 1108 to the year 1114. One of the coins belongs to the time of the Emperor Shah Alam, but its date has not been traced. In the other case a villager while ploughing land found an earthen pot containing treasure to the value of Rs. 50.

The silver statuette dug up at Rampal and mentioned in the last annual report was acquired by the Indian Museum.

Personnel.
(a) Of the Board.

79. The Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I., held the office of First Member throughout the year, and the Hon'ble Mr. C. R. Marindin officiated as Second Member till the afternoon of the 22nd of December 1907, when he resigned the service; the Hon'ble Mr. P. G. Melitus, C. I. E., in whose place the Hon'ble Mr. Marindin had been appointed to act, resumed charge on the 1st of January 1908, and held the office till the close of the year.

(b) Of Commissioners.

80. The following Commissioners held office during the year :—

Dacca Division :—Mr. R. Nathan, C. I. E., from the 1st July to the 28th November 1907 and again from the 18th May to the 30th June 1908, and Mr. H. LeMesurier, C. I. E., from the 29th November 1907 to the 17th May 1908.

Chittagong Division :—Mr. H. Luson from the 1st July 1907 to the 23rd May 1908 and again on the 29th and 30th June, and Mr. F. N. Fischer from the 24th May to the 28th June 1908.

Rajshahi Division :—Mr. F. C. Henniker throughout the year.

Surma Valley and Hill Districts :—The Hon'ble Mr. J. C. Arbuthnott, C. I. E., from the 1st July 1907 to the 15th April 1908, and again from the 16th May to the close of the year, and Mr. F. C. French from the 16th April to the 15th May 1908.

Assam Valley Distrtcts :—Mr. F. J. Monahan from the 1st July to the 28th November 1907, and Lt. Col. P. R. T. Gurdon, I. A., from the 29th November 1907 to the close of the year.

Tours and Inspections, with special reference to district and sub-divisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries.

(a) Of Members of the Board.

81. In August 1907 the Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C. S. I., made a short tour visiting and inspecting the offices at Chittagong and Sylhet : in November he went to Calcutta to examine the working of the card file system in connection with the Ministerial Officers Committee's work ; he then went on to Jalpaiguri where he inspected the Deputy Commissioner's office and discussed with the local officers and the Director of Land Records matters in connection with the survey and settlement operations now in progress in that district. Leaving Jalpaiguri he proceeded to Rangpur and inspected the Collectorate there. In December the Hon'ble Member visited, with the Colonization Officer, places in the Sundarbans where colonization is in progress. During this tour he visited Char Mir Muhammad Ali, a Government estate in the district of Noakhali, which was under settlement under the Sundarbans rules, and inspected the progress of settlement and reclamation of the soil of the estate as well as the tahsil office there, discussing with the local officers several matters relating to the settlement of the estate and the various wants of the new settlers. He also inspected the sub-divisional office at Chandpur, where among others the distribution of work among the ministerial officers and the remittance of treasure were matters which occupied his attention. Early in January he went to Mymensingh and spent some days there in order to see the working of the Land Revenue and Cess tauzis in the Collectorate, the amalgama-

tion of which was temporarily sanctioned by Government on the recommendation of the Ministerial Officers Committee, and towards the end of the month he inspected the Pabna Collectorate and in February the Collectorates at Malda and Dinajpur. In March the Hon'ble Member again inspected the working of the tauzi department of the Mymensingh Collectorate, after which he was able to recommend to Government the permanent amalgamation, since sanctioned, of the two tauzis there. In April he again visited Chittagong and inspected the tauzi department of the Collectorate, with a view to an amalgamation of the tauzis, which has since been effected, and during the latter part of the month he inspected the offices at Dhubri.

82. The Hon'ble Mr. C. R. Marindin, who held the office of Second Member of this Board up to the 22nd of December 1907, made a tour during July and August in the course of which he inspected the offices of the Deputy Commissioners of Darrang, Lakhimpur and Goalpara, the sub-divisional office at Goalpara, the Jorhat distillery, the bonded warehouse at Dibrugarh, and the Collectorate and Distillery at Faridpur.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. G. Melitus, C. I. E., who resumed charge of the office of Second Member on the 1st of January, 1908, was on tour for 45 days during the year and visited the Dinajpur, Rangpur and Jalpaiguri districts in February, Pabna and Bakarganj in March, and Goalpara and Kamrup in April. In each district he enquired into the results of recent work and the progress made under some or most of the following heads:—

(1) General progress of population and revenue, including sanitary matters; (2) District staff and work, including the inspection of certain branches of the Revenue Office; (3) Land Revenue—this subject was dealt with summarily and in the Eastern Bengal districts chiefly for the Member's own information; (4) indebtedness and public credit, including Stamps, Registration and Civil Suits, so far as these subjects gave indications as to the condition of the people, Co-operative Credit Societies and Agricultural loans; (5) Excise; (6) Income Tax; (7) Land Acquisition; (8) Revenue Record Room; (9) Nazarat and Processes; (10) Stamps; (11) Treasury and 12) Miscellaneous. Office inspections under these heads occupied a part of his time, but his attention was given chiefly to administrative results. The question of improving methods of administration in the Eastern Bengal districts also received his attention.

(b) Of Commissioners.

83. The special circumstances of the Dacca Division precluded extended tours by the Commissioner, but Mr. Nathan and Mr. LeMesurier were out for 69 days during the year. The District Offices in Bakarganj and Faridpur had, however, to be left uninspected by the Commissioner and Jamalpur was the only Sub-Divisional Office visited. The Board are aware that the time of the Commissioner of this Division was fully occupied throughout the year with work of the gravest responsibility, that could not be neglected or put aside, but they attach much importance to the inspection of offices by Commissioners and have no doubt that all such officers realise how difficult it is to carry on the administration of a Division without personal knowledge of the details of the work of each Collectorate. Should the Commissioner of this Division be similarly prevented in the current year from undertaking any extended tours of inspection the Board hope that it may be possible for Government to sanction the temporary appointment of an additional Commissioner to assist him to carry out this work. In the Chittagong Division Mr. Luson was on tour for 72 days and Mr. Fischer for 3 days making a total of 75 days, and all the district and Sub-divisional offices except Cox's Bazar were inspected during the year. Mr. Luson, however, visited Cox's Bazar and made enquiries into various revenue matters there. He spent a few days at Sarail in Tippera for the purpose of framing the scheme for the administration of the Sarail Estate which has lately come under the management of the Court of Wards. Mr. Luson explains that the Commissioner being the Chairman of the Port Commissioners it is not possible for him to be absent from Chittagong for any lengthened period. The work of the Port Trust occupies a considerable portion of his time and some of it is of an urgent nature. During the year he attended

the lengthy enquiry into the incendiary fires at the railway terminal jetties as well as all the Port meetings. He also presided over (1) a committee appointed by Government to examine the question of educational institutions in Chittagong, in connection with the raising of the local college to the status of a first grade college, and (2) a committee appointed by Government to enquire into the state of affairs as regards the district and Railway Police at Chittagong and to suggest improved arrangements. These committees kept him at Chittagong for several weeks continuously. In the Rajshahi Division Mr. Henniker was on tour for 143 days during which he visited Rajshahi thrice, Dinajpur, Rangpur, Pabna and Malda twice and Bogra once. He also visited the Sub-Divisional stations of Serajganj, Gaibanda, Kurigram, Naugaon and the Alipur Duars. Towards the end of November, in company with the Director of Land Records and the Collector of the district (Bogra), he inspected the office of the Manager of the Jaipur Government Estates at Khanjanpur. Thence he travelled through the interior of the district, to ascertain at first hand the state of the crops, which were reported to have failed partially owing to deficient rainfall. At Rangpur he met Miss Sorabji, the lady adviser to purdanishin ladies under the Court of Wards, and discussed with her certain questions relating to the Tajhat Wards' Estate. In January, Mr. Henniker accompanied by the Collector of the district made a tour in the interior of the district of Rajshahi, and enquired into the relations between the landlords and their tenants, regarding which several petitions had been received. A separate report was submitted by him to Government on the subject. At Naugaon he met and conferred with the Commissioner of Excise and inspected the Ganja office and the Sub-Divisional Office. From Naugaon he went to Sara Ghat to inspect the arrangements made there by the Railway authorities for the pilgrims in connection with the *Aurdhoday Jog*, and discussed with Mr. Mukharji, the Collector, certain matters in regard to sanitation, etc. In March Mr. Henniker made a tour in the Western Duars, visiting Madarihat, Falakata, Buxa, Silitersa, and Mainaguri, and inspecting the Sub-Divisional office and the tahsil office at Alipur.

Excluding tours in the Hill Districts the Commissioner of the Surma Valley and Hill Districts spent 60 days on tour. In July 1907 the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnott, C. I. E., visited Sylhet, Habiganj, Maulvi Bazar and Karimganj, and in November he paid a second visit to Sylhet and Karimganj. The Treasury at Sylhet and all the Sub-Divisional offices in that district were inspected by him within the year. The revenue record room and the *nazarat* at Sylhet were, however, inspected by him shortly after the close of the year. Mr. French visited Prithimpasa and inspected the Court of Wards office there. In the Assam Valley Mr. Monahan was on tour for 54 days and Lieutenant-Colonel Gurdon, I. A., was out for 89 days inclusive of the 16 days during which he accompanied His Honour when he was on tour in the Division. All the district offices and the Sub-Divisional offices at Mangaldai, Jorhat and Golaghat were inspected during the year.

(c) Of District Officers.

84. In the Dacca Division the same causes operated to restrict the tours of the Collectors as affected the Commissioner's tour and it was only in Bakarganj that the Collector did much substantial touring. Mr. Hughes-Buller was out for 127 days, out of 129 fixed as the standard for the district. He inspected all his subdivisional offices and did invaluable work in reorganising the whole system of *Khas Mahal* management, besides checking the operations of every other branch of the district administration.

In Faridpur the Collector was on tour for 79 days out of 110 and in Dacca the Collector was out for 57 days out of a standard of 90. In both these districts touring was interfered with by a change in the post of Collector, but more might have been done. Mr. Allen's mofussil enquiries were, however, of special value and his notes of them were of much interest.

In Mymensingh, a district in which it is particularly essential that the Collector should be constantly on tour. Mr. Clarke was out for 31 days only, and although the Board are aware that special circumstances kept this officer much tied to his head-quarters, there were no sufficient reasons why he should have done but a fourth of the touring found possible in Bakarganj. They hope that Mr. Blackwood will be able to show a better record in the current year. All the district

officers inspected their own offices. All the Sub-Divisional Offices except those at Manikganj, Kishorganj, Jamalpur, and Tangail, and the Sub-Treasuries, with the exception of those at Manikganj, Netrokona, Jamalpur and Tangail were also inspected during the year. The tours of the Collector of Chittagong fell short by 41 days of the standard of 90 days fixed for that district, the shortage being due to several changes of District Officers. Mr. Luson, the Commissioner, remarks that the charge of the Chittagong district is a very heavy one and that the District Officer unless in continuous charge must find it impossible to arrange to be away from his head-quarters for the prescribed period of 90 days. The failure to reach the standard is nevertheless much to be regretted and the Board trust that a repetition of it will be avoided. All the Collectors appear to have inspected their own offices as well as the Sub-Divisional offices under their respective control. In the Rajshahi Division the Collectors of Dinajpur and Pabna failed to accomplish the full amount of touring prescribed for those districts. The deficiencies were, however, small. All the Collectors inspected their own offices and the Sub-Divisional offices under their control. In the Surma Valley the Deputy Commissioners of Cachar and Sylhet were out on tour, respectively, for 101 and 117 days. Mr. French of Cachar inspected the Revenue office, Nazarat, Treasury, the Sub-Divisional office and Sub-Treasury at Hailakandi, the Sadar tahsil office and the Mauzadars' offices at Lakhipur, Bikrampur, and Davidsonabad. In Sylhet, Mr. Colquhoun inspected the Sub-Divisional offices and Sub-Treasuries at Habiganj and Sunamganj and the tahsil offices at Kanairghat and Gowainghat, and Mr. Hezlett inspected the Kanairghat tahsil office and the offices of the Prithimpasa and Pallakandi Wards' estates. In the Assam Valley the tours of the Deputy Commissioners of Goalpara, Kamrup and Lakhimpur fell short of the prescribed standard by 23, 5 and 10 days respectively. The Commissioner explains that these deficiencies were due to some extent to changes of officers. While the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong made extended tours in his district he failed to inspect his office at head-quarters during the year. It is understood that the Deputy Commissioner has remedied the omission since the close of the year.

(d) Of Sub-Divisional Officers.

85. The Sub-Divisional Officers of Narayanganj, Brahmanbaria, Chandpur, Serajganj, Mangaldai, Jorhat, Golaghat, and Habiganj failed to do the prescribed amount of touring. In most cases the failure has been explained and the Board accept the explanations generally. The tour of the Sub-Divisional Officer of Serajganj fell short by 31 days. He explains that this is due to special difficulties attendant on touring in this Subdivision and writes: "it has to be done largely during the rains and as the method of conveyance (*i. e.* by house-boat) is exceedingly slow, a great deal of time is wasted in going from place to place, so that when there is much work the touring interferes with that work very considerably." The Commissioner will be asked to report whether he has any recommendations to make on the subject, but the Board are inclined to the opinion that the Sub-Divisional Officer of this subdivison with a second Deputy Collector and a Sub-Deputy Collector under him, should be able, in ordinary circumstances, to be out on tour for 90 days during the year.

The Board again notice that some of the Sub-Divisional Officers failed to inspect either their offices or Sub-Treasuries or both during the year under report, and trust Commissioners will direct the attention of these officers to the rules on the subject and to the importance of such periodical inspections.

Merits of Officers.

86. The Board desire to acknowledge the valuable assistance rendered by the Commissioners of Divisions in the administration of the Land Revenue Department. The following officers have earned special mention for good work during the year.

Collectors and Deputy Commissioners.

Major D. Herbert.	Mr. F. P. Dixon.
Mr. R. B. Hughes-Buller, C. I. E.	„ A. W. Botham.
„ J. F. Gruning.	„ J. McSwiney.
„ H. C. Barnes,	

Officers of the Provincial Civil Service.

3rd grade Deputy Collector	....	Babu Barada Kanta Ganguli. „ Jamini Mohan Das.
4th grade Deputy Collector	...	Mr. F. S. R Anley. Babu Ambika Prasad Sen.
5th grade Deputy Collector	....	Babu Jagyeswar Das Gupta.
6th grade Deputy Collector	...	Babu Ambika Charan Datta. Maulvi Abul Muzaffar Ahmad. „ Asad-uz-Zaman.
7th grade Deputy Collector	...	Maulvi Ata-ur-Rahman.

Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service.

3rd grade Sub-Deputy Collectors.	....	Babu Dwarka Nath Chaudhuri. „ Pradyumna Charan Das. Maulvi Phukan Ali.
4th grade Sub-Deputy Collectors	...	Maulvi Salih Ahmad. Babu Debi Charan Ray. „ Guru Charan De Chaudhuri. „ Praphulla Chandra Gupta.

The above list does not include officers engaged solely upon settlement work under the Director of Land Records. Their services will be acknowledged in connection with the Director's Annual Report.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. T. RANKIN,

Secretary.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IA.

[*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.]

Classification of Land Tenures, 1907—1908.

DIVISION AND DISTRICT.	PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATES.			TEMPORARILY-SETTLED ESTATES.			ESTATES HELD IN DIRECT MANAGEMENT.		
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Dacca Division.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
Dacca	10,149	1,690,668	4,23,654	463	69,570	60,901	228	10,855	29,815
Mymensingh	9,604	3,926,088	7,68,346	171	125,760	73,392	87	17,314	26,870
Faridpur	5,628	1,351,435	4,31,281	146	29,613	37,116	242	93,275	1,53,780
Bakarganj	3,006	1,774,529	10,03,427	249	310,684	2,69,554	374	247,587	4,61,678
TOTAL ...	28,387	8,742,720	26,26,708	1,029	535,627	4,40,963	931	369,031	6,72,143
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	28,630	359,676	5,29,755	2	24,311	9,056	6	802,485	6,53,061
Tippera	2,150	1,443,162	9,39,353	56	22,722	28,250	246	64,646	1,30,893
Noakhali	1,545	827,376	4,51,658	45	54,347	53,032	245	161,307	2,02,527
TOTAL ...	32,325	2,630,214	19,20,766	103	101,380	90,338	497	1,028,438	9,86,481
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	1,601	1,643,725	10,17,243	18	5,508	2,682	31	16,072	5,688
Dinajpur	758	2,613,469	15,20,450	...	...	...	3	83	100
Jalpaiguri	82	670,601	1,36,750	180	235,821	2,03,595	5	557,992	4,48,637
Rangpur	640	2,585,515	10,10,412	19	3,161	1,857	13	921	2,308
Bogra	704	71,372	4,33,881	...	...	...	2	28,233	59,836
Pabna	1,794	958,654	3,59,146	77	31,726	25,200	55	43,595	32,431
Malda	618	1,190,629	4,00,669	20	3,926	10,596	17	20,805	26,469
TOTAL ...	6,197	9,733,965	48,78,551	314	280,142	2,43,930	126	667,701	5,75,469
Grand Total ... 1907-08 ...	66,909	21,106,899	94,26,025	1,446	917,149	7,75,231	1,554	2,065,170	22,34,093
1906-07 ...	66,815	21,615,599	94,35,759	1,457	933,817	7,79,518	1,559	2,110,632	21,72,613

ASSAM

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Classification of Land

CLASS OF ESTATES.	CACHAR.			SYLHET.			TOTAL FOR SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.		
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
I. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED	...	...	...	49,852	2,410,965	3,65,134	49,852	2,410,965	3,65,134
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—									
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	4,139	5,387	6,506	6,980	15,810	17,307	11,119	21,197	23,813
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	6	23	36	8	40	79	14	63	115
TOTAL ANNUALLY SETTLED ...	4,145	5,410	6,542	6,988	15,850	17,386	11,133	21,260	23,928
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation	66,359	341,308	3,84,465	51,192	355,763	3,32,007	117,551	697,071	7,16,472
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	459	96,088	99,746	283	27,312	34,614	742	123,400	1,34,360
TOTAL PERIODICALLY-SETTLED ...	66,818	437,396	4,84,211	51,475	383,075	3,66,621	118,293	820,471	8,50,832
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	70,498	346,695	3,90,971	58,172	371,573	3,49,314	128,670	718,268	7,40,285
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation)	465	96,111	99,782	291	27,352	34,693	756	123,463	1,34,475
TOTAL FULLY ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	70,963	442,806	4,90,753	58,463	398,925	3,84,007	129,426	841,731	8,74,760
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, for ten years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, for twenty years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special settlements	26	203	87	112	56,221	67,915	138	56,424	68,002
Town lands	830	1,296	11,127	...	...	...	830	1,296	11,127
TOTAL TEMPORARILY SETTLED ...	71,819	444,305	5,01,967	58,575	455,146	4,51,922	130,394	899,451	9,53,889
III. REVENUE FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	119	1,161	...	1,255	37,618	...	1,374	38,779	...
VI. WASTE LAND GRANTS.									
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, ,, of 1854	23	25,870	7,291	1	1,831	515	24	27,701	7,806
Fee-simple grants	23	9,107	...	1	1,878	...	24	10,985	...
Old rule grants commuted	67	134,964	...	...	...	...	67	134,964	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section I of settlement rules	16	5,233	2,236	136	93,194	84,899	152	98,427	87,135
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	129	175,174	9,527	138	96,903	85,414	267	272,077	94,941
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	594	271,285	1,09,309	541	180,476	1,88,022	1,135	451,761	2,97,331
GRAND TOTAL ... 1907-08 ...	72,067	620,640	5,11,494	109,820	3,000,632	9,02,470	181,887	3,621,272	14,13,964
GRAND TOTAL ... 1906-07 ...	71,741	617,731	5,09,784	108,055	2,992,882	8,89,758	179,796	3,610,613	13,99,542

IB.

9 and 13 of the text.]

Tenures, 1907—1908.

GOALPARA.			KAMRUP.			DARRANG.			NOWGONG.			SIBSAGAR.		
Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
19	1,518,982	11,411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14,688	49,293	69,703	91,894	150,440	2,73,135	88,533	132,926	3,09,781	95,610	160,336	3,21,651	58,265	81,363	1,62,612
...	...	...	...	...	...	33	136	252	36	392	741	43	1494	2,313
14,688	49,293	69,703	91,894	150,440	2,73,135	888,566	133,062	3,10,033	95,646	160,728	3,22,392	58,308	82,857	1,64,325
1,016	7,060	11,907	113,957	327,903	8,69,011	58,259	138,047	3,68,350	31,514	59,107	1,39,656	142,432	429,754	12,39,978
1	198	322	22	1,269	2,115	184	11,035	22,910	55	3,104	5,870	705	60,448	74,734
1,017	7,258	12,229	113,979	329,172	8,71,126	58,443	149,082	3,91,260	31,569	62,211	1,45,526	143,137	490,202	13,14,712
15,704	56,353	81,610	205,851	478,343	11,42,146	146,792	270,973	6,78,131	127,124	219,443	4,61,307	200,697	511,117	14,01,990
1	198	322	22	1,269	2,115	217	11,171	23,162	91	3,496	6,611	748	61,942	77,047
15,705	56,551	81,932	205,873	479,612	11,44,261	147,009	282,144	7,01,293	127,215	222,939	4,67,918	201,445	573,059	14,79,037
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	81	13,151	8,726	24	5,382	3,995	...	...	...
...	...	...	2,513	146,305	1,26,062	16	17,897	7908	...	...	...	470	4,978	5,477
...	...	...	2,513	146,305	1,26,062	97	31,048	16,634	24	5,382	3,995	470	4,978	5,477
52	131,396	28,766	3	1,319	2,168	2	677	47	11	2,291	1,359	4	74	276
237	91	1,659	776	450	5,743	441	351	3,710	898	734	4,345	1,698	1,873	11,737
15,994	188,038	1,12,357	209,165	627,686	12,78,234	147,549	314,220	7,21,684	128,148	231,346	4,77,617	203,617	579,984	14,96,527
40	99,055	...	37	33,941	...	31	5,046	...	5	2,314	...	84	39,545	...
...	...	...	3	156	257	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	5,194	8,845
...	...	...	2	455	129	1	293	82	2	469	132	2	726	204
...	...	...	17	4,456	...	85	45,439	...	42	15,229	...	51	30,831	...
...	...	...	20	12,526	...	15	6,758	...	13	6,119	...	111	93,732	...
2	675	478	17	4,927	3,421	255	79,433	53,013	77	28,208	26,128	268	75,504	58,450
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	675	478	59	22,520	3,807	356	131,923	53,095	134	50,625	26,260	448	205,987	67,499
3	873	800	81	23,789	5,922	573	143,094	76,257	225	53,521	32,871	1,196	267,929	1,44,546
16,055	1,806,750	1,24,246	209,261	684,147	12,82,041	147,936	451,189	7,74,779	128,287	283,685	5,63,877	204,149	825,516	15,64,026
14,129	1,800,270	1,16,440	195,170	662,242	12,48,349	138,611	441,073	7,51,770	123,627	275,085	4,88,964	196,676	805,692	15,93,166

APPENDIX IB—*concluded.*

[*Vide* paragraphs 9 and 13 of the text.]

Classification of Land Tenures, 1907 – 1908.

CLASS OF ESTATES.	LAKHIMPUR.			TOTAL FOR ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.			GRAND TOTAL FOR YEAR.			GRAND TOTAL FOR PREVIOUS YEAR.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	...	Acres.	Rs.	...	Acres.	Rs.
I. PERMANENTLY-SETTLED.	...	...	...	19	1,518,982	11,411	49,871	3,929,947	3,76,545	49,875	3,929,954	3,76,548
II. TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—												
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation	66,338	108,700	2,42,116	415,328	683,058	13,78,398	426,447	704,255	14,02,211	384,950	636,771	12,78,921
Annually at full rates for special cultivation	46	421	953	158	2,443	4,259	172	2,506	4,374	224	20,94	4,401
TOTAL ANNUALLY-SETTLED ...	66,384	109,121	2,43,069	415,486	685,501	13,82,657	426,619	706,761	14,06,585	385,174	638,865	12,83,322
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation	34,830	118,302	3,06,829	382,008	1,080,173	29,35,731	499,559	1,777,244	36,52,203	493,666	1,766,001	36,36,270
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation	427	32,006	70,845	1,394	108,060	1,76,796	2,136	231,460	3,11,156	2,111	249,010	3,83,375
TOTAL PERIODICALLY SETTLED...	35,257	150,308	3,77,674	383,402	1,188,233	31,12,527	501,695	2,008,704	39,63,359	495,777	2,015,011	40,19,645
Total fully assessed area (ordinary cultivation)	101,168	227,002	5,48,945	797,336	1,763,231	43,14,129	926,006	2,481,499	50,54,414	878,616	2,402,772	49,15,191
Total fully assessed area (special cultivation	473	32,427	71,798	1,552	110,503	1,81,055	2,308	233,966	3,15,530	2,335	251,104	3,87,776
TOTAL FULLY ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	101,641	259,429	6,20,743	798,888	1,873,734	44,95,184	928,314	2,715,465	53,69,944	880,951	2,653,876	53,02,967
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, for ten years	50	1,241	1,728	155	19,774	14,440	155	19,774	14,449	155	19,774	14,449
,, for twenty years	...	...	...	2,999	169,180	1,39,447	2,999	169,180	1,39,447	2,706	169,027	1,38,775
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	50	1,241	1,728	3,154	188,954	1,53,896	3,154	188,954	1,53,896	2,861	188,801	1,53,224
Special settlements	24	10,365	10,787	96	146,122	43,403	234	202,546	1,11,405	672	185,279	92,589
Town lands	799	1,077	9,837	4,849	4,576	37,031	5,679	5,872	48,158	5,883	6,393	49,088
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED	102,514	272,112	6,43,095	806,987	2,213,386	47,29,514	937,381	3,112,837	56,83,403	890,367	3,034,349	55,98,468
III. REVENUE FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	138	1,961	...	335	181,862	...	1,709	220,641	...	1,714	220,670	...
IV. WASTE-LAND GRANTS —												
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	19	5,350	9,102	19	5,350	9,102	19	5,350	9,103
,, ,, ,, of 1854	...	...	...	7	1,943	547	31	29,644	8,333	31	29,642	8,352
Fee-simple grants	104	87,107	...	299	183,062	...	323	194,047	...	322	192,169	...
Old rule grants commuted	41	30,230	...	200	149,365	...	267	284,329	...	268	286,207	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section I, of settlement rules	222	76,936	49,042	841	265,683	1,90,532	993	364,110	2,77,667	986	360,295	2,69,721
Other miscellaneous items	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS ...	367	194,273	49,042	1,366	605,403	2,00,181	1,633	877,480	2,95,122	1,626	873,663	2,87.176
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION	840	226,700	1,20,840	2,918	715,906	3,81,236	4,053	1,167,667	6,78,567	4,040	1,163,334	7,21,596
GRAND TOTAL ... 1907-08 ...	103,019	468,346	6,92,137	808,707	4,519,633	49,41,106	990,594	8,140,905	63,55,070*	...	...	...
... 1906-07 ...	95,573	452,328	6,64,021	763,786	4,439,690	48,62,650	943,582	8,058,636	62,62,192	...	...	...

* This includes *Gaonbura* remission Rs. 26,330 and deductions after settlement Rs. 2,410 and excludes Rs. 851 on account of *Tausibahir* revenue.

APPENDIX IIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs 11

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand of

Division and District.	Settled at close of preceding year.		Increase due to							
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.	
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Dacca Division.										
Dacca	80,870*	91,837*	223	474	...	...	...	...	...	2,622
Mymensingh	143,071*	98,431*	...	...	...	...	...	1,681	...	150
Faridpur	117,271*	1,84,863	638	731	...	...	7,369	11,378	...	141
Bakarganj	558,271*	7,16,271	...	2,609	...	1,738	2,691	13,939	...	5,888
Total ...	899,483	10,91,402	861	3,814	...	1,738	10,060	26,998	...	8,801
Chittagong Division.										
Chittagong	362,070*	6,34,405*	24,098	16,579	98	5,884	117	426	5	6,209
Tippera	86,305*	1,59,118	2,150	2,812	...	1,003	...	809	220	709
Noakhali	207,467*	2,51,231*	4,310	2,841	...	2,508	...	...	...	2,067
Total ...	655,842	10,44,754	30,558	22,232	98	9,395	117	1,235	225	8,985
Rajshahi Division.										
Rajshahi	18,953*	8,812	2	7	...	...	2,661	817	...	...
Dinajpur	83	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
Jalpaiguri	788,145*	6,45,084	8,954	2,505	...	6,469	1,470	2,391	20	1,182
Rangpur	4,134*	4,384	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	7
Bogra	23,806*	60,601	63	158	...	...	...	...	...	3,889
Pabna	74,915*	55,840	371	586	...	...	156	1,060	1,073	662
Malda	24,732*	37,663	...	81	...	...	...	134	...	198
Total ...	934,768	8,12,438	9,390	3,337	...	6,469	4,287	4,402	1,108	5,984
Grand Total ... 1907-08 ...	2,490,093	29,48,594	40,809	29,383	98	17,602	14,464	32,635	1,333	23,770
1906-07 ...	2,549,590	28,93,184	32,342	43,830	5,223	14,957	12,781	26,903	22,673	25,089

* Revised figures.

IIA.

and 12 of the text.]

Government and Temporarily-Settled Estates, 1907—1908.

Total increase.		Decrease due to								Total decrease.		Net Increase or Decrease.		Demand of year.
		Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
223	3,096	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,217	...	4,217	+223	−1,121	90,716
...	1,831	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+1,831	1,00,262
8,007	12,250	...	...	...	...	2,390	5,419	...	798	2,390	6,217	+5,617	+6,033	1,90,896
2,691	24,174	...	...	...	...	2,691	7,422	...	1,791	2,691	9,213	...	+14,961	7,31,232
10,921	41,351	...	...	...	...	5,081	12,841	...	6,806	5,081	19,647	+5,840	+21,704	11,13,106
24,318	29,098	371	307	...	...	241	723	456	10,762	1,068	11,792	+23,250	+17,306	6,51,711
2,370	5,333	...	...	...	330	...	...	1,307	4,978	1,307	5,308	+1,063	+25	1,59,143
4,310	7,416	...	...	10	59	...	...	1,886	3,673	1,896	3,732	+2,414	+3,684	2,55,559
30,998	41,847	371	307	10	389	241	723	3,649	19,413	4,271	20,832	+26,727	+21,015	10,66,413
2,663	824	...	...	...	...	36	1,266	...	...	36	1,266	+2,627	−442	8,370
...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+46	100
10,444	12,547	120	97	667	2,225	118	34	3,871	3,043	4,776	5,399	+5,668	+7,148	6,52,252
15	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	226	67	226	−52	−219	4,165
63	4,047	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4,812	5	4,812	+58	−765	59,836
1,600	2,308	...	...	...	...	...	7	1,194	510	1,194	517	+406	+1,791	57,631
...	413	...	...	...	...	...	621	...	390	...	1,011	...	−598	37,065
14,785	20,192	120	97	667	2,225	154	1,928	5,137	8,981	6,078	13,231	+8,707	+6,961	8,19,399
56,704	1,03,390	491	404	677	2,614	5,476	15,492	8,786	35,200	15,430	53,710	+41,274	+49,680	29,98,918
73,019	1,10,779	1,666	1,043	9,722	4,504	2,722	3,344	9,298	42,941	23,408	51,832	+49,611	+58,947	29,52,131

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 13

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand on

DISTRICT AND SUBDIVISION.	Settled at close of preceding year.		INCREASE DUE TO								Total increase.	
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement, or alteration of classification.		Other causes.			
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.												
Silchar (Sadar)	249,740	2,71,384	1,474	1,635	...	...	...	...	661	754	2,135	2,389
Hailakandi	94,739	1,18,250	1,335	633	...	...	...	...	6	16	1,341	649
Total Cachar	344,479	3,89,634	2,809	2,268	...	...	...	...	667	770	3,476	3,038
North Sylhet	217,932	2,03,917	907	1,274	...	...	...	...	...	...	907	1,274
South Sylhet	48,208	41,961	767	588	...	...	...	891	...	...	767	1,479
Karimganj	59,666	83,248	5,105	4,188	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,105	4,188
Habiganj	15,933	12,337	23	22	...	...	289	315	...	...	312	337
Sunamganj	29,272	9,426	814	665	...	...	116	50	...	...	930	715
Total Sylhet	371,011	3,50,889	7,616	6,737	...	...	405	1,256	...	...	8,021	7,993
Total Surma Valley Districts.	715,490	7,40,523	10,425	9,005	...	...	405	1,256	667	770	11,497	11,031
Assam Valley Districts.												
Dhubri	49,873	74,162	10,963	12,681	...	...	482	736	...	393	11,445	13,810
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara	49,873	74,162	10,963	12,681	...	...	482	736	...	393	11,445	13,810
Barpeta	95,949*	2,02,726*	20,898	29,687	...	...	1,762	2,758	6	4,898	22,666	37,343
Gauhati	361,147*	9,05,361*	35,569	61,770	...	...	4,712	10,977	551	12,333	40,832	85,080
Total Kamrup	456,196	11,08,087	56,467	91,457	...	...	6,474	13,735	557	17,231	63,498	1,22,423
Mangaldai	129,471	3,29,380	11,066	24,627	...	...	1	3	4	12	11,071	24,642
Tezpur	131,816	3,27,552	15,040	32,736	...	...	536	1,224	...	307	15,576	34,267
Total Darrang	261,287	6,56,932	26,106	57,363	...	...	537	1,227	4	319	26,647	58,909
Nowgong	210,968	4,46,859	30,850	52,506	...	...	241	391	...	935	31,091	53,832
Total Nowgong	210,968	4,46,859	30,850	52,506	...	...	241	391	...	935	31,091	53,832
Golaghat	128,293	3,45,052	9,112	16,606	...	...	225	426	399	1,119	9,736	18,151
Jorhat	180,445	5,15,409	12,972	26,097	...	...	512	930	3	1,252	13,487	28,279
Sibsagar	186,027	5,09,159	9,099	18,416	...	...	535	1,196	300	1,654	9,934	21,266
Total Sibsagar	494,765	13 69,620	31,183	61,119	...	...	1,272	2,552	702	4,025	33,157	67,696
North Lakhimpur	67,284	1,58,598	14,186	28,744	...	...	7,443	18,270	...	...	21,629	47,014
Dibrugarh	147,510	3,64,149	11,949	25,531	...	...	1,827	4,210	459	1,576	14,235	31,317
Total Lakhimpur	214,794	5,22,747	26,135	54,275	...	...	9,270	22,480	459	1,576	35,864	78,331
Total Assam Valley Districts.	1,687,883	41,78,407*	181,704	3,29,401	...	...	18,276	41,121	1,722	24,479	201,702	3,95,001
Grand Total.	2,403,373	49,18,930	192,129	3,38,406	...	...	18,681	42,377	2,389	25,249	213,199	4,06,032

* Revised figures.

IIB.

of the text.]

fully-assessed area taken up for Ordinary Cultivation, 1907—1908.

Decrease due to								Total decrease.		Net increase or decrease.		Demand of year.
Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
256	312	284	351	...	...	687	804	1,227	1,467	+908	+922	2,72,306
9	8	13	22	...	...	11	204	33	234	+1,308	+415	1,18,665
265	320	297	373	...	...	698	1,008	1,260	1,701	+2,216	+1,337	3,90,971
660	673	5	10	42	28	865	...	1,572	711	—665	+563	2,04,480
6	6	21	19	4,738	7,188	...	...	4,765	7,213	—3,998	- 5,734	36,227
726	1,288	...	...	...	...	...	...	726	1,288	+4,379	+ 2,900	86,148
...	...	...	...	31	49	...	...	31	49	+281	+ 288	12,625
262	147	...	...	102	160	...	...	364	307	+566	+ 408	9,834
1,654	2,114	26	29	4,913	7,425	865	...	7,458	9,568	+563	—1,575	3,49,314
1,919	2,434	323	402	4,913	7,425	1,563	1,008	8,718	11,269	+2,779	—238	7,40,285
4,690	6,066	17	23	258	256	...	17	4,965	6,362	+6,480	+ 7448	81,610
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,690	6,066	17	23	258	256	...	17	4,965	6,362	+6,480	+ 7,448	81,610
15,793	23,895	...	...	1,630	2,557	243	5,037	17,666	31,489	+5,000	+ 25,854	2,08,580
18,683	35,606	164	498	3,606	8,857	1,232	11,914	23,685	56,875	+17,147	+ 28,205	9,33,566
34,476	59,501	164	498	5,236	11,414	1,475	16,951	41,351	88,364	+22,147	+34,059	11,42,146
8,820	19,151	...	...	1	4	98	1,264	8,919	20,419	+2,152	+ 4,223	3,33,603
7,512	15,976	...	...	44	97	486	1,218	8,042	17,291	+7,534	+ 16,976	3,44,528
16,332	35,127	...	...	45	101	584	2,482	16,961	37,710	+9,686	+ 21,199	6,78,131
22,099	37,843	181	329	284	480	52	732	22,616	39,384	+8,475	+14,448	4,61,307
22,099	37,843	181	329	284	480	52	732	22,616	39,384	+8,475	+14,448	4,61,307
5,183	9,296	9	27	139	265	472	1,833	5,803	11,421	+3,933	+ 6,730	3,51,782
8,198.	15,393	24	42	122	211	179	1,990	8,523	17,636	+4,964	+ 10,643	5,26,052
2,052	4,353	30	81	...	...	397	1,835	2,479	6,269	+7,455	+14,997	5,24,156
15,433	29,042	63	150	261	476	1,048	5,658	16,805	35,326	+16,352	+ 32,370	14,91,990
9,673	20,035	...	...	6,650	15,869	100	203	16,423	36,107	+5,206	+ 10,907	1,69,505
5,596	11,369	33	76	877	2,112	728	2,469	7,234	16,026	+7,091	+ 15,291	3,79,440
15,269	31,404	33	76	7,527	17,981	828	2,672	23,657	52,133	+12,207	+26,198	5,48,945
108,299	1,98,983	458	1,076	13,611	30,708	3,987	28,512	126,355	2,59,279	+75,347	+1,35,722	43,14,129
110,218	2,01,417	781	1,478	18,524	38,133	5,550	29,520	135,073	2,70,548	+78,126	+ 1,35,484	50,54,414

APPENDIX IIC.

[*Vide* paragraph 13 of the text.]

Fluctuations in the Khiraj area of the Assam Valley Districts (including lands held by tea-planters.)

District.	1890—91	1897—98	1898—99	1899—1900	1900—01	1901—02	1902—03	1903—04	1904—05	1905—06	1906—07	1907—08
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Assam Valley Districts.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Goalpara	60,518	68,105	67,776	70,557	68,221	173,954	179,366	175,954	177,035	177,998	180,071	186,551
Kamrup	466,461	477,884	430,444	430,354	409,937	420,992	440,740	449,335	448,827	437,273	456,862	479,612
Darrang	234,799	245,781	248,573	253,226	251,323	253,684	262,957	264,673	266,568	267,370	272,343	282,144
Nowgong	265,656	212,537	211,814	208,762	197,226	195,215	202,729	209,493	212,177	210,497	214,446	222,939
Sibsagar	413,495	460,240	472,584	483,099	490,538	499,471	510,196	525,280	525,209	542,748	*556,310	573,059
Lakhimpur	128,819	165,073	178,945	188,341	196,358	204,638	211,142	220,074	229,469	237,048	246,280	259,429
Total ...	1,569,748	1,629,620	1,610,136	1,634,339	1,613,603	1,747,954	1,807,130	1,844,809	1,859,285	1,872,934	1,926,312	2,003,734

* Revised figures.

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IID.

[*Vide* paragraphs 13 and 14 of the text.]

Area settled with ex-tea Coolies and other Immigrants in Cachar and Assam Valley Districts, 1907–1908.

District.	1906–07.			1907–08.		
	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.	Time-expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Cachar	76	1,291	1,367	410	126	536
Assam Valley Districts.						
Goalpara	...	1,149	1,149	...	1,631	1,631
Kamrup	567	2,025	2,592	571	2,715	3,286
Darrang	34,061	11,124	45,185	38,337	10,629	48,966
Nowgong	10,327	1,746	12,073	10,763	2,275	13,038
Sibsagar	41,247	6,273	47,520	42,218	6,494	48,712
Lakhimpur	37,794	12,073	49,867	38,872	12,287	51,159
TOTAL ...	124,072	35,681	159,753	131,171	36,157	167,328

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 18

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Divisions and Districts.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
EASTERN BENGAL.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	10,840	5,14,370	20,519	5,34,889	4,97,843	17,183	5,15,026	81
Mymensingh	9,862	8,68,608	4,868	8,73,476	8,56,033	4,192	8,60,225	...
Faridpur	6,016	6,22,177	18,237	6,40,414	6,09,757	12,596	6,22,353	4,040
Bakarganj	3,629	17,34,659	40,283	17,74,942	16,82,874	26,653	17,09,527	1,597
Total ...	30,347	37,39,814	83,907	38,23,721	36,46,507	60,624	37,07,131	5,718
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	28,638	11,91,872	2,59,481	14,51,353	10,91,907	1,11,034	12,02,941	13,731
Tippera	2,452	10,98,496	19,935	11,18,431	10,79,886	15,396	10,95,282	3,581
Noakhali	1,835	7,07,217	42,780	7,49,997	6,89,576	30,790	7,20,366	14,207
Total ...	32,925	29,97,585	3,22,196	33,19,781	28,61,369	1,57,220	30,18,589	31,519
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	1,650	10,25,613	69,800	10,95,413	9,83,593	38,827	10,22,420	...
Dinajpur	761	15,20,550	409	15,20,959	15,19,838	409	15,20,247	...
Jalpaiguri	267	7,88,982	9,311	7,98,293	7,86,189	5,080	7,91,269	3,660
Rangpur	672	10,14,577	2,337	10,16,914	10,14,212	2,266	10,16,478	...
Bogra	706	4,93,717	514	4,94,231	4,92,012	490	4,92,502	17
Pabna	1,926	4,16,777	18,820	4,35,597	4,02,703	7,325	4,10,028	79
Malda	655	4,37,734	12,480	4,50,214	4,30,016	8,514	4,38,530	1,596
Total ...	6,637	56,97,950	1,13,671	58,11,621	56,28,563	62,911	56,91,474	5,352
Total Eastern Bengal 1907-08 ...	69,909	1,24,35,349	5,19,774	1,29,55,123	1,21,36,439	2,80,755	1,24,17,194	42,589
1906-07 ...	69,831	1,23,87,890	4,89,126	1,28,77,016	1,20,84,065	2,61,994	1,23,46,059	38,802
ASSAM.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	71,858	5,11,494	294	5,11,788	5,11,124	292	5,11,416	...
Sylhet	108,564	9,02,470	3,11,801	12,14,271	6,12,926	2,98,131	9,11,057	7
Total ...	180,422	14,13,964	3,12,095	17,26,059	11,24,050	2,98,423	14,22,473	7
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	16,055	1,24,246	10	1,24,256	1,24,224	10	1,24,234	...
Kamrup	209,187	12,73,829	23,970	12,97,799	12,36,438	8,563	12,45,001	19,345
Darrang	147,805	7,70,101	3,101	7,73,202	7,69,379	1,678	7,71,057	210
Nowgong	128,227	5,00,804	37	5,00,841	4,91,760	20	4,91,780	19
Sibsagar	203,903	15,56,397	16,287	15,72,684	15,55,961	7,211	15,63,172	4,844
Lakhimpur	102,736	6,87,840	12,038	6,99,878	6,71,783	5,205	6,76,988	6,825
Total ...	807,913	49,13,217	55,443	49,68,660	48,49,545	22,687	48,72,232	31,243
Total Assam ... 1907-08 ...	988,335	63,27,181	3,67,538	66,94,719	59,73,595	3,21,110	62,94,705	31,250
1906-07 ...	941,265	62,36,683	4,20,760	66,57,443	58,98,298	2,91,522	61,89,820	1,05,592
GRAND TOTAL ... 1907-08 ...	1,058,244	1,87,62,530	8,87,312	1,96,49,842	1,81,10,034	6,01,865	1,87,11,899	73,839
1906-07 ...	1,011,096	1,86,24,573	9,09,886	1,95,34,459	1,79,82,363	5,53,516	1,85,35,879	1,44,394

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(*including Malikana and Police Jama*) *of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1907–1908.*

Net Balances.			Distribution of net Balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
16,527	3,255	19,782	1,040	18,742	96·78	83·74	96·28	83,536	1,503	.....	96·55
12,575	676	13,251	170	13,081	98·55	86·11	98·48	70,587	.....	.....	98·48
12,420	1,601	14,021	4,033	9,988	98·00	69·06	97·17	60,539	.....	165	97·20
50,842	12,976	63,818	3,305	60,513	97·01	66·16	96·31	30,783	.....	.....	96·31
92,364	18,508	1,10,872	8,548	1,02,324	97·50	72·25	96·95	2,45,455	1,503	165	96·99
99,255	1,35,426	2,34,681	9,951	2,24,730	91·61	42·79	82·88	40,426	98,236	60,140	93·34
18,610	958	19,568	...	19,568	98·30	77·23	97·93	167	.....	.....	97·93
12,192	3,232	15,424	2,232	13,192	97·50	71·97	96·05	4,979	.....	.....	96·05
1,30,057	1,39,616	2,69,673	12,183	2,57,490	95·45	48·79	90·92	45,572	98,236	60,140	95·56
42,020	30,973	72,993	371	72,622	95·90	55·63	93·34	16,466	.....	.....	93·34
712	...	712	...	712	99·95	100	99·95	8,120	.....	680	99·99
2,111	1,253	3,364	1,550	1,814	99·65	54·56	99·12	7,530	.....	.....	99·12
365	71	436	...	436	99·96	96·96	99·95	15,220	.....	.....	99·95
1,705	7	1,712	16	1,696	99·65	95·83	99·05	21,343	.....	.....	99·05
14,074	11,416	25,490	13,044	12,446	96·02	38·02	94·13	38,296	13,044	163	97·07
6,126	3,962	10,088	1,101	8,987	98·23	68·22	97·40	15,217	.....	.....	97·40
67,113	47,682	1,14,795	16,082	98,713	98·78	55·34	97·93	1,22,892	13,044	843	98·17
2,89,534	2,05,806	4,95,340	36,813	4,58,527	97·59	54·01	95·85	4,13,919	1,12,783	61,148	97·16
2,92,282	1,99,873	4,92,155	38,842	4,53,313	97·54	53·56	95·87	4,60,261	1,75,584	5,867	97·24
370	2	372	34	338	99·93	99·32	99·93	2,808	.....	.....	99·93
2,89,544	13,663	3,03,207	119	3,03,088	67·91	95·61	75·02	55,234	.....	7,867	75·67
2,89,914	13,665	3,03 579	153	3,03,426	79·50	95·62	82·41	58,042	.....	7,867	82·87
22	...	22	22	.....	99·98	100	99·98	145	22	.....	99·98
32,099	1,354	33,453	7,976	25,477	97·06	35·72	95·93	.....	6,926	14,734	97·59
682	1,253	1,935	1,250	685	99·91	54·11	99·72	64	.....	.....	99·72
9,025	17	9,042	...	9,042	98·19	54·15	98·19	.....	6,888	.....	99·56
402	4,266	4,668	3,047	1,621	99·97	44·27	99·39	395	.....	.....	99·39
16,057	8	16,065	...	16,065	97·67	43·24	98·73	.....	.....	216	96·76
58,287	6,898	65,185	12,295	52,890	98·64	40·92	98·06	604	13,826	14,950	98·03
3,48,201	20,563	3,68,764	12,448	3,56,316	94·41	87·37	94·02	58,646	13,836	22,817	94·56
3,36,315	25,716	3,62,031	31,147	3,30,884	94·57	69·28	92·97	39,389	19,612	14,526	93·48
6,37,735	2,26,369	8,64,104	49,261	8,14,843	96·52	67·83	95·22	47,2,565	1,26,619	83,965	96·27
6,28,597	2,25,589	8,54,186	69,989	7,84,197	96·55	60·83	94·37	4,99,050	1,95,196	20,393	95·95

APPENDIX

[*Vide*, paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dacca Division.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	10,149	4,23,654	665	4,24,319	4,23,040	637	4,23,677	...
Mymensingh	9,694	7,68,346	1,477	7,69,823	7,63,241	1,465	7,64,706	...
Faridpur	5,628	4,31,281	2,420	4,33,701	4,30,222	2,418	4,32,640	...
Bakarganj	3,006	10,03,427	30,223	10,33,650	9,75,139	17,579	9,92,718	...
Total ...	28,387	26,26,708	34,785	26,61,493	25,91,642	22,099	26,13,741	...
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	28,630	5,29,755	3,034	5,32,789	5,27,296	2,813	5,30,109	...
Tippera	2,150	9,39,353	602	9,39,955	9,38,593	602	9,39,195	...
Noakhali	1,545	4,51,658	10,102	4,61,760	4,51,211	13,482	4,54,693	6,620
Total ...	32,325	19,20,766	13,738	19,34,504	19,17,100	6,897	19,23,997	6,620
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	1,601	10,17,243	67,204	10,84,447	9,76,022	36,376	10,12,398	...
Dinajpur	758	15,20,450	409	15,20,859	15,19,738	409	15,20,147	...
Jalpaiguri	82	1,36,750	...	1,36,750	1,36,750	...	1,36,750	...
Rangpur	649	10,10,412	1,601	10,12,013	10,10,376	1,581	10,11,957	...
Bogra	704	4,33,881	42	4,33,923	4,33,878	42	4,33,920	...
Pabna	1,794	3,59,146	27	3,59,173	3,59,110	27	3,59,137	...
Malda	618	4,00,669	336	4,01,005	4,00,411	336	4,00,747	255
Total ...	6,197	48,78,551	69,619	49,48,170	48,36,285	38,771	48,75,056	255
Grand Total ... 1907-08	66,909	94,26,025	1,18,442	95,44,167	93,45,027	67,767	94,12,794	6,875
1906-07	66,813	94,35,739	1,01,750	95,37,503	93,42,338	76,100	94,18,438	811

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19 of the text.]

(including Malikana and Police Jama) of Permanently-settled Estates, 1907—1908.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
614	28	642	...	642	99·85	95·78	99·84	77,659	...	...	99·84
5,105	12	5,117	...	5,117	99·33	99·18	99·33	66,751	...	...	99·33
1,059	2	1,061	...	1,061	99·75	99·91	99·75	51,501	...	165	99·79
28,288	12,644	40,932	...	40,932	97·18	58·16	96·04	21,688	...	...	96·04
35,066	12,686	47,752	...	47,752	98·66	63·53	98·20	2,17,599	...	165	98·21
2,459	221	2,680	...	2,680	99·53	92·71	99·49	25,184	2,207	473	100
760	...	760	...	760	99·94	100	99·94	...	...	...	99·94
447	...	447	...	447	99·90	34·46	98·47	3,481	...	...	98·47
3,666	221	3,887	...	3,887	99·80	50·20	99·45	28,665	2,207	473	99·54
41,221	30,823	72,049	...	72,049	95·95	54·13	93·36	15,510	...	...	93·36
712	...	712	...	712	99·95	100	99·95	8,111	...	680	99·99
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	6,640	...	...	100
36	20	56	...	56	99·99	98·75	99·99	14,477	...	...	99·99
3	...	3	...	3	99·99	100	99·99	21,333	...	...	99·99
36	...	36	...	36	99·99	100	99·99	36,297	...	...	99·99
3	...	3	...	3	99·93	100	99·93	15,184	...	...	99·93
42,011	30,848	72,859	...	72,859	95·13	55·69	93·52	1,17,582	...	680	93·53
80,743	43,755	1,24,498	...	1,24,498	99·44	57·36	98·62	3,63,846	2,207	1,318	98·66
92,610	25,650	1,18,260	5	1,18,255	99·09	74·79	98·75	4,18,464	2,451	1,968	98·79

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 20

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dacca Division.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	463	60,901	4,660	65,561	55,593	3,692	59,285	...
Mymensingh	171	73,392	2,547	75,939	66,923	1,959	68,882	...
Faridpur	146	37,116	285	37,401	36,870	285	37,155	...
Bakarganj	249	2,69,554	4,902	2,74,456	2,62,108	4,657	2,66,765	...
Total ...	1,029	4,40,963	12,394	4,53,357	4,21,494	10,593	4,32,087	...
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	2	9,056	...	9,056	9,056	...	9,056	...
Tippera	53	28,250	1,041	29,291	25,345	1,041	26,386	...
Noakhali	45	53,032	2,315	55,347	51,477	2,315	53,792	...
Total ...	103	90,338	3,356	93,694	85,878	3,356	89,234	...
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	18	2,682	1,080	3,762	2,682	1,080	3,762	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	180	2,03,595	...	2,03,595	2,03,595	...	2,03,595	...
Rangpur	19	1,857	32	1,889	1,840	32	1,872	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	77	25,200	1,963	27,163	22,967	1,066	24,033	...
Malda	20	10,596	1,248	11,844	9,528	413	9,941	...
Total ...	314	2,43,930	4,323	2,48,253	2,40,612	2,591	2,43,203	...
Grand Total ... 1907-08 ...	1,446	7,75,231	20,073	7,95,304	7,47,984	16,540	7,64,524	...
Grand Total ... 1906-07 ...	1,457	7,79,518	27,229	8,06,747	7,60,488	25,727	7,86,215	300

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of Temporarily-settled Estates, 1907-1908.

Net Balances.			Distribution of Net Balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
5,308	968	6,276	...	6,276	91·28	79·22	90·42	5,509	463	...	91·07
6,469	588	7,057	...	7,057	91·18	76·91	90·70	2,029	...	...	90·70
246	...	246	...	246	99·33	100	99·34	7,568	...	...	99·34
7,446	245	7,691	...	7,691	97·24	95·00	97·20	3,616	...	...	97·20
19,469	1,801	21,270	...	21,270	95·58	85·46	95·30	18,722	463	...	95·40
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	7,659	...	...	
2,905	...	2,905	...	2,905	89·71	100	90·08	159	...	...	90·08
1,555	...	1,555	...	1,555	97·06	100	97·19	697	...	...	19
4,460	...	4,460	...	4,460	95·06	100	95·24	8,515	...	...	95·24
...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	49	...	...	100
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	55	...	...	100
17	...	17	...	17	99·08	100	99·10	741	...	...	99·10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,233	897	3,130	794	2,336	91·14	54·30	88·48	2,678	794	...	91·14
1,068	835	1,903	1,101	802	89·92	33·09	83·93	33	...	...	83·93
3,318	1,732	5,050	1,895	3,155	98·64	59·93	97·96	3,556	794	...	98·28
27,247	3,533	30,780	1,895	28,885	96·48	82·39	96·12	30,793	1,257	...	96·28
19,030	1,193	20,223	1,073	19,150	97·55	94·48	97·45	22,643	3,520	...	97·88

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dacca Division.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	228	29,815	15,194	45,009	19,210	12,854	32,064	81
Mymensingh	87	26,870	844	27,714	25,869	768	26,637	...
Faridpur	242	1,53,780	15,532	1,69,312	1,42,665	9,893	1,52,558	4,040
Bakarganj	374	4,61,678	5,158	4,66,836	4,45,627	4,417	4,50,044	1,597
Tota ...	931	6,72,143	36,728	7,08,871	6,33,371	27,932	6,61,303	5,718
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	6	6,53,061	2,56,447	9,09,508	5,55,555	1,08,221	6,63,776	13,731
Tippera	246	1,30,893	18,292	1,49,185	1,15,948	13,753	1,29,701	3,581
Noakhali	245	2,02,527	30,363	2,32,890	1,86,888	24,993	2,11.881	7,587
Total ...	497	9,86,481	3,05,102	12,91,583	8,58,391	1,46,967	10,05,358	24,899
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	31	5,688	1,516	7,204	4.889	1,371	6,260	...
Dinajpur	3	100	...	100	100	...	100	...
Jalpaiguri	5	4,48,637	9,311	4,57,948	4,45,844	5,080	4,50,924	3,660
Rangpur	13	2,308	704	3,012	1,996	653	2,649	...
Bogra	2	59,836	472	60,308	58,134	448	58,582	17
Pabna	55	32,431	16,830	49,261	20,626	6,232	26,858	79
Malda	17	26,469	10,896	37,365	20,077	7,765	27,842	1,341
Total ...	126	5,75,469	39,729	6,15,198	5,51,666	21,549	5,73,215	5,097
Grand Total ... 1907-1908 ...	1,554	22,34,093	3,81,559	26,15,652	20,43,428	1,96,448	22,39,876	35,784
Grand Total ... 1906-1907 ...	1,559	21,72,613	3,60,147	25,32,760	19,61,239	1,60,167	21,41,406	37,682

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21 of the text.]

of Estates held direct by Government, 1907-1908.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
10,605	2,259	12,864	1,040	11,824	64·43	84·59	71·23	368	1,040	...	72·92
1,001	76	1,077	170	907	96·27	90·99	96·11	1,807	...	...	96·11
11,115	1,599	12,714	4,033	8,681	92·77	63·69	90·10	1,470	...	...	90·10
15,108	87	15,195	3,305	11,890	96·52	85·63	96·40	5,489	...	...	96·40
37,829	4,021	41,850	8,548	33,302	94·23	76·05	93·28	9,134	1,040	...	93·42
96,796	1,35,205	2,32,001	9,951	2,22,050	85·06	42·20	72·98	7,583	96,029	59,667	88·93
14,945	958	15,903	...	15,903	88·58	75·18	86·93	8	...	...	86·93
10,190	3,232	13,422	2,232	11,190	92·27	82·31	90·97	801	...	...	90·97
1,21,931	1,39,395	2,61,326	12,183	2,49,143	87·01	48·16	77·83	8,392	96,029	59,667	89·08
799	145	944	371	573	85·95	90·44	86·89	877	...	...	86·89
...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	9	...	...	100
2,111	1,253	3,364	1,550	1,814	99·38	54·56	98·47	835	...	...	98·47
312	51	363	...	363	86·48	92·75	87·94	2	...	...	87·94
1,702	7	1,709	16	1,693	97·15	94·91	97·13	10	...	...	97·13
11,805	10,519	22,324	12,250	10,074	63·60	37·03	54·52	21	12,250	163	73·01
5,055	3,127	8,182	...	8,182	75·85	71·26	74·51	...	...	...	74·51
21,784	15,102	36,886	14,187	22,699	95·83	54·24	93·17	1,754	12,250	163	95·09
1,81,544	1,58,518	3,40,062	34,918	3,05,144	91·46	51·48	85·03	19,280	1,09,319	59,830	91·75
1,80,642	1,73,030	3,53,672	37,764	3,15,908	91·19	44·47	84·54	19,154	1,69,613	3,899	90·69

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue

Division and District.	Number of Estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	71,858	5,11,494	294	5,11,788	5,11,124	292	5,11,416	...
Sylhet { Temporarily-settled	58,712	5,37,336	2,28,386	7,65,722	3,37,686	2,17,662	5,55,748	7
Sylhet { Permanently-settled	49 852	3,65,134	83,415	4,48,549	2,75,840	80,469	3,56,309	...
Total Sylhet ...	108,564	9,02,470	3,10,801	12,14,274	6,12,926	2,98,131	9,11,057	7
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY ...	180,422	14,13,964	3,12,095	17,26,059	11,24,050	2,98,423	14,22,473	7
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara { Temporarily-settled ...	16,036	1,12,835	10	1,12,845	1,12,813	10	1,12,823	...
Goalpara { Permanently-settled ...	19	11,411	...	11,411	11,411	...	11,411	...
Total Goalpara ...	16,055	1,24,246	10	1,24,256	1,24,224	10	1,24,234	...
Kamrup	299,187	12,73,629	23,970	12,97,799	12,36,438	6,563	12,45,001	19,345
Darrang	147,805	7,70,101	3,101	7,73,202	7,69,379	1,678	7,71,057	210
Nowgong	128,227	5,00,804	37	5,00,841	4,91,706	26	4,91,780	19
Sibsagar	203,903	15,56,397	16,287	15,72,684	15,55,961	7,211	15,63,172	4,844
Lakhimpur	102,736	6,87,840	12,038	6,99,878	6,71,783	5,205	6,76,988	6,825
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY ...	807,913	49,13,217	55,443	49,68,660	48,39,545	22,687	48,72,232	31,243
Total Temporarily-settled	938,364	59,50,636	2,84,123	62,34,759	56,86,344	2,40,641	59,26,985	31,250
Total Permanently-settled ...	49,871	3,76,545	83,415	4,59,960	2,87,251	80,469	3,67,720	....
Grand Total { 1907-08 ...	988,235	63,27,181	3,67,538	66,94,719	59,73,595	3,21,110	62,94,705	31,250
Grand Total { 1906-07 ...	941,265	62,36,683	4,20,760	66,57,443	58,86,298	2,91,522	61,89,820	1,05,592

* Excludes *Gaonbura* remission Rs. 96,330 and deductions after settlement Rs. 2,410 and includes *Tanzibahir* revenue Rs. 851.

IIIE.

19 and 22 of the text.]

(including Malikana) of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1907—1908.

Net Balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
370	2	372	34	338	99·93	99·32	99·93	2,988	.....	.....	99·93
2,00,250	10,717	2,10,967	119	2,10,848	62·73	95·3	72·14	3,495	.....	7,867	73·47
89,294	2,946	92,240	...	92,240	75·54	96·46	79·43	51,799	.....	.....	.....
2,89,544	13,663	3,03,207	119	3,03,088	67·91	95·61	75·02	55,234	.....	7,867	75·67
2,89,914	13,665	3,03,579	153	3,03,426	79·50	95·62	82·41	58,042	.....	7,867	82·87
22	...	22	22	...	99·98	100·00	99·98	145	22	.....	99·98
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	..	100·00	.....	.....	.....	100·00
22	...	22	22	..	99·98	100·00	99·98	145	22	.....	99·98
32,009	1,354	33,459	7,976	25,477	97·06	35·72	95·93	.....	6,926	14,734	97·60
682	1,253	1,935	1,250	685	99·91	54·14	99·72	64	.....	.....	99·73
9,025	17	9,042	...	9,042	98·19	54·15	98·19	.....	6,888	.....	99·56
402	4,266	4,668	3,047	1,621	99·97	44·27	99·30	395	.....	.....	99·39
16,057	8	16,065	...	16,065	97·67	43·24	96·73	.....	.....	216	96·76
58,287	6,898	65,185	12,295	52,890	98·64	40·92	96·86	604	13,836	14,950	98·03
2,58,907	17,647	2,76,554	12,448	2,64,076	95·56	84·70	95·09	6,847	13,836	22,817	95·51
89,294	2,946	92,240	...	92,240	76·29	96·47	79·95	51,799	.....	.....	79·95
3,48,201	20,593	3,68,794	12,448	3,56,346	94·44	87·37	94·02	58,646	13,836	22,817	94·56
3,30,345	25,716	3,62,031	31,147	3,30,884	94·57	69·28	92·97	39,389	19,012	14,526	93·49

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Proceedings under the

Division and District.		Estates or shares of estates which became liable to sale.	Total number of Estates and shares sold.				Estates and shares of estates purchased by Government.		
			Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	Whole estates	148	32	103	71	5,167	1	1	1
	Shares	93	15	1,488	322	5,521	...	...	...
Mymensingh	Whole estates	247	6	28	18	3,886	...	...	...
	Shares	242	8	238	19	14,150	...	...	...
Faridpur	Whole estates	499	31	2,374	538	9,050	1	301	50
	Shares	118	5	734	481	786	...	...	...
Bakarganj	Whole estates	299	17	4,787	2,508	7,860	...	...	...
	Shares	163	14	2,247	615	4,030	1	19	1
Total	Whole estates	893	86	7,292	3,155	25,963	2	302	51
	Shares	616	42	4,707	1,437	24,487	1	19	1
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	Whole estates	4,898	381	4,672	3,343	80,201	29	303	29
	Shares	333	27	984	474	6,314	...	...	...
Tippera	Whole estates	64	1	26	3	50	...	...	...
	Shares	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	Whole estates	23	3	27	34	1,385	...	...	...
	Shares	48	7	1,725	689	1,601	...	...	...
Total	Whole estates	4,985	385	4,725	3,380	81,636	29	303	29
	Shares	446	34	2,709	1,163	7,915	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	Whole estates	21	1	11	10	850	...	...	...
	Shares	43	2	11	13	45	...	...	...
Dinajpur	Whole estates	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	12	1	23	4	510	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	Whole estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	Whole estates	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	15	1	41	26	530	...	...	...
Bogra	Whole estates	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	Whole estates	60	8	194	75	2,141	...	...	...
	Shares	79	4	61	26	1,451	...	...	...
Malda	Whole estates	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	Whole estates	122	9	205	85	2,991	...	...	...
	Shares	181	8	136	69	2,536	...	...	...
Grand Total 1907—08	Whole estates	6,000	480	12,222	6620	1,10,590	31	605	80
	Shares	1,237	84	7,552	2,069	34,938	1	19	1
1906—07	Whole estates	5,676	204	18,646	10,338	1,11,563	46	7,221	17
	Shares	1,207	86	8,867	2,000	16,695	...	...	...

Proceedings under the

IVA.

24 of the text.]

Sale Law, 1907—1908.

Balance in favour of defaulters.	Balance not covered by sale.	Deposits forfeited.		Number of appeals.	Sales annulled.			Recommended to Government for annulment.		
		Number.	Amount forfeited.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
4,998	1	4	43	9	1	2	5	3	62	36
5,146	...	2	17	8	2	7	10	...	...	...
3,851	...	1	5	3	1	20	8	1	20	
14,108	...	...	...	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
8,012	40	1	34	11	7	11	9	...	...	...
21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,075	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,256	13	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
21,936	41	6	82	26	9	33	22	4	82	44
22,531	13	2	17	11	3	9	12	1	2	2
76,857	213	39	159	20	6	319	145	1	1	1
5,891	...	4	41	6	2	41	61	...	...	...
43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	23	12	...	...	...
1,351	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
912	...	...	...	1	1	6	1	1	6	1
78,251	213	39	159	21	6	319	145	1	1	1
6,803	...	4	41	7	4	70	74	1	6	1
836	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
506	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,962	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,439	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,798	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,970	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,02,985	254	45	241	47	15	352	167	5	83	45
31,304	13	6	58	20	7	79	86	2	8	3
1,07,521	7,183	15	471	25	4	335	90	1	15	2
14,396	...	3	11	12	3	55	176	...	...	...

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Working of the Certificate

Division and District.	Of all kinds under Section 5, Act I (B. C.) of 1895.						To realize arrears of rent due to Government, clause (*g*), section 7 (1).					
	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dacca Division.												
Dacca	38	103	141	97	44	3	51	383	434	409	25	6
Mymensingh	6	75	81	65	16	...	19	102	121	116	5	...
Faridpur	3	12	15	14	1	...	259	1,488	1,747	896	851	25
Bakarganj	13	36	49	32	17	...	85	206	291	247	44	2
Total ...	66	226	286	208	78	3	414	2,179	2,593	1,668	925	33
Chittagong Division.												
Chittagong	58	254	312	217	95	12	1,459	5,656	7,115	5,397	1,718	89
Tippera	10	39	49	47	2	...	25	350	375	198	177	...
Noakhali	9	42	51	42	9	...	104	1,947	2,051	1,326	725	...
Tota ...	77	335	412	306	106	12	1,588	7,953	9,541	6,921	2,620	89
Rajshahi Division.												
Rajshahi	...	2	2	1	1	...	81	43	124	106	18	1
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	...	...
Jalpaiguri	3	...	3	2	1	1	24	146	170	118	52	17
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	..	..	14	47	61	61	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	..	21	49	70	63	7	1
Pabna	5	16	21	15	6	...	321	413	734	701	33	1
Malda	1	11	12	10	2	...	3	197	200	182	18	12
Total ...	9	29	38	28	10	1	464	897	1,361	1,233	128	32
Grand Total ... 1907-08 ...	146	590	736	542	194	16	2,466	11,029	13,495	9,822	3,673	154
1906-07 ...	182	612	794	648	146	16	3,508	6,828	10,436	7,970	2,466	207

IV.B.

25 of the text.]

Procedure, 1907–1908.

All other certificates made under section 7(1).						TOTAL.						Remarks.
Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
691	3,683	4.374	2,899	1,475	131	780	4,169	4,949	3,405	1,544	140	
557	4,613	5,170	4,404	766	63	582	4,790	5,372	4,585	787	63	
809	2,051	2,860	1,931	929	8	1,071	3,551	4,622	2,841	1,781	33	
1,447	3,084	4,531	2,596	1,935	109	1,545	3,326	4,871	2,875	1,996	111	
3,504	13,431	16,935	11,830	5,105	311	3,978	15,836	19,814	13,706	6,108	347	
1,508	6,900	8,408	7,048	1,360	58	3,025	12,810	15,835	12,662	3,173	159	
3,720	4,014	7,734	5,421	2,313	373	3,755	4,403	8,158	5,666	2,492	373	
195	1,133	1,328	997	331	4	308	3,122	3,430	2,365	1,065	4	
5,423	12,047	17,470	13,466	4,004	435	7,088	20,335	27,423	20,693	6,730	536	
109	502	611	514	97	9	190	547	737	621	116	10	
324	767	1,091	670	421	...	324	769	1,093	672	421	...	
52	122	174	161	13	1	79	268	347	281	66	19	
424	1,296	1,720	1,321	399	1	438	1,343	1,781	1,382	399	1	
90	447	537	398	139	...	111	496	607	461	146	1	
239	1,062	1,301	1,092	209	24	565	1,491	2,056	1,808	248	25	
134	395	529	324	205	11	138	603	741	516	225	23	
1,372	4,591	5,963	4,480	1,483	46	1,845	5,517	7,362	5,741	1,621	79	
10,299	30,069	40,368	29,776	10,592	792	12,911	41,688	54,599	40,140	14,459	962	
6,115	27,487	33,602	23,303	10,299	205	9,905	34,927	44,832	31,921	12,911	428	

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC.

[*Vide* paragraph 27 of the text.]

Coercive means employed for the collection of the Land Revenue, 1907–1908.

Sub-division and District.		Number of revenue paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Silchar	Mauzas ...	28,191	520	3,146	1,064	677	...	6,220	132	1,422	...	3	99	1·84
	Tahsils ...	23,259	45	1,109	944	445	...	1,883	3	19	...	...	...	·20
	Total ...	51,450	565	4,255	2,008	1,122	...	8,103	135	1,441	...	3	99	1·09
Hailakandi	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	20,408	10	325	142	578	...	3,932	14	504	2	3	5	0·05
	Total ...	20,408	10	325	142	578	...	3,932	14	504	2	3	5	0·05
Total Cachar District	Mauzas ...	28,191	520	3,146	1,064	677	...	6,220	132	1,422	...	3	99	1·84
	Tahsils ...	43,667	55	1,434	1,086	1,023	...	5,815	17	523	2	3	5	0·13
	Total ...	71,858	575	4,580	2,150	1,700	—	12,035	149	1,945	2	6	104	0·80
North Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	53,546	...	...	...	2,783	...	39,559	12,340	1,33,402	180	90	2,653	...
	Total ...	53,546	...	...	...	2,783	...	39,559	12,340	1,33,402	180	90	2,653	...
South Sylhet	Mauzas ...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	19,599	...	...	...	666	...	29,140	225	11,240	71	59	5,153	...
	Total ...	19,599	...	...	...	666	...	29,140	225	11,240	71	59	5,153	...
Karimganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	21,066	...	...	...	2,209	...	31,029	979	11,315	50	25	53	...
	Total ...	21,066	...	...	...	2,209	...	31,029	979	11,315	50	25	53	...
Habiganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	11,269	...	...	...	382	...	5,995	2,463	34,242	...	83	5,068	...
	Total ...	11,269	...	...	...	382	...	5,995	2,463	34,242	...	83	5,068	...
Sunamganj	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	3,084	...	...	...	258	...	21,197	1,271	17,916	7	20	285	...
	Total ...	3,084	...	...	...	258	...	21,197	1,271	17,916	7	20	285	...
Total Sylhet District	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	1,08,564	...	...	...	6,298	...	1,26,920	17,278	2,08,115	308	277	13,212	...
	Total ...	1,08,564	...	...	...	6,298	...	1,26,920	17,278	2,08,115	308	277	13,212	...
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS	Mauzas ...	28,191	520	3,146	1,064	677	...	6,220	132	1,422	...	3	99	1·84
	Tahs s ...	1,52,231	55	1,434	1,086	7,321	...	1,32,735	17,295	2,08,638	310	280	13,217	·03
	Total ...	1,80,422	575	4,580	2,150	7,998	...	1,38,955	17,427	2,10,060	310	283	13,316	·31

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC—*Continued.*

Sub-Division and District.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Dhubri	Mauzas ...	16,015	125	753	698	55	1	682	1	1	1	1	2	78
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	16,015	125	753	698	55	1	682	1	1	1	1	2	78
Total Goalpara District.	Mauzas ...	16,015	125	753	698	55	1	682	1	1	1	1	2	78
	Tahsils —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	16,015	125	753	698	55	1	682	1	1	1	1	2	78
Barpeta	Mauzas ...	46,406	743	7,269	4,247	125	...	2,177	2	214	...	1	3	1·60
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	46,406	743	7,269	4,247	125	...	2,177	2	214	...	1	3	1·60
Gauhati	Mauzas ...	1,62,781	3,641	2,33,840	57,066	535	45	68,775	17	954	5	23	235	2·23
	Tahsils ...	...	84	...	...	84	87	682	...	...	...	16	112	...
	Total ...	1,62,781	3,725	2,33,840	57,066	619	132	69,457	17	954	5	39	347	...
Total Kamrup District.	Mauzas ...	2,09,187	4,384	2,41,109	61,313	660	45	70,952	19	1,168	5	24	238	2·09
	Tahsils ...	...	84	...	...	84	87	682	...	...	...	16	112	...
	Total ...	2,09,187	4,468	2,41,109	61,313	744	132	71,634	19	1,168	5	40	350	2·13
Mangaldai	Mauzas ...	73,759	1,052	20,626	7,915	95	4	6,941	1	47	...	...	...	1·42
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	46	...	436	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	73,759	1,052	20,626	7,915	141	4	7,377	1	47	...	...	...	1·42
Tezpur	Mauzas ...	74,046	6,715	53,103	38,074	1,642	25	11,359	31	1,069	8	2	221	9·06
	Tahsils ...	...	101	250	11	78	6	198	6	32	...	2	23	...
	Total ...	74,046	6,816	53,353	38,085	1,720	31	11,557	37	1,101	8	4	244	9·20
Total Darrang District.	Mouzas ...	1,47,805	7,767	73,729	45,989	1,737	29	18,300	32	1,116	8	2	221	5·25
	Tahsils ...	...	101	250	11	124	6	634	6	32	...	2	23	...
	Total ...	1,47,805	7,868	73,979	46,000	1,861	35	18,934	38	1,148	8	4	244	5·32
Total Nowgong District.	Mauzas ...	1,28,227	3,819	24,418	10,120	306	32	6,556	53	346	16	11	205	2·99
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1,28,227	3,819	24,418	10,120	306	52	6,556	53	346	16	11	205	2·99
Golaghat	Mauzas ...	54,246	3,402	26,037	17,195	1,245	...	8,842	63	3,353	...	9	73	6·27
	Tahsils ...	-	...	...	...	...	...	...	199	1,438	...	13	89	...
	Total ...	54,246	3,402	26,037	17,195	1,245	...	8,842	262	4,791	...	22	162	6·27
Jorhat	Mauzas ...	73,937	7,956	61,204	21,598	2,046	192	15,608	1	29	1	45	543	1·76
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	73,937	7,956	61,204	21,598	2,046	192	15,608	1	29	1	45	543	1·76

APPENDIX IVC—*Concluded.*

Sub-Division and District.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on owners of which notice of demand issued.	Revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be attached.		Arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of Cases in which Property had to be sold.		Arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Sibsagar Sadar	Mauzas ...	75,720	6,982	64,901	40,727	2,701	338	32,763	345	9,708	7	60	884	9·22
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	49	58	113	33	119	30	1	39	...
	Total ...	75,720	6,982	64,901	40,727	2,750	396	32,876	378	9,827	37	61	923	9·22
Total Sibsagar District	Mauzas ...	2,03,903	18,340	1,52,142	79,520	5,992	530	57,213	409	13,090	8	114	1,500	8·99
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	49	58	113	232	1,557	30	14	128	...
	Total ...	203,903	18,340	1,52,142	79,520	6,041	588	57,326	641	14,647	38	128	1,628	17·25
North Lakhimpur	Mauzas ...	38,737	3,247	32,519	11,354	792	...	8,325	150	1,170	58	16	596	8·38
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	38,737	3,247	32,519	11,354	792	...	8,325	150	1,170	58	16	596	8·38
Dibrugarh	Mauzas ...	63,999	6,298	48,515	32,555	771	...	15,960	22	633	...	15	174	9·84
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	63,999	6,298	48,515	32,555	771	...	15,960	22	633	...	15	174	9·84
Total Lakhimpur District	Mauzas ...	102,736	9,545	81,034	43,909	1,563	...	24,285	172	1,803	58	31	770	9·29
	Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	102,736	9,545	81,034	43,909	1,563	...	24,285	172	1,803	58	31	770	9·29
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS	Mauzas ...	807,873	43,980	5,73,185	2,41,549	10,313	657	1,77,988	686	17,524	96	183	2,936	5·44
	Tahsils ...	...	185	250	11	257	151	1,429	238	1,589	30	32	263	...
	Total ...	807,873	44,165	5,73,435	2,41,560	10,570	808	1,79,417	924	19,113	126	215	3,199	5·46
Grand Total	1907-08	988,295	44,740	5,78,015	2,43,710	18,568	808	3,18,372	18,351	2,29,173	436	498	16,515	5·77
	1906-07	940,951	45,026	6,55,750	3,07,969	21,850	1,760	3,06,668	12,725	1,75,353	418	432	17,627	4·78

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX IVD.

[*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.]

Processes served and their cost, 1907-1908.

Division and District.	Processes served.			Demand on account of process fees.		Process fees realised.	Process fees remitted.	Cost of process-serving establishment debitable to land revenue.
	Paid.	Unpaid.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
EASTERN BENGAL.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	18,983	19,796	38,779	14,207	80	14,161	...	11,723
Mymensingh	16,432	20,751	37,183	12,082	...	12,082	...	13,052
Faridpur	9,296	11,369	20,665	7,975	...	7,975	...	6,126
Bakarganj	22,310	8,032	30,342	16,252	1,876	18,128	...	14,048
Total ...	67,021	59,948	126,969	50,516	1,956	52,346	...	44,949
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong...	57,206	69,721	126,927	43,092	4,153	42,760	480	21,774
Tippera	18,320	13,397	31,717	9,520	...	9,520	...	5,758
Noakhali	25,045	4,412	29,457	12,656	31	12,687	...	6,380
Total ...	100,571	87,530	188,101	65,268	4,184	64,967	480	33,912
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	8,307	11,446	19,843	3,891	...	3,891	...	2,887
Dinajpur	1,923	2,456	4,379	1,467	...	1,467	...	2,369
Jalpaiguri	2,104	1,982	4,086	1,882	...	1,882	...	2,208
Rangpur	3,526	2,516	6,042	2,120	...	2,120	...	3,069
Bogra	2,923	925	3,848	1,622	...	1,622	...	2,612
Pabna	3,126	5,735	8,861	3,679	1,108	4,298	107	3,036
Malda	4,244	4,882	9,126	3,377	15	3,262	...	2,064
Total ...	26,243	29,942	56,185	18,038	1,123	18,542	107	18,245
Total Eastern Bengal 1907—08	193,835	177,420	371,255	1,33,822	7,263	1,35,855	587	97,106
1906—07	172,691	154,726	327,417	1,24,120	6,489	1,24,287	1,136	96,441
ASSAM.								
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	4,872	1,980	6,852	6,723	451	6,618	146	4,268
Sylhet	31,661	16,714	47,772	29,673	2,593	26,226	180	9,133
Total ...	36,533	18,091	54,624	36,396	3,044	32,844	326	13,401
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	654	392	1,046	657	32	608	7	1,593
Kamrup	6,640	6,502	13,142	6,077	6,156	7,347	683	2,569
Darrang	2,798	1,406	4,204	5,114	2,728	4,134	146	1,529
Nowgong	1,582	1,795	3,377	2,176	922	2,596	79	1,707
Sibsagar	7,727	9,004	16,731	14,524	4,815	12,484	705	4,831
Lakhimpur	8,444	3,963	12,407	6,688	241	6,598	113	2,434
Total ...	27,845	23,062	50,907	35,236	14,894	33,767	1,733	14,594
Total Assam ... 1907—08	64,378	41,153	105,531	71,632	17,938	66,611	2,059	27,995
1906—07	68,478	31,819	100,297	74,159	22,905	64,485	10,566	28,433
Provincial Grand Total 1907—08 ...	258,213	218,573	476,786	2,05,454	25,201	2,02,466	2,646	1,25,101
1906—07 ...	241,169	186,545	427,714	1,98,279	29,394	1,88,772	11,702	1,24,874

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APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs 29-35

Collections, Remissions and Balances

DISTRICTS.	C	O	L	L	E	C
	Fisheris.	Poll-tax.	House-tax.	Lime quarries.	Stone quarries.	Coal mines.	Mineral oil.	Sale of Govern-ment Estates.	Sale of waste land leases and redemp-tion of land revenue.	Quit rent of tributary *mahals*.	Survey fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regula-tion).	Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation,)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	756	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	12,426	...	8,042	...	...	...	...	...	432	...	...	...
Sylhet	64,990	2,396	...	...	456	...	280	...	...	...	4,061	665
Goalpara	1,588	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	44,355	...	2,122	...	...	...	...	...	469	...	160	5
Darrang	8,626	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	794	...	2,382	...
Nowgong	12,768	...	13,727	...	...	...	...	...	121	...	13	...
Sibsagar	27,706	...	9,697	...	...	23	...	...	480	...	3,606	7
Lakhimpur	10,405	8,034	497	...	...	42,820	17,908	...	2,896	...	3,143	4
Total ... 1907—1908	1,83,620	10,430	34,085	...	456	42,845	18,196	...	5,212	...	13,365	687
1906—1907	1,77,602	10,557	34,236	...	200	40,479	19,919	405	4,290	...	12,332	671

V.

of the text.]

on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue, 1907-1908.

T		I		O		N		S						
		Fees under				Fines under								
Partition fees.	Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation.	Regulation VIII of 1819.	Act VII (B. C.) of 1876.	Act VIII of 1885.	Act XI of 1859.	Act V (B.C.) of 1875.	Act XX of 1848.	Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges.	Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894.	Other miscellaneous items not specified above.	Total.	Remissions.	Balances.	Payment in advance for future years.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. (a)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
20,165	...	...	54	...	324	...	...	309	...	2,104	22,968	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	533	...	...	...	...	65	598	...	...	...
1,274	...	3	...	5	130	...	...	...	...	194	1,612	...	...	...
1,229	...	10	152	209	121	...	520	6,71,423	447	1,245	6,75,356	9	265	(b) 54,931
...	...	5	4	1,897	139	...	...	...	...	7,290	10,099	...	...	...
2,403	...	41	106	...	402	...	...	2	...	80,294	83,248	7,896	3,661	...
...	...	13	22	...	57	...	...	...	...	287	379	...	...	...
6,127	...	2	68	...	198	...	...	...	...	1,839	8,234	...	1,705	...
601	...	...	110	...	122	...	...	10,000	...	659	11,492	...	...	...
713	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,477	25,214	...	103	...
1,395	...	...	104	1,035	32	108	...	...	223	60	2,957	...	...	...
...	...	11	7	2	613	...	...	...	...	1,299	1,932	...	...	...
1,984	...	...	39	872	559	...	...	624	...	180	4,258	...	1	...
...	...	...	125	...	271	...	...	...	...	80	476	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	214	...	977	22,091	92	947	2,559
...	234	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	239	73,321	99	6,206	17,561
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	199	1,787	...	...	520
837	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	241	48,189	...	414	14,341
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	404	12,219	...	186	3,823
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	26,668	...	363	3,471
135	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	41,825	141	579	7,534
21	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	85,988	219	385	2,877
36,889	521	85	815	4,020	3,501	108	520	6,82,572	670	1,22,314	11,60,911	8,456	14,815	1,07,617
11,813	621	452	1,170	5,162	3,010	7	561	4,29,417	19	75,396	8,28,319	2,235	1,91,348(c)	45,743

(a) Special Settlement and Survey advances. (b) Excess collections. (c) Revised Figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VI.

[*Vide* paragraph 36 of the text].

Sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates.

Division and District.	Sold in 1907—1908.				Total sold to end of 1907—1908.			
	Number of Estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.	Number of Estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realized.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca Division.								
Dacca	...	...	...	...	1,598	161,079	1,03,370	11,53,566
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	310	78,239	27,460	3,25,152
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	304	35,076	22,334	1,00,935
Bakarganj	1	·330	...	75	369	33,177	42,088	1,76,395
Total ...	1	·330	...	75	2,581	307,571	1,95,252	17,56,048
Chittagong Division.								
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	93	16,772	14,246	41,173
Tippera	...	...	...	...	271	106,721	2,16,985	17,14,105
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	68	80,443	1,27,583	4,12,512
Total ...	...	...	...	...	432	203,936	3,58,814	21,67,790
Rajshahi Division.								
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	77	13,825	11,697	1,11,577
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	26	24,901	34,048	1,32,152
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	12	1,414	9,742	54,850
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	...	...	...	...	29	14,726	10,893	82,481
Malda	...	...	...	...	52	32,823	31,505	1,43,273
Total ...	...	...	...	...	196	87,689	97,885	5,24,333
Surma Valley Districts.								
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.								
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	1	·330	...	75	3,209	599,196	6,51,951	44,48,171

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX VII.

[*Vide* paragraph 76 of the text.]

Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue existing in the Province.

District and class of Tenure.	Area.			Estimated land revenue calculated at ordinary rates.			Actual land revenue paid.			Amount of assignment or alienation.		
	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Surma Valley Districts.												
Cachar — Baksha	677	20	697	934	42	976	...	...	...	934	42	976
Cachar — Lakhiraj	...	462	462	...	805	805	...	...	...	...	805	805
Cachar — Land for temples and Mosques	...	2	2	...	143	143	...	5	5	...	138	138
Sylhet — Lakhiraj	...	7,182	7,182	...	7,187	7,187	...	...	...	...	7,187	7,187
Sylhet — Nisf-khiraj	...	82	82	...	51	51	...	30	30	...	21	21
Total Surma Valley Districts	677	7,748	8,425	934	8,228	9,162	...	35	35	934	8,193	9,127
Assam Valley Districts.												
Kamrup — Nisf-khiraj	...	146,519	146,519	...	2,52,548	2,52,548	...	1,26,274	1,26,274	...	1,26,274	1,26,274
Kamrup — Lakhiraj	...	33,941	33,941	...	35,022	35,022	...	...	...	...	35,022	35,022
Kamrup — Gaonburas	2,477	...	2,477	6,416	...	6,416	...	...	...	6,416	...	6,416
Darrang — Lakhiraj (including six-pie Lakhiraj)	...	5,491	5,491	...	8,822	8,822	...	47	47	...	8,775	8,775
Darrang — Nisf-khiraj	...	31,099	31,099	...	33,484	33,484	...	16,742	16,742	...	16,742	16,742
Darrang — Pension lands	...	216	216	...	320	320	...	...	...	...	320	320
Darrang — Katakis	16	...	16	36	...	36	...	...	...	36	...	36
Darrang — Gaonburas	1,995	...	1,995	4,810	...	4,810	...	...	...	4,810	...	4,810
Nowgong — Lakhiraj	...	2,314	2,314	...	2,314	2,314	...	...	...	...	2,314	2,314
Nowgong — Nisf-khiraj	...	5,382	5,382	...	11,202	11,202	...	3,995	3,995	...	7,207	7,207
Nowgong — Gaonburas	1,527	...	1,527	3,072	...	3,072	...	....	...	3,072	...	3,072
Sibsagar — Lakhiraj	...	38,669	38,669	...	17,087	17,087	...	...	...	...	17,087	17,087
Sibsagar — Nisf-khiraj	...	5,016	5,016	...	11,210	11,210	...	5,605	5,605	...	5,605	5,605
Sibsagar — Pension lands	...	23	23	...	45	45	...	...	...	...	45	45
Sibsagar — Ten-twenties	...	97	97	...	384	384	...	337	337	...	47	47
Sibsagar — Nagakhats	754	...	754	1,997	...	1,997	...	...	...	1,997	...	1,997
Sibsagar — Gaonburas	2,424	...	2,424	7,490	...	7,490	...	...	...	7,490	...	7,490
Lakhimpur — Lakhiraj	...	2,628	2,628	...	5,981	5,981	...	...	...	...	5,981	5,981
Lakhimpur — Nisf-khiraj	...	1,241	1,241	...	3,456	3,456	...	1,728	1,728	...	1,728	1,728
Lakhimpur — Nagakhats	...	66	66	...	113	113	...	...	...	...	113	113
Lakhimpur — Tiphuk Mahanta	...	177	177	...	329	329	...	...	...	...	329	329
Lakhimpur — Pension lands	...	66	66	...	216	216	...	92	92	...	124	124
Lakhimpur — Chaukidars & Katakis	125	...	125	283	...	283	...	...	...	283	...	283
Lakhimpur — Gaonburas	1,761	...	1,761	4,400	...	4,400	...	...	...	4,400	...	4,400
Total Assam Valley Districts	11,079	272,945	284,024	28,504	3,82,533	4,11,037	...	1,54,820	1,54,820	29,504	2,27,713	2,56,217
Total Assam	11,756	280,693	292,449	29,438	3,90,761	4,20,199	...	1,54,855	1,54,855	29,438	2,35,906	2,65,344
Grand Total 1907-08	11,756	280,693	292,449	29,438	3,90,761	4,20,199	...	1,54,855	1,54,855	29,438	2,35,906	2,65,344
Grand Total 1906-07	10,903	281,113	292,016	29,352	3,92,004	4,21,356	...	1,54,674	1,54,674	29,352	2,37,330	2,66,682

Figures for permanently-settled tracts of Eastern Bengal and Assam have been excluded.—*Vide* paragraph 15 of India Government Resolution quoted in pages 57—58 of the Government Estates Manual, 1902.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 40 of the text.]

Cost of Management of Estates held direct by Government for the year 1907—1908.

Division.	District.	Total cost of management.	Percentage of cost of management on current demand.	Total cost of collection.	Percentage of cost of collection on current demand.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca ...	Dacca	2,228	7·4	1,483	4·97
	Mymensingh	1,918	7·1	1,822	6·7
	Faridpur	17,998	11·6	11,998	7·8
	Bakarganj	32,897	7·1	20,931	4·7
	Total ...	55,041	8·1	37,234	5·5
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	50,285	7·7	50,285	7·7
	Tippera	6,205	9·8	6,205	9·28
	Noakhali	18,700	9	11,652	5·6
	Total	75,190	7·6	68,142	6·9
Rajshahi ...	Rajshahi	332	5·8	332	5·2
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	26,324	5·8	13,102	2·9
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	11,453	19·1	7,635	12·7
	Pabna	3,026	9·3	2,135	6·6
	Malda	2,732	10·3	2,394	9·0
	Total	43,867	7·6	25,658	4·4
	Grand Total	1,74,098	7·7	1,31,034	5·8

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX VIIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 40 of the text.

Expenditure incurred on Estates under direct management, 1907—1908.

Division.	District.	Management.	Miscellaneous improvements (including agricultural improvements and experiments).	Sanitary improvements.	Total.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Grant sanctioned by the Board.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	Dacca	2,228	...	526	2,754	526	3,362
	Mymensingh	1,918	550	450	2,918	1,000	2,970
	Faridpur	17,998	1,610	3,217	22,825	4,827	19,548
	Bakarganj	32,897	16,870	6,280	56,047	23,150	67,493
	Total ...	55,041	19,030	10,473	84,544	29,503	93,373
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	50,285	26,232	4,333	80,850	30,565	85,577
	Tippera	6,205	928	...	7,133	928	7,852
	Noakhali	18,700	1,643	3,462	23,805	5,105	24,016
	Total ...	75,190	28,803	7,795	1,11,788	36,598	1,17,445
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	332	69	951	1,352	1,020	1,258
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	26,324	14,891	3,331	44,546	18,222	41,101
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	11,453	2,593	1,592	15,638	4,185	14,657
	Pabna	3,026	370	530	3,926	900	3,682
	Malda	2,732	627	38	3,397	665	3,738
	Total ...	43,867	18,550	6,442	68,859	24,992	64,436
	Grand Total, ...	1,74,098	66,383	24,710	2,65,191	91,093	2,75,254

APPENDIX IXA.

[*Vide* paragraph 47 of the text.]

Intermediate Registration under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876, 1907–1908.

Division and District.	Number of interests on registers at beginning of year.	Applications.			Percentage of column 5 (applications granted during year) on column 2.	Number of old interests removed.	Number of new interests entered.	Total number of interests at close of year.	Total number of applications for disposal.	Total number of cases disposed of during year.	Applications pending.		
		Pending from previous year.	Made during year.	Granted during year.							More than 6 months.	Less than 6 months.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Dacca Division.													
Dacca	65,032	974	3,540	3,363	5·17	2,804	3,210	65,438	4,514	3,769	...	745	745
Mymensingh	69,043	1,176	6,487	5,868	8·50	6,695	12,218	74,566	7,663	6,246	...	1,417	1,417
Faridpur	41,325	371	2,242	2,152	5·20	2,348	2,544	41,521	2,613	2,286	...	327	327
Bakarganj	28,582	450	1,639	1,730	6·05	1,664	2,243	29,161	2,089	1,817	...	272	272
Total ...	203,982	2,971	13,908	13,113	6·42	13,511	20,215	210,686	16,879	14,118	...	2,761	2,761
Chittagong Division.													
Chittagong	387,552	2,573	16,671	13,080	3·37	15,607	13,080	385,025	21,244	14,301	4,015	2,925	6,940
Tippera	17,221	268	1,052	1,051	6·10	1,399	1,525	17,347	1,320	1,110	...	210	210
Noakhali	8,896	103	455	463	5·20	571	640	8,965	558	480	...	78	78
Total ...	413,669	2,944	20,178	14,594	3·52	17,577	15,245	411,337	23,122	15,891	4,015	3,213	7,228
Rajshahi Division.													
Rajshahi	8,128	138	630	574	7·06	545	656	8,239	768	597	...	171	171
Dinajpur	3,944	42	159	150	3·80	110	161	3,995	201	156	...	45	45
Jalpaiguri	704	4	36	37	5·25	41	223	886	40	38	...	2	2
Rangpur	3,251	40*	193	145	4·46	157	181	3,275	233	206	...	27	27
Bogra	3,972	71	291	317	7·98	318	388	4,042	362	317	...	45	45
Pabna	17,104	256	1,210	944	5·51	1,036	1,309	17,377	1,466	1,086	...	380	380
Malda	3,403	61	161	164	4·80	140	265	3,528	222	187	...	35	35
Total ...	40,506	612	2,680	2,331	5·75	2,347	3,183	41,312	3,292	2,587	...	705	705
Grand Total	658,157	6,527	36,766	30,038	4·56	33,435	38,643	663,365	43,293	32,599	4,015	6,679	10,694

* Revised figures.

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IXB.

[*Vide* paragraph 48 of the text.]

Registration of changes amongst proprietors and land-holders, 1907—1908.

Division and District.	NUMBER OF CASES FOR DISPOSAL IN COURT.					Number of cases disposed of locally by summary procedure.	AREA (*Acres*) TRANSFERRED.				Total number of Estates liable to mutation.	Percentage of cases disposed of in Court and locally during year to total number of estates.
	Pending from previous year.	Instituted during year.	Disposed of during year.		Balance pending at close of year.		By Mortgage.		By Sale			
			Contested.	Uncontested.			With permission.	Without permission.	Voluntary.	By order of court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Surma Valley Districts.							Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Cachar	248	1,831	349	1,543	187	9,259	8	...	6,341	16	67,660	16·48
Sylhet	706	2,475	348	2,465	368	11,334	99	...	5,916	2,691	1,02,832	13·75
Total ...	954	4,306	697	4,008	555	20,593	107	...	12,257	2,707	1,70,492	14·83
Assam Valley Districts.												
Goalpara	...	27	4	7	16	25	...	...	183	...	1,307	2·71
Kamrup...	2,109	2,624	422	3,314	997	4,716	251	...	15,333	462	1,17,367	7·20
Darrang	5	30	1	22	12	...	...	...	362	60	59,303	·04
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	366 *	2,110	279	1,467	730	3,050	27	7	7,616	142	1,45,894	3·28
Lakhimpur	87	437	85	365	74	4,117	32	12	1,428	149	36,536	12·50
Total ...	2,567	5,228	791	5,175	1,829	11,908	310	19	24,922	813	3,60,407	4·96
Grand Total ...	3,521	9,534	1,488	9,183	2,384	32,501	417	19	37,179	3,520	5,30,899	8·13

* Revised figures.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of separate accounts under Act XI of 1859

Division and District.	Undivided Shares.						Applications for disposal.
	Separate accounts opened (section 10) during year.		Closed during year.		Remaining open at close of year.		
	Number.	Government revenue of new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dacca Division.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	143	3,575	76	3,006	6,917	1,30,604	36
Mymensingh	133	1,346	21	246	4,908	1,73,100	162
Faridpur	59	1,353	...	...	2,261	1,22,114	10
Bakarganj	19	3,061	...	...	1,565	3,65,504	22
Total ...	354	9,335	97	3,252	15,651	8,00,322	230
Chittagong Division.							
Chittagong	71	1,065	2	140	2,825	72,819	19
Tippera	79	4,896	...	...	2,336	2,27,167	17
Noakhali	9	304	...	...	851	1,88,126	10
Total ...	159	6,265	2	140	6,012	4,88,112	46
Rajshahi Division.							
Rajshahi	17	700	...	...	1,788	2,81,467	9
Dinajpur	11	31,149	9	20,637	354	2,60,504	2
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	26	1,914	...
Rangpur	9	841	...	...	282	1,80,243	8
Bogra	12	1,529	5	224	563	1,53,637	17
Pabna	64	14,626	11	1,599	2,527	1,35,548	90
Malda	21	1,880	...	...	268	74,846	2
Total ...	134	50,725	25	22,460	5,808	10,88,099	128
Grand Total 1907—08	647	66,325	124	25,852	27,471	23,76,533	404
Grand Total 1906—07	640	33,055	89	14,545	26,948	23,36,060	313

IXC.

49 of the text.]

and Act VII (B.C.) of 1876, 1907—1908.

Specific Shares.							Complex Shares.						
Separate Accounts opened (section 11) during year.		Closed during year.		Remaining open at close of year.		Applications for disposal.	Separate accounts opened [section 70 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876] during year.		Closed during year.		Remaining open at close of year.		Applications for disposal.
Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.		Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
2	58	...	...	70	1,008	18	30	399	...	...	503	13,920	...
2	925	...	...	255	5,494	2	61	188	9	41	2,058	22,982	101
...	...	...	...	16	4,624	...	4	41	...	...	40	2,612	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...
4	983	...	...	341	11,126	20	95	631	9	41	2,602	39,519	103
...	...	...	...	388	9,869	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	2	1,258	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	390	11,127	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
...	...	...	...	25	18,196	...	...	...	...	...	101	5,825	...
...	...	...	...	14	4,997	...	...	...	...	...	29	8,989	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	994	...	...	80	62,226	...	12	1,743	...	...	125	33,656	1
1	454	...	...	22	9,290	1	5	573	2	110	454	64,521	9
...	...	...	...	40	6,992	...	30	899	13	800	1,206	51,167	55
...	...	...	...	11	6,331	...	3	267	2	192	42	4,203	...
3	1,448	...	...	192	1,08,032	1	50	3,482	17	1,102	1,957	1,68,361	65
7	2,431	...	...	923	1,30,285	21	145	4,113	26	1,143	4,570	2,08,172	168
16	190	1	33	916	1,27,854	7	141	3,465	26	1,077	4,451	2,05,202	71

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IXD

[*Vide* paragraph 50 of the text.]

Registration of tenures protected in case of the sale of the parent estate under Act XI of 1859 for arrears of revenue.

Division and District.	Registered during the year.		Registered to the end of the year.	
	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser including Government (section 42).
1	2	3	4	5
Dacca Division.				
Dacca	18	3	1,335	28
Mymensingh	7	...	164	3
Faridpur	...	...	125	3
Bakarganj	...	...	104	...
Total ...	25	3	1,728	34
Chittagong Division.				
Chittagong	21	...	268	7
Tippera	...	...	532	3
Noakhali	2	...	84	...
Total ...	23	...	884	10
Rajshahi Division.				
Rajshahi	...	...	198	13
Dinajpur	...	...	160	3
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	127	11
Bogra	...	...	126	2
Pabna	...	...	117	2
Malda	...	...	7	1
Total ...	...	...	735	32
Grand Total ...	48	3	3,347	76

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX X.

[*Vide* paragraphs 51—53 of the text.]

Disposal of Partition Cases, 1907—1908.

Division.	District.		Pending at close of previous year.	Instituted during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7
EASTERN BENGAL.							
Dacca	Dacca		69	13	82	30	52
	Mymensingh		59	9	68	14	54
	Faridpur		9	10	19	...	19
	Bakarganj		3	8	11	...	11
	Total ...	1907—08	140	40	180	44	136
		1906—07	142	29	171	31	140
Chittagong	Chittagong		...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera		20	5	25	1	24
	Noakhali		...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1907—08	20	5	25	1	24
		1906—07	21	5	26	6	20
Rajshahi	Rajshahi		9	1	10	1	9
	Dinajpur		2	...	2	...	2
	Jalpaiguri		...	1	1	...	1
	Rangpur		* 16	...	16	9	7
	Bogra		...	...	...	...	...
	Pabna		6	...	6	3	3
	Malda		4	...	4	...	4
	Total ...	1907—08	37	2	39	13	26
		1906—07	33	7	40	4	36
	TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL	1907—08	* 197	47	244	58	186
		1906—07	196	41	237	41	196
ASSAM.							
Surma Valley Districts ...	Cachar		9	3	12	9	3
	Sylhet		15	41	56	16	40
	Total ...	1907—08	24	44	68	25	43
		1906—07	22	19	41	17	24
Assam Valley Districts ...	Goalpara		...	...	...	...	...
	Kamrup		163	136	299	102	197
	Darrang		* 5	2	7	3	4
	Nowgong		...	...	...	...	...
	Sibsagar		26	74	100	55	45
	Lakhimpur		2	14	16	11	5
	Total ...	1907—08	* 196	226	422	171	251
		1906—07	144	215	359	166	193
	TOTAL ASSAM	1907—08	220	270	490	196	294
		1906—07	166	234	400	183	217
Provincial		1907—08	417	317	734	254	480
Grand Total		1906—07	362	275	637	224	413

* Revised figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XI.

[*Vide* paragraph 54 of the text.]

Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them, 1907—1908.

No.	Purpose for which the lands were taken up.	Area of land acquired.			Revenue abated.			Cash compensation paid including other charges.
1	2	3			4			5
		A.	r.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.
1	Government	1,031	3	3	55	1	11	1,95,089
2	Municipalities	7	0	27	2	12	1	7,429
3	District or Local Boards	232	3	23	30	3	8	60,363
4	Railways	1,320	2	23	738		1	96,191
5	Other local or public bodies	7	3	20	4	14	...	4,952
	Total 1907—1908 ...	2,600	1	16	831	8	9	3,64,024
	Total 1906—1907 ...	2,969	3	13	2,806	9	4	4,97,521

APPENDIX XIIA.

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Operations under the Bengal Tenancy

Division and District.	Transfer of Tenures.			Commutation of rent payable in kind, Section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, Sections 69 and 70.
	(a) Voluntary, Section 12 (3).	(b) By decree sale, Sections 13 (2) and 14.	(c) By succession, Section 15.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dacca Division.					
Dacca	2,168	19	74	...	...
Mymensingh	1,469	...	68	...	1
Faridpur	1,039	29	198	...	...
Bakarganj	11,206	166	519	1,083	...
Total ...	15,882	214	859	1,083	1
Chittagong Division.					
Chittagong	20,907	176	121	...	...
Tippera	2,454	154	124	...	...
Noakhali	4,797	166	250	...	...
Total ...	28,158	496	495	...	...
Rajshahi Division.					
Rajshahi	482	1	31	...	...
Dinajpur	222	...	22	...	...
Jalpaiguri	369	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	261	5	18	...	...
Bogra	249	...	10	...	...
Pabna	504	19	28	...	...
Malda	100	...	1	11	...
Total ...	2,187	25	110	11	...
Grand Total	46,227	735	1,464	1,094	1
Total of previous financial year ...	44,253	1,058	1,559	12	1

XII A.

67—68 of the text.]

Act VIII of 1885, 1907-08.

Registration of improvements, Section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, Section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by landlords, Section 87 (2).	Written permission to landlords to measure land under Section 90.	Applications by Collectors for appointment of common manager under Section 93.	Applications made for a survey and record-of-rights under Chapter X.	Application made for survey and record of proprietor's private lands under Chapter XI.	Local enquiries held by order of a Civil Court, Section 158.	Local enquiries held under Section 31.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	12	...	...	...	...	4	10
21	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	41
66	1	25	...	...	...	...	4	51
4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	32
5	...	62	...	...	1	...	...	10
9	...	64	...	...	5	...	...	102
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	2	...	...	4	...	1	...
...	...	160	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	180	...	...	4	...	1	2
75	1	269	...	...	9	...	5	155
103	5	67	...	1	6	...	1	59

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX XIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 69 of the text.]

Receipts and payments of landlords' fees under sections 12 to 15 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Division and District.	Amount received during year.	Amount paid out to landlord or other person duly authorized on his behalf to receive it.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	
DACCA DIVISION.			
Dacca	3,540	24	·67
Mymensingh	2,548	...	...
Faridpur	2,714	12	·44
Bakarganj	32,447	313	·96
Total ...	41,249	349	·84
CHITTAGONG DIVISION			
Chittagong	21,299	5,352	25·12
Tippera	3,283	28	·85
Noakhali	8,722	878	10·06
Total ...	33,304	6,258	18·76
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.			
Rajshahi	1,610	293	18·19
Dinajpur	634	...	...
Jalpaiguri	420	...	...
Rangpur	1,035	...	...
Bogra	441	4	·9
Pabna	872	20	2·3
Malda	156	...	...
Total ...	5,168	317	6·13
Grand Total ...	79,721	6,924	8·68

APPENDIX XIII.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph 4

Average prices (in seers per rupee) of common rice, wheat,

Division.	District.	Common rice.			Wheat.		
		1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.
Dacca Division	Dacca	9—11	7—5	7—11	10—11	9—1	8—6
	Mymensingh	9—7	7—9	7—12	9—9	5—13	6—15
	Faridpur	9—11	7—5	7—1	13—12	10—13	9—7
	Bakarganj	9—2	7—6	8—3	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.	Chittagong	10—9	8—9	8—12	...	...	...
	Tippera	7—6	6—9	7—8	...	...	...
	Noakhali	9—14	7—5	7—12	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division	Rajshahi	7—14	6—9	7—6	11—8	9—5	9—7
	Dinajpur	10—14	7—9	7—14	10—7	9—11	8—3
	Jalpaiguri	9—11	7—2	7—7	9—6	8—1	6—15
	Rangpur	9—10	6—11	6—11	11—7	11—3	7—9
	Bogra	10—1	7—6	7—6	11—7	10—4	8—8
	Pabna	9—9	7—4	7—3	11—6	10—6½	8—14
	Malda	8—8	6—8	7—8	11—8	10—0	9—8
Surma Valley Districts	Cachar	12—1	8—3	8—0	7—14	7—9	5—5
	Sylhet	11—0	7—0	7—12	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts	Goalpara	11—0	7—8	7—6	13—0	10—0	8—13
	Kamrup	13—2	7—6	8—4	8—9	7—11	6—10
	Darrang	12—14	8—10	7—11	7—10	6—15	6—5
	Nowgong	10—0	7—12	7—5	...	...	...
	Sibsagar	12—0	8—2	7—13	...	...	...
	Lakhimpur	12—0	7—10	8—10	7—10	7—6	5—7

XIII.

of the text.]

barley, gram, maize and salt for past three years.

Barley.			Gram.			Maize.			Salt.			Remarks.
1905—06.	1906—07.	1907—08.	1905—06.	1906—07.	1907—08.	1905—06.	1906—07.	1907—08.	1905—06.	1906—07.	1907—08.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	s. ch.	
18—13	12—11	13—14	12—9	10—3	9—3	...	...	...	13—11	14—10	17—0	
12—3	10—6	10—3	11—6	8—10	9—0	...	...	...	14—3	14—9	15—12	
25—12	14—7	16—14	10—8	8—0	9—2	...	...	...	14—0	16—2	17—0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13—12	15—10	15—4	
...	...	...	9—10	9—1	8—4	...	...	...	15—12	17—9	21—13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14—3	16—0	18—10	
...	...	...	12—0	8—4	8—5	...	...	...	15—5	13—12	18—10	
15—12	13—8	15—0	10—4	10—13	9—12	...	...	...	13—4	16—2	16—13	
...	...	9—4	12—½	10—7	8—15	...	...	...	14—0	14—6	17—0	
...	...	...	12—3	8—4	7—14	...	...	...	12—5	14—1	14—0	
...	...	...	11—1	9—6	7—14	...	...	...	12—14	12—12	15—4	
...	...	...	12—14	11—0	10—2	...	...	...	15—0	15—12	19—3	
...	...	...	12—12	10—3½	9—12	...	...	...	15—4	15—12	19—2	
20—0	13—0	16—0	12—8	10—8	10—0	16—4	12—0	11—4	14—0	15—0	18—0	
...	...	...	9—15	9—2	7—14	...	...	...	15—4	15—8	18—14	
...	...	...	10—0	9—0	8—0	...	...	...	14—0	15—0	17—0	
...	...	...	12—0	10—0	9—4	12—0	10—8	11—0	14—0	14—0	16—0	
...	...	...	11—0	9—4	8—7	...	...	...	13—0	12—10	16—13	
...	...	...	10—5	9—1	8—8	...	...	...	13—0	11—10	12—10	
...	...	...	9—0	7—8	7—8	...	...	...	12—0	11—12	15—4	
...	...	...	9—12	8—14	7—12	...	...	...	12—8	13—8	14—10	
...	...	...	10—3	8—9	7—11	...	...	...	10—4	10—14	13—2	

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XIVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 59 of the text.]

Loans made under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Amount advanced to Local Government by the Government of India.			Interest payable for the year by Local Government to the Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	
1	2	3	4
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
9,43,655	7,02,973	8,23,314	30,188·18

* Revised gures

APPENDIX XIVB.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of loans under the

Division and district.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EASTERN BENGAL.									
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	3,834	...	1,504	240	1,264	1,504	2,330	...	...
Bakarganj	655	...	480	...	480	480	175	...	...
Total ...	4,489	...	1,984	240	1,744	1,984	2,505	...	...
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	9,266	...	4,376	...	2,246	2,246	7,020	937	2,130
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	493	...	141	...	83	83	410	...	58
Total ...	9,759	...	4,517	...	2,329	2,329	7,430	937	2,188
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	450	...	450	...	450	450	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	450	...	450	...	450	450	...	...	...
Total Eastern Bengal ...	14,698	...	6,951	240	4,523	4,763	9,935	937	2,188
ASSAM.									
Surma Valley Districts.									
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.									
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...
Total Assam	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...
Grand Total	14,698	1,000	6,951	240	4,523	4,763	10,935	937	2,188

XIVB.

60 of the text.]

Land Improvement Loans Act.

Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	258	301	43	258	301	...	...	283	1,522	...	...
38	...	38	...	38	38	...	...	...	518	...	...
81	258	339	43	296	339	...	...	283	2,040	...	...
869	487	1,356	...	934	934	337	85	...	3,186	1,274	1,278
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	28	36	...	23	23	...	13	...	100	...	71
877	515	1,392	...	957	957	337	98	...	3,286	1,274	1,349
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	81	162	...	102	162	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	81	162	...	162	102	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,039	854	1,893	43	1,415	1,458	337	98	283	5,326	1,274	1,349
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,039	854	1,893	43	1,415	1,458	337	98	283	5,326	1,274	1,349

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

District details of loans under the

Division and District.	Principal.								
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EASTERN BENGAL.									
Dacca Division.									
Dacca	26,088	22,878	28,154	...	20,055	20,055	28,851	...	8,099
Mymensingh	43,601	52,154	35,369	...	33,839	33,839	61,916	...	1,530
Faridpur	38,496	22,705	26,202	...	23,243	23,243	37,958	434	2,525
Bakarganj	2,14,390	39,218	1,61,766	...	71,137	71,137	1,82,471	1,400	89,229
Total ...	3,22,525	1,36,955	2,51,491	...	1,48,274	1,48,274	3,11,206	1,834	1,01,383
Chittagong Division.									
Chittagong	14,428	...	11,854	...	8,970	8,970	5,458	...	2,884
Tippera	1,16,255	8,219	1,24,474	...	64,715	64,715	59,759	59,759	...
Noakhali	1,00,759	1,000	67,362	...	32,618	32,618	69,141	...	34,744
Total ...	2,31,442	9,219	2,03,690	...	1,06,303	1,06,303	1,34,358	59,759	37,628
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi	176	180	105	...	63	63	293	...	42
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	429	...	288	...	288	288	141	...	...
Bogra	4,587	9,160	4,475	...	2,495	2,495	11,252	...	1,980
Pabna	5,580	1,835	5,580	...	5,109	5,109	2,306	...	471
Malda	24,421	9,254	17,683	...	11,085	11,085	22,590	...	6,598
Total ...	35,193	20,429	28,131	...	19,040	19,040	36,582	...	9,091
TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL ...	5,89,160	1,66,603	4,83,312	...	2,73,617	2,73,617	4,82,146	61,593	1,48,102
ASSAM.									
Surma Valley Districts.									
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	2,27,085	10,383	1,97,088	...	1,10,981 (a)	1,10,981 (a)	1,26,587	...	86,408
Total ...	2,27,085	10,483	1,97,088	...	1,10,981	1,10,981	1,26,587	...	86,408
Assam Valley Districts.									
Goalpara	440	375	440	...	440 (c)	440 (c)	375	...	...
Kamrup	42,550	5,000	21,909	...	21,880 (e)	21,880 (e)	25,670	128	652
Darrang	* 24,717	270	15,341	65	12,090	12,155	12,832	986	3,282
Nowgong	14,364	13,152	9,955	9	6,758 (g)	6,767 (g)	20,749	2,425	763
Sibsagar	10,718	1,545	5,763	...	4,998 (h)	4,998 (h)	7,265	82	1,096
Lakhimpur	* 19,923	4,005	8,789	41	7,473	7,514	16,414	...	1,410
Total ...	1,12,712	24,347	62,197	115	53,639	53,754	83,305	3,621	7,203
TOTAL ASSAM ...	3,39,797	34,830	2,59,285	115	1,64,620	1,64,735	2,09,892	3,621	93,611
Grand Total	9,28,957	2,01,433	7,42,597	115	4,38,237	4,38,352	6,92,038	65,214	2,41,713

(a) This includes Rs. 301 collected in advance.
(b) „ „ „ 50 „ „ „
(c) „ „ „ 751 „ „ „
(d) „ „ „ 67 as penal interest realized.
(e) „ „ „ 1,082 collected in advance.
(f) This includes Rs. 21 collected in advance.
(g) „ „ „ 413 „ „ „
(h) „ „ „ 135 „ „ „
(i) „ „ „ 25 „ „ „
* Revised figures.

XIVC.

61 of the text.

Agriculturists' Loans Act.

INTEREST.					TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST.						
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	1,063	1,063	...	757	757	...	306	...	20,812	...	8,405
50	3,920	3,970	...	3,812	3,812	...	158	...	37,651	...	1,688
81	2,147	2,228	...	2,000	2,000	...	228	...	25,243	434	2,753
8,589	7,425	16,014	...	9,103	9,103	130	6,781	...	80,240	1,530	96,010
8,720	14,555	23,275	...	15,672	15,672	130	7,473	...	1,63,946	1,964	1,08,856
459	506	965	...	785	785	...	180	...	9,755	...	3,064
965	6,954	7,819	...	4,854	4,854	2,965	...	...	69,569	62,724	...
2,767	4,553	7,320	...	4,151	4,151	...	3,169	...	36,769	...	37,913
4,191	11,913	16,104	...	9,790	9,790	2,965	3,349	...	1,16,093	62,724	40,977
6	7	13	...	10	10	...	3	...	73	...	45
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	36	36	...	36	36	...	...	...	324	...	...
145	332	477	...	202	202	...	275	...	2,697	...	2,255
23	227	250	...	235	235	...	15	...	5,344	...	486
1,046	1,010	2,056	...	1,593	1,593	...	463	...	12,678	...	7,061
1,220	1,612	2,832	...	2,076	2,076	...	756	...	21,116	...	9,847
14,131	28,080	42,211	...	27,538	27,538	3,095	11,578	...	3,01,155	64,688	1,59,680
...	...	...	...	... (b)	... (b)	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,637	11,018	13,635	...	10,081	10,081	...	3,624	...	1,21,062	...	90,632
2,637	11,018	13,635	...	10,081	10,081	...	3,624	...	1,21,062	...	90,632
...	... (d)	... (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	440	...	...
455	3,229	3,684	...	3,574	3,574	13	97	...	25,454	141	749
282	1,389	1,671	19	1,360 (f)	1,379 (f)	37	276	84	13,450	1,023	3,558
216	979	1,195	6	754	760	308	127	15	7,512	2,733	890
34	710	744	...	573	573	21	132	...	5,571	103	1,310
32	1,129	1,161	4	1,081 (i)	1,085 (i)	...	101	45	8,554	...	1,511
1,019	7,436	8,455	29	7,342	7,371	379	733	144	60,981	4,000	8,018
3,656	18,454	22,110	29	17,423	17,452	379	4,357	144	1,82,043	4,000	98,650
17,787	46,534	44,321	29	44,961	44,990	3,474	15,935	144	4,83,198	68,688	2,57,730

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 23 of the text.]

Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order, 1907—1908.

Division.	District.	Amount.	Number of orders.
1	2	3	4
EASTERN BENGAL.		Rs.	
Dacca Division ...	Dacca	1,41,466	31,373
	Mymensingh	1,25,942	30,264
	Faridpur	1,62,429	32,281
	Bakarganj	57,186	6,953
	Total ...	4,87,023	100,871
Chittagong Division ...	Chittagong	2,11,335	56,798
	Tippera	76,245	7,446
	Noakhali	7,215	1,321
	Total ...	2,94,795	65,565
Rajshahi Division ...	Rajshahi	15,301	3,285
	Dinajpur	16,135	716
	Jalpaiguri	21,501	415
	Rangpur	33,401	2,834
	Bogra	23,753	2,029
	Pabna	72,278	12,452
	Malda	12,663	873
	Total ...	1,95,032	22,604
	Total Eastern Bengal ...	9,76,850	189,040
ASSAM. **Surma Valley Districts.**	Sylhet	12,095	2,205
	Grand Total 1907—1908...	9,88,945	191,245
	1906—1907...	8,63,929	184,275

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX XVB.

[*Vide* paragraph 23 of the text.]

Payment of rent by money orders.

DIVISION AND DISTRICT.		Number of money orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.	Percentage of money orders refused to money orders issued.
1		2	3	4	5	6
Dacca Division.			Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	1907—08 ...	1,266	8,931	732	3,841	57·81
	1906—07 ...	705	6,165	312	2,483	44·25
Mymensingh ...	1907—08 ...	1,312	37,594	592	7,114	45·13
	1906—07 ...	1,332	34,707	564	8,288	42·34
Faridpur	1907—08 ...	2,015	28,846	715	5,263	35·48
	1906—07 ...	1,434	15,073	604	3,816	42·12
Bakarganj ...	1907—08 ...	2,063	28,707	626	7,976	30·34
	1906—07 ...	2,375	33,728	480	6,058	20·21
Total ...	1907—08 ...	6,656	1,04,078	2,665	24,194	40·04
	1906—07 ...	5,846	89,673	1,960	20,645	33·52
Chittagong Division.						
Chittagong ...	1907—08 ...	12,959	90,533	494	4,345	3·81
	1906—07 ...	12,270	68,183	379	3,792	3·09
Tippera	1907—08 ...	1,867	29,016	590	8,325	31·60
	1906—07 ...	2,067	29,813	580	7,165	28·06
Noakhali	1907—08 ...	2,288	28,975	462	4,688	20·19
	1906—07 ...	2,174	26,203	486	4,991	22·35
Total ...	1907—08 ...	17,114	1,48,524	1,546	17,358	9·03
	1906—07 ...	16,511	1,24,199	1,445	15,948	8·75
Rajshahi Division.						
Rajshahi	1907—08 ...	1,032	26,937	279	2,855	27·03
	1906—07 ...	1,759	46,966	598	5,456	33·99
Dinajpur	1907—08 ...	696	30,627	219	3,032	31·46
	1906—07 ...	549	22,801	264	3,604	48·08
Jalpaiguri ...	1907—08 ...	1,582	16,311	109	576	6·89
	1906—07 ...	1,575	16,703	101	580	6·41
Rangpur	1907—08 ...	1,906	34,023	821	11,251	43·07
	1906—07 ...	1,506	51,038	604	3,914	40·10
Bogra	1907—08 ...	1,299	50,830	419	6,471	32·26
	1906—07 ...	1,576	55,926	427	5,893	27·09
Pabna	1907—08 ...	1,567	28,884	506	3,982	32·29
	1906—07 ...	1,572	29,515	439	3,969	27·92
Malda	1907—08 ...	452	9,999	145	1,826	32·08
	1906—07 ...	427	9,170	270	2,561	63·23
Total ...	1907—08 ...	8,534	1,97,611	2,498	29,993	29·27
	1906—07 ...	8,964	2,32,119	2,703	25,977	30·15
Grand Total ...	1907—08 ...	32,304	4,50,213	6,709	71,545	20·77
	1906—07 ...	31,321	4,45,991	6,108	62,570	19·50

GANDARIA PRESS—500—28-12-1908.

Resolution on the Land Revenue Administration Report of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1907-1908.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department, No. 275R., dated Shillong, the 2nd February 1909.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1907-1908.

Read also—

The Annual Land Revenue Statements of the Hill districts which are not under the jurisdiction of the Board of Revenue.

RESOLUTION.

The agricultural features of the year 1907-1908 were somewhat similar to those of the preceding year, heavy floods in July being followed by a drought at the time for the transplantation of the winter-rice crop. There was no recurrence, however, of the serious autumn floods which caused such damage to standing crops in 1906-1907, and the general result was a comparatively steady range of prices throughout the year commencing on a high level in most districts owing to the shortness of stocks of food-grains, but at no time accompanied by the symptoms of panic in the grain market which marked the previous season. The rice crop, although below the average, compared very favourably with that in the Western Provinces, and its sufficiency was illustrated by the marked decrease in imports of Rangoon rice in spite of a plenteous harvest in Burma.

2. There was a continuance of the gradual influx of settlers from Eastern Bengal into the western districts of the Assam Valley, where the area under jute increased by 43,500 acres. The fine quality of the jute crop obtained in these districts should prove a strong inducement to further immigrants from the western portion of the province, especially as the opening of the Dhubri-Gauhati Railway during the coming season will place them in close connection with the central markets in Calcutta. There was also a welcome revival in the prosperity of the tea industry and, what is of equal importance, substantial proof of the success of Dr. Bentley's system for combating malaria in the tea gardens of the Western Duars.

3. The Board report that there was little variation in the prices of labour during the year. Enquiries into this subject are in progress, and it is hoped that with specialist assistance and by an improved system of reporting it will shortly become possible to gauge more scientifically the bearings on the economic position of the community at large of the figures at the disposal of Government. But the extreme divergence in local conditions and the variety in the manner of payments for local and imported labour render the collection of full and correct information on this point a matter of great intricacy.

4. The high range of prices is reported to have affected the growers of rice in Assam much as it affected the cultivators of jute in recent years in Mymensingh, and as they have not yet realised the necessity of saving their money the increased profits have not been used to pay off debts. The most hopeful remedy for this lies in the co-operative movement, the successful growth of which has been commented on in a separate Resolution.

5. With the improved system of reporting, now being adopted on the recommendations of the Conference of Commissioners in Shillong, and with the formation of the recently sanctioned emergency reserve of Veterinary Assistants, it is hoped that more effective measures will be taken in future to combat the outbreaks of cattle-disease, of which special mention is made in the Board's report among the local calamities of the year.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to receive the Board's assurance that the tenants of Government estates are an example of prosperity to their neighbours. This is perhaps due to the fact that the Collector, the immediate representative of Government, is for practical purposes a resident landlord and is therefore able to keep in personal touch with the tenantry and their needs.

APPENDICES.

SUMMARY OF THE STATEMENTS FOR THE HILL DISTRICTS IN ASSAM.

Ordinary Land Revenue.—In the four Hill Districts of Assam, *viz.*, the Naga Hills, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, the Garo Hills, and the Lushai Hills, the total number of estates settled rose from 9,197 in the previous year to 9,789 in the year under report. The total current and arrear demands of the year were Rs. 38,816 and Rs. 1,501, against Rs. 36,918 and Rs. 22 of the preceding year, respectively. The increase in the current demand is due to the increase in the settled area of the Garo Hills and the Khasi and Jaintia Hills districts.

The total collections of the year amounted to Rs. 38,784, of which Rs. 1,501 was on the arrear account, against Rs. 34,747 including an arrear collection of Rs. 7 in the preceding year. The net balance left at the end of the year was Rs. 1,458, the amount for the previous year having been Rs. 1,501. The percentage of current collections or current demand was 96·05 as compared with 94·10 of the preceding year. The result is satisfactory.

The detailed figures are given in Appendix IIIA.

2. *Miscellaneous Revenue.*—Appendix V gives detailed information as to the demand, collections, remissions and balances of the miscellaneous revenue of the Hill Districts.

The current demand for the year was Rs. 2,07,959 as against Rs. 1,93,028, the arrear demand Rs. 2,163 as against Rs. 249, the total collections Rs. 2,06,364 as against Rs. 1,90,558, remissions Rs. 1,301, as against Rs. 556, balance Rs. 2,457, as against Rs. 2,163, and payment in advance for future years Rs. 949 as against Rs. 2,478, in the previous year. The principal items of revenue were the receipts from house-tax in all the Hill Districts and the rents for fisheries in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills and Garo Hills.

In the year under review there were increases in the current demand for miscellaneous revenue in all the Hill Districts except the Garo Hills which shows a decrease of Rs. 303 due to a decrease in receipts under fishery revenue and hire of elephants.

Of the total balance of Rs. 2,457 the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District alone is responsible for Rs. 2,324. The latter amount is made up of the following items, *viz.*, Rs. 1,228 on account of arrear of house-tax, Rs. 996 for coal-mines, being the amount of dead rent due from the Maolong Lime and Coal Co., Ltd., and Rs. 100 for certain miscellaneous items.

The collections in the Hill Districts were on the whole satisfactory during the year under report.

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue, including Malikana of

District.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remission.	Net balances.		
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Naga Hills	1	10	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	2,324	10,864	77	10,941	10,864	77	10,941	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills. Temporarily settled	7,370	27,627	1,424	29,051	26,094	1,424	27,518	75	1,458	...	1,458
Garo Hills. Permanently settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...
Total Garo Hills	7,371	27,639	1,424	29,063	26,106	1,424	27,530	75	1,458	...	1,458
Lushai Hills	93	303	...	303	303	...	303	...	...	...	...
Total temporarily settled ...	9,788	38,804	1,501	40,305	37,271	1,501	38,772	75	1,458	...	1,458
Total permanently settled ...	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	9,789	38,816	1,501	40,317	37,283	1,501	38,784	75	1,458	...	1,458
Total for the previous year ...	9,197	36,918	22	36,940	34,740	7	34,747	692	1,501	...	1,501

DIX IIIA.

Estates on the Revenue-Roll of the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1907-1908.

Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.				Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 6), if the amount in column 20 * excluded from the demand and that in column 21 added to the collections.
Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).	Total uncollected balances (column 12) on total demand (column 5).				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,458	94·45	100·00	94·72	5·02	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,458	94·45	100·00	94·72	5 02	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,458	96·05	100·00	96·19	3·62	...	...	...	...
...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,458	96·05	100·00	96·19	3·62	...	...	...	...
...	1,501	94·10	31·82	94·06	4·06	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1907-1908.

Source of revenue.	Naga Hills.								Khasi and Jaintia Hills.								Garo Hills.							
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1. Fisheries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,060	...	11,060*	...	...	...	...	17	877	...	875	...	...	2	...	812
2. Poll-tax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax...	82,209	...	80,876	...	1,265	68	...	...	34,750	1,098	34,237	383	...	513	715	...	44,905	56	44,847	56	...	58	...	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	805	...	805†	...	...	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	4	...	...	996	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary mahals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey-fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land and Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other Miscellaneous items not specified above	186	...	186	...	...	...	...	...	1,150	...	1,050	...	...	100	...	...	119	...	119	...	...	...	...	...
Total	82,395	...	81,062	...	1,265	68	...	...	47,765	2,098	47,152	387	...	613	1,711	137	45,901	56	45,841	56	...	60	...	812
Total for the previous year	70,934	...	70,389	...	545	...	...	...	44,854	164	42,754	164	2	2,098	...	2,020	46,204	7	46,148	3	4	56	...	458

* Including a sum of Rs. 1,983 advance collection made in previous year taken into account.
† Including a sum of Rs. 137 advance collection made in previous year taken into account.

APPENDIX V—concluded.

Statement showing the Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1907-1908—concluded.

Source of revenue.	Lushai Hills.								Total for the year.							
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,937	...	11,935	...	...	2	...	829
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	31,898	9	31,857	9	.36	5	...	...	1,93,762	1,163	1,91,817	448	1,301	644	715	...
4. Lime-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone-quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	805	...	805	...	...	...	...	120
6. Coal-mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	4	...	...	996	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt-wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold-washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary mahals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey-fees (Chapter III of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and registration fees (Chapter IV of Land Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land and Revenue Regulation)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land and Revenue Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other Miscellaneous items not specified above	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,455	...	1,355	...	...	100	...	...
Total	31,898	9	31,857	9	36	5	...	...	2,07,959	2,163	2,05,912	452	1,301	746	1,711	949
Total for the previous year	31,036	78	31,022	78	5	9	...	...	1,93,028	249	1,90,313	245	556	2,163	...	2,478

REPORT

ON THE

LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PLAINS DISTRICTS

OF THE

PROVINCE

OF

Eastern Bengal and Assam

FOR THE

REVENUE YEAR 1909-1910.

SHILLONG:

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INDEX TO TEXT.

PARA.		PAGE.
1—2	Preliminary	1
	SECTION I.—GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE YEAR.	
3	General	1
4	Weather and crops	1—2
5	Prices of food and labour	2
6—9	Material condition of the people (including public health, trade and inter-district immigration and emigration)	2
	SECTION II.—SETTLED AREA AND DEMAND OF LAND REVENUE (ORDINARY).	
	A.—ORDINARY SETTLEMENTS.	
10	Statistics of area and demand under the different classes of estates (including variations)	3
11	Permanently-settled estates	3
12	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers	3
13	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	3
14	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	4
15	Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam	4
	B.—SETTLEMENTS FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION.	
16	Total area and revenue	4—5
17	Applications for settlement	5
18	Resignation and resumption of grants	5
	SECTION III.—COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE (ORDINARY).	
19	Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances	5
20	Permanently-settled estates	6
21	Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers	6
22	Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government	6—7
23	Temporarily-settled estates in Assam	7
24	Remittances of revenue and rent by money order	7—8
25—28	Coercive measures—	8—11
25—(*a*)	Operation of the sale law (Eastern Bengal)	8—9
26—(*b*)	Certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal)	9—10
27—(*c*)	Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment	10
28—(*d*)	Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	10—11
29	Processes	11—12
	SECTION IV.—MISCELLANEOUS LAND REVENUE.	
30	General (showing demands, collections, remissions and balances)	12
31	Fisheries	12
32	Minerals	13
33	Poll-tax	13
34	House-tax	13
35	Partition fees	13
36	Recovery of survey and settlement charges	13
37	Sale of Government lands	13
38	Redemption of land-revenue	13
	SECTION V.—OTHER REVENUE WORK.	
39—42	Estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal)—	13—15
40—(*a*)	Collecting agency	13—14
41—(*b*)	Grant for the management, sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements	14
42—(*c*)	Education	14—15
43—47	Irrigation, drainage, and embankments	15
48—49	Land Registration—	15—16
48—(*a*)	Under Act VII (B.C.) of 1876	15—16
49—(*b*)	Under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation	16
50	Separate Accounts [Acts XI of 1859 and VII (B.C.) of 1876]	16—17
51	Registration of tenures (Act XI of 1859)	17
52—54	Partitions	17—18
55—61	Land Acquisition	18—19

ARA.		PAGE
62—64	Loans—	19—20
63	—(*a*) Land Improvement (Act XIX of 1883)	19
64	—(*b*) Agriculturists' (Act XII of 1884)	19—20
65	—Co-operative Credit Societies	20
66—67	—General Revenue work of the Land Records Staff	20
68	—Village headmen	20—21

SECTION VI.—RENT.

WORKING OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

69	—The Bengal Tenancy Act	21
70	—Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under Revenue Officers	22
71	—Transfers, voluntary and by sale in execution of decrees (sections 12, 13 and 14) and by succession (section 15)	22
72	—Payment of landlords' fees	22
73	—Preparation of price lists (section 39)	22
74	—Rent payable in kind [commutation of rent (sections 40, 69 and 70)]	22
75	—Registration of improvements (section 80)	22
76	—Certificate of Collector as to acquisition of land (section 84)	22
77	—Notices of re-entry upon lands by landlords [section 87(2)]	22
78	—Local enquiries held by order of Courts (sections 158 and 31)	22

SECTION VII.—GENERAL.

79	—Alienation and assignment of land revenue	22—23
80—83	—Records	23—24
84	—Treasure Trove Act	24
85—86	—*Personnel*—	24—25
85	—(*a*) of the Board	24
86	—(*b*) of Commissioners	24—25
87—91	—Tours and inspections, with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries—	25—26
87—88	—(*a*) of Members of the Board	25
89	—(*b*) of Commissioners	25—26
90	—(*c*) of District Officers	26
91	—(*d*) of Subdivisional Officers	26
92	—Merits of officers	26—27

No. 57Misc. / G.

FROM

J. F. GRUNING, Esq., I.C.S.,
OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE,
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM, REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LAND REVENUE
(*Miscellaneous*).

Dated Shillong, the 8th November 1910.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the fifth report on the Land Revenue Administration of the plains districts of the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the revenue year 1909-1910.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. LYON, C.S.I., I.C.S., *Member in Charge.*

2. The dates on which the Divisional reports were received by the Board from the Commissioners are noted below :—

Dacca Division, 19th August to 30th August 1910.
Chittagong Division, 22nd September 1910.
Rajshahi Division, 26th August 1910.
Surma Valley Districts, 28th September 1910.
Assam Valley Districts, 22nd August to 1st September 1910.

The punctuality observed by the Commissioners of the Dacca, Rajshahi and Assam Valley Divisions in the submission of their reports is greatly appreciated by the Board, but there was again considerable delay in the receipt of the reports from the Chittagong Division and the Surma Valley Division. In both these cases it is stated that the delay was chiefly due to the non-receipt of some of the district reports, and to the various references which had to be made subsequently in connection with discrepancies found in those reports, but the Board will address the Commissioners further on the subject.

SECTION I.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE YEAR.

3. The Board are glad to be able to submit a more favourable report on the general conditions of the year than was possible 12 months ago. The interesting accounts that have been received from the Commissioners of the improvement that has taken place in the financial position of the peasantry of the Province and of the middle class due to a fall in the price of food-grains accompanied by a copious and on the whole well-distributed rainfall, show that the year was one of comparative prosperity which enabled those who had suffered from the abnormally high prices and comparatively poor crops of previous years to recover their position and re-fill their granaries.

Weather and crops.

4. The rainfall was heavier than in the previous year, and although some excess in July and August caused damage here and there to the *bhadoi* crops including jute, no very serious harm was done ; while the distribution was on the whole most favourable to the growth and ripening of the winter rice crop, which was a heavier one, taking the Province as a whole, than any that has been reaped for some years past. This crop is, as is well known, by far the most important in the Province, and its produce in the past year went far to recoup the agriculturists of the Rajshahi Division for the losses which

they suffered in the year 1908-09. The District officers of all the districts of this division comment on the considerable improvement in the position of the poorer classes that was thus effected, although it cannot be expected that the debts incurred in such a time of trouble can be in all cases liquidated by a single prosperous season; moreover the fall in the price of jute has to be set against the good effects of the rice crop. This fall, combined with the high price obtained for rice in the past few years, has continued to check the spread of jute cultivation in the Assam Valley and elsewhere. The dryness of the cold weather prejudiced the growth of the *rabi* crops in some places, but the cyclone of October 1909, although it caused the death of a large number of cattle in the districts of Bakarganj and Faridpur, and thus involved the cultivators in considerable loss, did not materially affect the outturn of the crops, except in a comparatively small area in those districts.

The weather was generally favourable to tea, although the season started late. It is reported that the mango crop of Malda failed, but the silk-worm rearers in the same district benefited by a good season for the growth of mulberry.

Prices of food and labour.

Appendix XIII.

5. There was a noticeable decline in the prices of food-grains in almost all the districts of the Province due to the excellent outturn of winter rice, but this was slightly checked by the necessity felt by all classes for replenishing their stocks, which had been greatly reduced by the high prices and comparative failure of crops in the 3 preceding years. The reduction in the salt duty, combined with keen competition between traders in Liverpool and Karkach salt, helped to reduce the price of that commodity.

The wages of labourers tend gradually to increase, although there was little change in the course of the year. It would seem that the resident labour force of the Province, as a whole, is decreasing as the general prosperity of the poorer classes is enhanced, and the stream of labour from the west would appear to increase in volume each year.

Material condition of the people.

6. As has been noted above, the year was a favourable one on the whole for the peasant and for the members of the middle class, although the reduction in the price of jute and the somewhat indifferent crop harvested, detracted slightly from the general improvement in the season. This improvement was most marked in the Rajshahi Division, where the effects of the scarcity of the previous year are rapidly being obliterated. It is of course true that the fall in prices has diminished the profits of the cultivator, but this has been more than compensated by the excellent outturn of the crops and by the great improvement in the position of all who draw fixed incomes occasioned by the comparative cheapness of food-grains.

Public health.

7. Public health was on the whole good, although there was mortality from fever in the districts of Goalpara and Faridpur, and cholera and small-pox caused a good many deaths in the Rajshahi Division. Towards the close of the year there was an outbreak of pneumonic plague in some villages close to the town of Noakhali and 45 persons succumbed to the disease. It was, however, rapidly stamped out by the energetic measures of the local officers.

Trade.

8. There was a decrease in the export of jute due to the reduction of the area under cultivation. The export of rice increased as a result of the excellent crop reaped during the year. The tea trade prospered in consequence of the maintenance of good prices and a favourable season. It is said that the oil trade in Chittagong is steadily improving.

Emigration and Immigration.

9. The tendency of labour to move from the west to the east throughout the province continues and is evidenced by a gradual movement from the Jalpaiguri district towards the unoccupied lands in the Eastern Duars in Goalpara, while emigration from Eastern Bengal districts to other parts of the Assam Valley is still reported. Again, while there is a large temporary influx of labourers from the districts of Bengal to the west of the Rajshahi Division, many labourers from the districts of the Chittagong Division are said to migrate annually to Burma to assist in the harvesting of the rice crop in that Province. Statistics of the annual immigration into the Province for work in the tea gardens of Assam are given elsewhere. The demand for this labour is continuous and the gradual passing of seasoned immigrants from labour in the gardens to cultivation in the waste lands surrounding these gardens assists materially in the colonization and development of the Province.

SECTION II.

SETTLED AREA AND DEMAND OF LAND REVENUE (ORDINARY).

A.—Ordinary Settlement.

Statistics of area and demand under different classes of estates (including variations).

Appendices IA and IB.

10. Detailed statistics of area and demand under different classes of estates in the districts under the control of the Board are given in Appendices IA and IB. In paragraph 9 of the report for 1908-1909, it was observed that the figures in respect of area shown in that report were discrepant. Enquiries made during the year have brought to light the fact that in Chittagong waste lands and reserved forests have hitherto been included in the area of estates held direct by Government and that the settled area of these estates in the district at the close of the previous year was actually only 395,600 acres, instead of 727,424 acres as shown in Appendix IA to that year's report. At the close of the year 1908-1909, therefore, the settled area of the estates held under the direct management of Government and the total revenue-paying area under the Board were 2,607 and 48,772 square miles, respectively, and not 3,125 and 49,297 square miles as reported for that year. There has been an increase of about 115 square miles in the total revenue-paying area in 1909-1910, with a corresponding increase in the revenue demand of Rs. 2,55,604, including Rs. 67,700 on account of the quit-rent of the Cooch Behar State. This rent, which is realised in Goalpara, has hitherto been shown as Miscellaneous Land Revenue, but has now been transferred to Ordinary Land Revenue at the instance of the Accountant-General. This increase both in the area and in revenue has been chiefly contributed by the Assam districts. The incidence of revenue per square mile was Rs. 394·65 against Rs. 390·62 in the previous year. The proportion of revenue contributed by permanently-settled estates, temporarily-settled estates and estates held direct by Government remained the same as in the preceding year, *viz.*, 51, 37 and 12 per cent., respectively. The incidence of revenue per acre in the above three classes of estates was 6·2 annas, 1·5 rupees and 1·4 rupees, respectively, against 6·3 annas, 1·5 rupees and 1·3 rupees in 1908-1909. The causes of variation under the different heads are briefly explained in the following paragraphs.

Permanently-settled estates.

11. The total number of permanently-settled estates in both parts of the province increased from 116,970 in 1908-1909 to 117,002 in the year under report, while the revenue derived from these estates decreased from Rs. 98,04,744 to Rs. 98,04,283, a decrease for which Eastern Bengal is mainly responsible. The increase in the number of estates is chiefly due to partitions, while the decrease in the revenue is the result of transfers from one class to another and to abatements granted on account of lands acquired for public purposes. Of the total area, 32,979 square miles covered by 67,101 estates, yielding an annual revenue of Rs. 94,27,745, lie in Eastern Bengal, while 6,140 square miles, distributed over 49,901 estates with a revenue of Rs. 3,76,538, lie in Assam.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

12. In Eastern Bengal the total number of estates settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers, and the area covered by them, decreased from 1,445 and 914,259 acres at the beginning of the year to 1,434 and 909,279 acres, respectively, at its close, while the revenue derived from these estates increased from Rs. 7,79,773 to Rs. 7,88,225. The decrease in the number of estates and in area is due mainly to transfer from one class to another after the cancelment of leases, to auction-purchases and to diluvion, while the increase in revenue was the result of the re-settlement of some of the estates in the course of the previous year.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

13. The total area held under the direct management of Government at the end of the year was 1,681,752 acres, or 2,628 square miles, distributed among 1,590 estates, paying an annual revenue of Rs. 23,53,811, as against an area of 2,607 square miles (as explained in paragraph 10 above), containing 1,572 estates with a revenue of Rs. 22,87,844, at the close of the preceding year. The increase in the number of estates and in area was due partly to auction purchases, partly to the cancelment of farming leases and partly to the addition to the revenue roll of new *char* lands. The increase in revenue was chiefly caused by re-settlement, the operation of progressive assessments and the assessment of new *chars*, and accretions.

14. The total area settled at full rates for ordinary cultivation in Assam increased from 2,565,669 acres to 2,644,098 acres and the revenue assessed thereon from Rs. 52,10,639 to Rs. 53,21,952 during the year, or, in other words, there was an increase of 3·05 per cent. in area and 2·1 per cent. in revenue. The rate of expansion noticed in previous years has thus been continuously maintained. The increase would have been larger but for some special causes. In Sylhet, there was the annulment of a large area (2,341 acres) of abandoned land which counterbalanced to a great extent, the area newly taken up. The preparation of correct statistics for Darrang and Lakhimpur was complicated by the re-settlement operations. The extraordinary expansion of cultivation which had been noticeable in Kamrup in the last three years received a slight check although this district still takes the lead in this respect among all the districts of the province. The Board are communicating with the Commissioner on the subject of the fluctuations in this district as well as in Darrang. On the whole there was an expansion of 786,461 acres in area and of Rs. 1,11,370 in revenue, due mainly to extension of cultivation. It is satisfactory to observe that progress in colonisation is being made by the Santhals, Nepalis and other settlers in the Eastern Duars of Goalpara.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.
Appendices IB, IIB, IIC and IID.

The fluctuations in area and revenue of the estates settled at half rates (*nisf-khiraj*) call for no special remarks and are due to ordinary causes, such as the acquisition of lands for public purposes and to re-measurements in the course of the re-settlement operations.

Under "special settlements" the fluctuations were insignificant. The progress of colonisation in the Nambor forest in Sibsagar still continues to be disappointing. Up to the 30th June 1910, colonists had established only 157 houses and only 752 acres of land had been taken up and 658 acres brought under cultivation. The bulk of the area cultivated in Rengmapathar mauza up to the preceding year has been abandoned, but there seems to be an improvement in the area actually taken up in mauza Kardoiguri. Mauza Rengmapathar suffers from want of proper communications but an area of 1,000 acres of land has lately been taken up in this mauza for tea cultivation, and it is hoped that the opening out of a tea garden in the vicinity of the settlers will improve the situation.

There was no settlement of waste land along the Assam-Bengal Railway line in Nowgong during the year. More liberal terms have recently been sanctioned by Government for settlers in the tract of country in the vicinity of the Lumding Railway Station and the Board are now considering the form of lease and other details of the scheme.

It has not yet been found possible to give effect to the resettlement of the Gauhati town, which was carried out last year, as the maps from which the area and revenue of each holding are to be calculated have not yet been satisfactorily reproduced. The Board are addressing the Commissioner on the subject.

The increase in area and revenue in Tezpur town was due partly to the addition of 49 bighas under Government Notification No. 150R.T., dated the 13th January 1909, and partly to the second stage of progressive increase having been reached during the year.

15. The area settled with ex-garden coolies rose from 138,239 acres to 147,019 acres, that is, by 6·3 per cent., and the area settled with other immigrants from 39,451 acres to 50,997 acres, or by 28·9 per cent. The accuracy of these figures in some of the districts is not free from doubt, but the Land Records staff engaged upon settlement work in Lakhimpur is now revising the figures for that district and fresh statistics have been compiled from the settlement records in Nowgong and Darrang. The Board have issued full instructions during the year on the subject. The increase noted in the area settled with ex-garden coolies and others in Darrang covers the expansion of two years, as correct figures could not be obtained last year owing to the re-settlement operations. In Goalpara, there was an increase of 4,255 acres in the area settled with other immigrants which was, as stated above, due to colonisation by he Santhals, Nepalis, and other settlers in the Eastern Duars.

Settlement by time-expired coolies and other immigrants in Assam.
Appendix IID.

B.—Settlement for Special Cultivation.

16. The total area for special cultivation in Assam amounted to 1,174,226 acres with a revenue demand of Rs. 7,24,978, showing an increase of 6,456 acres in area and Rs. 2,619 in revenue over the figures of the previous year. The increase in area compares favourably with that shown in the previous year. It occurred chiefly in

Total area and revenue.

the districts of Darrang, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur and was due mainly to new settlements of waste land grants and to a small exent to extension of cultivation on fully assessed area held under ordinary settlements. The increase in revenue was affected by the recent reduction in the rates of assessment of land revenue on lands taken up for tea cultivation under ordinary settlements. It may be noted here that, of the total area for special cultivation 234,871 acres are held under this tenure, and the rest under special waste land rules which provide for an initial revenue-free period and progressive rates of assessment thereafter.

In Eastern Bengal the only "special cultivation" occurring is that of tea in the district of Jalpaiguri. The total area of the tea gardens in this district is 242,234 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 2,03,682. In the district of Chittagong on the area of 4,038 acres of land previously settled for cultivation of rubber, cotton and sugarcane, the lessees have started farms, fitted with steam engines and saw mills, but only sugarcane is at present cultivated and no cotton and rubber have yet been grown. It has been pointed out to the lease-holders that the other special crops must be planted in accordance with the terms of their leases, and that due notice will be taken if they fail to comply with the terms. During the year under report 776 acres of land have been settled with a revenue demand of Rs. 1,029 for special cultivation. Of this area some has been settled for the establishment of a dairy farm and some for castor cultivation. The remainder, consisting of land in the Government Model Farm, has been settled on the condition that the lessee grows on a portion of the area whatever crop the Agricultural Department wishes him to cultivate.

All these settlements have been made at progressive rates with remission of rent for a few years, and the grants for the year under report have been made under special leases, one of the conditions in the leases being that if the lessee fail to use the land for the particular purpose for which it is leased, Government will have the right to resume it.

Applications for settlement.

17. There was no application for settlement for special cultivation in Cachar. In Sylhet, three applications were filed during the year and three remained pending from the previous year. Of the six applications for disposal, settlement was effected in only 2 cases. In the Assam Valley there were 47 new applications during the year as against 49 in the previous year, and out of a total of 118 applications for disposal, 59 were disposed of during the year. This shows an improvement in the disposal of such cases.

In Jalpaiguri there were six new applications under the tea lease rules during the year, and five were pending for disposal at the end of the preceding year, six of these were finally disposed of, three being granted and three struck off. In the district of Chittagong an area of 299 acres of hill lands near the Hinguli railway station has been settled for castor cultivation and some progress has been made towards the planting of the castor plants. The previous year's application for the settlement of a large area in the Patiya circle for cotton cultivation is still pending with the Collector of Chittagong for reconciliation of certain discrepancies in the cadastral survey maps.

Resignation and resumption of grants.

18. Three grants, one in Darrang and two in Nowgong, with an area of 981 acres, were relinquished during the year. In Sibsagar a new lease rule grant covering an area of 106·60 acres was resumed and resettled under a *khiraj* lease at ordinary rates, owing to the repeated failure of the lessee to pay the revenue regularly.

SECTION III.

Collection of Land Revenue (Ordinary).

Statistics of demands, collections, remissions and balances.

Appendix IIIA.

19. The total land revenue demand of the year under report, including the quit rent of the Cooch Behar State, referred to in paragraph 10 above, exceeded two crores of rupees. The current demand shows an increase of 1·3 per cent. over the demand of the preceding year. The collections also show some improvement. The percentage of total collections on total demand was 96·02, the highest figure obtained in the last five years. Of the total demand, 3·7 per cent. remained outstanding at the close of the year and ·26 per cent. was remitted, as against 4·3 per cent. and ·22 per cent., respectively, in the previous year. Almost the whole of the remissions in Assam were granted on account of local calamities. In Eastern Bengal the remissions were considerable in Faridpur, Bakarganj and Noakhali, and were allowed mostly in estates held direct by Government on account of diluvion, the relinquishment of holdings or special evidence of poverty in individual cases.

Permanently-settled estates.

Appnedices IIIB and IIIE.

20. In the year under report the total demand of the permanently-settled estates in the province aggregated Rs. 99,77,206 (excluding quit rent realised in Goalpara), of which Rs. 98,04,283 were on the current and Rs. 1,73,013 on the arrear accounts. Rs. 98,52,708 or 98·76 per cent. of the total demand were collected during the year, as against 98·32 per cent. collected in the previous year. The outstanding balance at the close of the year was Rs. 1,24,588 against Rs. 1,68,143 in 1908-1909. The whole of this balance with the exception of Re. 1 only is in process of recovery. No remission was granted during the year.

The percentage of current collections on current demand exceeded 99 in all the districts except Bakarganj and Sylhet, where it was 97·42 and 78·20, respectively. The falling off in Bakarganj has been ascribed chiefly to the non-payment of the dues in respect of the estates of Raja Sir Sourindramohan Tagore, K.C.I.E., of Calcutta, which are now under the management of the Court of Wards. Negotiations for the sale of the properties of the Raja in Bakarganj and the payment of Government dues are approaching completion. There has been a slight improvement in the figures for Sylhet, but, as explained in paragraph 23 below, the dates fixed for the revenue *kists* in this district are responsible for the low percentage of collections and the work of realising the revenue of permanently-settled estates is not less efficiently performed in Sylhet, in the Board's opinion, than in other districts of the province.

The arrears of the preceding year were fully realised in Faridpur, Tippera and Noakhali and in all the districts of the Rajshahi Division. Though the percentages of arrear collections in the remaining districts appear to be in some cases unsatisfactory, the outstanding balances in all of them except Bakarganj were small, *viz.*, Rs. 39 in Dacca, Rs. 24 in Mymensingh, Rs. 176 in Chittagong and Rs. 173 in Sylhet. The short collection in Bakarganj was entirely due to the default on account of the Tagore estate referred to above. Had these dues been paid before the close of the year there would have been no balance outstanding.

Estates in Eastern Bengal settled temporarily with proprietors or farmers.

Appendix IIIC.

21. The total collections made during the year on account of temporarily-settled estates in Eastern Bengal amounted to Rs. 7,53,203 or 90·87 per cent. of the total demand, against 94·91 per cent. collected in the preceding year. The amount which remained outstanding at the close of the year increased from Rs. 40,040 in 1908-09 to Rs. 75,619, of which Rs. 67,896 are said to be in the process of recovery. Various causes operated to bring about this unsatisfactory result. The falling off in the percentage of both arrear and current collections in Mymensingh and Bakarganj is attributed chiefly to the non-completion of the settlement of certain estates, while the low percentage of current collections in Tippera is said to be due mainly to the non-payment of their dues within the year by the proprietors of two large estates. The arrear demand was fully satisfied in Faridpur, Tippera, Noakhali, Pabna and Malda. A sum of Rs. 57 only, for which the Dacca District is responsible, was remitted during the year, as against Rs. 1,117 remitted in 1908-1909.

Estates in Eastern Bengal held direct by Government.

Appendix IIID.

22. The current demand of the estates held under direct management of Government increased by Rs. 65,967, or by about 2·8 per cent. over the demand of the preceding year. The percentage of total collections showed a slight decrease being 85·08 against 85·92 in 1908-1909. The percentage of current collections fell in all districts except Rangpur and Bogra, while that of arrear collections fell in Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Jalpaiguri, Pabna and Malda. The low percentage in Mymensingh was due to six estates being brought under direct management at the end of the year when no collections for the year could be made. The short collection in Malda is attributed to the postponement of realisation of rents from the tenants of Khas Mahal English Bazar on account of some enhancement suits and to the non-realisation of rent from the tenants of Sherghar Panchanandapur, the re-settlement proceedings of which were pending. The remissions granted during the year amounted to Rs. 24,013 against Rs. 31,136 of the previous year. The amount remaining uncollected at the close of the year out of the total demand aggregated Rs. 3,82,183 against Rs. 3,45,331 at the end of the year 1908-09. For this heavy balance Bakarganj, Chittagong and Pabna are mainly responsible. The figures for the first named district (Rs. 45,257) represent only 8·3 per cent. of the demand. In Chittagong the heavy outstandings are due mainly to the fact that the May *kist* for *jotes* falls near to the close of the revenue year ; the demand for this *kist* is generally realised after the harvesting of the *aus* crop later on in the year and the result is, that a heavy balance appears in the accounts at the end of June. Of the total balance in Pabna Rs. 13,579,

represent the accumulated arrear demand of a Government estate recently transferred from Dacca. Orders have been issued by the Board to write this off as it is practically fictitious.

Temporarily-settled estates in Assam.

Appendix IIIE.

23. The total demand in respect of temporarily-settled estates in Assam amounted to Rs. 66,40,798, out of which Rs. 63,34,290 were on the current, and Rs. 3,06,508 on the arrear account. Of the total demand 97·04 per cent. was collected during the year as against 94·95 per cent. in the previous year. The percentage of current collection reached cent. per cent. (or very nearly so) in all districts except Sylhet and Nowgong. In the matter of the collection of land revenue within the revenue year the district of Sylhet stands on a different footing from the other districts in Assam, as the important *kists* fall in April and May, thus allowing no time for coercive measures to be taken before the close of the revenue year. It is, however, satisfactory that in spite of this fact there has been a perceptible improvement in collection during the year, the percentage having risen from 68·67 to 77·60. The Board are of opinion, after full consideration of the circumstances referred to above, that the work of collection is performed satisfactorily in this district and will not compare unfavourably with that done in most of the other districts of the province. The revised rules for the Sylhet Tahsils which were prepared by Babu Barada Kanta Ganguli, Deputy Collector, have now been issued under the authority of the Board in the form of a Hand-book known as "The Sylhet Tahsil Hand-book," a copy of which was submitted to Government with the Board's letter No. 10 Col.-G., dated the 5th March 1910. During the months of April and May 1910, Babu Barada Kanta Ganguli was again deputed to Sylhet to supervise the working of the revised Tahsil rules. Both the Commissioner of the Surma Valley and the Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet are of opinion that these rules have simplified the Tahsil procedure and have helped materially in the collection of the land revenue.

In Nowgong, where the collection of revenue is generally satisfactory, the percentage of current collection amounted to only 95·92 against 98·47 in the previous year. This falling off is due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 21,653 was suspended on the current account for local calamity. Excluding this amount the current collections in this district amounted to 99·95 per cent.

Remissions (current and arrear) amounted to Rs. 28,737 or ·4 per cent. of the total demand against ·2 per cent. in the previous year. The increase is due to the destruction of crops by drought in portions of Kamrup, Nowgong and Darrang. Out of the total arrear demad of Rs. 3,06,508, Sylhet alone is responsible for Rs. 1,79,151. This, as explained above, is due to the fixed dates for *kists* in this district. It is satisfactory to note that out of this sum Rs. 1,74,457 or 97·38 per cent. was collected. Out of the total arrear demand of Rs. 3,06,508 referred to above, Rs. 2,66,817 or 87·05 per cent. were collected during the year, against 84·37 per cent. in the previous year. Out of the sum of Rs. 8,983 outstanding against the defaulting mauzadar of Lakhimpur referred to in the last year's report, a sum of Rs. 2,938 was collected during the year under report. The mauzadars are reported to have generally paid up the revenue due from them in full before the close of the year. Special measures were adopted by the Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts to ensure the realisation of the Government demand from the mauzadars of the Kamrup district, some of whom were becoming habitual defaulters and the improvement in the land revenue collection during the year under report is due to a great extent to the fact that it had been found necessary to discharge some of those mauzadars in the course of the year.

The total amoun of revenue remitted in the Assam Valley Districts during the year on account of private calamity, was Rs. 2,371, of which Rs. 655 appertain to calamities of the preceding year and the balance to those in the year under report. In the Surma Valley there was no occasion for the suspension or the remission of revenue on this account.

The working of the rules under which these suspensions and remissions were made is being carefully watched by the Commissioners and the Board, and in no case was any suspension or remission allowed before a full local enquiry had been held by an officer not below the rank of Sub-Deputy Collector.

Remittances of revenue by money-order.

Appendix XV A.

24. The system of remittance of revenue by money-order is in force throughout Eastern Bengal and in the district of Sylhet. Appendix XVA shows the number of revenue money-orders remitted during the year under report and the amount covered by them. The total number increased by 4,264

while the amount of land revenue and cesses remitted decreased by Rs. 20,800 in comparison with the figures of the previous year. The Collectors of the districts chiefly concerned have not been able to offer any explanations of the variations noticed. The remittances in each of the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur and Chittagong exceeded a lakh of rupees. The decrease in Sylhet, both in the number of money-orders and the amount for which they were issued, is due to the opening of a Tahsil in Patharkandi which enabled the raiyats to pay their revenue direct, instead of remitting it to Karimganj by money-order as in previous years.

It is reported from Bakarganj that three revenue money-orders for a total sum of Rs. 56-9-9 which were issued from the the Bhola post office in sufficient time to be credited before the kist day were lost before payment. The amount was afterwards returned to the remitters by the Postal Department. The estates concerned were advertised for sale under the Act but when the facts were ascertained from the Superintendent of Post Offices, Barisal, they were exempted from sale on payment of all arrears.

The particulars of payment of rent by money-order are given in Appendix XVB. The system is in force in Eastern Bengal districts only. The increase noted in 1908-1909 in the number and the value of such remittances has not been maintained, the number showing a decrease of 3,720 or 9·94 per cent., while the value fell by Rs. 29,269 or 5·41 per cent. For this Mymensingh, the districts of the Chittagong Division and most of the districts of the Rajshahi Division are responsible, but the District Officers are not at present able to suggest why this check in the expansion of the system should have occurred. The number of money orders refused and the value of such orders showed a satisfactory decrease from 6,596 and Rs. 70,632 in 1908-1909 to 5,795 and Rs. 67,961, respectively, the percentage of money orders refused on the total number issued, falling at the same time from 17·62 to 17 19. While it is believed that the zamindars and their agents dislike and discourage the system in as much as it deprives them of the illegal cesses, etc., which they otherwise levy, it is probably true, as remarked by the Collector of Dinajpur, that the decrease in the percentage of refusals shows a tendency towards better relations between landlords and tenants in general.

Remittance of rent by money-order.

Appendix XVB.

25. Appendix IVA gives particulars of the proceedings under the sale law in Eastern Bengal. The total number of estates and shares of estates, which became liable to sale for the non-payment of Government revenue, and the number actually sold increased from 5,583 and 478 in the previous year to 5,621 and 496, respectively, in the year under report. The percentage of sales to defaults also increased slightly from 8·56 to 8·82. The prices realised were on the average 9·6 times the Government revenue of the properties sold, which is a higher proportion than in any of the four previous years. Thirty-one appeals were preferred before Commissioners against sales, of which one was withdrawn and settled out of Court and four only were successful. During the year under report recommendations for the annulment of sales on the ground of hardship were made to Government in 7 cases.

Coercive measures :—
(*a*) Operation of sale law in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IVA.

The table given in the margin shows the number of defaults and sales in the districts in which they were most numerous. As in previous years Chittagong, with its large number of petty estates, heads the list both in defaults and sales. In this district the number of defaults decreased by 120, while that of sales increased by 8, as compared with the figures of the preceeding year. The decrease in the number of defaults has been attributed by the Commissioner to the effect of a warning given by him as Collector of the district that the plea of default or negligence on the part of shareholders, generally advanced in petitions for exemption from sale, would not be accepted in future.

	Defaults.	Sales.
Chittagong	3,580	352
Mymensingh ...	510	25
Faridpur	318	33
Bakarganj	316	12
Dacca	244	45
Tippera	148	9
Noakhali	112	5
Rajshahi	99	8
Patna	83	6

One noticeable feature in this connection is that in Jalpaiguri during the last five years there has been no default and consequently no sale, and that in Bogra, although there have been defaults each year, there have been no sales during the last three years.

Dacca	18·4
Faridpur	10·4
Chittagong	9·8
Rajshahi	8·0
Pabna	7·2
Tippera	6·1
Mymensingh	4·9
Noakhali	4·7
Bakarganj	3·8

The percentage of sales on default in the districts in which the sales were most numerous are noted on the margin and they indicate that the Sale Law was administered with leniency and moderation.

In the year under review the Board, with the approval of Government, issued an important order authorising District Officers to exempt estates from sale on payment by the proprietors as a condition of such exemption, of a reasonable fee proportionate to the amount of the default. The payment of such fees is only to be required in cases in which the plea for exemption is based on grounds which ordinarily the Collector would not deem sufficient of themselves to justify exemption: and when a fee is required it is to be sufficient to act as a deterrent against future defaults. It is reported that the system has worked well and has enabled the Collectors to exercise a wider discretion in dealing with defaults. The fees realised under this order amounted to Rs. 5,690, of which Rs. 2,178 were received in Chittagong and Rs. 1,341 in Bakarganj. In this connection the Collector of Dinajpur writes :—

"The defaulters paid this amount without demur. It is not considered as a penalty but a blessing. The plan has worked satisfactorily and should be continued."

The rule that the sale on account of one *kist* should be held before the next *kist* day was generally followed except in the district of Chittagong, the Collector of which has explained satisfactorily the local reasons for the default.

(*b*) Certificate procedure in Eastern Bengal.

Appendix IVB.

26. The number of certificate cases instituted, disposed of, and pending in the districts of Eastern Bengal, under the various heads of demand, is given in Appendix IVB. The total number of certificates filed increased by 1,309, being 38,285 against 36,976 in the previous year, and an average of 37,582 for the four preceding years. The chief increase occurred in Chittagong (1,616), and was mainly due to a temporary increase in the number of certificates issued for petty cess demands and for the realising of small arrears to prevent their being barred by limitation.

The percentage of certificates disposed of to the total number for disposal shows a steady and continuous improvement from the year 1906-1907. The figures for these years are :—

1906-1907	71·2
1907-1908	73·5
1908-1909	75·7
1909-1910	77·5

The Board observe the improvement with satisfaction, and they accept the explanation which has been given in some of the reports for the decrease in disposals which would be shown by a comparison of the figures for 1906-1907 with those for 1905-1906. This decrease is due in great part to the change made in the period covered by the annual report. A large number of certificates are filed in most years in the months of April and May and cannot be disposed of before June 30th, the date on which the revenue year, for which the report is submitted, terminates. When the report was submitted for the financial year ending with March 31st, it was possible to attain a higher rate in the percentage of disposals. The low percentages in the districts of Bakarganj and Tippera have not been referred to in the Commissioners' reports, and further enquiries will be made on the subject.

In all the divisions the demands were satisfied for the most part on issue of notices and on attachment of property, and actual sale was rarely necessary. Section 21 of the Act, which permits a judgment-debtor to redeem his property after sale by payment of the amount of the certificate with costs, and of a penalty equal to one-tenth of the auction price to the purchaser, was brought into operation in a considerable number of cases, and is reported to have worked smoothly as in the preceding years.

The administration of the certificate department was in general satisfactory. The execution of certificate processes on account of arrears of rent due to Government by the Khas Mahal staff, which was tried last year as an experimental measure in the

district of Faridpur, is being given a further trial up to the end of November this year, as the system has not been in force long enough to enable the Board to decide as to its practical value.

(c) Realisation of Government demands by imprisonment.

27. Imprisonment for the realisation of Government demands was resorted to in the district of Chittagong only where six persons were confined. Four of these served their terms without paying their dues; one was released by order of the District Judge, by whom he was declared to be insolvent, and one was detained for four days, after which period his debt was written off as irrecoverable. The Board will have further enquiry made into these cases, to ascertain with greater precision the circumstances in which the orders of imprisonment were passed, and the attention of the local officers will be drawn to the existing instructions that recourse should only be had to this extreme measure when there is sufficient proof that the defaulter has means but will not use them to pay his just dues.

(d) Measures under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IVC.

28. Appendix IVC gives the details of coercive measures adopted for the realisation of land revenue in Assam. The total number of estates against which notices of demand were issued rose from 51,892 to 62,144 or from 5·13 per cent. to 6·08 per cent., an increase which was shared by all districts save Sylhet. In Cachar, the extent to which notices of demand were issued shows an increase for which the tahsils alone were responsible. So far as the mauzadari area is concerned, attachment orders are generally issued in the first instance. There was an increase in the number of cases in which moveable property had to be sold, though the number of cases in which moveable property was attached shows a substantial decrease. In regard to this the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar remarks :—

" The number of coercive processes shows a satisfactory falling off and is shared alike by mauzas and tahsils, those in mauzas being a little more than half of the number issued in tahsils. It is interesting to note that the mauzadar of Lakhipur has continued to do good work in the direction of collection of revenue by his personal influence. He took resort to no coercive processes for the realisation of his arrears and his success shows how much the personal element weighs in affairs of this nature."

In Sylhet, on the other hand, there was a marked decrease in the number of sales of moveable property (60 against 156), though the number of attachments of moveable property shows a considerable increase as compared with the previous year. This increase is attributed chiefly to the establishment of a tahsildar at Patharkandi, who issued attachment orders in the first instance for the recovery of arrears. The decrease in sales is due to the improved condition of the people as the result of two successive good seasons. The district is now reported to have recovered its normal condition after the scarcity of 1906-1907. In the Assam Valley, the increase in the number of estates against which notices of demand were issued was due to the institution of a large number of *Bakijai* cases by mauzadars. In Darrang, the postponement of the date of the regular settlement, and in Nowgong the suspension of revenue on account of drought, left very little time to the mauzadars of those districts to collect the revenue in the ordinary way, and they had, therefore, to take stronger measures for realisation than would otherwise have been required. In Sibsagar, coercive processes were largely resorted to, as the collection of revenue was bad during the year owing to the market for paddy being rather dull. In Kamrup, the amount of arrears for which property was attached, however, shows a very satisfactory decrease as compared with the previous year, owing to the fact that in the latter year coercive processes were issued against many defaulting mauzadars for the recovery of large sums due by them.

The experiment of dispensing with the issue of notices of demand under section 68 of the Regulation and issuing warrants of attachment at once was continued with success in selected areas in both valleys. The Deputy Commissioner of Cachar reports :—

" The experiment of dispensing with the issue of notices of demand has been tried in this district for the last four years with success. It has not only reduced the clerical labour and the process fees payable by defaulters on account of these notices, but has also led to an early recovery of the arrears."

The system was extended to two mauzas in the district of Darrang and three in the district of Lakhimpur, during the year. Orders for ejectment after annulment of settlement were issued only in the district of Kamrup and they were carried out by the Land Records staff.

On the whole, it appears to the Board that during the year under report coercive measures were resorted to more freely than in the preceding four years. The number of demand notices issued was larger than in any of those years : but perhaps the most noticeable feature of the figures was the increase in the number of cases in which moveable property had to be attached. For this the Assam Valley is chiefly responsible. These figures will be further considered by the Board in communication with the Commissioner.

The question of issuing coercive processes on the requisition of the mauzadars and the general working of the Circle system, were discussed by the Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts with his Deputy Commissioners at the Divisional Conference in September 1909, and were subsequently dealt with by the Hon'ble Member in charge in personal consultation with the First Member of the Board, the Commissioner and the Director of Land Records. Both the Members of the Board are of opinion that to improve the efficiency of the working of the Circle and Mauzadari system in the Assam Valley Districts, the Circle Sub-Deputy Collectors should be relieved of some of their less important duties which should be transferred to selected mauzadars, who may be expected to perform them with equal efficiency. Proposals have been made on this subject to the Commissioner whose report is awaited.

Processes.

Appendix IVD.

29. In previous years this Appendix gave details of revenue processes only. It now, under the Board's instructions, shows the number and cost of service of all processes, including criminal processes, served through the Revenue *Nazarat*. Comparison cannot therefore be made with the figures of last year. The total number of processes shown as served during the year was 628,322, of which more than half were unpaid. There was an increase of paid processes in the Chittagong Division and Assam Valley. In the former it is ascribed to the issue of a larger number of Cess certificates and of certificates for the realisation of Agriculturists' Loans. In the Assam Valley the increase is said to be due to the issue of a larger number of warrants of attachment, and to the large number of *Bakijai* processes issued at the instance of mauzadars. The total amount of process fees realised is shown as Rs. 2,88,083. The cost of establishment exceeds the receipts from fees only in the districts of Jalpaiguri and Nowgong. No explanation has been offered as to the excess expenditure in these districts, but in the case of Nowgong it is observed that the unpaid processes were more than double the paid processes. It is not clear why this should be so, and the attention of the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner should be directed to this point. Only Rs. 1,311 are shown as having been remitted as compared with Rs. 1,627 in the previous year.

The figures have been reproduced as reported, but the Member in charge (Mr. Melitus) has reason to doubt whether they are complete or accurate. From recent inspections, and from an examination of the statements for this and previous years he is inclined to think that the figures of demand, and especially of arrear demand, are incorrect in many of the Eastern Bengal districts, and the same remark applies to the figures of remissions, which are probably greater than reported. In the Assam Valley, too, the figures are misleading, owing to variations of practice in different districts. The Board have under their consideration the question of prescribing a uniform and more correct system for the preparation of Appendix IVD, and hope shortly to be able to issue definite instructions on the subject.

The system of process-serving through the Presidents of Union-Panchayats, under the reformed Panchayati system, introduced in the districts of Dacca and Tippera, was continued during the year. The system has met with much unfavourable criticism in the past. Its success, like that of any village system, especially a new or newly-organised one, would depend on three factors : (a) Executive supervision by the District Officials and higher authorities, (b) office management in the Subdivisional and District and higher offices, and (c) Village action under the Panchayat's control. Without good executive supervision and office management, village non-official agency cannot be expected to work satisfactorily. Last year the Member in charge inspected the offices at Narayanganj, Chandpur and Comilla with reference to the process-serving work of the Panchayats, and found that the executive supervision had been inadequate, especially in Narayanganj, while the office arrangements were far from satisfactory. His inspection notes were submitted for the information of Government. Since then he has again inspected these offices and all District and Subdivisional offices of areas in which the reformed Panchayati system is at work, except Brahmanbaria. He has recently inspected a number of Panchayats of the Dacca district in or near their own villages. It may be unsafe to generalise from a small number of cases, only about ·5 per cent. of the total number of Presidents in the district having been

inspected and some of these apparently being men of greater intelligence than the average; but in most of the cases inspected the Member found that the process-serving work of the presidents during the year has been done, on the whole, with commendable punctuality (so far as the Panchayats and village process-servers are concerned), without complaints from persons affected, and in a manner giving promise of the capacity of the re-organised Panchayats under efficient and sympathetic supervision and good office management, to undertake in the future, as had been hoped when the new system was started in 1905, other and perhaps more responsible village duties to the advantage of the Government and their fellow villagers. In a few cases, he found their work unsatisfactory, but in some of these it was easy to trace defective executive supervision or office management. The thanks of the Board are due to Babu Girish Chandra Nag, Subdivisional Officer of Manikganj, and his staff, who have given much attention during the year to the process-serving and other work of the Panchayats.

The Collector of Dacca reports that the system of serving processes through Presidents has been found to work better than was the case last year. The Member in charge believes that this is because more attention has been paid to the subject. In Narayanganj, however, at his inspection of December last, he found the office arrangements still unsatisfactory. The Collector of Tippera reports that this method of serving processes is satisfactory and is improving, and will be better still when the Panchayati registers have been revised. He adds, however, that the system is applicable only to a few classes of processes. It is not clear why the number of processes should be so limited if the District and Subdivisional Offices comply with the instructions of Government. While the completion of the registers will no doubt help office management, the Board would rely rather on executive supervision for the improvement of the system. The Commissioner of the Chittagong Division reports that he has noticed great unpunctuality in the return of processes by Presidents in the Tippera district. He has not, however, entered into the question how far this may be due to defective supervision or bad office management, and how far to other causes for which the presidents themselves may be held responsible. The Member in charge holds himself much to blame in that he has not yet found time to inspect locally any Panchayats in the Tippera district. Instructions were issued by Government towards the close of the year which, if carefully observed, will, it is hoped, go far towards removing the defects hitherto noticed in the working of this system.

The payment of fares for journeys made by the process-serving peons by rail and steamer out of process-serving contingencies instead of levying them from the parties concerned is being tried experimentally.

SECTION IV.

Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

General (showing collections, remissions and balances).

Appendix V.

30. Appendix V shows the collections, remissions and balances on account of miscellaneous land revenue. The receipts under "Quit rent of tributary mahals" properly belong to ordinary land revenue, and this item has, therefore, been transferred to Appendix IIIE which deals with ordinary land revenue.

The total collections aggregated Rs. 6,21,462 against Rs. 5,87,214 in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 2,021 was remitted during the year (almost entirely in Assam) against Rs. 3,746 in 1908-1909. The large reduction in the balance (Rs. 59,221) remaining outstanding at the close of the year is entirely due to the gradual recovery of arrears of survey and settlement costs due from the landlords and tenants in Bakarganj, these arrears having fallen from Rs. 1,79,714 in 1908-1909 to Rs. 39,197 in the year under report. Rupees 64,114 were collected in advance on account of revenue due in future years. The variations in the receipts under this head, which are mainly derived from fisheries, minerals, poll-tax, house-tax, partition fees and the recovery of survey and settlement charges, are briefly reviewed below.

Fisheries.

31. In all the districts of Eastern Bengal except Chittagong, receipts from fisheries are included in the land revenue of estates.

The total collections on account of fishery revenue amounted to Rs. 2,28,895 as against Rs. 2,04,475 collected in 1908-1909. The increase occurred chiefly in Sylhet, Kamrup and Sibsagar, and in the first two of these districts it is said to be due to the export of fish to other districts by rail.

Minerals.

32. As reported in previous years the receipts from minerals come almost entirely from the Lakhimpur district. The total receipts on account of coal and oil amounted to Rs. 71,724 as against Rs. 65,076 collected in the preceding year. The amount received as royalty on coal showed a considerable increase (Rs. 5,530), but that on oil increased only slightly. In Chittagong prospecting leases for mineral oil were granted to Messrs. Turner Morrison & Company, and the Burma Oil Company, and the fees realised during the year amounted to Rs. 3,651, the realisations in the preceding year having been Rs. 2,679.

Poll-tax.

33. Poll-tax is levied only from the Miris and Singhphos in the Lakhimpur district, and from the Tipperas in Sylhet. The total collections decreased from Rs. 11,366 in 1908-1909 to Rs. 10,636 in the year under review. The decrease in Sylhet is said to be due to a certain number of Tipperas having removed to Hill Tippera.

House-tax.

34. House-tax is levied only in the districts of Cachar, Kamrup, Nowgong, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. The total amount collected during the year shows an increase of Rs. 2,082 over the collections of the previous year. This increase was shared by all the districts except Cachar.

Partition fees.

35. Partition fees realised during the year amounted to Rs. 31,548 against Rs. 38,349 collected in 1908-1909. In Faridpur all partition work was stopped pending the completion of the settlement operations in progress in the district, and this served to reduce the receipts under this head. In Tippera Rs. 10,199 remained outstanding at the close of the year.

Recovery of survey and settlement charges.

36. In the year under review a sum of Rs. 1,38,823 was collected on account of this item in the district of Bakarganj.

Sale of Government lands.

Appendix VI.

37. Eight petty Government estates in the districts of Mymensingh and Pabna, covering an area of 557 acres, were sold during the year for Rs. 3,165, subject to total Government revenue demand of Rs. 825. During the year under report the Board had occasion to invite the attention of the Divisional Commissioners to Bengal Government letter No. 914L.R., dated the 19th February 1895, in which sanction was accorded to the sale of a large number of petty Government estates in the various districts of the province and to enquire to what extent the order had been carried out. As the result of this enquiry fresh consideration has been given to the whole question of the disposal of petty and scattered estates at present managed by Government and some such estates were sold in the course of the year.

Redemption of land revenue.

38. The number of petty estates formed by partition and redeemed under section 11 of the old Partition Act VIII (B.C.) of 1876 was 6 (all in the Dacca District) against 21 in the previous year.

There was no other case of redemption of land revenue in either Eastern Bengal or Assam.

SECTION V.

Other Revenue Work.

Estates under direct management in Eastern Bengal.—

39. The total number of estates under direct management during the year under report was 1,590 against 1,572 in the preceding year, the current demand being Rs. 23,53,811 as compared with Rs. 22,84,731 in 1908-09.

(a) Collecting Agency.

40. There was no change in the agency by which these estates were managed or in the method of management, although there were alterations made in the strength of the staff engaged. The scheme for the re-organisation of the tahsil staff in the district of Bakarganj has received the sanction of Government but has not yet been brought into operation. Certain proposals for the revision of the scale of pay of the establishment attached to the Government estates in the Dacca district were received by the Board after the close of the year.

As to the improvement of the agency in the Faridpur district, where the system of management has been found to be unsatisfactory, the Board have not yet received any proposals. The Commissioner, however, reports that it is in contemplation to

inaugurate a scheme of management by Sub-Deputy Collectors on the lines of that sanctioned for Bakarganj, and the final details are now being examined by the Collector.

The question of the re-organisation of the staff in the Chittagong district is now under the consideration of the Commissioner of the Division, who has also submitted a proposal for the revision of the establishment at Tippera. As the details of this scheme were not, however, in exact accordance with the recommendations of the Ministerial Officers Committee, the matter has been referred back and the Board are awaiting a further report.

In Mymensingh a Sub-Deputy Collector has been deputed on behalf of the Collector to watch the survey and settlement operations in the interests of the management of Government Estates.

(*b*) Grant for management and sanitary, agricultural and miscellaneous improvements.

41. The amount placed at the disposal of the Board for the management and improvement of Government estates was Rs. 2 99,122, of which Rs. 77,706 was ear-marked for colonisation work in the Bakarganj portion of the Sundarbans, and Rs. 2,200 for similar work in the Nambor forest in the district of Sibsagar. The expenditure on colonisation work in the Sundarbans has not been included in Appendix VIIIB. In view of the financial stringency during the year the District Officers' estimates had to be considerably curtailed and the strictest economy was enforced, only works of improvement of a pressing nature being taken in hand.

Appendix VIIIA shows that the total cost of management, including the cost of collection, amounts to 7·0 per cent. of the current demand of the estates under direct management, while the cost of collection came to 4·0 per cent. of the same demand. During the year under report the Board examined the methods of classifying the expenditure under the two heads of management and collection in the different Divisions, and drew the attention of the Commissioners to the orders which had been passed already on the subject by the Board, and they trust that the figures now returned in column 5 of this Appendix are more reliable than those that have appeared in this report in past years.

Appendix VIIIB shows the expenditure incurred during the year under the heads of :—

(1) Management.

(2) Miscellaneous improvements, including agricultural improvements and experiments.

(3) Sanitary improvements.

The expenditure under the last two heads were 1·3 and ·5 per cent., respectively, of the current demand.

Foremost in interest and importance among the operations in Government estates was as hitherto the colonisation work in the Bakarganj Sundarbans. During the year 296 new colonists were settled on an area of 10,229 *bighas*. The slight check in the progress of colonisation this year is said to be due chiefly to the effects of the cyclone and consequent floods in the month of October, 1909, and in a lesser degree to a murder committed in Khepupara by some Mughs, which caused a temporary panic in the immediate neighbourhood. The total sum spent on improvements was Rs. 60,970 and material assistance was given to the settlers by the grant of land improvement and Agricultural loans to the extent of Rs. 16,050. The Collector of Bakarganj gives the following account of the progress of reclamation work :—

"Reclamation is progressing fairly in all the areas colonised, except Nilganj and Methaganj, where the health of the settlers has been bad and many deaths have occurred. Methaganj is now being colonised with Mughs, who are inured to the local climate. In Kalamegha the excavation of the *khal* between the Government estate (Kalamegha) and Gyanpara (the adjoining private estate) has had excellent results. It has given access to a portion of the estate otherwise inaccessible and has provided it with drainage, and land in the vicinity is being taken up rapidly.

"In Kalamegha the boundaries of some of the holdings have been demarcated this year. No actual survey has been made and the actual area reclaimed cannot be given. But it can safely be taken that one-third of the area colonised has been made fit for cultivation."

(*c*) Education.

42. In the Dacca Division there has been a falling off in the number of schools in Government estates and in the number of scholars attending them. There was, however, an increase all round in the Chittagong Division. The Report of the Commissioner of the Rajshahi

Division shows an increase of 38 schools and 1,095 scholars attending them in the district of Jalpaiguri, and a falling off of 2 schools and 101 scholars in the district of Pabna.

Irrigation, drainage and embankments.
Dacca Division.

43. The opening of the canal (*Bhil* route) in the Gopalganj Subdivision of Faridpur between the rivers Kumar and Madhumati, has considerably improved the land through which it passes. Dredging operations are continuing. A sum of Rs. 43,103 was spent in the Sundarbans portion of the Bakarganj district on the construction of small embankments mainly to protect the lands in that tract from salt water.

Chittagong Division.

44. The following action was taken during the year in respect of four of the six embankments maintained by Government in the district of Chittagong :—

(*a*) Rs. 6,000 were spent for repairs to the embankment round the island of Kutubdia.

(*b*) Rs. 400 were spent for the up-keep of the Gomatali and Pok-khali embankments in the Cox's Bazar circle.

(*c*) A sum of Rs. 5,234 was expended for the general repairs of the embankments in Banskhali including the protective works on the damaged portion of the Barghona and Gandamara embankments. The latter work could not be finished.

(*d*) A sum of Rs. 250 was spent for earth work and turfing of the Saranga and Gohira embankments in the Patya circle as in the last year.

Rajshahi Division.

45. A sum of Rs. 549 was spent in Jalpaiguri on clearing the Kukuli river in the Bhalka tahsil for irrigation purposes. A masonry drain was constructed by the District Board in the town of Jalpaiguri on the south side of the Jalpaiguri Damdin road at a cost of Rs. 1,280. The projects of re-excavating two drainage channels in Dinajpur referred to in last year's report are still pending with the Sanitary Engineer. The bigger project for the improvement of the sanitation of the town of Rangpur has been abandoned and a small new project started under the Bengal Municipal Act.

Surma Valley Districts.

46. No work under this head was undertaken in this Valley during the year.

Assam Valley Districts.

47. In Kamrup the reclamation of land damaged by the earthquake of 1897 continued. The estimates for repairing the Kharai *bund* in Mauza Gohpur in Darrang have been prepared and submitted but no sanction has yet been received. It is reported that the four *bunds* Dikhu, Desang, Dehing and Darika in the Sadar Subdivision of Sibsagar are incomplete and do not protect the country sufficiently from floods. Proposals have been submitted for surveys with a view to their extension. The Dikrang *bund* in Lakhimpur was completed during the year, but it now appears that costly repairs are necessary. The matter is under the consideration of Government in the Public Works Department.

Land Registration,—
(a) Under Act VII (B.C.) of 1876.

Appendix IXA.

48. In Eastern Bengal the registration of interests in land is effected under the provisions of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876. The particulars of the intermediate registrations effected under the Act are given in Appendix IXA. The total number of proprietary interests registered increased from 665,328 at the beginning of the year under review to 671,692 at its close. Of the 671,692 interests entered in the registers, 383,464 are in Chittagong alone, where a special establishment is entertained for Land Registration work, this work in other districts being carried out by the members of the ordinary Collectorate staff.

The number of applications for registration increased from 26,004 in 1908-1909 to 27,491 in the year under review. The increase occurred chiefly in two districts, *viz.*, Chittagong and Faridpur. That in Chittagong is due to an improvement in the check of the transfer reports which are sent in to the Collector by Sub-Registrars and Civil Courts, while in Faridpur it is ascribed to the fact that the Survey and Settlement operations have impressed upon the people the necessity of registering their names. The percentage of disposal of cases was 82·9 against 82·5 for the preceding year, there being a marked improvement in Chittagong and Mymensingh.

The actual number of applications granted during the year amounted to 27,652 or 4·1 per cent. on the total number of interests registered, as compared with a percentage of 4·24 in the year 1908-1909. The percentage was highest (8·95) in Mymensingh and lowest (1·29) in Jalpaiguri.

The total amount expended during the year on land registration work was Rs. 13,783 against Rs. 16,979 in the preceding year. Out of this the sum expended in Chittagong alone amounted to Rs. 12,632, against Rs. 9,354 realised as process and Court fees. The total realisations on account of land registration fees amounted to Rs. 1,151, as against Rs. 1,511 in 1908-1909.

During the year under review there was one case of fraudulent registration in the district of Chittagong, but it was not found possible to prosecute the man concerned in the Criminal Court.

The Commissioner of the Dacca Division reports that due attention was paid by Sub-Registrars and by the Civil Courts to rules 6 to 8 at pages 50-51 of the Land Registration Manual, 1904, regarding the submission of reports to Collectors of the transfer of estates. In this connexion it may be mentioned here that the High Court have directed* that the Civil Courts should forward to the Collectors monthly a statement of sales of estates or shares of estates by such Courts in execution of decrees confirmed in the previous month.

Vide Government Order No. 2244R., dated the 19th August 1909.

The number of petitions for revision presented to the Board under section 85 was 16.

The registers prescribed under the Act were reported to be generally in good condition.

Under clause (*a*) of section 19A of the Land Registration Act, as amended by Act I (E.B.A. C.) of 1907, the Board have, by their Circular order No. 1L.R. of January 1910, directed that in the districts of Eastern Bengal all matters required by the said Act to be entered in the general register of revenue-paying lands and Part I of the intermediate register, respectively, shall be entered in a combined register prescribed by the Board, instead of in the aforesaid registers. The writing up of the combined register in the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur, and Jalpaiguri has been postponed till the completion of the survey and settlement operations of these districts. The Board have also issued instructions for re-writing the Mauzawar Register C in Eastern Bengal on the basis of the jurisdiction lists which have been recently published. In the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur and Jalpaiguri where jurisdiction lists have not yet been prepared, pending the completion of the survey and settlement operations now in progress, the re-writing of Register C is to be begun as soon as the preparation of the record-of-rights has advanced far enough to permit of the compilation of these lists.

The Board have under their consideration the question of prescribing a uniform system of notation for the record of proprietors' interests in Register D, and hope to be able to take action to remove some anomalies that at present exist in this respect.

Land Registration,—
(*b*) Under Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.

Appendix IXB.

49. Appendix IXB shows the result of changes amongst proprietors and land-holders effected by registration and mutation under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation. The total number of cases disposed of locally by summary procedure rose from 27,331 to 33,228. The increase occurred in all districts save Sylhet, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. The continuous decrease in Sylhet is attributed to cause mentioned in the report for 1908-1909, the fact that the number of unrecorded changes has been gradually reduced by the new procedure and such changes are now gradually falling to their normal figure. The decrease in Sibsagar is more apparent than real, as in compiling the figures for the preceding year, the Sub-Deputy Collector at Jorhat treated each *dag*, instead of each *patta*, as a separate case. This was the explanation of the great increase in this district noticed in the Board's report for last year.

The total number of field mutations effected in the district of Lakhimpur, where re-settlement operations were in progress during the year under report, has not been shown in Appendix IXB, the bulk of the cases having been made over to the Settlement Officer for disposal. The percentage of cases diposed of in court and locally on the total number of estates liable to mutation was 6·93 against 6·17 in the preceding year. It is expected that the regular working of the summary procedure will gradually diminish the number of applications for registration.

Separate accounts of land revenue payments opened for shares under Acts XI of 1859 and VII (B.C.) of 1876.

Appendix IXC.

50. Appendix IXC shows the separate accounts opened and closed during the year in the several districts of Eastern Bengal. These numbered 1,098 and 344, respectively, against an average of 838 and 141 for the four preceding years. At the close of the year there remained open 34,463 separate accounts paying an aggregate land revenue demand of Rs. 28,03,950

Of these, 28,713 accounts were for shares in joint estates, held in common tenancy. (under section 10 of Act XI of 1859), 944 for shares representing specific portions of lands in estates (under section 11 of the same Act) and 4,806 for shares consisting of undivided interests in specific lands [under section 70 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876].

Registration of tenures under Act XI of 1859.

Appendix IXD.

51. Statistics as to the registration of tenures for protection against annulment, in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue under Act XI of 1859, are given in Appendix IXD. Twenty-eight tenures were registered during the year, and the total number protected was 3,463 at the close of the year.

Partitions.

Appendix X.

52. Appendix X shows the details of partitions in both parts of the province, and the results are reviewed separately, as in the preceding years.

(*a*) Eastern Bengal. [Act V (B. C.) of 1897.]

53. In Eastern Bengal, the number of cases pending at the close of 1908-1909 was 153 and the number instituted during the year was 26, making a total of 179 for disposal. The number of cases actually disposed of was 33 as compared with 47 in the preceding year, in 25 of which, partitions were allowed, *viz.*, in 18 in the Dacca Division, 1 in the Chittagong Division and 6 in the Rajshahi Division. The remainder were struck off for various reasons. Although the number of cases disposed of was greater than the number instituted during the year, the figures still indicate great delay—due in the main to the provisions of the Partition Act—in the disposal of cases.

Out of 88 cases for disposal in the districts of Dacca and Mymensingh, where a Special Deputy Collector was in charge of the partition work throughout the year, only 19 were disposed of and 69 remained pending at the close of the year. It is, however, reported that only 29 of the pending cases are in the hands of the Special Deputy Collector, of which 18 were ready for allotment and are nearing completion. The remaining 40 cases have reached more advanced stages and should be disposed of at a comparatively early date. The Commissioner of the Division writes :—

"It may now be confidently expected that the services of the Special Deputy Collector will be dispensed with and partition work made over to the General Department by December, 1910, at the latest."

In Faridpur the proceedings in 18, out of the 21 undisposed of cases, have been held in abeyance pending the completion of the Survey and Settlement operations. At the instance of the Board, Government has lately sanctioned, as an experimental measure, a scheme for the disposal of applications for partition by the officers of the Settlement Department during the course of Settlement operations. The organisation of the details of the scheme is now in progress.

The seventeen cases pending in Bakarganj have only been recently taken up on the conclusion of the Settlement operations in that district and it was not possible to dispose of any of them finally during the year.

In Tippera only two cases were disposed of out of 29 pending for disposal. The Hon'ble Mr. Lyon observed, in the course of an inspection of the Tippera offices in January last, that the progress made in partition work had not been satisfactory, and on his suggestion the Deputy Collector in charge has since been relieved of some of the other work entrusted to him and better results may now be expected. The Hon'ble Member dealt at the same time with the organisation of partition work in the Tora estate, a very large estate with an area of 25,708 acres, which has recently been brought under partition, and excellent progress has been made in the initial stages of the work.

In the Rajshahi Division 11 cases were finally determined out of 23, of which only 3 were instituted during the year.

The incidence of cost per acre of partitions completed during the year was Re. 1-8-3 in Dacca, against Re. 1-5-9 in 1908-1909, and Re. 0-11-9, against Re. 1-0-5 in Mymensingh. The increase in the average cost in Dacca is reported to be mainly due to the fact that the cost on account of the district establishment has been assessed upon a smaller area, there having been a considerable reduction in the number of estates under partition.

The question of accelerating partition proceedings has been taken up by the Board and they hope soon to be able to submit definite proposals to Government on the subject. The law as it now stands appears to offer too great assistance to those who desire to thwart the conduct of partition proceedings and delay the disposal of

them and every advantage is taken of such opportunities. It should be possible, in the Board's opinion, to devise some amendments of the Act which, while securing to all concerned reasonable rights of appeal, will enable the officers entrusted with the conduct of these proceedings to complete them more speedily and more economically.

(*b*) Assam.
[Chapter VI of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.]

54. The figures for Assam show a slight increase in the number of applications for partition under Chapter VI of the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation in the Surma Valley, and a small decrease in the Assam Valley, but the fluctuations are insignificant.

The attention of both the Divisional Commissioners in Assam was drawn recently to the necessity of expediting the disposal of partition cases instituted in Courts, and it is satisfactory to note that the percentage of disposals has risen from 46 to 52.

The special attention of the Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts has already been drawn to the fact that, as in the year 1903-1909, the district of Kamrup is responsible for the bulk of the pending cases.

Land Acquisition.

Appendix XI.

55. Proceedings under the Land Acquisition Act in respect of 1,729 acres, *viz.*, 821 acres in the Eastern Bengal districts and 908 acres in Assam, were confirmed by the Board during the year. This is the highest figure since the formation of the Province. The increase is due mainly to certain projects in the town of Dacca, *viz.*, those in connection with the new Civil Station and those for a Training College and the Medical School and Hostel. Of the total expenditure incurred (Rs. 8,81,852), more than seven lakhs was on account of Government, about a lakh on account of Railways and about half-a-lakh on account of District and Local Boards. The average cost per acre amounts to Rs. 510 against Rs. 281 in the preceding year. This is the highest in the last 5 years, and is attributed to the acquisition of a larger proportion of town lands, the value of which has been steadily increasing, especially in Dacca and Chittagong, since the formation of the new Province. The average cost per acre in each of the last 5 years since 1905-1906 for lands acquired for Government has been Rs. 354, Rs. 1,009, Rs. 189, Rs. 598 and Rs. 753, and for land acquired for Railways, Rs. 125, Rs. 104, Rs. 73, Rs. 119 and Rs. 157.

Temporary occupation.

Besides the above, an area of 1,694 acres was acquired for temporary occupation under section 35 of the Act at a cost of Rs. 14,918 as compared with 126·29 acres at a cost of Rs. 5,218 in the preceding year.

Projects dealt with.

56. Lands for the following (among other) projects were under acquisition during the year :—

(1) Extension of the New Civil Station at Dacca (North of the Nilkhet road);
(2) Muhammadan Hostel attached to the Dacca School of Medicine;
(3) Diversion of the Railway line between Pangsa and Belgachi in Faridpur;
(4) Government House and staff quarters at Chittagong;
(5) Construction of a road from Fandauk Bazar to Noapara Railway Station in Tippera;
(6) Rangia-Tangla extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway; and
(7) Sara Bridge Project in Pabna.

Projects in hand.

57. The most important new projects for the acquisition of land, for which instructions were received during the year, were :—

(1) Extension of the New Civil Station at Dacca (North of the Nilkhet road);
(2) Rangia-Tangla extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway; and
(3) Sara Bridge Project in Pabna.

In addition to the above, notifications under section 4 of Act I of 1894, have been published in respect of the projects noted below:—

(1) Construction of a Railway line from Singhjani through Dewanganj to the left bank of the Brahmaputra at some point opposite Fulchari;
(2) An extension of a Railway line from the Santahar station of the Eastern Bengal State Railway to Malda;
(3) A Railway line from Natore Station *viâ* Singia to Raiganj and Serajganj;
(4) A Railway line from a point near Sara *viâ* Pabna, Faridpur and Monupur to Serajganj; and
(5) A Railway line from Natore station *viâ* Putiya to Rampur-Boalia and Godagari.

58. The Bengal officer mentioned in last report remained in charge of the Pabna portion of the Sara Bridge project till 31st March 1910. An officer was appointed from this Province to take charge of the work in that district. He joined his office on the 22nd February 1910 and worked as an Assistant to the Bengal officer until the end of March when he took entire charge of the work in this Province with the exception of some pending cases which it was thought desirable by the local officers that the Bengal officer should dispose of.

Employment of Special Land Acquisition Officers.

In the Assam Valley a special Land Acquisition officer was employed from 5th April 1910 till the close of the year in connection with the acquisition of land for the Rangia-Tangla extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

59. In Tippera ·551 acre of land in the Akhaura station yard was relinquished by the Assam-Bengal Railway and made over to the District Board on payment of Rs. 3-14-1.

Disposal of Railway surplus lands.

With reference to the remarks recorded in last year's report as to the ejectment of certain lease-holders of Railway B class lands in Noakhali, the Commissioner reports that

"The question of instituting some Civil suits for the ejectment of lease-holders is still pending with the Government pleader of Tippera, who thinks fresh notices are to be served on the lessees before the suits are instituted. The notices have not yet been issued."

60. The proceedings pending on the 30th June 1910 relate to 298 projects with an area of 3,357 acres (as detailed in the margin), as compared with 320 projects with an area of 4,169 acres in the preceding year. Eastern Bengal was responsible for 218 projects with an area of 2,685 acres as compared with 236 projects with an area of 2,949 acres and Assam for 80 projects with an area of 672 acres, as compared with 84 projects with an area of 1,220 acres in the preceding year. Of these pending projects the proportion which are of more than two years' standing was 20·47 per cent. against 19·06 in the preceding year. Most of the pending proceedings were closed during the year, and some have been confirmed since the close of the year. References in the Civil Courts are responsible for the delay in the majority of the long pending cases.

Pending cases.

No.	Area in acres.	
30	1,490	over 3 years.
31	399	over 2 years.
79	820	over 1 year.
65	294	over 6 months.
93	354	below 6 months.
298	2,357	

61. Under the conditions of the Duars leases in Jalpaiguri, three acres of land were resumed for public purposes at a cost of Rs. 52, which was paid as compensation for houses, trees, etc.

Resumption.

Loans.

Appendix XIVA.

62. The total amount of loans outstanding was reduced during the year from Rs. 7,86,401 to Rs. 7,47,661.

(*a*) Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

Appendix XIVB.

63. Loans amounting to Rs. 8,700 only were advanced during the year under this Act. A loan of Rs. 4,000 was taken by some zemindars in Bogra for the re-excavation of a tank and another of Rs. 3,000 in Kamrup for the construction of a bund. Of the total debit of Rs. 57,373, only Rs. 16,596 were repayable during the year of which Rs. 14,020 were realised leaving a balance of Rs. 43,353 outstanding at the close of the year. Of Rs. 4,330 due on account of interest Rs. 3,675 were realised leaving a balance of Rs. 655 which includes a sum of Rs. 66 suspended.

(*b*) Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Appendix XIVC.

64. In consequence of the agricultural conditions of 1909-1910 being much more favourable than those of the preceding year, Rs. 1,79,705 only were advanced under this Act as against Rs. 4,84,639 in 1908-1909. The outstanding balance of the previous year added to the advances made during the year under report made a total debit of Rs. 9,17,433 of which sum Rs. 4,45,888 fell due within the year. Rs. 2,12,686 were actually collected (including Rs. 2 in excess), Rs. 441 remitted as irrecoverable and the realisation of Rs. 25,366 suspended owing to the distressed condition of borrowers, leaving a balance for collection in future years of Rs. 7,04,308. Of Rs. 57,426 due on account of interest Rs. 31,341 were collected (including Rs. 57 advance collection) and Rs. 50 remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 26,092 which includes Rs. 3,313 suspended.

In most cases the loans were granted on joint bonds executed by several villagers together. In Tippera certificates had been filed to realise the arrears, but at the suggestion of the Hon'ble Member in charge time has, in many cases, been allowed till September when the *aus* rice and jute crop will be harvested.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

65. A detailed report on the working of Co-operative Credit Societies in the Province for the year has been submitted to Government and only a short review of the results is given here. The year has been one of substantial progress. New centres of activity have been started and the Co-operative system has so advanced in popularity and public confidence that the number of societies is growing beyond the powers of supervision of the existing staff. A specially satisfactory feature of the year's results is the increasing readiness of the general public to invest their money with the societies.

The number of urban societies rose from 26 to 36 and the average membership from 101 to 111. The capital invested in these societies is now Rs. 3,50,497, nearly, double that of last year; the greater portion of this amount was contributed by the members themselves. Loans from non-members amounted to Rs. 1,59,862 or more than three times those of last year. Rs. 92,665 were advanced by urban societies as loans to other societies and Rs. 1,90,489 to members, the corresponding figures for last year being Rs. 55,377 and Rs. 1,21,783. Repayments were, on the whole, punctually made though in three cases suits had to be instituted for the recovery of overdue debts.

Rural societies increased from 204 to 330 with a total capital of Rs. 5,41,598 against Rs. 3,53,575 last year. The average membership again decreased though the actual number of members rose from 8,442 to 12,925. Deposits by members were Rs. 1,13,820 against Rs. 72,773. Loans amounting to Rs. 2,67,951 were issued to members, most of which were for productive purposes and for short periods. An interresting feature of the year has been the formation of a Co-operative Union at Gauripur in the district of Goalpara. The union is administered by a committee consisting of the Chairmen of the rural societies and employs a paid manager. It has only been started recently and has not yet had time to show whether it will prove a success.

General revenue work of the Land Records staff.

(*a*) Eastern Bengal.

66. No separate staff has yet been entertained for the maintenance of Land Records in the Eastern Bengal districts. Mutations in raiyati interests were noted by the regular establishments of Government and wards' estates, but this is done chiefly with a view to assist collections and the mutations so noted do not form a complete record of all changes of ownership. It is reported that this work was indifferently done in Tippera, but attention is being given to the amendment of the present system both there and in other districts in which it is not working satisfactorily. The question of the maintenance of records in Chittagong, referred to in the preceding report, is being dealt with by the local officers in the light of the remarks recorded by the Government of India on the subject in their letter No. 1404-451-2, dated the 20th December 1909. It has not been found possible as yet to make any commencement in the matter of the maintenance of the records prepared in the course of general district operations, mainly owing to want of funds.

(*b*) Assam.

67. The district Land Records staff in Assam has not only to maintain the land records of the temporarily-settled tracts, but also to carry out annual settlements and do other miscellaneous work in these areas. Some of the members of this staff were employed in Nowgong and Kamrup in enquiries as to the damage caused by drought and floods with a view to the remission of revenue. In Sylhet, the staff also carried out the survey of some small temporarily-settled estates and in Cachar it was employed in the survey and settlement of some *jangalburi* estates and on census work. It is reported that one Supervisor Kanungo was degraded and a patwari dismissed for misconduct in the Surma Valley, but on the whole the staff is reported to have worked fairly well.

Village headmen.

68. There are no village headmen employed on revenue work either in Eastern Bengal or in the Surma Valley. The question of organising a body of village headmen in the Bakarganj portion of the Sundarbans is still under consideration. The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division reports that the question of the appointment of such men for the purposes of section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure awaits the final orders of Government upon a report submitted by him.

The only Division in which there is an organised body of village headmen employed on revenue work is the Assam Valley. These men are known as *Gaonburas*

and are remunerated by remissions of land revenue. The amount of revenue thus remitted during the year slightly exceeded that in 1908-1909. The work of the *Gaonburas* was on the whole satisfactory.

There were altogether 245 vacancies amongst the *Gaonburas* caused by death, dismissal or resignation. These vacancies were generally filled up on the hereditary principle, or by election, or on the recommendation of the mauzadars.

During the year under report 28 *Gaonburas* were recommended for rewards for good work done by them.

SECTION VI.—RENT.

WORKING OF THE BENGAL TENANCY ACT.

69. The Bengal Tenancy Act continued to govern the relation between landlord and tenants in all the Eastern Bengal districts, except the Chittagong Hill Tracts, where it is not in force. It is reported that both landlords and tenants are gradually becoming better acquainted with its provisions, chiefly through the instrumentality of survey and settlement proceedings, the records of which are being more freely used. The improvement however, is only comparative, and much remains to be done in many parts of the province to secure to both zemindars and their tenants, the advantages which are offered by the land law of the province; while it is still unfortunately the case that, owing to their ignorance of their own rights and the legal powers of their landlords, the tenantry in many districts still suffer from the exaction of *abwabs*, and from illegal methods employed by their landlords and their agents to extor enhancements of rent and consent to inequitable leases.

The Bengal Tenancy Act.

A set of revised rules under the Act, as amended by the Eastern Bengal and Assam Act I of 1908, was issued under Notification No. 2304R., dated the 24th August 1909, and in accordance with these new rules, the Bengal Government Notification, dated the 11th February 1890, under which all Deputy Collectors in Eastern Bengal were authorised to perform the functions of Revenue Officers under Chapter X of the Act, and were vested with the powers of Settlement Officers under the Government rules, was cancelled. Each particular officer of this class will be invested in future with these powers, as occasion requires.

It was hardly to be expected that the general warning notices to all landed proprietors on the subject of the enforcement of the provisions of section 58 of the Act, referred to in the Report for 1908-1909, would have any immediate effect and the provisions of sections 56—58, prescribing the grant of formal receipts for rent in all cases are still undoubtedly neglected. In the Mymensingh district there were five references from Civil Courts under section 58 (3), four of these resulted in fines being imposed and the fifth in acquittal. In Faridpur, one reference under section 58 (2) was received from the 2nd Munsif of Bhanga. There were three complaints in Bakarganj, under section 58 (3), of which two were disposed of by the imposition of a fine of Rs. 50 in each case, and the other is still being dealt with by the Collector. In Tippera, one reference was received from the Civil Court under section 58 and ended in acquittal. One case under section 58 is also reported from Rajshahi which resulted in the same way.

Settlement Officers of districts under Survey and Settlement operations, Subdivisional Officers and the Senior Deputy Collectors at the headquarters of each district in Eastern Bengal were, at the close of the year, vested with the powers of a Collector under section 58 of the Act. The High Court has also issued a general order impressing on all Subordinate Civil Courts their duty in the matter of reporting to the Collectors cases in which the provisions of sections 56 and 57 have been evaded without reasonable cause. The Board hope that as a result of these orders, these provisions of the Act will be more generally enforced and that infringements of the law will be more frequently detected and punished during the course of the next few years.

Notifications Nos. 1559R. and 1560R., dated the 11th July 1910.

There were two applications under section 158A of the Act—one from a zemindar in Dinajpur and the other from the Kumars of Dubalhati in Rajshahi, for the recovery of arrear rents by means of the certificate procedure; but both of these were rejected on the ground that the records of the estates concerned were not being maintained in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

70. Appendix XIIA to the Report shows the work done in each district under each of the various sections of the Bengal Tenancy Act, so far as it is administered by revenue officers.

Working of the Bengal Tenancy Act under revenue officers.

Appendix XII A.

71. The number of transfers by voluntary sale shows a decrease which is ascribed to the gradual improvement of the condition of tenants and also to the low price of food-grains. The number of transfers by succession has also decreased, except in Noakhali, where the increase is attributed to improvement in registration.

Transfer of tenures. [Sections 12 (3), 13 (2), 14 and 15.]

72. The receipts and payments under this head, as given in Appendix XIIB, show that there has been some little improvement this year. Out of the total sum of Rs. 66,994 received during the year on account of landlords' fees, an amount of Rs. 7,112 only was claimed and paid over to the landlords, the percentage being 10·61 against 8·6 in the preceding two years. The improvement is ascribed to the introduction of the system of transmitting such fees, in some cases, by postal money-orders, but this system has not as yet been fully introduced in all districts and the Board hope for a considerable improvement in these figures during the next few years. The apathy of the landlords in the matter of withdrawing the money remains as yet unaffected by the change in the law.

Payment of landlords' fees.

Appendix XIIB.

73. The price lists of staple food crops were duly prepared and published. The people take no interest in these lists and as usual, no objections to the entries were put forward.

Preparation of price lists. (Section 39.)

74. During the year, there were only 21 cases under section 40 of the Act, 4 of which were filed in Bakarganj and the remaining 17 in Malda. There was no application for appraisement and division of crops under sections 69 and 70.

Rent payable in kind. (Sections 40, 69 and 70.)

75. The number of these applications fell from 108 to 50. Most of the registrations were for improvements in Government and Wards, estates.

Registration of improvements. (Section 80.)

76. There has been a slight increase in the number of these cases,—7 against 4 in the preceding year. Six of these occurred in Dacca and the other in Mymensingh.

Certificate of Collector as to acquisition of land. (Section 84.)

77. The most notable increase in the number of these notices is in the district of Dinajpur,—31 against 8 in the previous year—where one landlord gave as many as 17 notices, of which 9 referred to the holdings of one single village. Landlords seldom observe this provision of the law, and abandoned holdings are generally entered upon by them without notice.

Notices of re-entry upon [lands] by landlords. [Section 87 (2).]

78. Cases under section 31 show a decrease and are reported from the districts of Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali, Dinajpur and Rangpur. They were all enquired into at the instance of Civil Courts.

Local enquiries held by order of Courts. (Section 31.)

SECTION VII.

GENERAL.

79. Details of alienations and assignments of land revenue for each district of Assam are given in Appendix VII. The total area of which the revenue has been wholly or partly assigned or alienated fell from 294,060 acres to 294,052 acres and the revenue assigned rose from Rs. 2,68,983 to Rs. 2,72,635. In the Surma Valley there was a decrease of 24 acres in area and Rs. 31 in the revenue assigned in consequence of the resumption of a *baksha* grant (in Cachar) on its alienation by the original grantee. In the Assam Valley there was a net increase of 16 acres in area and of Rs. 3,683 in the revenue assigned. The increase in the revenue assigned under head "Lakhiraj" is mainly due to the conversion of a Khiraj estate of the Kamakhya temple in the district of Kamrup into Lakhiraj in consideration of the

Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue.

Appendix VII.

acquisition of a piece of Lakhiraj land belonging to the temple for the Dhubri-Gauhati extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway. The variations under head "Nisf-khiraj" do not call for any special remarks. The increase under head "Gaonburas" was due to the appointment of new *gaonburas* in place of old ones, who had either no land of their own or who had land the revenue of which was less than Rs. 8, which is the maximum amount of land revenue assigned to a *gaonbura*.

Records. General.

80. The condition of the district record-rooms is, on the whole, satisfactory; but the records system requires revision with a view to the destruction of certain classes of papers unnecessarily marked for permanent preservation and the better arrangement of certain papers to be permanently preserved. These matters are receiving attention.

Action was taken in Chittagong to rebind the volumes of *khatians* of the cadastral survey and some old registers, and also to mount old important maps upon cloth. The railway land acquisition records of the years 1893-97 which were received in the record-room after the abolition of the post of Special Land Acquisition Officer in 1898-99 and should have been entered at that time in Register 41A, were written up in that Register during the year under report. In the case of a large number of the records received from the Settlement Department in 1891, the numbers and names of the mahals had not been noted in the roll-books. Action was taken during the year to enter the above details in the column of the remarks of the roll-books to remove the inconvenience felt in tracing records. The Noabad taluks created at and since the last settlement were not entered in any register. A register has now been opened in which the Taluks have been entered with consecutive numbers assigned to them. The old rent suit records under Act X of 1859 were destroyed under the orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, conveyed in their letter No. 1228A., dated the 12th December, 1899, excepting only 923 bundles which related to titles to land, or some interest in land, or rate of rent or questions of the variations of rent of tenants and which it was thought expedient to preserve.

Action was taken in Tippera to rebind some old Gazettes and registers, and in Noakhali to copy and compare some old settlement papers of pargannah Sundip, and to bind 122 volumes of registers A, D, 41, 41A, 42, etc. Action was also taken in Mymensingh and Bakarganj to repair and re-copy *Thakbust* and Revenue Survey maps damaged by constant handling, age and the ravages of insects. The work of re-arranging the records in Faridpur according to Tauzi numbers and of re-writing the shelf register No. 41, which had been postponed, pending the construction of the new record building, was begun in June 1910. In Jalpaiguri 41 old *Thakbust* maps out of 52 were copied. The old records in Tezpur were re-arranged. The work of transmission of records from Sibsagar to Jorhat continued during the year.

English correspondence.

81. The classification and periodic destruction of B and C papers are reported to have received due attention.

A quinquennial revision of the English correspondence was carried out in Mymensingh, Faridpur and Bakarganj and commenced in Chittagong during the year.

Record-room buildings.

82. Proposals are under consideration for (i) a new record-room at Faridpur, (ii) the enlargement and re-construction of the record-room at Chittagong, (iii) the extension of the record-room at Tezpur, and (iv) the provision of extra accommodation for the record-room at Nowgong, which is very small, by converting the English office room into a record-room. As stated in the previous year's report, land has been acquired and materials collected for the new record-room at Barisal. The plans and estimates are said to be still with the Superintending Engineer, and pending the construction of the new building, the Collector has not been able to take over the record-of-rights from the Settlement Officer. Some minor improvements and additions were made in the record-rooms at Pabna and Bogra.

Inspection of record-rooms.

83. All the Collectors and Deputy Commissioners except the Collectors of Dacca and Noakhali and the Deputy Commissioners of Nowgong and Cachar inspected their record-rooms. It is reported that though the Collector of Dacca did not make any formal inspection of his record-room, he paid frequent visits to it and looked into all details of work, and that the Commissioner of Chittagong having made a thorough inspection of the Noakhali record-room, the Collector did not consider a second inspection necessary. The Board hope that all District Officers will, in future, make a thorough inspection of their record-rooms at least once a year. The Commissioners of Dacca, Chittagong, Rajshahi and the

Assam Valley Districts inspected the record-rooms at Mymensingh and Faridpur, Noakhali and Comilla, Dinajpur and Pabna, and Tezpur and Dibrugarh, respectively. The Commissioner of the Surma Valley and Hill Districts made very careful and thorough inspection of the record-rooms at Silchar and Sylhet, with special reference to the question of economising space and the better preservation of the records. Action is being taken by the District Officers on these suggestions.

In the course of his tours, the Hon'ble Mr. Melitus, Member in charge, inspected the record-rooms and record arrangements of some of the districts and subdivisions visited by him in the course of the year.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lyon also visited the record-rooms at Barisal and Comilla in the course of his inspection of Land Registration work.

Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878.

84. There were four cases under the Act during the year :—

(1) Sixty-five old silver coins in a copper pot were unearthed by a girl in the Dacca district. They were issued by Shamsuddin Abdul Mozaffar Firoz Shah, Ghiyasuddin Abdul Mozaffar Bahadur Shah and Rukunuddin Abdul Mozaffar Kaikans Shah, Kings of Bengal, and were apparently minted at Lakhuauti. Notices have issued inviting claimants.

(2) In Malda four copper plates weighing 32 seers were found in a field. They are reported to be worth Rs. 22. They bear no inscription and are of plain metal.

(3) In the Karimganj subdivision of Sylhet some coolies while digging earth to build a house found and appropriated 189 old silver coins. The fact was reported by the Manager of a neighbouring Tea Estate. The finders were convicted : one was punished with one week's simple imprisonment and the other was fined Rs. 15 under the Treasure Trove Act. The coins were declared ownerless. One hundred and seventy eight of the coins were submitted to Government and the remainder which had been converted into a pair of bangles will be sold in the usual course. They belonged o the periods of :—

(*a*) Nasir-uddin Nasrat Shah, dated 925 Hizira (1518A.D.)

(*b*) Ghiyasuddin Mahamal Shah, III, dated 944 Hizira (1537A.D.)

(*c*) Babah Shah, dated 949 Hizira (1542A.D.)

(4) In another case a brass statue representing the god Vishnu, with some silver ornaments, weighing 2 tolas, pertaining to the idol, was found buried in the Silakuiti mauza of the Sadar subdivision of the district of Sibsagar. The matter is under enquiry.

No one appeared to claim the find of forty rupees in the Bakarganj district last year. The amount has therefore been transferred to the credit of Government.

(*a*) *Personnel.* Of the Board.

85. The office of First Member of the Board was held from 1st July to 9th September 1909 by the Hon'ble Mr. H. Savage, C.S.I., and thereafter throughout the year by the Hon'ble Mr. P. G. Melitus, C.I.E. On the latter assuming the duties of First Member, the Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Lyon succeeded him as Second Member. Mr. Melitus held charge of the Miscellaneous Revenue business of the Board throughout the year, the Land Revenue business being entrusted to Mr. Lyon when it was relinquished by Mr. Savage in September 1909.

(*b*) Of Commissioners.

86. The following Commissioners held office during the year :—

Dacca Division.—The Hon'ble Mr. H. LeMesurier, C.I.E., was in charge from the 1st July to the 1st August 1909 when he proceeded on privilege leave, prior to taking up the post of Chief Secretary. The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid, officiated as Commissioner from August 2nd to November 26th, when he was relieved by the Hon'ble Mr. R. Nathan, C.I.E. Mr. Reid again officiated from March 4th, on which date Mr. Nathan succeeded Mr. LeMesurier as Chief Secretary, to the end of the year.

Chittagong Division.—The Hon'ble Mr. F. N. Fischer, throughout the year.

Rajshahi Division.—The Hon'ble Mr. F. J. Monahan, throughout the year.

Surma Valley and Hill Districts.—Mr. F. C. Henniker officiated as Commissioner during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. J. C. Arbuthnott, C.I.E., on leave, from 1st July to 22nd November, but was compelled by ill-health to take leave from the 27th August to the 11th October, when the Senior Collector, Mr. F. C. French, officiated in his place. Mr. Arbuthnott rejoined his post as Commissioner on November 22nd and retained it till the close of the year.

Assam Valley Districts.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel P. R. T. Gurdon, I.A., throughout the year.

Tours and Inspections with special reference to district and subdivisional offices, treasuries and sub-treasuries.

(a) Of Members of the Board.

87. The Hon'ble Mr. Savage, C.S.I., was on tour for eight days in August when he visited Sylhet and examined the preliminary work undertaken in connection with the proposal to prepare a General Register for the permanently-settled estates in that district.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. G. Melitus, C.I.E., was on tour for about ninety days during the year and visited the district headquarters of Bakarganj, Mymensingh, Tippera, Chittagong, Pabna, Jalpaiguri, Cachar, Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, and Lakhimpur, the subdivisions of Cox's Bazar, Narainganj, Chandpur, Madaripur and Jamalpur, and some outlying places in the above and other districts either on general inspection or for special business or enquiries. The charge of the Excise Bill, passed into law during the year as Act I (E. B. A.) of 1910, made it necessary for him to devote much of his time on tour to the study of local excise conditions, and work in Dacca connected with the Bill somewhat curtailed his cold weather touring.

88. The Hon'ble Mr. Lyon, C.S.I., was on tour for fifty days during the year but his duties as an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General in Calcutta left him but small opportunity for touring during the cold weather. In November he visited Gauhati, Dhubri and Goalundo. In December he visited Faridpur in connection with the settlement operations proceeding in that district and looked into some matters connected with the management of khas mahals. In January 1910 he inspected the Collectorate of Bakarganj including the Wards Department of that office and examined in detail the question of the indebtedness of some of the principal estates in that district and the measures taken to free them. He also inspected the Revenue offices at Comilla. He made an extensive tour in the Assam Valley during April 1910, visiting the districts of Kamrup, Darrang, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur, where he looked into the work of Circle officers and Mouzadars generally and also examined the work of many individual officers. He instituted some enquiries in regard to the position of Mouzadars in general. The results of his enquiries were subsequently dealt with in Shillong, in consultation with the 1st Member, the Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts and the Director of Land Records and a series of orders of some importance have been issued with the concurrence of these officers dealing with the duties and responsibilities of Sub-Deputy Collectors in charge of Circles and the maintenance of the influence and prestige of Mouzadars.

(b) Of Commissioners.

89. The number of days spent on tour by the Commissioner of the Dacca Division was 73 as compared with 70 in the previcus year. The Hon'ble Mr. LeMesurier was on tour for nine days and visited Faridpur, Tangail, Kaliakoer and Manikganj. The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid toured for thirty-six days and inspected the district offices at Mymensingh and Bakarganj and the Subdivisional offices of Netrakona, Jamalpur and Madaripur. The Hon'ble Mr. R. Nathan was on tour for twenty-eight days; he inspected the district offices at Dacca and Faridpur and the offices of the newly formed subdivision at Gopalganj. It is explained that Council elections in November 1909 and the meetings of the Provincial Legistative Council in the cold weather seriously interfered with the Commissioner's touring, but the Board hope that this may be still further extended in the current year.

The Commissioner of Chittagong was on tour for eighty-two days (including visits to Dacca for Council meetings and to Shillong for the Conference) against 61 in the preceding year. He inspected the Chittagong and the Tippera Collectorates and the Subdivisional offices of Brahmanbaria, Chandpur and Feni. He also visited on two occasions certain villages in the Noakhali district where plague had broken out and he inspected the Noakhali treasury and the Sub-treasury at Feni.

The Hon'ble Mr. Monahan spent 136 days on tour, in the course of which he visited Dinajpur thrice, Pabna and Malda twice, and Rajshahi, Rangpur and Bogra once. After visiting Pabna and inspecting the public offices, he met His Honour

the Lieutenant-Governor at Malda in August 1909, and accompanied him to Gour and Pandua. In November and December 1909, he made an extensive tour in the districts of Rangpur and Bogra, and, in January 1910, he made another extensive tour in the district of Pabna. He accompanied His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to Kurigram and Gaibandha early in February, and in March made a tour in the Western Duars of the Jalpaiguri district. In April and May he visited the tea gardens in the Western Duars with the Duars Committee, and also inspected the Alipur Duar Subdivisional and Tahsil offices. In June 1910 he again visited Dinajpur, and discussed certain matters of importance with the District Officer. During his valuable tours the Commissioner inspected a large number of schools, jails, dispensaries and other institutions.

Excluding his extensive marches in the Hill Districts the Hon'ble Mr. Arbuthnott spent 53 days on tour. He inspected all branches of the Deputy Commissioner's office at Sylhet and some of the Subdivisional offices in Cachar and Sylhet. Mr. Henniker's tour in the rains was abandoned after 10 days owing to severe illness. Mr. French was out for 5 days of the short period during which he acted for Mr. Henniker.

In the Assam Valley, Lieutenant-Colonel Gurdon was on tour for 164 days, including 8 days during which he accompanied His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor while he was on tour in the Division. He inspected all District offices, the Subdivisional offices at Jorhat and Golaghat and three treasuries and made an extensive tour in the Garo Hills, which have recently been placed under his charge.

(c) Of District Officers.

90. In the Dacca Division the number of days fixed by the Commissioner for the tours of Collectors was 90 days for Dacca, 110 days for Mymensingh, 110 days for Faridpur, and 128 days for Bakarganj. The actual tours of the Collectors fell short by 24, 4, 22 and 8 days, respectively. The deficiency in Dacca is much to be regretted, although the Board recognize that there were valid reasons to account for the detention of the Collector for long periods at headquarters. Every effort should be made by the Collector to extend his tours during 1910-1911 and to inspect the offices, which, it is his duty to supervise. The explanations given for the deficiency in Faridpur are adequate. The Board note with satisfaction that the Additional and Assistant Magistrates of Dacca were out on tour for 73 days. All the District Officers, except the Collector of Dacca, inspected their respective offices and treasuries, and, with one exception (the Narainganj Subdivisional office), the offices and treasuries of all subdivisions were also inspected.

The period prescribed for the tours of Collectors in the Chittagong Division is 90 days. Although the Collector of Chittagong was only out for 80 days, he visited every portion of the district and inspected many local institutions, all Khas Mahal offices, every thana except Nairsarai, all the Khas Tahsil offices in the Cox's Bazar Circle and some Sub-tahsil offices in other circles. The work done by Mr. Woodhead, while on tour, was of special value, and his failure to reach the minimum period laid down for his absence from headquarters has been satisfactorily explained.

The Collectors of Tippera and Noakhali were out on tour for 101 days each, and inspected their own offices as well as the Subdivisional offices under their control.

In the Rajshahi Division the number of days fixed for touring was 105 days for Rangpur, and 90 days for the remaining districts. The prescribed minimum was attained in all districts. All the District Officers inspected their own offices and those in their subdivisions.

In the Surma Valley the Deputy Commissioners of Cachar and Sylhet toured respectively for 134 and 149 days. The Deputy Commissioner, Cachar, inspected the Sub-treasuries of his district, but did not inspect the Subdivisional office at Hailakandi. Mr. Hezlett, Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, inspected all Subdivisional offices and treasuries as well as many thanas, dispensaries, schools and tea gardens. In the Assam Valley, all the District Officers, except the Deputy Commissioner of Goalpara (in whose case the deficiency is small), accomplished the full amount of touring prescribed for them. All the Deputy Commissioners except the Deputy Commissioner of Sibsagar, inspected their own offices. The Subdivisional offices were also inspected by the District Officers.

(d) Of Subdivisional officers.

91. It was only in the Subdivisions of Tangail, Patuakhali, Natore and Jorhat that the officers in charge failed to carry out the prescribed amount of touring, and in these cases the deficiency was small.

Merit of officers.

92. The Board desire to acknowledge with thanks the valuable assistance given by the Commissioners of Divisions in the Administration of the Land Revenue Department. The following officers have earned special mention for good work during the year:—

Officers of the Indian Civil Service and Military Officers in the Commission.

Major D. Herbert.
Mr. A. H. Clayton.
„ A. W. Botham.
„ A. H. W. Bentinck.
Mr. J. McSwiney.
„ J. Hezlett.
„ A. Marr.
„ W. L. Scott.
Mr. J. A. Woodhead.

Officers of the Provincial Civil Service.

2nd grade Deputy Collectors ... Babu Ganga Charan Chatterji.
„ Barada Kanta Ganguly.

3rd grade Deputy Collectors ... Maulvi Muhib-uddin Ahmad.
Babu Gobinda Chandra Das Gupta (since died).

5th grade Deputy Collectors ... Mr. G. D. Pyne.
Babu Anath Bandhu De.
Mr. Praphulla Sankar Sen.
Maulvi Abul Muzaffar Ahmad.

6th grade Deputy Collectors ... Srijut Radha Nath Phukan.
Babu Sures Chandra Basu.
Mr. W. J. H. Ballantine.

7th grade Deputy Collectors ... Maulvi Sayid Abdul Latif.
„ Ata-ur-Rahman.

Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service.

2nd grade Sub-Deputy Collector ... Babu Dwarka Nath Chaudhuri.

3rd grade Sub-Deputy Collectors ... Babu Girish Chandra Nandi Mazumdar.
„ Kashiswar Chakrabatti.
Rai Sahib Betha Ram Sharma.

4th grade Sub-Deputy Collectors ... Babu Kailash Chandra Das.
„ Surendra Nath Datta.
„ Sharat Chandra Lahiri (II).

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary.

INDEX TO APPENDICES.

	Page
IA.—Classification of land tenures (Eastern Bengal)	i
IB.— Ditto ditto (Assam)	ii—v
IIA.—Changes on the land revenue demand of Government and temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal)	vi—vii
IIB.—Changes on the land revenue demand on fully assessed area taken up for ordinary cultivation (Assam)	vii—ix
IIC.—Fluctuations in the khiraj area of the Assam Valley districts, including land held by tea planters (Assam)	x
IID.—Area settled with ex-tea coolies and other immigrants in the Surma Valley and Assam Valley districts (Assam)	xi
IIIA.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of estates on the revenue roll (Provincial)	xii—xv
IIIB.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana and police revenue) of permanently-settled estates (Eastern Bengal)	xvi—xvii
IIIC.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue of temporarily-settled estates (Eastern Bengal)	xviii—xix
IIID.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue of estates held direct (Eastern Bengal)	xx—xxi
IIIE.—Demands, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue (including malikana) of estate on the revenue roll (Assam)	xxii—xxiii
IVA.—Proceedings under the Sale Law (Eastern Bengal)	xxiv—xxx
IVB.—Working of the certificate procedure (Eastern Bengal)	xxvi—xxvii
IVC.—Coercive means employed for the collection of the land revenue (Assam)	xxviii—xxx
IVD.—Processes served and their cost (Provincial)	xxxi
V.—Collections, remissions and balances on account of miscellaneous land revenue (Provincial) ...	xxxii—xxxiii
VI.—Sale of proprietary rights in Government estates (Provincial)	xxxiv
VII.—Alienations and assignments of land revenue existing in the Province (Provincial) ...	xxxv—xxxvii
VIIIA.—Cost of management of estates held direct by Government (Eastern Bengal)	xxxviii
VIIIB.—Expenditure incurred on estates under direct management (Eastern Bengal)	xxxix
IXA.—Intermediate registrations under Act VII (B. C.) of 1876 (Eastern Bengal)	xl
IXB.—Registration of changes amongst proprietors and landholders (Assam)	xli
IXC.—District details of separate accounts (Eastern Bengal)	xlii—xliii
IXD.—Registration of tenures, Act XI of 1859 (Eastern Bengal)	xliv
X.—Disposal of partition cases (Provincial)	xlv
XI.—Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them (Provincial)	xlvi
XIIA.—Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act (Eastern Bengal)	xlvii
XIIB.—Landlords' fees (Eastern Bengal)	xlviii
XIII.—Average prices of common rice, wheat, etc. (Provincial)	xlix
XIVA.—Agriculturists' and Land Improvement Loans (Provincial)	l
XIVB.—District details of Land Improvement Loans (Provincial)	li—liii
XIVC.—District details of Agriculturists' Loans (Provincial)	liv—lv
XVA.—Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money order (Provincial)	lvi
XVB.—Payment of rent by money orders (Eastern Bengal)	lvii

APPENDIX IA.

(*Vide* paragraphs 10-13 of the text.)

Classification of Land Tenures, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Permanently-settled estates.			Temporarily-settled estates.			Estates held in direct management.		
	Number of estates.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.									
Dacca	10,184	1,690,661	4,23,706	464	69,679	60,618	236	10,986	30,935
Mymensingh	9,650	3,926,087	7,68,323	162	124,376	73,861	96	18,698	34,556
Faridpur	5,634	1,351,246	4,30,960	143	30,320	40,354	248	92,334	1,56,199
Bakarganj	3,005	1,774,529	10,05,999	235	296,589	2,77,257	390	261,682	5,05,957
Total	28,473	8,742,523	26,28,988	1,004	520,964	4,52,090	970	383,700	7,27,647
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.									
Chittagong	28,627	359,418	5,29,473	2	24,311	9,056	6	404,194*	6,96,116
Tippera	2,238	1,443,162	9,39,345	56	22,994	28,075	249	66,723	1,34,983
Noakhali	1,545	827,376	4,51,658	45	53,656	52,455	246	159,553	2,09,276
Total	32,410	2,629,956	19,20,476	103	100,961	89,586	501	630,470	10,40,375
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.									
Rajshahi	1,609	1,643,142	10,17,067	22	6,094	2,497	27	16,127	5,712
Dinajpur	762	2,613,469	15,20,449	...	...	...	3	83	102
Jalpaiguri	82	670,586	1,36,750	186	241,999	2,03,682	5	558,849	4,56,539
Rangpur	647	2,585,498	10,10,386	27	3,846	3,489	5	236	331
Bogra	704	71,348	4,33,867	...	...	...	2	23,962	60,416
Pabna	1,796	958,676	3,59,166	76	32,396	26,701	57	47,158	34,717
Malda	618	1,191,184	4,00,596	16	3,009	10,180	20	21,167	27,972
Total	6,218	9,733,903	48,78,281	327	287,344	2,46,549	119	667,582	5,85,789
GRAND TOTAL 1909-1910 ...	67,101	21,106,382	94,27,745	1,434	909,269	7,88,225	1,590	1,681,752	23,53,811
GRAND TOTAL 1908-1909 ...	67,065	21,107,244	94,28,198	1,445	914,259	7,79,773	1,572	1,663,998†	22,87,844†

* *Vide* paragraph 9 of the preceding year's report. The area of 727,424 acres shown in the previous year's Appendix was a mistake for 395,600 acres, as was reported to Government in this office No. 27 Misc.—G., dated the 23rd July 1910.

† Revised figures.

[*Vide* paragraphs

Classification of Land

Class of estates.	Cachar.			Sylhet.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED	...	...	...	49,882	2,411,002	3,65,127
II.—TEMPORARILY-SETTLED—						
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation ...	5,027	9,461	10,114	9,148	20,525	20,379
Annually at full rates for special cultivation ...	8	95	110	8	40	79
TOTAL ANNUALLY-SETTLED	5,035	9,556	10,224	9,156	20,565	20,458
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation ...	67,751	343,958	4,09,761	52,009	362,241	3,40,918
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation ...	348	96,241	1,01,254	284	27,345	34,933
TOTAL PERIODICALLY-SETTLED	68,099	440,199	5,11,015	52,293	389,586	3,75,851
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation) ...	72,778	353,419	4,19,875	61,157	382,766	3,61,297
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation) ...	356	96,336	1,01,364	292	27,385	35,012
TOTAL FULLY ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	73,134	449,755	5,21,239	61,449	410,151	3,96,309
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ for ten years	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ for twenty years	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special settlements	5	25	33	113	56,202	67,891
Town lands	834	1,297	11,183	...	...	...
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED	73,973	451,077	5,32,455	61,562	466,353	4,64,200
III.—REVENUE FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	114	1,126	...	1,252	37,618	...
IV.—WASTE LAND GRANTS—						
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ „ 1854	23	25,870	7,291	1	1,831	515
Fee-simple grants	23	9,107	...	1	1,878	...
Old rules grants commuted	67	134,964	...	...	...	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section I of Settlement Rules ...	16	5,233	2,285	135	92,140	84,348
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS	129	175,174	9,576	137	95,849	84,863
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION ...	485	271,510	1,10,940	542	179,436	1,87,766
GRAND TOTAL ... 1909-1910	74,216	627,377	5,42,031	1,12,833	3,010,822	9,14,190
GRAND TOTAL ... 1908-1909	73,408	625,144	5,37,355	1,11,921	3,006,207	9,10,017

I-B.

10 and 14 of the text.]

Tenures, 1909-1910.

Total for Surma Valley Districts.			Goalpara.			Kamrup.			Darrang.		
Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number. of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
49,882	2,411,002	3,65,127	19	1,518,982	11,411	...	...	...	...	...	...
14,175	29,986	30,493	16,222	52,826	73,420	1,03,964	193,031	3,12,859	42,849	51,166	99,663
16	135	189	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	25	42
14,191	3,021	30,682	16,222	52,826	73,420	1,03,964	193,031	3,12,859	42,857	51,191	99,705
1,19,760	706,199	7,50,679	1,385	11,847	19,993	1,21,496	346,375	9,07,797	89,131	231,908	5,91,878
632	123,586	1,36,187	1	198	322	21	1,044	1,580	139	11,431	20,135
1,20,392	829,785	8,86,866	1,386	12,045	20,315	1,21,517	347,419	9,09,377	89,270	243,339	6,12,013
1,33,935	736,185	7,81,172	17,607	64,673	93,413	2,25,460	539,406	12,90,656	1,31,980	283,074	6,91,541
648	123,721	1,36,376	1	198	322	21	1,044	1,580	147	11,456	20,177
1,34,583	859,906	9,17,548	17,608	64,871	93,735	2,25,481	540,450	12,22,236	1,32,127	294,530	7,11,718
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,654	146,214	1,26,004	109	31,007	16,726
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,654	146,214	1,26,004	109	31,007	16,726
118	56,227	67,924	49	131,345	28,541	3	1,318	2,192	2	678	39
834	1,297	11,183	262	105	2,160	776	465	5,782	385	323	4,737
1,35,535	917,430	9,96,655	17,919	196,321	1,24,436	2,28,914	688,447	13,56,214	1,32,623	326,538	7,33,220
1,366	38,744	...	40	99,055	...	36	33,952	...	31	5,043	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	156	333	...	...	...
24	27,701	7,806	...	...	...	2	455	129	1	293	82
24	10,985	...	...	...	...	17	4,428	...	85	45,240	...
67	134,964	...	...	...	...	20	13,538	...	15	6,758	...
151	97,373	86,633	2	675	478	17	4,927	3,722	269	83,349	55,877
266	271,023	94,439	2	675	478	59	23,504	4,184	370	135,640	55,959
1,027	450,946	2,98,706	3	873	800	80	24,548	5,764	517	147,096	76,136
1,87,049	3,638,199	14,56,221	17,980	1,815,033	1,36,325	2,29,009	745,903	13,60,398	1,33,024	467,221	7,89,179
1,85,329	3,631,351	14,47,372	16,469	1,810,292	1,28,701	2,19,146	716,826	13,22,082	1,51,488	460,132	7,95,253

ASSAM.

APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraph

Classification of Land

Class of estates.	Nowgong.			Sibsagar.		
	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED	...	...	...	...	...	...
II.—TEMPORARILY-SETTLED						
Annually at full rates for ordinary cultivation ...	69,336	106,471	1,84,950	71,094	106,306	2,09,009
Annually at full rates for special cultivation ...	11	71	107	45	1,160	2,183
TOTAL ANNUALLY-SETTLED	69,347	106,542	1,85,057	71,139	107,466	2,11,192
Periodically at full rates for ordinary cultivation ...	62,204	134,898	3,17,312	1,42,238	431,045	12,41,031
Periodically at full rates for special cultivation ...	59	3,468	5,546	732	61,525	1,16,423
TOTAL PERIODICALLY SETTLED	62,263	138,366	3,22,858	1,42,970	492,570	13,57,454
Total fully-assessed area (ordinary cultivation) ...	1,31,540	241,369	5,02,262	2,13,332	537,351	14,50,040
Total fully-assessed area (special cultivation) ...	70	3,539	5,653	777	62,685	1,18,606
TOTAL FULLY-ASSESSED AREA (KHIRAJ)	1,31,610	244,908	5,07,915	2,14,109	600,036	15,68,646
Nisf-khiraj for one year	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ for ten years	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ for twenty years	24	6,159	3,576	472	4,978	5,478
TOTAL NISF-KHIRAJ	24	6,159	3,576	472	4,978	5,478
Special settlements	10	2,284	1,249	4	74	276
Town lands	708	746	4,532	1,711	1,881	11,760
TOTAL TEMPORARILY-SETTLED	1,32,352	254,097	5,17,272	2,16,296	606,969	15,86,160
III.—REVENUE-FREE (OTHER THAN FEE-SIMPLE) ...	4	1,537	...	81	41,613	...
IV.—WASTE LAND GRANTS—						
Under old rules of 1838	...	...	...	16	5,194	8,845
„ „ 1854	2	469	132	2	726	204
Fee-simple grants	42	15,218	...	57	30,623	...
Old rule grants commuted	13	6,119	...	111	93,732	...
Under rules of 1876 and Section 1 of Settlement Rules ...	71	25,589	23,662	270	75,893	60,968
TOTAL WASTE LAND GRANTS	128	47,395	23,794	450	206,168	70,017
TOTAL AREA SETTLED FOR SPECIAL CULTIVATION ...	198	50,934	29,447	1,227	268,853	1,83,623
GRAND TOTAL ... 1909-1910	1,32,484	303,029	5,41,066	2,16,827	854,750	16,56,177
GRAND TOTAL ... 1908-1909	1,26,236	2,09,218	5,18,276	2,09,259	840,131	16,28,136

I-B.—*concld.*

10 and 14 of the text]

Tenures, 1909-1910.

Lakhimpur.			Total for Assam Valley Districts.			Grand total for the year.			Grand total for previous year.		
Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area.	Revenue.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.
...	...	...	19	1,518,982	11,411	49,901	39,29,984	3,76,538	49,905	39,29,935	3,76,546
69,931	128,678	2,89,939	3,73,396	638,478	11,69,840	3,87,571	6,68,464	12,00,333	4,09,583	687,123	13,27,657
132	912	2,085	196	2,168	4,417	212	2,303	4,606	221	2,361	4,651
70,063	129,590	2,92,024	3,73,592	640,646	11,74,257	3,87,783	6,70,767	12,04,939	4,09,804	689,484	13,32,308
36,540	113,362	2,92,929	4,52,994	1,269,435	33,70,940	5,72,754	19,75,634	41,21,619	5,39,920	1,878,546	38,82,982
446	31,316	71,298	1,398	108,982	2,15,304	2,030	2,32,568	3,51,491	2,113	232,106	3,52,392
36,986	144,678	3,64,227	4,54,392	1,378,417	35,86,244	5,74,784	22,08,202	44,73,110	5,42,033	2,110,652	42,35,374
1,06,471	242,040	5,82,868	8,26,330	1,907,913	45,40,780	9,60,325	26,44,098	53,21,952	9,49,503	2,565,669	52,10,639
578	32,228	73,383	1,594	111,150	2,19,721	2,242	2,34,871	3,56,097	2,334	234,467	3,57,043
1,07,049	274,268	6,56,251	8,27,984	2,019,063	47,60,501	9,62,567	2,878,969	56,78,049	9,51,837	2,800,136	55,67,682
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	1,273	1,784	55	1,273	1,784	55	1,273	1,784	135	14,412	10,467
...	...	...	3,259	188,358	1,51,784	3,259	1,88,358	1,51,784	3,149	175,256	1,43,105
55	1,273	1,784	3,314	189,631	1,53,568	3,314	1,89,631	1,53,568	3,284	189,668	1,53,572
37	12,924	10,785	105	148,623	43,082	223	2,04,850	1,11,006	216	204,256	1,11,201
799	1,047	9,753	4,641	4,567	38,724	5,475	5,864	49,907	5,416	5,823	48,048
1,07,940	289,512	6,78,573	8,36,044	2,361,884	49,95,875	9,71,579	32,79,314	59,92,530	9,60,753	3,199,883	58,80,503
39	1,717	...	231	182,917	...	1,597	2,21,661	...	1,606	221,777	...
...	...	...	19	5,350	9,178	19	5,350	9,178	19	5,350	9,102
...	...	...	7	1,043	547	31	29,644	8,353	31	29,644	8,352
104	87,107	...	299	1,82,616	...	323	193,601	...	323	193,849	...
41	30,230	...	200	1,50,377	...	267	285,341	...	267	284,329	...
239	81,411	52,119	868	2,71,844	1,96,826	1,019	369,217	2,83,459	1,000	363,910	2,79,950
384	198,748	52,119	1,393	6,12,130	2,06,551	1,659	833,153	3,00,990	1,640	877,082	2,97,404
962	230,976	1,25,502	2,987	7,23,280	4,26,272	4,014	1,174,276	7,24,978	4,087	1,167,770	7,22,959
1,08,363	489,977	7,30,692	8,37,687	46,75,913	52,13,837	10,24,736	8,314,112	66,70,058*	...	...	...
1,05,963	480,727	7,14,633	8,28,575	45,97,326	51,07,081	10,13,904	8,228,677	65,54,453	...	...	...

* Excludes Rs. 67,700 on account of quit rent.

APPENDIX IIA.

[Vide paragraphs 12 and 13 of the text.]

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand of Government and Temporarily-settled Estates, 1909-10.

Division and district.	Settled at close of preceding year.		Increase due to								Total increase.		Decrease due to,								Total decrease.		Net increase or decrease.		Demand of the year.
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.				Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, remeasurement or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	Area in acres.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
DACCA DIVISION.				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	80,677	91,091	...	...	...	...	55	1,026	...	19		1,045	...	...	...	...	67	583	...	...	67	583	—12	+462	91,553
Mymensingh	143,074	1,05,065	...	...	...	...	...	2,032	5,505	3,777	5,505	5,809	...	...	...	...	...	245	5,505	2,212	5,505	2,457	...	+3,352	1,08,417
Faridpur	123,518	2,00,739*	1,253	2,741	...	...	424	409	151	863	1,828	4,103	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,692	8,289	2,692	8,289	—864	—4,186	1,96,553
Bakarganj	558,271	7,43,059	...	...	...	16,861	10,607	23,328	...	8,349	10,607	48,538	...	...	...	...	10,607	6,112	...	3,171	10,607	9,283	...	+30,255	7,83,214
Total ...	905,540	11,40,854	1,253	2,741	...	16,861	11,086	26,885	5,656	13,008	17,905	59,495	...	...	...	...	10,674	6,940	8,197	13,672	18,871	20,612	—873	+38,883	11,79,737
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																									
Chittagong	419,911*	6,80,757	4,723	13,020	4,012	16,800	...	...	120	2,205	8,855	32,025	129	400	...	...	...	...	132	7,210	261	7,610	+8,594	+24,415	7,05,172
Tippera	88,753	1,61,563	...	...	...	...	235	442	1,097	2,063	1,332	2,505	...	...	...	...	...	...	368	1,010	368	1,010	—964	+1,495	1,63,058
Noakhali	213,276	2,57,596	...	2,682	...	6,045	...	...	3,418	2,813	3,418	11,540	...	...	...	...	...	142	3,485	7,263	3,485	7,405	+ 67	+4,135	2,61,731
Total ...	721,940	10,99,916	4,723	15,702	4,012	22,845	235	442	4,635	7,081	13,605	46,070	129	400	...	...	...	142	3,985	15,483	4,114	16,025	+9,491	+30,045	11,29,961

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																												
Rajshahi	22,430	9,334	889	326	...	...	...	11	...	290	880	627	...	13	...	...	...	...	1,107	739	1,107	752*	—218	—125	8,309
Dinajpur	83	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102
Jalpaiguri	797,556	6,57,338	5,903	743	...	2,336	...	...	...	1,648	5,903	4,725	2,407	1,090	...	...	...	...	294	752	2,611	1,842	+3,292	+2,883	6,60,231
Rangpur	4,052	3,800	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+20	3,820
Bogra	23,385	50,814	77	236	...	...	...	...	...	4,144	77	4,380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,778	...	3,778	+77	+602	60,416
Pabna	73,556	60,167	138	252	...	...	624	291	1,106	1,547	1,870	2,690	...	...	...	...	752	666	120	173	872	839	+998	+1,251	61,418
Malda	24,176	37,292	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	838	...	860	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+860	38,152
Total ...	950,777	8,26,847	7,007	1,577	...	2,336	624	324	1,106	8,465	8,739	12,702	2,407	1,103	...	...	752	666	1,431	5,442	4,590	7,211	+4,149	+5,491	8,32,338
Grand Total 1909-10	2,578,267	30,67,617	12,963	20,020	4,012	42,042	11,945	27,651	11,300	28,554	40,339	1,18,267	2,536	1,503	...	...	11,426	7,748	13,613	34,597	27,575	43,848	+12,764	+74,419	31,42,036
Grand Total 1908-09	2,561,874*	30,09,324*	18,094	23,242	1,660	20,467	7,881	26,752	10,023	32,878	38,558	1,02,339	4,747	3,143	30	284	6,781	9,014	10,617	31,605*	22,175	44,046*	+16,383	+58,293*	30,67,617*

* Revised figures.

ASSAM. APPENDI X

[*Vide* paragraph

Changes on the Land Revenue Demand on fully-assessed

District and subdivision.	Settled at close of preceding year.		Increase due to								Total increase.	
			Settlement of new or relinquished land.		Progressive settlement.		Revision of rates, re-measurement, or alteration of classification.		Other causes.			
	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Silchar (Sadar) ...	253,279	2,88,546	1,890	2,014	...	465	5,055	4,857	164	467	7,109	7,803
Hailakandi	96,731	1,26,834	362	168	...	...	378	294	32	5	772	467
North Cachar Hills ...	1,378	1,065	126	103	...	...	...	...	87	66	213	169
Total Cachar	3,51,388	4,16,445	2,378	2,285	...	465	5,433	5,151	283	538	8,094	8,439
North Sylhet	218,958	2,09,737	4,064	3,297	...	...	1	1	...	8	4,065	3,306
Karimganj	67,891	87,829	2,467	3,152	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,467	3,152
South Sylhet	44,560	36,448	1,070	890	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,070	890
Habiganj	17,066	13,526	148	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	118
Sunamganj	20,706	9,755	120	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	110
Total Sylhet	378,181	3,57,095	7,869	7,567	...	...	1	1	...	8	7,870	7,576
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.	729,569	7,73,540	10,247	9,852	...	465	5,434	5,152	283	546	15,964	16,015
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICT.												
Dhubri	59,923	86,163	12,633	15,500	...	160	541	819	5,097	8,901	18,271	25,380
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Goalpara... ...	59,923	86,163	12,633	15,500	...	160	541	819	5,097	8,901	18,271	25,380
Gauhati	404,432	9,67,677	37,952	59,701	...	...	285	417	10,971	35,370	49,208	95,488
Barpeta	106,905	2,14,753	22,901	31,605	...	...	57	77	38	5,165	22,996	36,847
Total Kamrup	511,337	11,82,430	60,853	91,306	...	...	342	494	11,009	40,535	72,204	1,32,335
Tezpur	144,407	3,55,657	15,192	29,908	...	...	49,089	47,620	1,004	16,898	65,285	1,64,426
Mangaldai	135,035	3,40,879	14,032	26,983	...	...	121,944	2,96,566	...	...	135,976	3,23,649
Total Darrang	279,442	6,96,536	29,224	56,891	...	...	171,033	4,14,186	1,004	16,898	201,261	4,87,975
Nowgong	226,841	4,78,857	37,372	60,569	...	...	254	423	164	7,839	37,790	68,831
Total Nowgong ...	226,841	4,78,857	37,372	60,569	...	...	254	423	164	7,839	37,790	68,831
Golaghat	134,485	3,55,676	10,859	19,980	...	...	176	592	566	1,514	11,601	22,086
Jorhat	188,638	5,32,384	13,048	24,957	...	...	1,032	1,945	476	1,134	14,556	28,036
Sibsagar	200,250	5,36,445	7,041	13,167	...	...	178	391	1,110	2,510	8,329	16,068
Total Sibsagar... ...	523,373	14,24,505	30,948	58,104	...	...	1,386	2,928	2,152	5,158	34,486	66,190
Dibrugarh	160,461	3,93,575	11,114	23,862	...	...	2,870	6,648	9,495	23,606	23,479	54,116
North Lakhimpur ...	74,691*	1,74,976	12,855	24,271	...	...	518	1,020	131	2,025	13,504	27,325
Total Lakhimpur ...	235,152	5,68,551	23,969	48,133	...	...	3,388	7,677	9,626	25,631	36,983	81,441
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.	10,36,068	44,37,042	194,999	3 30,593	...	160	176,944	4,26,527	29,052	1,04,962	400,995	8,62,152
GRAND TOTAL	17,65,637	52,10,582	205,246	3,40,355	...	625	182,378	4,31,679	29,335	1,05,508	416,959	8,78,167

*Revised figures.

IIB.

14 of the text.

area taken up for Ordinary Cultivation, 1909-1910.

Decrease due to								Total decrease.		Net increase or decrease.		Demand of the year.
Relinquishment or abandonment.		Annulment of settlement.		Revision of rates, re-measurement, or alteration of classification.		Other causes.						
Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Revenue.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	
137	161	63	54	5,056	4,056	111	114	5,367	4,385	+1,742	+3,418	2,91,964
2	60	26	21	567	409	14	49	599	539	+173	—72	1,26,762
...	...	10	15	...	...	87	70	97	85	+116	+84	1,149
139	221	99	90	5,613	4,465	212	233	6,063	5,009	+2,031	+3,430	4,19,875
82	67	1,876	2,095	487	376	11	248	2,456	2,786	+1,609	+520	2,10,257
127	143	465	157	...	...	50	19	642	319	+1,825	+2,833	90,662
147	229	...	...	...	...	27	28	174	257	+896	+633	37,081
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	+117	+117	13,443
1	1	...	...	...	...	11	10	12	11	+106	+99	9,854
357	440	2,341	2,252	487	376	100	306	3,285	3,374	+4,585	+4,202	3,61,297
496	661	2,440	2,312	6,100	4,841	312	539	9,348	8,383	+6,616	+7,632	7,81,172
7,691	8,473	10	15	473	568	5,347	9,074	13,521	18,130	+4,750	+7,250	93,413
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7,691	8,473	10	15	473	568	5,347	9,074	13,521	18,130	+4,750	+7,250	93,413
16,607	33,708	252	483	120	179	8,445	31,016	27,424	65,386	+21,784	+30,102	9,97,773
16,604	23,947	...	...	...	...	107	4,776	16,711	28,723	+6,285	+8,124	2,22,877
35,211	57,655	252	483	120	179	8,552	35,792	44,135	94,109	+28,069	+38,226	12,20,656
7,069	14,698	...	...	49,122	1,17,686	7,349	21,528	63,540	1,53,912	+1,745	+10,514	3,66,171
6,671	12,995	53	136	1,27,311	3,25,775	54	152	1,34,089	3,39,058	+1,887	—15,509	3,25,370
13,740	27,693	53	136	1,76,433	4,43,461	7,403	21,680	1,97,629	4,92,970	+3,632	—4,995	6,91,541
22,187	35,617	619	1,003	128	204	328	8,602	23,262	45,426	+14,528	+23,405	5,02,262
22,187	35,617	619	1,003	128	204	328	8,602	23,262	45,426	+14,528	+23,405	5,02,262
6,710	12,072	...	...	111	437	816	2,179	7,637	14,688	+3,964	+7,398	3,63,074
9,152	17,036	...	...	317	644	526	1,491	9,995	19,171	+4,561	+8,865	5,41,249
1,113	2,280	88	188	58	171	1,617	4,157	2,876	6,796	+5,453	+9,272	5,45,717
16,975	31,388	88	188	486	1,252	2,869	7,827	20,508	40,655	+13,978	+25,535	14,50,040
6,837	13,441	148	361	1,171	3,332	10,011	25,718	18,167	42,853	+5,312	+11,264	4,01,839
11,433	21,322	55	117	199	385	241	2,448	11,928	24,272	+1,576	+3,053	1,78,029
18,270	34,763	203	478	1,370	3,717	10,252	28,166	30,095	67,124	+6,888	+14,317	5,82,868
114,074	1,95,589	1,225	2,303	179,010	4,50,381	34,841	1,11,141	329,150	758,414	+71,845	+1,00,738	45,40,780
114,570	1,96,250	3,665	4,645	185,110	4,54,222	35,153	1,11,680	338,498	7,66,797	+78,461	+1,11,470	53,21,953

APPENDIX IIC.

[*Vide* paragraph 14 of the text.]

Fluctuations in the Khiraj Area of the Assam Valley Districts (including lands held by tea planters).

District.	1890-91.	1899-00.	1900-01.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Goalpara	60,518	70,557	68,221	173,954	179,366	175,954	177,035	177,998	180,071	186,551	190,121	194,871
Kamrup	466,461	430,354	409,937	420,992	440,740	449,335	448,627	437,273	456,862	479,612	512,383	540,450
Darrang	234,799	253,226	251,323	253,684	262,957	264,673	266,568	267,370	272,343	282,144	290,799	294,530
Nowgong	265,656	208,762	197,226	195,215	202,729	209,493	212,177	210,497	214,446	222,939	230,351	244,908
Sibsagar	413,495	483,099	490,538	499,471	510,196	525,260	525,209	542,748	556,310	573,059	585,575	600,036
Lakhimpur	128,819	188,341	196,358	204,638	211,142	220,074	229,469	237,048	246,280	250,429	267,842	274,265
Total	1,569,748	1,634,339	1,613,603	1,747,954	1,807,130	1,844,809	1,859,285	1,872,934	1,926,312	2,003,734	2,077,071	2,149,060

ASSAM.

APPENDIX II D.

[*Vide* paragraphs 14 and 15 of the text.]

Area settled with ex-Tea Coolies and other Immigrants in the Surma Valley and the Assam Valley Districts, 1909-1910.

District.	1908-1909.			1909-1910.		
	Time expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.	Time expired coolies.	Other immigrants.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.						
Cachar	989	15	1,004	520	113	633
Sylhet	668	...	668	241	149	390
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY ...	1,657	15	1,672	761	262	1,023
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.						
Goalpara	...	1,584	1,584	...	5,839	5,839
Kamrup	648	5,206	5,854	654	7,971	8,625
Darrang	39,074	11,619	50,693	43,152	14,381	57,533
Nowgong	11,551	2,970	14,521	12,586	3,762	16,348
Sibsagar	42,716	7,347	50,063	43,500	7,301	50,801
Lakhimpur	42,593	10,800	53,393	46,366	11,481	57,847
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY	1,36,582	39,526	1,76,108	1,46,258	50,735	1,96,993
TOTAL	1,38,239	39,541	1,77,780	1,47,019	50,997	1,98,016

APPENDIX IIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana and Police jama) of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of estates.	Demand.			Collections.			Remission.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
EASTERN BENGAL.																				
DACCA DIVISION.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca	10,884	5,15,259	18,920	5,34,179	4,95,459	16,701	5,12,160	318	19,800	1,901	21,701	6,976	14,725	96·13	88·21	95·95	91,497	6,976	...	97·14
Mymensingh	9,908	8,76,740	18,015	8,94,755	8,62,588	11,060	8,73,648	186	14,152	6,769	20,921	332	20,589	98·38	61·37	97·64	76,297	...	...	97·64
Faridpur	6,025	6,27,513	14,426	6,41,939	6,08,704	10,631	6,19,335	5,383	16,376	845	17,221	6,576	10,645	97·00	73·69	96·47	63,049	...	1,026	96·63
Bakarganj	3,630	17,89,213	96,383	18,85,596	16,74,376	72,838	17,47,214	9,768	1,14,837	13,777	1,28,614	12,553	1,16,061	93·57	75·57	92·66	61,011	...	...	92·66
Total ...	30,447	38,08,725	1,47,744	39,56,469	36,41,127	1,11,230	37,52,357	15,655	1,65,165	23,292	1,88,457	26,437	1,62,020	95·59	75·28	94·84	2,91,854	6,976	1,026	95·03
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
Chittagong	28,635	12,34,645	2,04,892	14,39,537	10,37,476	1,81,730	12,19,206	1,790	1,96,459	22,082	2,18,541	12,380	2,06,161	83·69	88·69	84·68	60,140	81,678	61,105	94·28
Tippera	2,543	11,02,403	18,032	11,20,435	10,82,673	16,907	10,99,580	...	19,730	1,125	20,855	...	20,855	98·21	93·76	98·13	407	...	...	98·13
Noakhali	1,836	7,13,389	12,256	7,25,645	6,93,038	10,529	7,03,567	4,802	15,853	1,423	17,276	2,700	14,576	97·14	85·90	96·95	6,737	...	...	96·95
Total ...	33,014	30,50,437	2,35,180	32,85,617	28,13,187	2,09,166	30,22,353	6,592	2,32,042	24,630	2,56,672	15,080	2,41,592	92·22	88·93	91·98	67,284	81,678	61,105	96·28

APPENDIX IIIA.

APPENDIX IIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 19 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana and Police Jama) of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of estates.	Demand.			Collections.			Remissions.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on arrear demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand. column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Rajshahi	1,658	10,25,276	37,020	10,62,296	10,24,174	36,428	10,60,602	...	1,102	592	1,694	...	1,694	99·89	98·40	99·84	14,339	...	...	99·84
Dinajpur	765	15,20,551	352	15,20,903	15,14,821	352	15,15,173	...	5,730	...	5,730	...	5,730	99·62	100	99· 62	9,919	...	5,402	99·98
Jalpaiguri	273	7,96,971	6,149	8,03,120	7,93,344	3,753	7,97,097	688	3,448	1,887	5,335	1,784	3,551	99·54	61·03	98·00	31,527	...	...	98·00
Rangpur	679	10,14,206	486	10,14,692	10,14,165	483	10,14,648	...	41	3	44	3	41	99·99	90·38	99·99	15,244	...	...	99·99
Bogra	706	4,94,283	34,091	5,28,374	4,87,302	33,177	5,20,479	...	6,981	914	7,895	24	7,871	98·58	97·31	98·50	20,480	...	40	98·51
Pabna	1,929	4,20,584	26,592	4,47,176	4,08,996	9,652	4,18,648	554	11,588	16,386	27,974	15,737	12,237	97·24	36·29	93·62	41,222	15,737	75	97·05
Malda	654	4,38,748	7,007	4,45,755	4,32,388	3,940	4,36,328	581	6,022	2,824	8,846	...	8,846	98·55	56·22	97·88	10,046	4,215	...	98·81
Total ...	6,664	5,710,619	1,11,697	58,22,316	56,75,190	87,785	57,62,975	1,823	34,912	22,606	57,518	17,548	39,970	99·37	78·59	98·98	1,42,777	19,952	5,517	99·41
TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL. 1909-10	70,125	1,25,69,781	4,94,621	1,30,64,402	1,21,29,504	4,08,181	1,25,37,685	24,070	4,32,119	70,528	5,02,647	59,065	4,43,582	96·49	82·52	95·96	5,01,915	1,08,606	67,648	97·29
TOTAL EASTERN BENGAL. 1908-09	70,082	1,24,95,815	5,20,797	1,30,16,612	1,21,10,489	4,03,915	1,25,14,404	32,273	3,77,164	92,771	4,69,935	38,137	4,31,798	98·51	77·55	96·14	4,18,290	82,989	50,179	97·14

ASSAM.																			
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.																			
Cachar	74,012	5,42,031	776	5,42,807	5,41,182	724	5,41,906	...	849	52	901	144	757	99·84	98·30	99·83	3,673	...	99·83
Sylhet	111,580	9,14,190	2,67,469	11,81,659	7,11,655	2,62,602	9,74,257	398	2,02,535	4,469	2,07,004	190	2,06,814	77·84	98·18	82·44	64,140	...	82·44
Total ...	185,592	14,56,221	2,68,245	17,24,466	12,52,837	2,63,326	15,16,163	398	2,03,384	4,521	2,07,905	334	2,07,571	86·03	98·16	87·92	67,813	...	87·92
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.																			
Goalpara	17,919	2,04,025	22	2,04,047	2,03,978	...	2,03,978	...	47	22	69	22	47	99·97	...	99·96	145	22	...	99·97
Kamrup	228,936	13,53,952	70,497	14,24,449	13,47,784	59,949	14,07,733	11,171	5,545	...	5,545	5,040	505	99·54	85·03	98·82	376	5,040	...	99·17
Darrang	132,894	7,83,935	11,160	7,95,095	7,83,935	1,110	7,85,045	10,050	....	...	...	...	....	100	9·94	98·73	409	...	16	98·73
Nowgong	132,425	5,36,981	13,782	5,50,763	5,15,078	5,785	5,20,863	7,003	21,838	1,059	22,897	21,653	1,244	95·92	41·97	94·57	...	21,653	...	98·44
Sibsagar	216,584	16,48,388	1,386	16,49,774	16,45,509	1,058	16,46,567	115	2,786	306	3,092	...	3,092	99·82	76·33	99·80	...	...	24	99·80
Lakhimpur	108,179	7,97,326	29,734	7,57,060	7,25,600	23,734	7,49,334	...	1,726	6,000	7,726	...	7,726	99·76	79·82	98·97	...	...	...	98·97
Total ...	836,937	52,54,607	1,26,581	53,81,188	52,21,884	91,636	53,13,520	28,339	31,942	7,387	39,329	26,715	12,614	99·37	72·39	98·74	930	26,715	40	99·23
TOTAL ASSAM... 1909-10	1,022,529	67,10,828†	3,94,826	71,05,654	64,74,721	3,54,962	68,29,683	28,737	2,35,326	11,908	2,47,234	27,049	2,20,185	96·48	89·90	96·11	68,743	26,715	40	96·47
TOTAL ASSAM... 1908-09	1,011,709	65,29,190	3,78,641	69,07,831	61,66,363	3,32,937	64,99,300	14,094	3,62,145	32,292	3,94,437	33,412	3,61,025	94·44	87·40	94·08	62,394	33,060	55,483	95·34
GRAND TOTAL... 1909-10	1,092,654	1,92,80,609	8,89,447	2,01,70,056	1,86,04,225	7,63,143	1,93,67,368	52,807	6,67,445	82,436	7,49,881	86,114	6,63,767	96·49	85·79	96·02	5,70,658	1,35,321	67,688	97·00
GRAND TOTAL... 1908-09	1,081,791	1,90,25,005*	8,99,438	1,99,24,443*	1,83,76,852	7,36,852	1,90,13,704	46,367	7,39,309	1,25,063	8,64,372	71,549	7,92,823	96·06	81·92	95·42	4,80,684	1,16,049	1,05,662	96·52

* Revised figures.

† Excludes Gaonbura remissions, Rs. 27,165, Kataki remissions Rs. 143, and deductions on account of deferred enhancements and stamp duty realised on applications for remission of revenue, Rs. 655, and includes Tauzibahir revenue, Rs. 1,033.

APPENDIX IIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 20 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana and Police Jama) of Permanently-settled Estates, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
DACCA DIVISION.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca	10,184	4,23,706	970	4,24,676	4,23,213	931	4,24,144	...	493	39	532	1	531	99·88	95·98	99·87	84,602	1	...	99·87
Mymensingh	9,650	7,68,323	278	7,68,601	7,68,021	254	7,68,275	...	302	24	326	...	326	99·96	91·36	99·95	72,895	...	...	99·95
Faridpur	5,634	4,30,960	928	4,31,888	4,29,652	928	4,30,580	...	1,308	...	1,308	...	1,308	99·69	10·0	99·69	54,393	...	1,026	99·93
Bakarganj	3,005	10,05,999	43,922	10,49,921	9,80,044	37,487	10,17,531	...	25,955	6,435	32,390	...	32,390	97·42	85·34	96·91	22,708	...	...	96·91
Total	28,473	26,28,988	46,098	26,75,086	26,00,930	39,600	26,40,530	...	23,058	6,498	34,556	1	34,555	98·93	85·90	98·70	2,34,598	1	1,026	98·74
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
Chittagong	28,627	5,20,473	3,219	5,32,692	5,26,370	3,043	5,29,413	...	3,103	176	3,279	...	3,279	99·41	94·53	99·38	28,886	2,489	790	100
Tippera	2,238	9,39,345	198	9,39,543	9,39,009	198	9,39,207	...	336	...	336	...	336	99·96	100	99·96	...	...	...	99·96
Noakhali	1,545	4,51,658	118	4,51,776	4,50,991	118	4,51,109	...	667	...	667	...	667	99·85	100	99·85	3,440	...	...	99·85
Total	32,410	19,20,476	3,535	19,24,011	19,16,370	3,359	19,19,729	...	4,106	176	4,282	...	4,282	99·78	95·02	99·77	32,326	2,489	790	99·84

Rajshahi Division.																					
Rajshahi	...	...	1,609	10,17,067	34,160	10,51,227	10,16,960	34,160	10,51,120	...	107	...	107	...	107	99·98	100	99·98	14,294	...	...	99·98
Dinajpur	...	...	762	15,20,449	352	15,20,801	15,14,720	352	15,15,072	...	5,729	...	5,729	...	5,729	99·62	100	99·62	9,911	...	5,402	99·98
Jalpaiguri	...	...	82	1,36,750	...	1,36,750	1,36,750	...	1,36,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	30,262	...	...	100
Rangpur	...	...	647	10,10,386	483	10,10,869	10,10,370	483	10,10,853	...	16	...	16	...	16	99·99	100	99·99	14,452	...	...	99·99
Bogra	...	...	704	4,33,867	13	4,33,880	4,33,756	13	4,33,769	...	111	...	111	...	111	99·97	100	99·97	20,475	...	...	99·97
Pabna	...	...	1,706	3,59,166	53	3,59,219	3,59,122	53	3,59,175	...	44	...	44	...	44	99·98	100	99·98	37,999	...	...	99·98
Malda	...	...	618	4,00,596	1	4,00,597	4,00,596	1	4,00,597	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	10,013	...	...	100
Total	...	...	6,218	48,78,281	35,062	49,13,343	48,72,274	35,062	49,07,336	...	6,007	...	6,007	...	6,007	99·87	100	99·87	1,37,406	...	5,402	99·98
Grand total	1909-1910	...	67,101	94,27,745	84,695	95,12,440	93,89,574	78,021	94,67,595	...	38,171	6,674	44,845	1	44,844	99·59	92·12	99·52	4,04,350	2,490	7,218	99·63
	1908-1909	...	67,065	94,28,198	1,24,373	95,52,571	93,59,281	1,08,706	94,67,987	20	68,917	15,647	84,564	...	84,564	99·27	87·40	99·11	3,74,067	2,544	726	99·15

APPENDIX IIIC.

[*Vide* paragraph 21 of the Text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue of Temporarily-settled Estates, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
DACCA DIVISION.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca	464	60,618	5,589	66,207	53,651	5,500	59,151	57	6,967	32	6,999	3,256	3,743	88·50	98·47	89·34	6,072	3,256	...	93·96
Mymensingh	162	73,861	9,265	83,126	67,739	6,213	73,952	...	6,122	3,052	9,174	...	9,174	91·71	67·06	88·96	2,822	...	...	88·96
Faridpur	143	40,354	261	40,615	39,000	261	39,261	...	1,354	...	1,354	...	1,354	96·64	·100	96·66	7,705	...	...	96·66
Bakarganj	235	2,77,257	17,852	2,95,109	2,32,470	11,672	2,44,142	...	44,787	6,180	50,967	4,433	46,534	83·84	65·38	82·72	16,219	...	...	82·72
Total ...	1,004	4,52,090	32,967	4,85,057	3,92,860	23,646	4,16,506	57	59,230	9,264	68,494	7,689	60,805	86·89	71·72	85·86	32,818	3,256	...	86·44
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
Chittagong	2	9,056	...	9,056	9,047	...	9,047	...	9	...	9	...	9	99·90	...	99·90	1	...	...	99·90
Tippera	56	28,075	1,738	29,813	26,627	1,738	28,365	...	1,448	...	1,448	...	1,448	94·84	100	95·14	257	...	...	95·14
Noakhali	45	52,455	1,511	53,966	48,598	1,511	50,109	...	3,857	...	3,857	...	3,857	92·64	100	93·40	62	...	...	93·40
Total ...	103	89,586	3,249	92,835	84,272	3,249	87,521	...	5,314	...	5,314	...	5,314	94·06	100	94·27	320	...	...	94·27

Rajshahi Division.																					
Rajshahi	23	2,497	500	2,997	2,497	...	2,497	...	...	500	500	...	500	100	...	83·31	37	...	...	83·31
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	186	2,03,682	...	2,03,682	2,03,682	...	2,03,682	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	520	...	...	100
Rangpur	27	3,489	...	3,489	3,464	...	3,464	...	25	...	25	...	25	99·28	...	99·28	772	...	...	99·28
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	76	26,701	3,360	30,061	25,657	3,360	29,017	...	1,044	...	1,044	34	1,010	96·09	100	96·52	3,186	34	...	96·63
Malda	16	10,180	578	10,758	9,938	578	10,516	...	242	...	242	...	242	97·62	100	97·75	30	...	...	97·75
Total ...	327	2,46,549	4,438	2,50,987	2,45,238	3,938	2,49,176	...	1,311	500	1,811	34	1,777	99·46	88·75	99·27	4,545	34	...	99·27
Grand Total... 1909-1910	1,434	7,88,225	40,654	8,28,879	7,22,370	30,883	7,53,203	57	65,835	9,764	75,619	7,723	67,896	91·64	75·84	90·87	37,683	3,290	...	91·23
1908-1909	1,445	7,79,773	28,522	8,08,295	7,43,465	23,673	7,67,138	1,117	36,308	3,732	40,040	1,871	38,169	95·34	82·99	94·91	25,249	1,871	...	95·12

APPENDIX IIID.

[*Vide* paragraph 22 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue of Estates held direct by Government, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collection (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
DACCA DIVISION.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca	236	30,935	12,361	43,296	18,595	10,270	28,865	261	12,340	1,830	14,170	3,719	10,451	60·11	83·08	66·66	823	3,719	...	72·93
Mymensingh	96	34,556	8,472	43,028	26,828	4,593	31,421	186	7,728	3,693	11,421	332	11,089	77·63	54·21	73·02	580	...	...	73·02
Faridpur	248	1,56,199	13,237	1,69,436	1,40,052	9,442	1,49,494	5,383	13,714	845	14,559	6,576	7,983	89·66	71·33	88·23	951	...	...	88·23
Bakarganj	390	5,05,957	34,609	5,40,566	4,61,862	23,679	4,85,541	9,768	44,095	1,162	45,257	8,120	37,137	91·28	68·42	89·82	22,084	...	...	89·82
Total ...	970	7,27,647	68,679	7,96,326	6,47,337	47,984	6,95,321	15,598	77,877	7,530	85,407	18,747	66,660	88·96	69·86	87·31	24,438	3,719	...	87·72
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
Chittagong	6	6,96,116	2,01,673	8,97,789	5,02,059	1,78,687	6,80,746	1,790	1,93,347	21,906	2,15,253	12,380	2,02,873	72·12	88·60	75·82	31,253	79,189	60,315	90·52
Tippera	249	1,34,983	16,096	1,51,079	1,17,037	14,971	1,32,008	...	17,946	1,125	19,071	...	19,071	86·70	93·01	87·37	150	...	...	87·37
Noakhali	246	2,09,276	10,627	2,19,903	1,93,449	8,900	2,02,349	4,802	11,329	1,423	12,752	2,700	10,052	92·43	83·74	92·01	3,235	...	...	92·01
Total ...	501	10,40,375	2,28,396	12,68,771	8,12,545	2,02,558	10,15,103	6,592	2,22,622	24,454	2,47,076	15,080	2,31,996	78·10	88·68	80·00	34,638	79,189	60,315	90·40

Rajshahi Division.																				
Rajshahi	27	5,712	2,360	8,072	4,717	2,268	6,985	...	995	92	1,087	...	1,087	82·58	96·10	86·53	8	...	...	86·53
Dinajpur	3	102	...	102	101	...	101	...	1	...	1	...	1	99·02	...	99·02	8	...	...	99·02
Jalpaiguri	5	4,56,539	6,149	4,62,688	4,52,912	3,753	4,56,665	688	3,448	1,887	5,335	1,784	3,551	99·25	61·03	96·53	745	...	...	96·53
Rangpur	5	331	3	334	331	...	331	...	...	3	3	3	...	100	...	99·10	20	...	...	99·10
Bogra	2	60,416	34,078	94,494	53,546	33,164	86,710	...	6,870	914	7,784	24	7,760	88·62	97·31	91·76	5	...	40	91·80
Pabna	57	34,717	23,179	57,896	24,917	6,739	30,456	554	10,500	16,386	26,886	15,703	11,183	69·75	26·91	52·60	37	15,703	75	72·06
Malda	20	27,972	6,416	34,490	21,854	3,361	25,215	581	5,780	2,824	8,604	...	8,604	78·12	52·28	73·2	3	4,215	...	83·51
Total ...	119	5,85,789	72,197	6,57,986	5,57,678	48,785	6,06,463	1,823	27,594	22,106	49,700	17,514	32,186	95·20	67·57	92·16	826	19,918	115	95·06
Grand total (1909-10)	1,590	23,53,811	3,69,272	27,23,083	20,17,560	2,99,327	23,16,887	24,013	3,28,093	54,090	3,82,183	51,941	3,30,242	85·71	81·05	85·08	59,902	1,02,826	60,410	90·72
Grand total (1908-09)	1,572	22,87,844	3,67,902	26,55,746	20,07,743	2,71,536	22,79,279	31,116	2,71,939	73,392	3,45,331	36,266	3,09,065	87·75	73·81	85·92	18,874	78,574	49,453	86·52

* Revised figures.

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APPENDIX IIIE.

[*Vide* paragraphs 20 and 23 of the text.]

Demands, Collections, Remissions and Balances of Ordinary Land Revenue (including Malikana) of Estates on the Revenue Roll, 1909-1910.

Division and district	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.			Payments in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demand and that in column 20 added to the collections.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Cachar	74 012	5,42,021	776	5,42,807	5,41,182	724	5,41,906	...	849	52	901	144	757	99·84	93·30	99·83	3,673	...	...	99·83
Sylhet { Temporarily-settled	61,693	5,49,063	1,76,151	7,25,214	4,26,098	1,74,457	6,00,555	398	1,22,965	1,696	1,27,261	190	1,27,071	77·60	97·38	82·48	6,322	...	...	82·48
Sylhet { Permanently-settled	49,887	3,65,137	88,318	4,53,445	2,85,557	88,145	3,73,702	...	79,570	173	79,743	...	79,743	78·20	99·05	82·41	57,818	...	...	82·41
Total Sylhet ...	111,580	9,14,190	2,67,469	11,81,659	7,11,655	2,62,602	9,74,257	398	2,02,535	4,469	2,07,004	190	2,06,814	77·84	98·18	82·44	64,140	...	...	82·44
Total Surma Valley ...	185,592	14,56,211	2,68,245	17,24,466	12,52,837	2,64,326	15,16,163	398	2,03,384	4,521	2,07,905	334	2,07,571	86·03	98·16	87·92	67,813	...	...	87·92
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.																				
Goalpara { Temporarily-settled.	17,900	1,24,914	22	1,24,936	1,24,867	...	1,24,867	...	47	22	69	22	47	99·96	...	99·94	145	22	...	99·96
Goalpara { Permanently-settled.	19	11,411	...	11,411	11,411	...	11,411	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	100·00
Quit rent of Tributary Mahals.	...	67,700	...	67,700	67,700	...	67,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	100·00
Total Goalpara ...	17,919	2,04,025	22	2,04,047	2,03,978	...	2,03,978		47	22	69	22	47	99·97	...	99·96	145	22	...	99·96

Kamrup	228,906	13,58,952	70,497	14,24,449	13,47,784	59,949	14,07,733	11,171	5,545	...	5,545	5,040	505	99·54	85·03	93·82	376	5,040	...	99·17
Darrang	139,894	7,83,935	11,166	7,95,095	7,83,935	1,110	7,85,045	10,050	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	9·94	98·73	409	...	16	98·73
Nowgong	152,495	5,36,931	13,787	5,50,763	5,15,078	5,785	5,20,863	7,003	21,838	1,059	21,897	21,653	1,244	95·92	41·97	94·57	...	21,653	...	98·44
Sibsagar	216,584	16,48,283	1,380	16,49,774	16,45,509	1,058	16,46,567	115	2,736	306	3,092	...	3,092	99·82	76·33	99·80	...	...	24	99·80
Lakhimpur	108,179	7,27,526	29,734	7,57,060	7,25,600	23,734	7,49,334	...	1,726	6,000	7,726	...	7,726	99·76	79·82	98·97	...	...	...	98·97
Total Assam Valley ...	836,937	53,54,607	1,26,581	53,81,188	52,21,884	91,636	53,13,520	28,339	31,942	7,387	39,329	26,715	12,614	99·37	72·39	98·74	930	26,715	40	99·23
Total Temporarily-settled ...	972,623	63,34,790	3,06,508	66,40,798	61,77,753	2,66,817	64,44,570	28,737	1,55,756	11,735	1,67,491	27,049	1,40,442	97·53	87·05	97·04	10,925	26,715	40	97·43
Total Permanently-settled ...	49,901	3,76,588	88,318	4,64,856	2,96,968	88,145	3,85,113	...	79,570	173	79,743	...	79,743	78·86	99·80	82·84	57,818	...	...	82·84
GRAND TOTAL 1909-1910 ...	1,022,529	67,10,878*	3,94,826	71,05,654	64,74,721	3,54,962	68,29,683	28,737	2,35,326	11,908	2,47,234	27,049	2,20,185	96·48	89·90	96·11	68,743	26,715	40	96·47
GRAND TOTAL 1908-1909 ...	1,011,709	65,29,190	3,78,641	69,07,831	61,56,363	3,32,937	64,99,300	14,094	3,07,145	32,292	3,53,437	33,412	3,61,025	94·44	87·40	94·08	62,394	33,060	55,483	95·54

* Excludes Gaonbura remissions Rs. 27,165, Kotoki remissions Rs. 143, and deductions on account of deferred enhancements and stamp duty realised on applications for remission of revenue Rs. 655 and includes Tauzi ahir revenue Rs. 1,033.

APPENDIX IVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 25 of the text.]

Proceedings under the Sale Law, 1909-1910.

Division and district.		Estates or shares of estates which became liable to sale.	Total number of estates and shares sold.				Estates and shares of estates purchased by Government.			Balance in favour of defaulters.	Balance not covered by sale.	Deposits forfeited.		Number of appeals.	Sales annulled.			Recommended to Government for annulment.		
			Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.			Number.	Amount forfeited.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
DACCA DIVISION.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	Whole estates	144	31	245	187	11,044	3	5	3	10,715	13	1	12	3	...	...	...	1	4	2
	Shares	100	14	426	296	3,630	...	...	...	3,295	...	3	58	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	Whole estates	288	17	185	133	4,529	...	...	...	4,343	...	2	40	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	322	8	265	442	1,185	...	...	...	708	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	Whole estates	175	31	1,569	578	5,838	2	278	2	4,713	55	2	13	2	1	66	1	...	...	...
	Shares	143	2	12	5	117	...	...	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bakarganj	Whole estates	198	9	2,617	1,154	23,938	...	...	...	22,638	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	118	3	63	26	141	...	...	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	107	12
Total	Whole estates ...	805	88	4,616	2,002	44,849	5	283	5	42,409	68	5	65	9	1	66	1	1	4	2
	Shares ...	683	27	766	769	5,075	...	...	...	4,909	...	4	72	1	...	...	...	2	107	12
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																				
Chittagong ...	Whole estates	3,275	326	4,675	3,505	54,016	18	158	18	51,464	953	42	1,173	12	1	1	2	2	5	6
	Shares	305	26	1,150	570	8,459	...	...	...	7,889	...	3	540	3	...	...	...	1	22	9
Tippera	Whole estates	56	2	103	41	861	...	...	...	813	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	92	7	852	204	1,196	...	...	...	970	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	Whole estates	64	4	684	92	2,096	...	...	...	2,004	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	48	1	5	3	630	...	...	...	627	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	62	6
Total	Whole estates ...	3,395	332	5,462	3,638	56,973	18	158	18	54,281	953	42	1,173	13	1	1	2	3	5	6
	Shares	445	34	2,007	777	10,285	...	...	...	9,486	...	3	540	4	...	...	...	2	84	15

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																						
Rajshahi	Whole estates	57	2	8	5	90	...	...	...	80	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	62	6	192	64	3,940	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	Whole estates	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	Whole estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	Whole estates	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	Whole estates	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	Whole estates	32	3	90	29	2,678	...	...	...	2,671	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	51	3	17	9	451	...	...	...	447	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malda	Whole estates	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares	24	1	167	50	4,000	...	...	...	3,447	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	Whole estates ...	103	5	98	34	2,768	...	...	...	2,751	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shares ...	190	10	376	123	8,391	...	...	...	7,751	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL... 1909-1910 ...	Whole estates ...	4,303	425	10,176	5,674	1,04,590	23	441	23	99,441	1,021	47	1,238	24	2	67	3	3	9	8
	Shares ...	1,318	71	3,149	1,669	23,749	...	...	...	21,446	...	7	612	7	...	...	...	4	191	27
1908-1909 ...	Whole estates ...	4,466	408	13,383	10,653	1,27,515	17	2,596	17	1,17,238	2,699	36	375	33	4	36	38	3	21	23
	Shares ...	1,117	70*	2,815	985	18,249	...	...	...	17,031	3	5	57	18	6	596	162	5	25	16

* Revised figure.

APPENDIX IVB.

(*Vide* paragraph 26 of the text.)

Working of the Certificate Procedure, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Of all kinds under section 5, Act I (B.C.) of 1895.						To realise arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), Section 7 (1).						All other certificates made under Section 7 (1).						Total.						Remarks.
	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from previous year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pending from last year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	Pnding from last year.	Filed during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.	Pending more than six months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
DACCA DIVISION.																									
Dacca ...	51	130	181	133	48	...	81	462	543	511	32	1	515	2,674	3,189	2,756	433	10	647	3,266	3,913	3,400	513	11	
Mymensingh ...	16	79	95	86	9	...	11	164	175	98	77	3	1,967	5,138	7,105	6,286	819	31	1,994	5,381	7,375	6,470	905	34	
Faridpur ...	2	11	13	10	3	...	34	1,190	1,224	590	634	14	1,283	2,263	3,546	2,803	743	16	1,319	3,464	4,783	3,403	1,380	30	
Bakarganj ...	3	27	30	15	15	...	16	496	512	443	69	...	1,852	3,131	4,983	2,838	2,145	47	1,871	3,654	5,525	3,296	2,229	47	
Total ...	72	247	319	244	75	...	142	2,312	2,454	1,642	812	18	5,617	13,206	18,823	14,683	4,140	104	5,831	15,765	21,596	16,569	5,027	122	
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																									
Chittagong ...	44	256	300	215	85	...	521	3,688	4,209	3,701	508	30	2,002	6,434	8,436	6,530	1,906	69	2,567	10,378	12,945	10,446	2,499	99	
Tippera ...	9	34	43	40	3	...	44	265	309	286	23	1	1,489	3,986	5,475	3,553	1,922	144	1,542	4,285	5,827	3,879	1,948	145	
Noakhali ...	11	48	59	48	11	...	154	798	952	944	8	...	336	1,431	1,767	1,562	205	3	501	2,277	2,778	2,554	224	3	
Total ...	64	338	402	303	99	...	719	4,751	5,470	4,931	539	31	3,827	11,851	15,678	11,645	4,033	216	4,610	16,940	21,550	16,879	4,671	247	

| RAJSHAHI DIVISION. | | |

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IVC.

[*Vide* paragraph 28 of the text.]

Coercive means employed for the collection of the Land Revenue, 1909-1910.

Subdivision and district.		Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on the owners of which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of cases in which property had to be attached.		Amount of arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Amount of arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of cases in which property had to be sold.		Amount of arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
						Movables.	Estates.				Movables.	Estates.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.														
Silchar ...	Mauzas ...	29,405	...	...	...	684	...	5,599	106	1,440	1	7	37	...
	Tahsils ...	23,483	24	760	683	643	...	2,880	29	421	...	1	...	·10
	Total ...	52,888	24	760	683	1,327	...	8,479	135	1,861	1	8	37	·04
Hailakandi ...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	20,657	37	813	438	411	...	3,389	6	257	4	...	14	·17
	Total ...	20,657	37	813	438	411	...	3,389	6	257	4	...	14	·17
Total Cachar district.	Mauzas ...	29,405	...	...	...	684	...	5,599	106	1,440	1	7	37	...
	Tahsils ...	44,140	61	1,573	1,121	1,054	...	6,269	35	678	4	1	14	·13
	Total ...	73,545	61	1,573	1,121	1,738	...	11,868	141	2,118	5	8	51	·08
North Sylhet ...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	54,650	...	...	...	2,339	4	32,624	2,588	53,442	44	181	2,024	...
	Total ...	54,650	...	...	...	2,339	4	32,624	2,588	53,442	44	181	2,024	...
South Sylhet...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	19,602	...	...	...	980	...	19,455	15	190	5	69	285	...
	Total ...	19,602	...	...	...	980	...	19,455	15	190	5	69	285	...
Karimganj ...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	21,938	...	...	...	2,910	...	23,633	1,535	27,258	10	22	239	...
	Total ...	21,938	...	...	...	2,910	...	23,633	1,535	27,258	10	22	239	...
Ha[illegible]nj ...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	12,262	...	...	...	1,004	...	8,715	2,397	50,540	...	96	2,022	...
	Total ...	12,262	...	...	...	1,004	...	8,715	2,397	50,540	...	96	2,022	...
Sunamganj ...	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	3,128	...	...	...	216	...	19,703	1,246	15,852	1	25	58	...
	Total ...	3,128	...	...	...	216	...	19,703	1,246	15,852	1	25	58	...
Total Sylhet district.	Mauzas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tahsils ...	1,11,580	...	...	...	7,449	4	1,04,130	7,781	1,37,282	60	393	4,628	...
	Total ...	1,11,580	...	...	...	7,449	4	1,04,130	7,781	1,37,282	60	393	4,628	...
Total Surma Valley Districts.	Mauzas ...	29,405	...	...	...	684	...	5,599	106	1,440	1	7	37	...
	Tahsils ...	1,55,720	61	1,573	1,121	8,503	4	1,10,399	7,816	1,37,960	64	394	4,628	·04
	Total ...	1,85,125	61	1,573	1,121	9,187	4	1,15,998	7,922	1,39,400	65	401	4,665	·03

APPENDIX IVC—*contd.*

Subdivision and district.	Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on the owners of which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of cases in which property had to be attached.		Amount of arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Amount of arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of cases in which property had to be sold.		Amount of arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
					Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Dhubri ... Mauzas ...	17,919	252	1,924	1,310	12	2	646	12	540	2	1	77	1·40
Dhubri ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	17,919	252	1,924	1,310	12	2	646	12	540	2	1	77	1·40
Total Goalpara District. Mauzas ...	17,919	252	1,924	1,310	12	2	646	12	540	2	1	77	1·40
Total Goalpara District. Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	17,919	252	1,924	1,310	12	2	646	12	540	2	1	77	1·40
Barpeta ... Mauzas ...	50,941	1,028	13,613	6,784	287	...	6,389	2	12	...	2	12	2·02
Barpeta ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	50,941	1,028	13,613	6,784	287	...	6,389	2	12	...	2	12	2·02
Gauhati ... Mauzas ...	177,995	9,869	2,21,040	1,47,268	3,020	1	67,589	109	4,424	6	10	805	5·54
Gauhati ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	177,995	9,869	2,21,040	1,47,268	3,020	1	67,589	109	4,424	6	10	805	5·54
Total Kamrup District. Mauzas ...	228,936	10,897	2,34,653	1,54,052	3,307	1	73,978	111	4,436	6	12	817	4·76
Total Kamrup District. Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	228,936	10,897	2,34,653	1,54,052	3,307	1	73,978	111	4,436	6	12	817	4·76
Mangaldoi ... Mauzas ...	68,056	2,257	23,062	10,528	504	...	10,892	10	329	...	...	...	3·31
Mangaldoi ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	68,056	2,257	23,062	10,528	504	...	10,892	10	329	...	...	...	3·31
Tezpur ... Mauzas ...	64,836	9,587	1,25,556	82,352	2,492	...	33,219	12	577	3	...	256	14·78
Tezpur ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	64,836	9,587	1,25,556	82,352	2,492	...	33,219	12	577	3	...	256	14·78
Total Darrang District. Mauzas ...	132,892	11,844	1,48,618	92,880	2,996	...	44,111	22	906	3	...	[illegible]	8·91
Total Darrang District. Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	132,892	11,844	1,48,618	92,880	2,996	...	44,111	22	906	3	...	256	8·91
Total Nowgong District. Mauzas ...	132,425	5,468	36,891	27,517	339	49	4,955	49	2,344	3	15	118	4·12
Total Nowgong District. Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	132,425	5,468	36,891	27,517	339	49	4,955	49	2,344	3	15	118	4·12
Golaghat ... Mauzas ...	57,140	4,912	40,914	15,512	1,542	68	13,160	68	1,364	...	18	272	8·59
Golaghat ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	57,140	4,912	40,914	15,512	1,542	68	13,160	68	1,364	...	18	272	8·59
Jorhat ... Mauzas ...	77,128	4,732	68,469	26,923	1,450	190	25,889	12	521	3	36	406	6·13
Jorhat ... Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	77,128	4,732	68,469	26,923	1,450	190	25,889	12	521	3	36	406	6·13

APPENDIX IVC—*Concld.*

Subdivision and district.	Number of revenue-paying estates.	Number of estates on the owners of which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue in arrears for which notice of demand issued.	Amount of revenue paid after issue of notice of demand.	Number of cases in which property had to be attached.		Amount of arrears for which property was attached.	Number of cases in which notice of sale had to be issued.	Amount of arrears for which sale notice was issued.	Number of cases in which property had to be sold.		Amount of arrears for which property was sold.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
					Moveables.	Estates.				Moveables.	Estates.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
Sibsagar Sadar ... Mauzas ...	82,316	12,973	1,00,951	41,724	9,495	222	58,493	226	24,139	2	37	447	15·75
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	82,316	12,973	1,00,951	41,724	9,495	222	58,493	226	24,139	2	37	447	15·75
Total Sibsagar District. Mauzas ...	216,584	22,618	2,10,334	83,159	12,487	480	97,542	306	26,024	5	91	1,125	10·44
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	216,584	22,618	2,10,334	83,159	12,487	480	97,542	306	26,024	5	91	1,125	10·44
North Lakhimpur Mauzas ...	41,008	4,682	37,146	18,641	1,294	18	13,888	90	1,459	43	6	369	11·41
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	41,008	4,682	37,146	18,641	1,294	18	13,888	90	1,459	43	6	369	11·41
Dibrugarh ... Mauzas ...	66,856	6,322	51,129	16,689	657	20	34,640	40	655	11	8	119	9·45
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	66,856	6,322	51,129	16,689	657	20	34,640	40	655	11	8	119	9·45
Total Lakhimpur District. Mauzas ...	107,864	11,004	88,275	35,330	1,951	42	48,528	130	2,114	54	14	488	10·20
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	107,864	11,004	88,275	35,330	1,951	42	48,528	130	2,114	54	14	488	10·20
Total Assam Valley Districts. Mauzas ...	836,620	62,083	7,20,695	3,94,248	21,092	574	2,69,760	630	36,364	73	133	2,881	7·42
Tahsils ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	836,620	62,083	7,20,695	3,94,248	21,092	574	2,69,760	630	36,364	73	133	2,881	7·42
GRAND TOTAL ... 1909-10 ...	1021,745	62,144	7,22,268	3,95,369	30,279	578	3,85,758	8,552	1,75,764	138	534	7,546	6·08
1908-09 ...	1011,266	51,892	7,46,143	4,03,348	18,583	667	4,11,497	10,278	40,040	253	639	11,747	5·13

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX IVD.

[*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.]

Processes served and their cost, 1909-1910.

Division and District.	Processes served.			Demand on account of process fees.		Process fees realised.	Process fees remitted.	Cost of process serving establishment.
	Paid.	Unpaid.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	20,354	28,285	48,639	16,619	77	16,207	55	12,403
Mymensingh	41,188	44,135	85,323	33,150	...	30,810	...	22,376
Faridpur	18,033	22,315	40,348	15,259	...	15,259	...	9,639
Bakarganj	29,441	17,842	47,283	21,168	1,003	22,171	...	14,169
Total ...	1,09,016	1,12,577	2,21,593	86,196	1,080	84,447	55	58,587
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	53,792	51,793	1,05,585	41,443	8,353	39,713	336	20,548
Tippera	36,301	8,653	44,954	...	...	26,064	27	11,798
Noakhali	25,280	4,682	29,962	14,930	...	14,930	...	6,706
Total ...	1,15,373	65,128	1,80,501	56,373	8,353	80,707	363	39,052
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	8,411	11,591	20,002	4,161	...	4,161	...	2,890
Dinajpur	7,755	9,443	17,198	5,288	...	5,288	...	3,996
Jalpaiguri	2,209	2,773	4,982	2,155	...	2,097	58	2,204
Rangpur	10,899	6,497	17,396	7,803	...	7,803	...	4,843
Bogra	6,838	1,761	8,599	3,468	...	3,468	...	2,285
Pabna	5,481	11,793	17,274	6,312	420	6,320	...	6,185
Malda	3,918	4,482	8,400	2,711	57	2,747	...	2,112
Total ...	45,511	48,340	93,851	31,898	477	31,884	58	24,515
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	4,445	1,793	6,238	6,306	1,005	6,519	1	4,263
Sylhet	36,636	15,498	52,134	35,342	3,563	36,121	305	14,303
Total ...	41,081	17,291	58,372	41,648	4,568	42,640	306	18,566
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	6,993	1,628	8,621	7,810	144	7,832	39	2,993
Kamrup	9,263	6,602	15,865	11,002	5,694	10,356	61	3,843
Darrang	6,016	1,236	7,252	7,321	1,844	6,564	176	2,553
Nowgong	2,176	4,516	6,692	2,695	673	2,169	38	2,606
Sibsagar	12,725	8,186	20,911	16,573	4,718	15,415	119	7,028
Lakhimpur	10,681	3,983	14,664	6,119	143	6,069	96	4,411
Total ...	47,854	26,151	74,005	51,520	13,216	48,405	529	23,434
GRAND TOTAL 1909-10 ...	358,835	269,487	628,322	2,67,635	27,694	2,88,083	1,311	1,64,154
GRAND TOTAL 1908-09 ...	254,718	207,951	462,669	2,14,248	29,105	2,13,796	1,627	1,26,332

PROVINCIAL. APPENDIX

[*Vide* paragraphs

Collections, Remissions and Balances on account of

Districts.	Collec-										
	Fisheries.	Poll-tax.	House-tax.	Lime-quarries.	Stone-quarries.	Coal-mines.	Mineral oil.	Sale of Government estates.	Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue.	Survey fees (Chapter III of Assam Land and Revenue Regulation).	Mutation and Registration fees (Chapter IV of Assam Land and Revenue Regulation).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,905	...	...	...
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	425	...	...	...	86	...	3,651	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaigri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	260	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	14,238	...	8,505	...	...	...	...	...	...	316	...
Sylhet	79,080	2,493	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	495	846
Goalpara	2,682	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	63,546	...	2,566	...	...	...	...	...	1,253	24	13
Darrang	11,843	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	2,186	620	...
Nowgong	14,700	...	14,881	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	30,737	...	10,378	...	...	22	...	...	3,849	4,527	...
Lakhimpur	11,644	8,143	903	...	...	49,399	18,404	...	1,885	2,450	...
Total ... 1909-1910...	2,28,895	10,636	37,233	...	86	49,421	22,303	3,165	9,246	8,432	859
Total ... 1908-1909...	2,04,475	11,366	35,151	...	335	43,891	21,185	...	10,33	8,713	012

V.

30-36 of the text.]

Miscellaneous Land Revenue, 1909-1910.

tions.

Partition fees.	Other fees under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation.	Fees under				Fines under		Recovery of survey and settlement charges.	Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894.	Other miscellaneous items not specified above.	Total.	Remissions.	Balances.	Payment in advance for future years.
		Regulation VIII of 1819.	Act VII (B.C.) of 1876.	Act VIII of 1885.	Act XI of 1859.	Act V (B. C.) of 1875.	Act XX of 1848.							
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Rs.	Rs.F	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4,274	...	...	18	...	523	...	...	44	...	1,639	6,671	...	...	...
7,001	...	...	54	...	278	...	...	...	...	347	10,585	...	...	...
...	...	9	49	6	212	...	...	...	...	7,984	8,260	...	...	...
3,099	...	19	281	79	96	...	291	1,38,823	77	18,450	1,61,215	9	39,197	...
...	...	40	...	1,836	72	...	...	...	2,878	11,888	20,876	...	500	...
7,945	...	25	114	...	460	...	...	...	...	...	8,544	...	10,199	...
...	...	100	46	...	145	...	...	...	11	102	404	...	...	...
2,637	...	4	144	...	100	...	...	...	649	1,916	5,450	...	...	...
4,162	...	...	227	...	28	...	...	...	...	571	4,988	...	...	...
...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,655	19,705	...	125	...
439	...	1	281	1,013	4	...	...	...	...	133	1,871	...	...	...
...	...	...	47	4	50	...	...	...	...	1,179	1,280	...	...	...
1,956	...	...	...	...	268	...	...	...	...	310	2,794	...	125	16
...	...	...	18	...	77	...	...	...	...	649	744	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	527	812	24,398	...	193	3,580
...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	506	83,660	1,083	1,874	27,316
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	456	220	3,358	...	68	674
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	261	67,785	30	1,719	14,668
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	276	14,973	...	1,500	3,502
17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	29,639	...	555	3,634
...	288	...	...		...	...	...	...	578	120	50,499	581	391	8,151
18	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	190	699	93,863	313	2,775	3,113
31,548	456	198	1,329	2,938	2,313	...	291	1,38,867	5,488	67,758	6,21,462	2,021	59,221	64,114
38,349*	699	276	1,294	4,129	3,475	...	488	1,39,214	728	62,099	5,87,214*	3,746	1,89,458	59,839

*Revised figures.

APPENDIX VI.

[*Vide paragraph 37 of the text.*]

Sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates.

Division and district.	Sold in 1909-1910.				Total sold to end of 1909-1910.			
	Number of estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realised.	Number of estates.	Area.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realised.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.								
Dacca	...	...	.....	...	1,598	161,079	1,03,370	11,53,566
Mymensingh	6	536	806	2,905	316	78,775	28,266	3,28,057
Faridpur	...	...	.....	...	305	35,095	22,338	1,00,955
Bakarganj	...	...	.....	...	370	33,177	42,088	1,76,470
Total	6	536	806	2,905	2,589	308,126	1,96,062	17,59,048
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.								
Chittagong	...	...	.....	...	93	16,772	14,246	41,173
Tippera	...	...	.....	...	271	106,721	2,16,985	17,14,105
Noakhali	...	...	.....	...	68	80,443	1,27,583	4,12,512
Total	...	...	.....	...	432	203,936	3,58,814	21,67,790
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.								
Rajshahi	...	...	.....	...	77	13,825	11,697	1,11,577
Dinajpur	...	...	.....	...	26	24,901	34,048	1,32,152
Jalpaiguri	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	...	...	.....	...	12	1,414	9,742	54,850
Bogra	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pabna	2	21	20	260	31	14,747	10,913	82,741
Malda	...	...	.....	...	52	32,823	31,505	1,43,273
Total	2	21	20	260	198	87,710	97,905	5,24,593
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Cachar	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sylhet	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.								
Goalpara	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kamrup	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	...+
Darrang	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nowgong	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sibsagar	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lakhimpur	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL ...	8	557	826	3,165	3,219	599,772	6,[illegible]8,781	44,51,431

APPENDIX VII.

APPENDIX VII.

[*Vide* paragraph 49 of the text.]

Alienations and Assignments of Land Revenue existing in the Province.

District and class of tenure.	Area.			Estimated land revenue calculated at ordinary rates.			Actual land revenue paid.			Amount of assignment or alienation.		
	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	On area for the maintenance of public servants.	On area on other grounds.	Total.	For the maintenance of public servants.	On other grounds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar ... ... Baksha	642	20	662	889	42	931	...	...	...	889	42	931
Cachar ... ... Lakhiraj	...	462	462	...	805	805	...	...	...	...	805	805
Cachar ... ... Land for temples and mosques ...	...	2	2	...	143	143	...	5	5	...	138	138
Sylhet ... ... Lakhiraj	...	7,182	7,182	...	7,187	7,187	...	...	...	...	7,187	7,187
Sylhet ... ... Nisf-khiraj	...	82	82	...	51	51	...	30	30	...	21	21
TOTAL SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS ...	642	7,748	8,390	889	8,228	9,117	...	35	35	889	8,193	9,082
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Kamrup ... Nisf-khiraj	...	146,217	146,217	...	2,52,032	2,52,032	...	1,26,016	1,26,016	...	1,26,016	1,26,016
Kamrup ... Lakhiraj	...	33,952	33,952	...	39,822	39,822	...	...	...	...	39,822	39,822
Kamrup ... Gaonburas	2,631	...	2,631	6,684	...	6,684	...	...	...	6,684	...	6,684
Darrang ... ... Lakhiraj (including six-pie Lakhiraj) ...	...	5,489	5,489	...	8,658	8,658	...	39	39	...	8,619	8,619
Darrang ... ... Nisf khiraj	...	31,038	31,038	...	33,626	33,626	...	16,813	16,813	...	16,813	16,813
Darrang ... ... Pension lands	...	216	216	...	405	405	...	...	...	...	405	405
Darrang ... ... Kotokis	16	...	16	46	...	46	...	...	...	46	...	46
Darrang ... ... Gaonburas	1,996	...	1,996	5,702	...	5,702	...	...	...	5,702	...	5,702

Nowgong	Lakhiraj	...	1,537	1,537	...	2 412	2,412	...	...	...	...	2,412	2,412
	Nisf-khiraj	...	6,159	6,159	...	12,013	12,013	...	3,576	3,576	...	8,437	8,437
	Gaonburas	1,556	...	1,556	3,461	...	3,461	...	...	...	3,461	...	3,461
Sibsagar	Lakhiraj	...	40,836	40,836	...	17,851	17,851	...	...	...	...	17,851	17,851
	Nisf-khiraj	...	5,016	5,016	...	11,212	11,212	...	5,606	5,606	...	5,606	5,606
	Nagakhats	754	...	754	1,997	...	1,997	...	...	...	1,997	...	1,997
	Naga kotokis	43	...	43	143	...	143	...	...	...	143	...	143
	Pension lands	...	23	23	...	45	45	...	...	...	...	45	45
	Tentwenties	...	97	97	...	384	384	...	337	337	...	47	47
	Gaonburas	2,486	...	2,486	7,646	...	7,646	...	...	...	7,646	...	7,646
Lakhimpur	Lakhiraj	...	2,628	2,628	...	5,981	5,981	...	...	...	...	5,981	5,981
	Nisf-khiraj	...	1,273	1,273	...	3,568	3,568	...	1,784	1,784	...	1,784	1,784
	Nagakhats	...	66	66	...	113	113	...	...	...	...	113	113
	Chowkidars and kotokis	131	...	131	297	...	297	...	...	...	297	...	297
	Gaonburas	1,502	...	1,502	3,626	...	3,626	...	...	...	3,626	...	3,626
TOTAL ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS ...		11,115	274,547	285,662	29,602	3,88,122	4,17,724	...	1,54,171	1,54,171	29,602	2,33,951	2,63,553
Grand Total ...	1909-10	11,757	282,295	294,052	30,491	3,96,350	4,26,841	...	1,54,206	1,54,206	30,491	2,42,144	2,72,635
	1908-09	11,739	282,321	294,060	29,689	3,93,605	4,23,294	...	1,54,311	1,54,311	29,689	2,39,294	2,68,983

Figures for permanently-settled tracts of Eastern Bengal and Assam have been excluded—*vide* paragraph 15 of India Government Resolution reproduced in pages 57—59 of the Government Estates Manual, 1902.

APPENDIX VIIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 41 of the text.]

Cost of Management of Estates held direct by Government, 1909-1910.

Division.	District.	Total cost of management.	Percentage of cost of management on current demand.	Total cost of collection.	Percentage of cost of collection on current demand.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	Dacca	1,699	5·5	1,132	3·6
	Mymensingh	4,338	12·5	2,122	6·1
	Faridpur	15,491	9·9	10,327	6·6
	Bakarganj	27,825	5·5	18,550	3·7
	Total ...	49,353	6·8	32,131	4·4
Chittagong	Chittagong	49,052	7·0	25,620	3·7
	Tippera	6,322	4·7	4,096	3·0
	Noakhali	19,362	9·2	9,144	4·4
	Total ...	74,736	7·2	38,860	3·7
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	330	5·8	330	5·8
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	25,264	5·5	12,632	2·8
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	10,574	17·5	7,049	11·7
	Pabna	2,861	8·2	1,908	5·5
	Malda	2,489	8·9	2,227	7·9
	Total ...	41,518	7·0	24,146	4·1
	GRAND TOTAL ...	1,65,607	7·0	95,137	4·0

APPENDIX VIIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 41 of the text.]

Expenditure incurred on Estates under direct management, 1909-1910.

Division.	District.	Management.	Miscellaneous improvements (including agricultural improvements and experiments).	Sanitary improvements.	Total.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Sanctioned by the Board.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	Dacca	1,699	198	250	2,147	448	2,299
	Mymensingh ...	4,338	...	700	5,038	700	4,811
	Faridpur	15,491	916	2,678	19,085	3,594	15,266
	Bakarganj ...	27,825	3,849	2,265	33,939	6,114	45,928
	Total ...	49,353	4,963	5,893	60,209	10,856	68,304
Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	49,052	19,000	...	68,052	19,000	69,440
	Tippera	6,322	344	2,377	9,043	2,721	9,706
	Noakhali	19,362	1,777	440	21,579	2,217	21,219
	Total ...	74,736	21,121	2,817	98,674	23,938	1,00,365
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	330	177	268	775	445	808
	Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri ...	25,264	4,533	1,581	31,378	6,114	30,858
	Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	115
	Bogra	10,574	545	119	11,238	664	11,900
	Pabna	2,861	180	120	3,161	300	3,332
	Malda	2,489	335	100	2,924	435	3,614
	Total ...	41,518	5,770	2,188	49,476	7,958	50,027
	GRAND TOTAL ...	1,65,607	31,854	10,898	2,08,359	42,752	2,18,696

APPENDIX IXA.

[*Vide* paragraph 48 of the text.]

Intermediate Registrations under Act VII (B.C.) of 1876, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Number of interests on registers at beginning of year.	Applications.			Percentage of column 5, (applications granted during year) on column 2.	Number of old interests removed.	Number of new interests entered.	Total number of interests at close of year.	Total number of applications for disposal.	Total number of cases disposed of during year.	Applications pending		
		Pending from previous year.	Made during year.	Granted during year.							More than six months.	Less than six months.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Dacca Division ... Dacca	65,686	754	3,695	3,044	4·63	2,348	2,626	65,964	4,449	3,272	6	1,171	1,177
Mymensingh	77,353	1,807	5,199	6,926	8·95	4,082	8,103	81,374	7,006	5,794	...	1,212	1,212
Faridpur	41,577	293	2,245	2,020	4·86	2,441	2,439	41,575	2,538	2,132	...	406	406
Bakarganj	28,838	190	1,359	1,223	4·24	1,169	1,323	28,392	1,549	1,290	...	259	259
Total	213,454	3,044	12,498	13,213	6·19	10,040	14,491	2,17,905	15,542	12,488	6	3,048	3,054
Chittagong Division Chittagong	382,762	2,549*	10,842	10,837	2·83	13,996	14,608	3,83,464	13,591	11,642	3	1,746	1,749
Tippera	17,819	160	1,183	1,128	6·33	1,524	2,243	18,538	1,343	1,169	...	174	174
Noakhali	9,007	150	227	260	2·88	268	299	9,038	377	288	...	89	89
Total	4,09,588	2,859	12,252	12,235	2·99	15,788	17,240	4,11,040	15,111	13,099	3	2,009	2,012
Rajshahi Division... Rajshahi	8,436	134	661	522	6·19	536	627	8,527	795	545	...	250	250
Dinajpur	4,040	33	208	178	4·40	120	174	4,094	241	191	...	50	50
Jalpaiguri	853	2	13	11	1·29	9	2	846	15	11	2	2	4
Rangpur	3,333	68	232	137	4·11	163	213	3,383	300	193	...	107	107
Bogra	4,115	34	286	268	6·51	276	348	4,187	320	294	...	26	26
Pabna	17,685	167	954	846	4·78	1,297	1,374	17,762	1,121	936	...	185	185
Malda	3,824	75	387	242	6·33	160	284	3,948	462	371	...	91	91
Total	42,286	513	2,741	2,204	5·21	2,561	3,022	42,747	3,254	2,541	2	711	713
GRAND TOTAL	6,65,328	6,416	27,491	27,652	4·15	28,389	34,753	6,71,692	33,907	28,128	11	5,768	5,779

* Revised figures

ASSAM.

APPENDIX IXB.

[*Vide* paragraph 49 of the text.]

Registration of changes amongst proprietors and landholders, 1909-1910.

District.	Number of cases for disposal in court.					Number of cases disposed of locally by summary procedure.	Area (acres) transferred.				Total number of estates liable to mutation.	Percentages of cases disposed of in court and locally during year to total number of estates.
	Pending from previous year.	Instituted during year.	Disposed of during y		Balances pending at close of year.		By mortgage.		By sale.			
			Contested.	Uncontested.			With permission.	Without permission.	Voluntary.	By order of court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
SURMA VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Cachar	310	1,783	306	1,444	343	9,210	...	...	19,463	...	68,913	15·90
Sylhet	618	3,299	278	3,185	454	5,504	...	...	...	...	103,685	8·65
Total ...	928	5,087	584	4,629	802	14,714	...	...	19,463	...	1,72,598	11·54
ASSAM VALLEY DISTRICTS.												
Goalpara	3	64	...	42	25	77	...	...	49	...	1,070	7·19
Kamrup	501	1,960	224	1,637	600	6,622	115	...	8,601	1,512	1,24,991	6·78
Darrang	13	1,280	56	630	407	4,611	66	...	2,473	555	90,110	6·10
Nowgong	171	522	86	456	152	1,363	24	1	648	...	63,137	3·01
Sibsagar	917	2,108	307	1,921	857	5,841	52	116	7,907	516	1,45,688	5·54
Lakhimpur	88	18	...	98	8	...	...	...	1,274	62	38,300	·25
Total ...	1,693	6,021	673	4,983	2,058	18,514	257	117	20,948	2,645	4,63,896	5·21
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,621	11,108	1,257	9,612	2,860	33,228	257	117	21,316	2,645	6,36,494	6·88

APPENDIX IXC.

[*Vide* paragraph 50 of the text.]

District details of separate accounts under Act XI of 1859 *and Act VII (B.C.) of* 1876, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Undivided shares.						Applications for disposal.	Specific shares.						Applications for disposal.	Complex shares.						Applications for disposal.
	Separate accounts opened (section 10) during the year.		Closed during the year.		Remaining open at the close of the year.			Separate accounts opened (section 11) during the year.		Closed during the year.		Remaining open at close of the year.			Separate accounts opened (section 70) of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 during the year.		Closed during the year.		Remaining open close of the year.		
	Number.	Government revenue of the new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.		Number.	Government revenue of the new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.		Number.	Government revenue of the new account.	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
DACCA DIVISION.																					
Dacca	209	4,108	19	751	7,259	1,46,189	30	6	6	...	...	78	1,016	1	34	517	4	149	586	15,171	15
Mymensingh	74	985	8	76	5,042	1,74,981	94	1	5	...	...	259	6,193	1	49	337	9	45	2,145	23,591	65
Faridpur	95	1,967	6	831	2,439	1,24,697	18	...	...	...	...	16	4,624	...	2	5	...	...	43	3,283	...
Bakarganj	19	4,039	...	...	1,605	3,70,760	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	8	...
Total ...	397	11,099	33	1,658	16,345	8,16,627	164	7	11	...	...	353	11,833	2	85	859	13	194	2,776	42,053	80
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																					
Chittagong	91	463	2	228	2,989	71,481	15	...	...	...	...	388	9,869	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...
Tippera	276	59,120	238	53,448	2,473	2,52,479	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	7	1,731	...	...	870	1,93,276	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	374	61,314	240	53,676	6,332	5,17,236	41	...	...	...	...	388	9,869	...	...	...	...	...	11	292	...

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																							
Rajshahi	27	1,403	6	1	1,844	2,86,002	11	...	...	...	...	25	18,196	...	...	...	...	...	101	5,825	...
Dinajpur	14	8,522	5	6,520	365	2,58,033	2	...	...	...	...	15	5,041	...	...	...	...	...	29	8,989	...
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	26	1,914	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	18	4,777	2	109	302	1,89,507	4	1	29	...	...	82	62,269	...	4	353	...	...	130	40,843	...
Bogra	11	2,603	1	1,532	588	1,56,158	14	...	...	...	...	22	9,290	...	9	3,627	3	58	463	65,527	12
Pabna	101	10,985	32	1,063	2,630	1,52,127	113	6	2,108	...	...	48	10,428	7	38	487	9	284	1,252	48,807	68
Malda	4	1,106	...	...	281	76,402	3	...	...	...	...	11	6,331	...	2	148	...	...	44	4,351	...
Total ...	175	24,396	46	9,225	6,036	11,20,143	147	7	2,137	...	...	203	1,11,555	7	53	4,615	12	342	2,019	1,74,342	80
GRAND TOTAL ... 1909-1910 ...	946	96,809	319	64,559	28,713	4,54,006	352	14	2,148	...	...	944	1,33,257	9	138	5,474	25	536	4,806	2,16,687	160
GRAND TOTAL ... 1908-1909 ...	718	51,068	103	5,845	28,086	24,21,756	490	9	2,062	2	1,258	930	1,31,109	12	170	13,062	47	9,485	4,693	2,11,749	372

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX IXD.

[*Vide* paragraph 51 of the text.]

Registration of tenures protected in case of the sale of the parent estates under Act XI of 1859 *for arrears of revenue,* 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Registered during year.		Registered to the end of the year.	
	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).	Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction purchaser, except Government (section 41).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction purchaser, including Government (section 42).
1	2	3	4	5
DACCA DIVISION.				
Dacca	19	1	1,360	31
Mymensingh	...	...	165	5
Faridpur	...	...	129	3
Bakarganj	...	...	104	...
Total ...	19	1	1,758	39
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.				
Chittagong	7	...	276	7
Tippera	...	...	526*	3
Noakhali	1	...	87	...
Total ...	8	...	889	10
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.				
Rajshahi	...	...	198	13
Dinajpur	...	...	160	3
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	127	11
Bogra	...	...	126	2
Pabna	...	...	117	2
Malda	...	...	7	1
Total ...	...	...	735	32
GRAND TOTAL ...	27	1	3,382	81

* Revised figures.

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX X.

[*Vide* paragraphs 52-54 of the text.]

Disposal of Partition cases, 1909-1910.

Division.	District.		Pending at close of previous year.	Instituted during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending at close of year.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7
EASTERN BENGAL.							
Dacca	Dacca		32	7	39	8	31
	Mymensingh		47	2	49	11	38
	Faridpur		18	4	22	1	21
	Bakarganj		14	3	17	...	17
	Total ...	1909-1910 ...	111	16	127	20	107
		1908-1909 ...	135	10	145	34	111
Chittagong	Chittagong		...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera		22	7	29	2	27
	Noakhali		...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1909-1910 ...	22	7	29	2	27
		1908-1909 ...	24	2	26	4	22
Rajshahi	Rajshahi		5	1	6	2	4
	Dinajpur		4	1	5	1	4
	Jalpaiguri		1	...	1	1	...
	Rangpur		2	...	2	2	...
	Bogra...		...	...	...	...	...
	Pabna...		4	1	5	1	4
	Malda...		4	...	4	4	...
	Total ...	1909-1910 ...	20	3	23	11	12
		1908-1909 ...	26	3	29	9	20
	Total Eastern Bengal.	1909-1910 ...	153	26	179	33	146
		1908-1909 ...	185	15	200	47	153
ASSAM.							
Surma Valley Districts ...	Cachar		...	7	7	...	7
	Sylhet		41	46	87	59	28
	Total ...	1909-1910 ...	41	53	94	59	35
		1908-1909 ...	43	28	71	30	41
Assam Valley Districts ...	Goalpara		...	...	...	...	...
	Kamrup		197	111	308	137	171
	Darrang		2	12	14	5	9
	Nowgong		1	8	9	8	1
	Sibsagar		37	54	91	58	33
	Lakhimpur		3	5	8	8	...
	Total ...	1909-1910 ...	240	190	430	216	214
		1908-1909 ...	251	200	451	211	240
	Total Assam ...	1909-1910 ...	281	243	524	275	249
		1908-1909 ...	294	228	522	241	281
	PROVINCIAL GRAND TOTAL.	1909-1910 ...	434	269	703	308	395
		1908-1909 ...	479	243	722	288	434

PROVINCIAL.

APPENDIX XI.

[*Vide* paragraph 55 of the text.]

Lands taken up for public purposes and compensation paid for them, 1909-1910.

No.	Purpose for which the lands were taken up.	Area of land acquired.	Revenue abated.	Cash compensation paid, including other charges.
		Ac. r. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.
1	Government	933 1 11	595 14 8	7,03,362
2	Municipality	20 2 35	13 13 4	27,999
3	District or Local Boards	141 2 19	90 3 3	49,386
4	Railway	630 2 38	682 15 2	98,984
5	Other local or public bodies	2 3 22	8 9 1	2,119
	Total 1909-1910 ...	1,729 1 5	1,391 7 6	8,81,852
	Total 1908-1909 ...	1,216 0 5	687 1 11	3,41,559

APPENDIX XIIA.

[*Vide* paragraph 71 of the text.]

Operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885, 1909-1910.

Division and district.	Transfers of tenures.			Commutation of rent payable in kind, section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, sections 69 and 70.	Registration of improvements, section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by landlords section 87(2).	Written permission to landlords to measure land under section 90.	Applications by Collectors for appointment of common manager under section 93.	Applications made for a survey and record-of-rights under Chapter X.	Applications made for survey and record of proprietor's private lands under Chapter XI.	Local enquiries held by order of a Court, section 158.	Local enquiries held under section 31.
	(a) Voluntary, section 12(3).	(b) By decree sale, sections 13(2) and 14.	(c) By succession, section 15.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
DACCA DIVISION.														
Dacca	2,074	12	53	...	...	...	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	1,363	1	126	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	8	3
Faridpur	1,806	1	272	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bakarganj... ...	9,113	138	521	4	...	37	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	13,861	152	972	4	...	37	7	31	...	...	...	...	8	3
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.														
Chittagong... ...	17,812	131	146	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tippera	2,450	113	121	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5
Noakhali	3,207	55	276	...	...	7	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	3
Total ...	23,469	299	543	...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	8
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.														
Rajshahi	401	1	37	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	174	...	17	...	...	2	...	31	...	...	1	...	...	2
Jalpaiguri ...	459	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	296	17	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	163	1	16	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	466	18	13	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malda	64	...	5	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	17	...
Total ...	2,020	37	87	17	...	2	...	58	...	1	2	...	17	4
GRAND TOTAL ...	39,350	488	1,602	21	...	50	7	100	...	1	2	...	25	15
Total of previous year...	41,923	774	1,725	1,452	2	108	4	78	...	1	8	...	34	130

EASTERN BENGAL.

APPENDIX XIIB.

[*Vide* paragraph 72 of the text.]

Receipts and payments of landlords' fees under sections 12 *to* 15 *of the Bengal Tenancy Act,* 1909-10.

Division and district.	Amount received during the year.	Amount paid out to the landlord, or other person duly authorized on his behalf to receive it.	Percentage of column 3 on column 2.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	
DACCA DIVISION.			
Dacca	3,928	199	5·06
Mymensingh	3,106	...	...
Faridpur	2,957	43	1·45
Bakarganj	20,986	272	1·29
Total	30,977	514	1·66
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.			
Chittagong	18,770	5,060	26·96
Tippera	3,730	23	·62
Noakhali	9,238	1,320	14·29
Total	31,738	6,403	20·17
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.			
Rajshahi	863	34	3·94
Dinajpur	618	8	1·29
Jalpaiguri	496	...	...
Rangpur	1,013	...	...
Bogra	398	65	16·33
Pabna	721	68	9·43
Malda	170	20	11·77
Total	4,279	195	4·56
GRAND TOTAL	66,994	7,112	10·61

APPENDIX XIII.

[*Vide* paragraph 5 of the text.]

Average prices (in seers per rupee) of common rice, wheat, barley, gram, maize and salt for past three years.

Division.	District.	Common rice.			Wheat.			Barley.			Gram.			Maize.			Salt.			Remarks.
		1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	
Dacca Division ...	Dacca ...	7 11	8 14	10 11	8 6	7 10	9 2	13 14	14 12	19 11	9 3	8 7	13 0	...	...	...	17 0	20 0	20 8	
	Mymensingh ...	7 12	8 4	8 15	6 15	5 6	5 7	10 3	12 15	12 7	9 0	7 15	8 13	...	...	...	15 12	17 4	17 3	
	Faridpur ...	7 1	8 10	11 1	9 7	9 8	10 0	16 14	18 11	20 4	9 2	8 14	11 2	...	...	...	17 0	17 7	17 5	
	Bakarganj ...	8 3	8 7	10 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*15 4 †15 0	*16 0 †15 8	*17 5 †17 8	*Liverpool. †Karkatch.
Chittagong Division ...	Chittagong ...	8 12	9 6	10 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 15	11 12	...	...	...	21 13	22 13	24 12	
	Tippera ...	7 8	9 3	7 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 10	18 10	18 10	
	Noakhali ...	7 12	9 9	11 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 5	8 1	10 0	...	...	...	18 10	19 15	20 0	
Rajshahi Division ...	Rajshahi ...	7 6	7 5	11 4	9 7	10 7	12 0	...	...	21 0	9 12	13 0	21 0	...	...	...	16 13	18 14	19 14	
	Dinajpur ...	7 14	7 7	11 15½	8 3	7 15	8 11	15 0	15 0	...	8 15	8 1	12 3	...	...	...	17 0	18 0	19 10	
	Jalpaiguri ...	7 7	7 7	10 2	6 15	6 13	7 3	9 4	9 15	...	7 14	7 5	9 7	...	...	...	14 0	15 0	17 0	
	Rangpur ...	6 11	6 6	9 6	7 9	6 15	7 8	...	...	...	7 14	7 0	9 0	...	...	...	15 ½	17 14	16 12	
	Bogra ...	7 6	7 10	12 0	8 8	8 2	9 10	...	...	...	10 2	9 15	13 10	...	...	...	19 3	19 8	19 8	
	Pabna ...	7 3	7 7	10 1	8 14	9 0	8 11	...	...	...	9 12	9 1	13 12	...	...	...	19 2	19 11	19 7	
	Malda ...	7 8	8 0	12 0	9 8	9 0	12 8	...	...	...	10 0	12 8	20 0	11 4	11 8	26 0	18 0	19 0	18 0	
Surma Valley Districts ...	Cachar ...	8 0	10 4	11 3	5 5	5 11	6 11	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	9 4	...	...	...	18 14	20 0	20 0	
	Sylhet ...	7 12	9 9	11 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	7 6	9 4	...	...	...	17 0	18 6	19 0	
Assam Valley Districts ...	Goalpara ...	7 6	7 8	8 6	8 13	9 1	8 10	...	...	...	9 4	8 10	10 3	11 0	12 0	13 0	16 0	18 0	18 15	
	Kamrup ...	8 4	8 6	10 5	6 10	6 1	7 1	...	...	...	8 7	7 13	10 1	...	...	...	16 13	16 8	16 8	
	Darrang ...	7 11	8 14	10 8	6 5	6 5	6 1	...	...	...	8 8	6 10	7 13	...	...	...	12 10	13 7	13 12	
	Nowgong ...	7 5	9 4	10 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	6 13	8 4	...	...	...	15 4	15 13	16 0	
	Sibsagar ...	7 13	9 3	10 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 4	8 11	...	...	...	14 10	15 0	15 4	
	Lakhimpur ...	8 10	8 15	9 13	5 7	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	7 11	7 15	10 2	...	...	...	13 2	11 0	15 15	

APPENDIX XIVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 62 of the text.]

Loans made under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Amount advanced to Local Government by the Government of India.			Interest payable for the year by Local Government to the Government of India at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	
1	2	3	4
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
7,86,401	7,47,661	7,67,031	28,124·47

APPENDIX XIVB.

APPENDIX XIV B.

[*Vide* paragraph 63 of the text.]

District details of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

Division and District.	Principal									Interest.								Total Principal and interest.			
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears)	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.																					
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	1,254	...	837	...	639	639	615	...	198	...	124	124	...	94	94	...	30	...	733	...	223
Bakarganj	1,170	1,700	226	...	...	...	2,870	112	114	66	99	165	...	...	...	66	99	...	...	178	213
Total	2,424	1,700	1,063	...	639	639	3,485	112	312	66	223	289	...	94	94	66	129	...	733	178	441
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																					
Chittagong	5,277	...	2,957	...	2,869	2,869	2,408	...	88	529	432	961	...	956	956	...	5	...	3,825	...	93
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	322	...	254	...	254	254	68	...	...	15	7	22	...	22	22	...	...	...	276	...	...
Total	5,599	...	3,211	...	3,123	3,123	2,476	...	88	544	439	983	...	978	978	...	5	...	4,101	...	93

Rajshahi Division.																						
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	29,550	...	4,760	...	4,289	4,289	25,261	...	471	43	2,110	2,153	...	1,986	1,986	...	167	...	6,275	...	638
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	10,350	4,000	7,062	...	5,469	5,469	8,881	...	1,593	233	632	865	...	577	577	...	288	...	6,046	...	1,881
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	39,900	4,000	11,822	...	9,758	9,758	34,142	...	2,064	276	2,742	3,018	...	2,563	2,563	...	455	...	12,321	...	2,519
Surma Valley Districts.																						
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam Valley Districts.																						
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	750	3,000	500	...	500	500	3,250	...	...	...	40	40	...	40	40	...	...	...	540	...	...
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	750	3,000	500	...	500	500	3,250	...	...	...	40	40	...	40	40	...	...	...	540	...	...
Grand Total	...	...	...	48,673	8,700	16,596	...	14,020	14,020	43,353	112	2,464	886	3,444	4,330	...	3,675	3,675	66	589	...	17,695	178	3,053

APPENDIX XIVC.

[*Vide* paragraph 64 of the text.]

District details of loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Division and District.	Principal.									Interest.								Total Principal and Interest.			
	Outstanding at commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears.)	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection during the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA DIVISION.																					
Dacca	32,571	256	32,827	...	6,081	6,081	26,746	...	26,746	2,077	2,051	4,128	...	506	506	...	3,622	...	6,587	...	30,368
Mymensingh	45,545	1,800	38,761	7	20,643	20 650	26,695	...	18,111	1,071	2,475	3,546	...	1,679	1,679	...	1,867	7	22,322	...	19,978
Faridpur	5,247	...	4,997	...	4,997	4,997	250	...	...	336	48	384	...	384	384	...	...	...	5,381	...	...
Bakarganj	1,15,871	24,531	1,03,488	...	18,400	18,400	1,22,002	...	85,088	4,990	4,156	9,146	...	2,465	2,465	...	6,681	...	20,865	...	91,769
Total	1,99,234	26,587	1,80,073	7	50,121	50,128	1,75,693	...	1,29,945	8,474	8,730	17,204	...	5,054	5,034	...	12,170	7	55,155	...	1,42,115
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																					
Chittagong	1,820	...	1,197	...	864	864	956	...	333	57	75	132	...	102	102	...	30	...	966	...	363
Tippera	19,243	15,988	19,243	...	5,437	5,437	29,794	...	13,806	1,332	1,621	2,953	...	1,059	1,059	...	1,894	...	6,496	...	15,700
Noakhali	27,892	6,000	27,886	47	27,620	27,667	6,225	...	219	1,395	1,796	3,191	6	3,141	3,147	...	44	53	30,761	...	263
Total	48,955	21,988	48,326	47	33,921	33,921	36,975	...	14,358	2,784	3,492	6,276	6	4,302	4,308	...	1,968	53	38,223	...	16,326

Rajshahi Division.																					
Rajshahi	48,646	...	23,939	...	13,856	13,856	34,790	126	9,955	5	3,391	3,396	...	2,763	2,763	...	633	...	16,619	128	10,588
Dinajpur	1,41,923	...	44,072	...	28,399	28,399	1,13,524	...	15,673	...	9,191	9,191	...	6,179	6,179	...	3,013	...	34,578	...	18,685
Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	56,925	71,774	17,637	...	3,774	3,774	1,24,325	10,141	3,722	...	3,520	3,520	...	745	745	2,032	743	...	4,519	12,173	4,465
Bogra	1,17,071	6,338	51,176	...	28,009	28,009	95,400	...	23,167	3,057	6,431	9,488	...	6,478	6,478	...	3,010	...	34,487	...	26,177
Pabna	1,160	770	1,160	14	895	909	1,021	...	251	29	90	119	...	104	104	...	15	14	999	...	266
Malda	35,770	14,080	14,564	...	2,497	2,497	47,353	12,067	...	875	408	1,283	...	351	351	932	...	...	2,848	13,999	...
Total	4,00,895	92,962	1,52,548	14	77,430	77,444	4,16,413	22,336	52,768	3,966	23,031	26,997	...	16,620	16,620	2,964	7,413	14	94,050	25,300	60,181
Surma Valley Districts.																					
Cachar	305	...	305	...	305	305	...	...	...	35	13	48	...	48	48	...	...	...	353	...	...
Sylhet	15,575	...	15,475	205	14,738	14,943	632	...	532	966	634	1,600	19	1,397	1,416	...	184	224	16,135	...	716
Total	15,880	...	15,780	205	15,043	15,248	632	...	532	1,001	647	1,648	19	1,445	1,464	...	184	224	16,488	...	716
Assam Valley Districts.																					
Goalpara	2,090	6,910	90	...	10	10	8,990	...	80	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	10	...	86
Kamrup	17,383	19,000	11,124	114	10,318	10,432	25,951	73	629	156	1,065	1,201	17	(*d*)1,197	1,214	5	25	131	11,515	78	654
Darrang	17,163	3,345	9,510	24	(*a*)7,113	7,137	13,571	...	2,683	186	754	920	5	(*e*)617	622	...	312	29	7,730	...	2,995
Nowgong	17,804	7,373	16,160	30	8,735	8,765	16,412	2,929	4,466	1,044	812	1,856	3	1,059	1,062	342	452	33	9,794	3,271	4,918
Sibsagar	2,916	1,320	3,418	...	(*b*)2,452	2,452	1,786	26	940	329	71	400	...	258	258	2	140	...	2,710	30	1,080
Lakhimpur	15,408	220	8,849	...	(*c*)7,543	7,543	8,085	...	1,390	131	787	918	...	809	809	...	109	...	8,352	...	1,499
Total	72,764	38,168	49,161	168	36,171	36,339	74,595	3,030	10,188	1,826	3,475	5,301	25	3,940	3,965	349	1,044	193	40,111	3,379	11,232
Grand total ...	7,37,728	1,79,705	4,45,888	441	2,12,686	2,13,080	7,04,308	25,366	2,07,791	18,051	39,375	57,426	50	31,341	31,391	3,313	22,779	491	2,44,027	28,679	2,30,570

(*a*) Includes advance collection of Rs. 310.
(*b*) Includes Rs. 2 paid in excess.
(*c*) Includes advance collection of Rs. 84.
(*d*) " " " " 43.
(*e*) " " " " 14.

APPENDIX XVA.

[*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.]

Land revenue and cesses remitted by special money-order, 1909-1910.

Division.	District.	Amount.	Number of orders.
1	2	3	4
		Rs.	
EASTERN BENGAL.			
Dacca Division	Dacca	1,41,128	34,960
	Mymensingh	1,99,072	31,557
	Faridpur	1,62,991	32,616
	Bakarganj	57,860	6,952
	Total	5,61,051	1,06,085
Chittagong Division	Chittagong	1,33,287	54,036
	Tippera	74,328	7,262
	Noakhali	11,773	2,047
	Total	2,19,388	63,345
Rajshahi Division	Rajshahi	27,001	3,173
	Dinajpur	24,823	872
	Jalpaiguri	25,989	765
	Rangpur	51,505	1,625
	Bogra	12,387	1,890
	Pabna	60,219	13,277
	Malda	8,319	764
	Total	2,10,243	22,366
	Total, Eastern Bengal	9,90,682	191,796
ASSAM.			
Surma Valley Districts	Sylhet	9,763	3,402
	GRAND TOTAL 1909-1910	10,00,445	195,198
	GRAND TOTAL 1908-1909	10,21,245	190,934

APPENDIX XVB.

[*Vide* paragraph 24 of the text.]

Payment of rent by money orders, 1909-1910.

Division and district.		Number of money-orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.	Percentage of money-orders refused to money-orders issued.
1		2	3	4	5	6
			s.		Rs.	
DACCA DIVISION.						
Dacca	1909-1910	1,328	10,021	559	3,972	42·09
	1908-1909	1,196	9,574	530	3,705	44·31
Mymensingh	1909-1910	788	24,173	347	6,550	44·03
	1908-1909	1,999	34,238	718	7,719	35·91
Faridpur	1909-1910	2,341	27,113	629	5,444	26·87
	1908-1909	2,054	20,855	579	4,432	28·18
Bakarganj	1909-1910	3,018	41,648	523	5,560	17·33
	1908-1909	2,193	31,902	597	6,030	27·22
Total	1909-1910	7,475	1,02,955	2,058	21,526	27·53
	1908-1909	7,442	96,569	2,424	21,886	32·57
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.						
Chittagong	1909-1910	12,920	1,02,400	490	4,537	3·79
	1908-1909	13,908	87,791	420	4,577	3·01
Tippera	1909-1910	2,768	33,993	642	4,571	28·30
	1908-1909	2,497	43,864	510	5,971	20·42
Noakhali	1909-1910	2,462	30,670	373	3,542	15·15
	1908-1909	4,188	56,289	1,068	12,037	25·50
Total	1909-1910	17,650	1,67,063	1,505	12,650	8·53
	1908-1909	20,593	1,87,944	1,998	22,585	9·70
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.						
Rajshahi	1909-1910	1,522	71,236	412	7,758	27·07
	1908-1909	1,250	48,159	240	3,226	19·20
Dinajpur	1909-1910	769	24,624	92	1,397	11·97
	1908-1909	836	30,774	120	1,850	14·35
Jalpaiguri	1909-1910	1,309	15,891	101	2,965	7·72
	1908-1909	1,631	16,964	124	703	7·38
Rangpur	1909-1910	1,763	45,064	686	9,397	38·91
	1908-1909	1,857	40,339	717	11,132	38·61
Bogra	1909-1910	537	18,150	267	5,532	49·72
	1908-1909	1,004	35,329	307	3,195	30·57
Pabna	1909-1910	2,141	54,077	485	5,487	22·65
	1908-1909	2,249	67,891	442	4,810	19·65
Malda	1909-1910	540	12,419	189	1,249	35·00
	1908-1909	514	16,779	224	1,245	43·57
Total	1909-1910	8,581	2,41,461	2,232	33,785	26·01
	1908-1909	9,391	2,56,235	2,174	26,161	23·15
GRAND TOTAL ...	1909-1910	33,706	5,11,479	5,795	67,961	17·19
	1908-1909	37,426	5,40,748	6,536	70,632	17·62

E. B. & A. G. P. (B. of Rev.) No. 59—500—23-1-1911.

Resolution on the Land Revenue Administration Report of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1909-1910.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department, No. 63R., dated Shillong, the 9th January 1911.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the year 1909-1910.

READ ALSO—

The Annual Land Revenue Statements of the Hill Districts which are not under the jurisdiction of the Board of Revenue.

RESOLUTION.

Character of season.

Although the heavy rain in July and August caused some damage to the *bhadoi* crop, the rainfall of the year was, on the whole, well distributed, and the winter rice crop was the best that has been reaped for some years past. The high price of rice in previous years and the fall in the price of jute produced a contraction in the area under that fibre, and the *rabi* crops suffered to some extent from drought in the cold weather. But, on the whole, there was a marked increase in the prosperity of the lower and middle classes due to the excellent rice crop and the corresponding fall in prices, the improvement being conspicuously noticeable in the Rajshahi Division. Public health was good and the year was one of distinct prosperity.

Migration and colonization.

2. The Board of Revenue are of opinion that this prosperity is tending to produce a decrease in the resident labour force, but this deficiency is quickly filled up by the influx of labourers from the west. The population is gradually flowing eastwards. Coolies go from the Chittagong Division to Burma, and there is a large immigration from Bengal into the Division of Rajshahi. Most of these immigrants come only for short periods, but the colonization of Assam is steadily advancing. The progress made in the Nambor forest and in the neighbourhood of Lumding continues to be disappointing, but there is a steady influx of permanent settlers into Goalpara and Kamrup. The area settled with *ex*-garden coolies increased by over 6 per cent. and now amounts to nearly 150,000 acres, and the area settled with other immigrants rose from 39,541 acres in 1908-09 to 50,997 acres. The process is proceeding steadily and not unduly slowly, and the waste lands of the Assam Valley are being gradually occupied by seasoned cultivators who are in a position to overcome the difficulties with which they are confronted. Satisfactory progress was also made in the colonization of the Bakarganj Sunderbans. During the year 296 new colonists were settled on an area of 10,229 bighas. In this portion of the province it is impossible to leave the raiyats to their unaided efforts and the continued assistance and supervision of Government are required.

Classification of settled area.

3. During the year the figures showing the total revenue-paying area of the province were revised and the area of unsettled wastes and reserved forests in Chittagong was excluded, with the result that the total now stands at 48,772 square miles. There was an increase during the year of 151 square miles in the total revenue-paying area with a corresponding increase in the revenue demand of more than Rs. 2,55,000. The proportion of land revenue contributed by permanently-settled estates, temporarily-settled estates, and estates held direct by Government was 51, 37, and 12 per cent., respectively.

The estates held under the direct management of Government in Eastern Bengal showed an increase in revenue of Rs. 66,000 due to re-settlement, the operation of progressive assessments, and the assessments of new *chars* and accretions. In Assam there was an increase of Rs. 1,11,000 in revenue, chiefly due to extension of cultivation. In every district there was a large increase in the settled area, which was especially noticeable in Kamrup. In Nowgong the area settled at full rates has increased by 24 per cent. during the past ten years, but it still stands considerably below the figures of twenty years ago before the district was desolated by *kala-azar*.

4. Collections of land revenue amounted to 96·02 per cent. of the total demand, the highest percentage that has been realized during the past five years. 0 26 per cent. of the demand was remitted on account of diluvion, relinquishment of holdings, and local calamities. Nearly 99 per cent. of the demand on account of permanently-settled estates was collected during the year, Bakarganj and Sylhet being the only districts that fell below that figure. A certain unpunctuality in the collection of the current demand is inevitable in the latter district, as the dates fixed for the revenue *kists*, which have been fixed so as to be convenient to the payers, do not admit of adequate steps being taken for the realization of the arrears before the end of the financial year.

Collections of land revenue.

Collections of revenue from temporarily-settled estates were conspicuously good in Jalpaiguri, Cachar, Darrang, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur.

It is reported that mauzadars generally paid up the revenue due from them before the close of the year, and that the improvement in collections in Kamrup was due to the removal of inefficient men. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that care is being taken to see that the revenue is actually being collected punctually and that payments are not made from borrowed money, or the new generation of mauzadars will be involved in the financial embarrassments which were the ruin of the old.

Collections of rent from estates held under direct management in Eastern Bengal always present difficulties, and only 85 per cent. of the demand was realized during the year.

5. Taken as a whole, however, the land revenue which amounts to over two crores of rupees was collected with remarkable ease and only 496 estates were actually sold in Eastern Bengal. Nearly three-fourths of this total comes from the Chittagong district, where the large number of petty estates is accompanied by a corresponding difficulty in revenue collection. Orders were issued during the year authorising District Officers to exempt estates from sale on payment by proprietors, as a condition of such exemption, of a reasonable fee proportionate to the amount in default. It is reported that the system has worked well, and it is regarded as a great concession by defaulting zamindars. In Assam recourse was had more generally to coercive measures than in previous years, but the amount of revenue for which it was necessary actually to sell up property was extremely small, amounting only to Rs. 7,546.

Coercive measures.

6. The most important work in progress in Government estates was the colonization of the Sunderbans in Bakarganj. Over Rs. 43,000 was spent there on the erection of embankments to protect the land from salt water. Embankments in the district of Chittagong were repaired at a cost of nearly Rs. 12,000 and various minor works were undertaken in the Rajshahi Division. It is reported that the protective embankments in Sibsagar require repair and extension, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to learn that this question is engaging the attention of the Board.

Improvement in Government estates.

7. Partition work proceeded slowly, but this, it appears, was largely due to the action of the parties themselves. In the opinion of the Board the law, as it now stands, offers too great assistance to those who wish to thwart the making of a partition and to delay the disposal of the case. An experiment is being tried in Faridpur under which partitions will be dealt with by the Deputy Collectors employed upon the settlement, and it is hoped that this arrangement may tend to simplify procedure.

Partition.

8. There was a large decrease in the amount advanced under the Agriculturists Loans Act. Outstanding loans to the amount of Rs. 4,46,000 fell due within the year, but of this only Rs. 2,13,000 were collected, and more than two-fifths of the interest due was not paid up. These figures indicate that with improving seasons the amounts invested in agricultural loans should be reduced. The possibility of obtaining money on too easy terms is liable to have a demoralising effect upon people who have no constitutional abhorrence of debt, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that if the harvest of the current year is favourable efforts will be made to recover the outstanding principal and interest.

Agricultural loans.

Use of money-orders.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets to learn that the use of money-orders for the remittance of rent declined during the year. It is possible that the zamindars, and more particularly their *amla*, dislike the system as tending to make them lose personal touch with their tenants and to deprive them of opportunities of bringing their personal influence to bear upon them.

Conduct of officers.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor is much indebted to the Board for their careful supervision over every branch of the revenue administration and for the full and interesting report which they have submitted. Both the Hon'ble Members made prolonged tours, during which they were brought into close touch with district administration.

The Commissioners of the Rajshahi, the Assam Valley, and the Surma Valley and Hill Districts Divisions were on tour for a considerable part of the year and were able to do much inspection work. The Lieutenant-Governor is aware of the weighty interests that attach the Commissioner of the Dacca Division to his head-quarters, but every effort should be made by that officer to carry out the important duty of inspection.

11. Sir Lancelot Hare has read with pleasure the names of the members of the Indian Civil Service, the Provincial Civil Service, and the Subordinate Executive Service, who are reported by the Board to have done especially good work during the past year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor,

B. C. ALLEN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

APPENDIX

Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances of ordinary Land Revenue

District.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remission.
		Current.	Arrear.	Total	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Naga Hills	2	55	...	55	55*	...	55	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	2,510	10,177	...	10,177	10,142	...	10,142	...
Garo Hills... {Temporarily-settled	9,025	33,034	3,443	36,477	29,664	3,442	33,106	1
{Permanently-settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...
Total Garo Hills	9,026	33,046	3,443	36,489	29,676	3,442	33,118	1
Lushai Hills	94	455	...	455	455	...	455	...
Total temporarily-settled	11,631	43,721	3,443	47,164	40,316	3,442	43,758	1
Total permanently-settled	1	12	...	12	12	...	12	...
Grand Total	11,632	43,733	3,443	47,176	40,328	3,442	43,770	1
Total for the previous year	10,544	42,930	1,458	44,388	39,419	1,458	40,877	78

* Including an advance of

APPENDIX

Statement shewing the Demands, Collections, Remissions, and Balances on account of

	Naga Hills.								Khasi and Jaintia Hills.							
	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Fisheries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,720	...	11,720*	...	...	...	...	2,930
2. Poll-tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. House-tax	84,061	...	80,238	...	3,823	...	...	...	36,077	1,426	35,899	1,472	154	178	...	...
4. Lime quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Stone ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	315	...	315†	...	...	...	...	245
6. Coal mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	996	...	...	...	...	996	...
7. Mineral oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	200	...	...	...	...	...
8. Salt wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gold washing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Sales of Government estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sales of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Quit rent of tributary mahals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Survey-fees (Chapter III of Land Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Mutation and Registration fees (Chapter IV of Land Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Partition fees (Chapter VI of Land Revenue Regulation).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other fees under the Land Revenue Regulation.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Other Miscellaneous items not specified.	469	...	469	...	...	...	...	...	1,116	...	1,116	...	...	...	...	...
18. Total	84,530	...	80,707	...	3,823	...	...	...	49,423	2,422	49,250	1,472	154	178	996	3,175
19. Total for the previous year ...	83,669	68	79,366	68	4,303	...	...	...	41,200	2,324	39,768	1,010	124	1,432	1,190	1,443

* Rs. 1,323 was
† Rs. 120 ,,

IIIA.

including Malikana of Estates on the Revenue-roll of the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1909-1910.

Net balances.			Distribution of net balances.		Percentage.				Payment in advance on account of the ensuing year.	Total of sums included in the total demand of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made with in the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5) if the amount in column 20 excluded from the demand and that in column 21 added to the collections.
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Current collections (column 6) on current demand (column 3).	Arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demand (column 4).	Total collections (column 8) on total demand (column 5).	Total uncollected balances (column 12) on total demand (column 5).				
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
35	...	35	...	...	99·65	...	99·65	·34	...	...	35	...
3,370	...	3,370	...	3,370	89·79	100·00	90·75	9·23	...	...	128	...
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
3,370	...	3,370	...	3,370	89·80	100·00	90·76	9·23	...	...	128	...
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
3,405	...	3,405	...	3,370	92·19	100·00	92·77	7·22	...	...	163	...
...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	100·00	...	...	...	...	...
3,405	...	3,405	...	3,370	92·21	100·00	92·78	7·21	...	...	163	...
3,443	...	3,443	...	2,360	91·81	100·00	92·80	7·75	10	...	1083	...

Rs. 10 paid in 1908-09.

V.

Miscellaneous Land Revenue in the Hill Districts of Assam during the year 1909-10.

Garo Hills.								Lushai Hills.								Total for the year.							
Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.	Demand of the year.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.		Payment in advance for future years.
Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.		Current.	Arrear.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2,151	...	2,151	...	...	...	...	599	80	...	80	...	...	...	...	...	13,951	...	13,951	...	...	...	...	3,...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46,425	52	46,318	52	...	157	...	...	32,988	30	32,983	30	5	...	...	...	1,99,601	1,508	1,95,438	1,554	3,982	335	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	315	...	315	...	...	...	...	245
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	996	...	...	...	...	996	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	200	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDICES.

Summary of the Statements for the Hill Districts in Assam.

Ordinary Land Revenue.—Appendix III A shows the demand, collections, remissions, and balances of ordinary land revenue in the four hill districts of Assam, *viz.*, the Naga Hills, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, the Garo Hills, and the Lushai Hills. The total number of estates settled in those districts (including one which is permanently settled) rose from 10,544 to 11,632. The total demand for the year, practically the whole of which accrues in the Garo and Khasi and Jaintia Hills, was Rs. 47,176, Rs. 43,733 being the current and Rs. 3,443 the arrear demand, against Rs. 42,930 and Rs. 1,458, respectively, in the preceding year.

The total collections, current and arrear, amounted to Rs 43,770 against Rs. 40,877 in the preceding year. The outstanding balance was Rs. 3,370, the whole of which was due from the temporarily-settled estates in the Garo Hills.

2. *Miscellaneous Revenue.*—Appendix V gives detailed information with regard to the miscellaneous revenue of the Hill Districts.

The total demand, current and arrear, was Rs. 2,18,240. Rupees 2,13,127 were collected and Rs. 3,982 remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,331. Almost the whole of this balance was due from the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District. More than nine-tenths of the demand accrued on account of house-tax.

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